

# resnet50-classifyleaves (1)

March 3, 2024

```
[1]: %matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import torch
from torchvision import transforms
from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader
from PIL import Image
from torchvision import models
from torch import nn
import torch.utils.data as data
import torchvision.transforms as transforms
import os
import csv
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
import time
```

```
[2]: #
os.chdir("/kaggle/input/classify-leaves")

encoder = LabelEncoder()

class MyDataset(data.Dataset):

    def __init__(self, csv_path, is_test=False):
        self.is_test = is_test
        self.filenamees = []
        self.labels = []
        current_directory = os.getcwd()
        with open(csv_path, 'r') as f:
            reader = csv.reader(f)
            for row in reader:
                if row[0] == 'image':
                    continue
                elif is_test:
                    self.filenamees.append(os.path.join(current_directory,
↪row[0]))
                else:
                    self.labels.append(row[1])
```

```

        self.filenamees.append(os.path.join(current_directory,
↪row[0]))

    #
    print(len(set(self.filenamees)))

    # LabelEncoder
    global encoder
    if not is_test:
        labels_encoded = encoder.fit(self.labels)
        LabelEncoder()
        labels_encoded = encoder.transform(self.labels)
        # numpy
        self.labels = torch.tensor(labels_encoded)

    def __getitem__(self, index ):
        image = Image.open(self.filenamees[index])
        data = self.preprocess(image)
        if self.is_test:
            return data
        else:
            label = self.labels[index]
            return data ,label

    def __len__(self):
        return len(self.filenamees)

    def preprocess(self, data):
        transform_train_list = [
            # transforms.Resize((self.opt.h, self.opt.w), interpolation=3),
            # transforms.Pad(self.opt.pad, padding_mode='edge'),
            # transforms.RandomCrop((self.opt.h, self.opt.w)),
            # transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
            transforms.ToTensor(),
            # transforms.Normalize([0.485, 0.456, 0.406], [0.229, 0.224, 0.225])
        ]
        return transforms.Compose(transform_train_list)(data)

    def togpu(x):
        device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
        return x.to(device)

    def load_model(net, path):
        device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
        net.load_state_dict(torch.load(path, map_location=device))
        return net

    def save_model(net, path):

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torch.save(net.state_dict(), path)
print("saved:", path)
```

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[3]: batch_size = 32
lr, num_epochs = 0.005, 14

train_dataset = MyDataset("train.csv")
train_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
    train_dataset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True, num_workers=4)

test_dataset = MyDataset('test.csv', is_test=True)
test_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
    test_dataset, batch_size=1, shuffle=False, num_workers=4)
```

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8800

```
[4]: resnet50 = models.resnet50(pretrained=True)
num_fts = resnet50.fc.in_features
for param in resnet50.parameters():
    param.requires_grad = True

resnet50.fc = nn.Sequential(nn.Linear(num_fts, 176),
                           nn.LogSoftmax(dim=1))
```

/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torchvision/models/\_utils.py:208:

UserWarning: The parameter 'pretrained' is deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed in the future, please use 'weights' instead.

warnings.warn(

/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torchvision/models/\_utils.py:223:

UserWarning: Arguments other than a weight enum or `None` for 'weights' are deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed in the future. The current behavior is equivalent to passing `weights=ResNet50\_Weights.IMAGENET1K\_V1`. You can also use `weights=ResNet50\_Weights.DEFAULT` to get the most up-to-date weights.

warnings.warn(msg)

Downloading: "https://download.pytorch.org/models/resnet50-0676ba61.pth" to

/root/.cache/torch/hub/checkpoints/resnet50-0676ba61.pth

100%| | 97.8M/97.8M [00:00<00:00, 172MB/s]

```
[5]: def train(net): #

    train_loss = [] #
    acc = [] #
    x = list(range(0, num_epochs)) # epoch array
    #
    plt.ion()

    if torch.cuda.device_count() > 1:
```

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print("using", torch.cuda.device_count(), "GPUs!")
net = nn.DataParallel(net)

device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
net = net.to(device)

print("training on", device) #

optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(
    net.parameters(), lr=lr
) # SGD
loss = nn.CrossEntropyLoss() #
for epoch in range(num_epochs): #
    train_l_sum, train_acc_sum, n, start = (
        0.0,
        0.0,
        0,
        time.time(),
    ) #
    for X, y in train_loader: #
        X, y = to_gpu(X), to_gpu(y) # GPU
        y_hat = net(X) #
        l = loss(y_hat, y) #
        optimizer.zero_grad() #
        l.backward() #
        optimizer.step() #
        train_l_sum += l.cpu().item() #
        train_acc_sum += (y_hat.argmax(dim=1) ==
                           y).sum().cpu().item() #
        n += y.shape[0] #

    #
    train_loss.append(train_l_sum / n) #
    acc.append(train_acc_sum / n) #

    ix = x[:epoch + 1]
    train_iy = train_loss
    valid_iy = acc
    plt.cla()
    plt.title("loss")
    plt.plot(ix, train_iy, label='Train Loss', linewidth=2, linestyle='-',
    ↪marker='o')
    plt.plot(ix, valid_iy, label='Acc ', color="orange", linewidth=2,
    ↪linestyle='--', marker='s')
    plt.xlabel("epoch")
    plt.ylabel("loss")

```

```

plt.legend()
plt.pause(0.5)

#         save_model(resnet50 , "/kaggle/working/" + str(epoch + 1) + ".pth")
save_model(resnet50 , "/kaggle/working/re.pth")

print(
    "epoch %d, loss %.4f, train acc %.3f, time %.1f sec"
    % (epoch + 1, train_l_sum / n, train_acc_sum / n, time.time() -
↪start)
    ) #

plt.ioff()
plt.show()

#

# pretrained_path = "/kaggle/working/103.pth"
# if os.path.exists(pretrained_path):
#     net = load_model(resnet50, pretrained_path)
#     print("Loaded pretrained model")

```

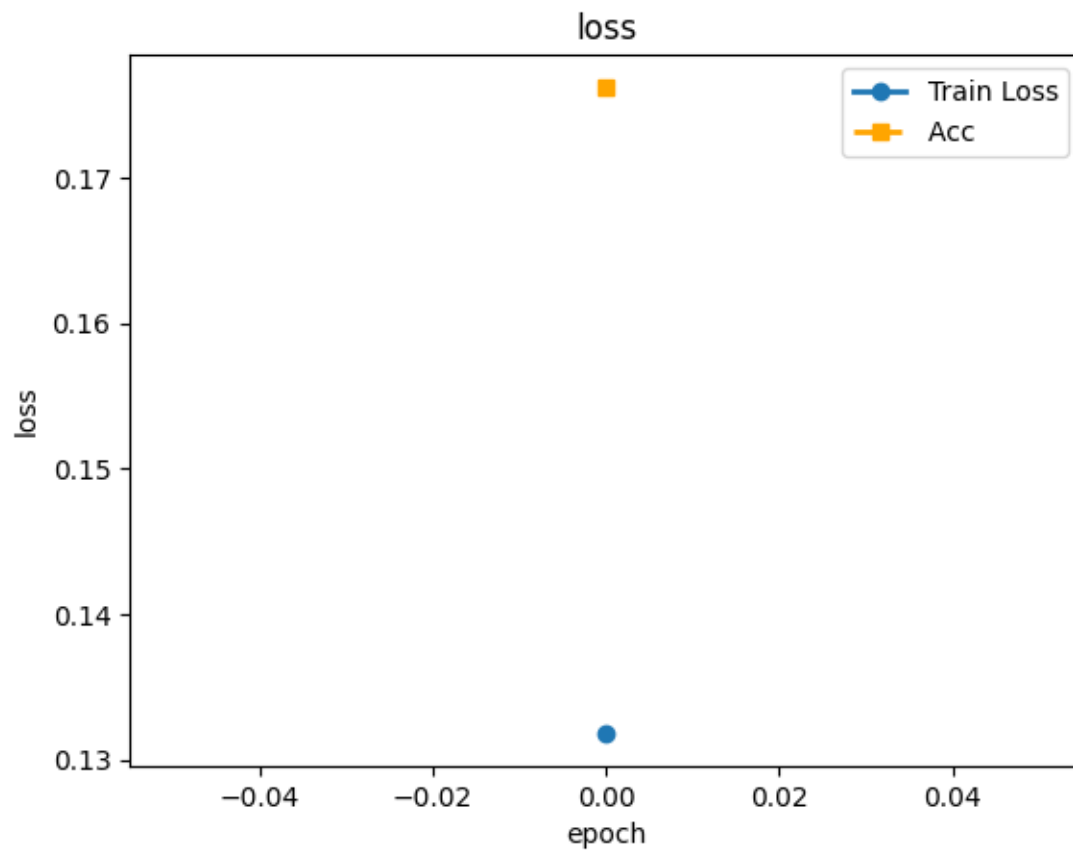
```

[6]: train(resnet50)

# save_model(resnet50 , "/kaggle/working/")

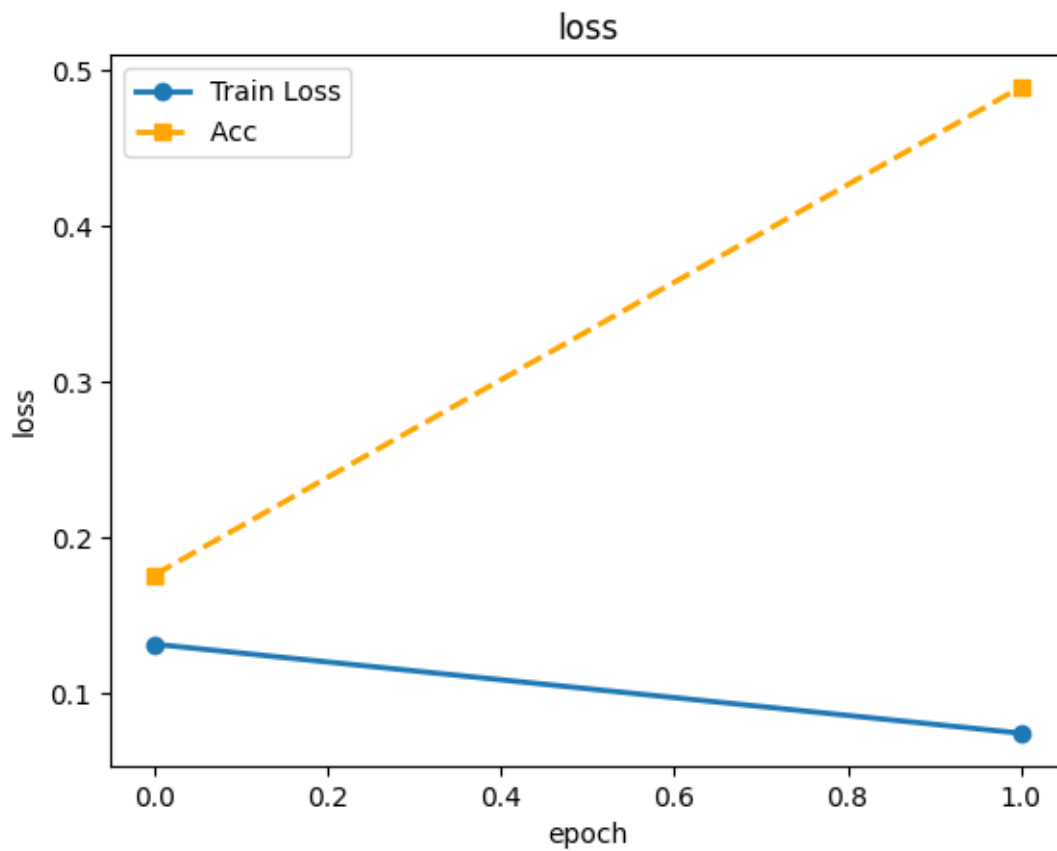
```

training on cuda



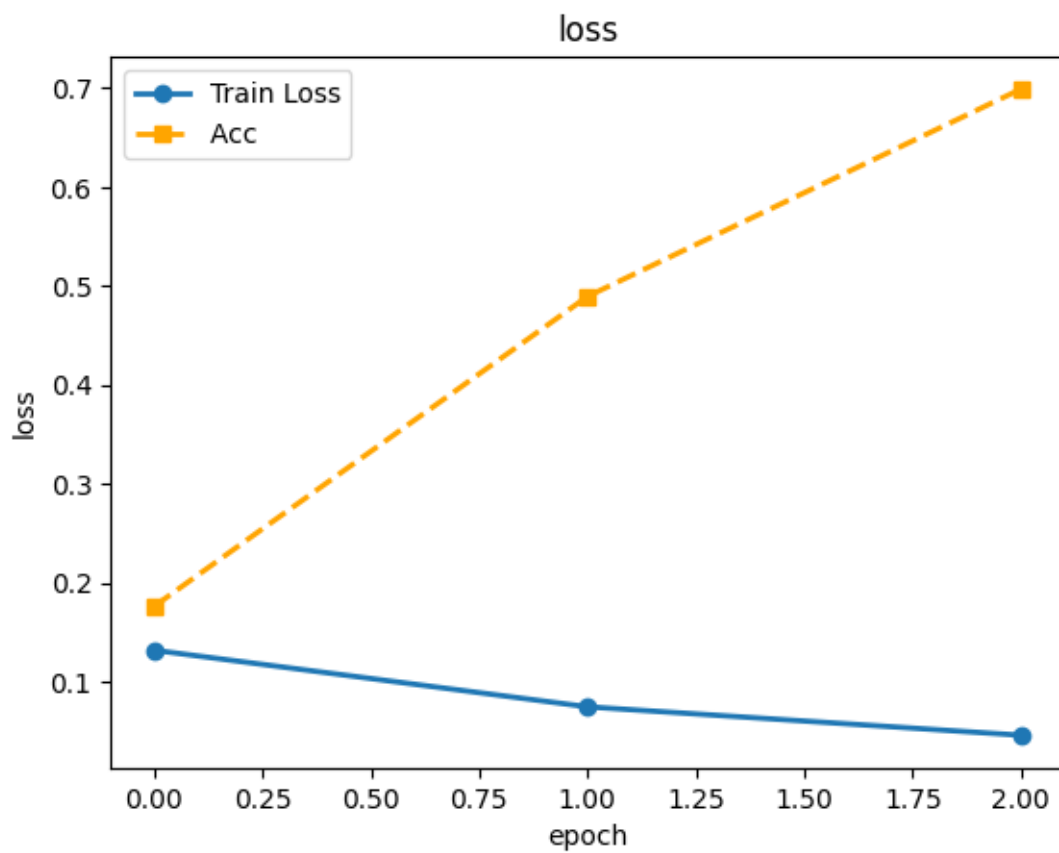
saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

epoch 1, loss 0.1318, train acc 0.176, time 100.9 sec



saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

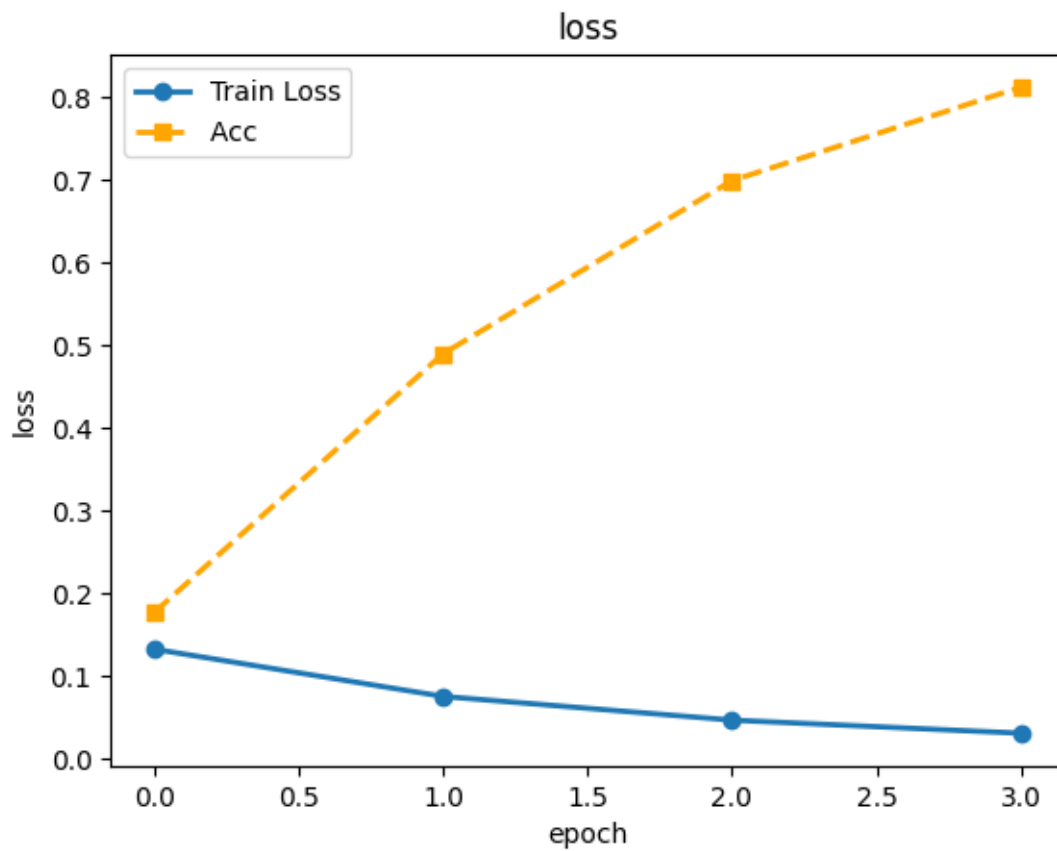
epoch 2, loss 0.0746, train acc 0.490, time 99.8 sec



saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

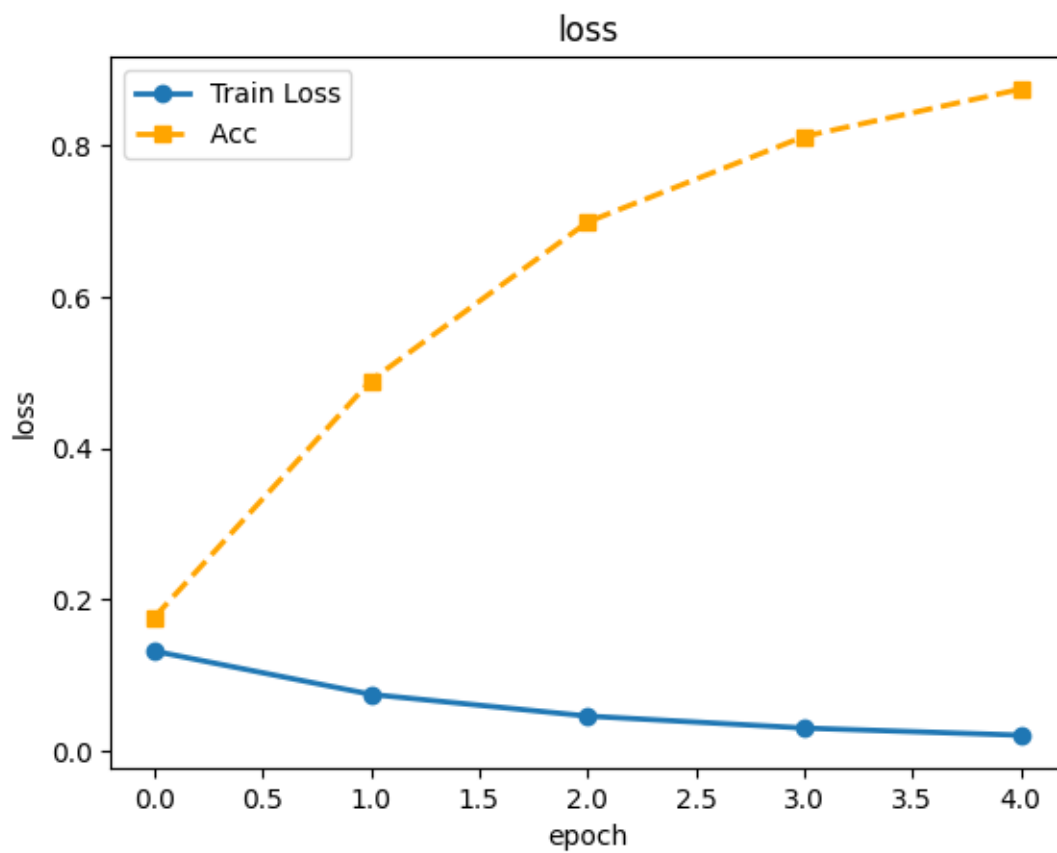
epoch 3, loss 0.0459, train acc 0.699, time 99.8 sec





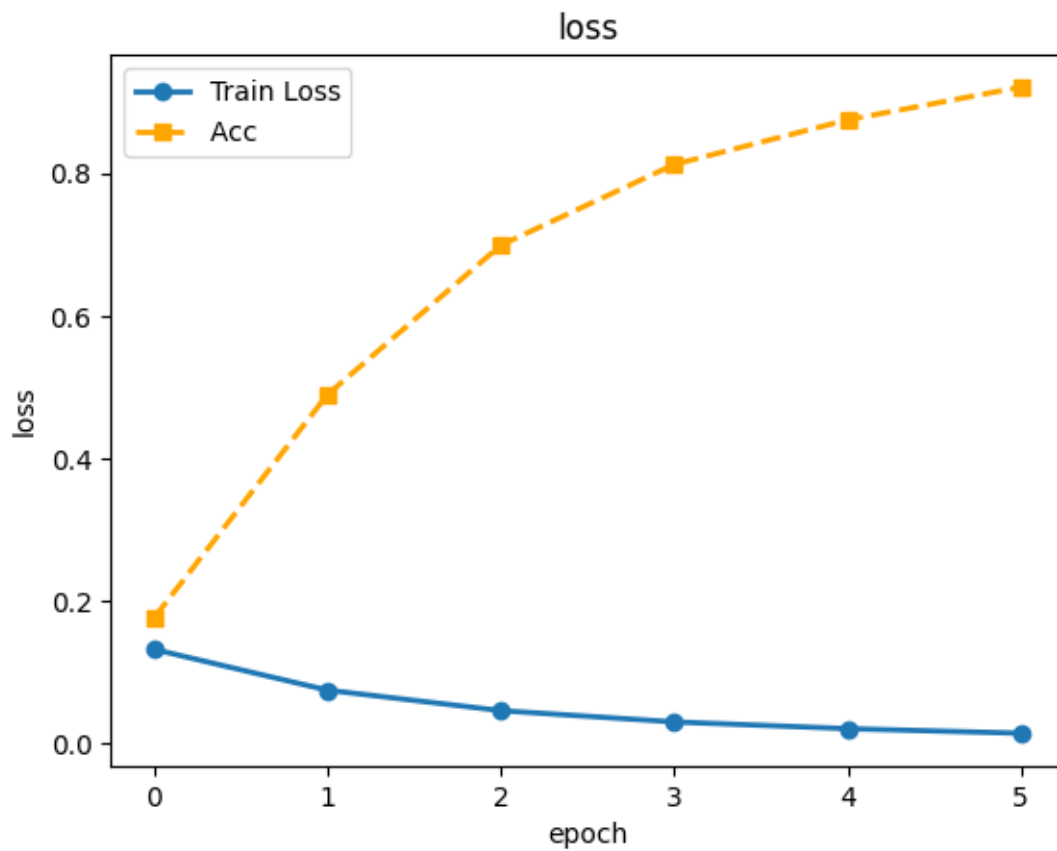
saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

epoch 4, loss 0.0300, train acc 0.812, time 99.7 sec



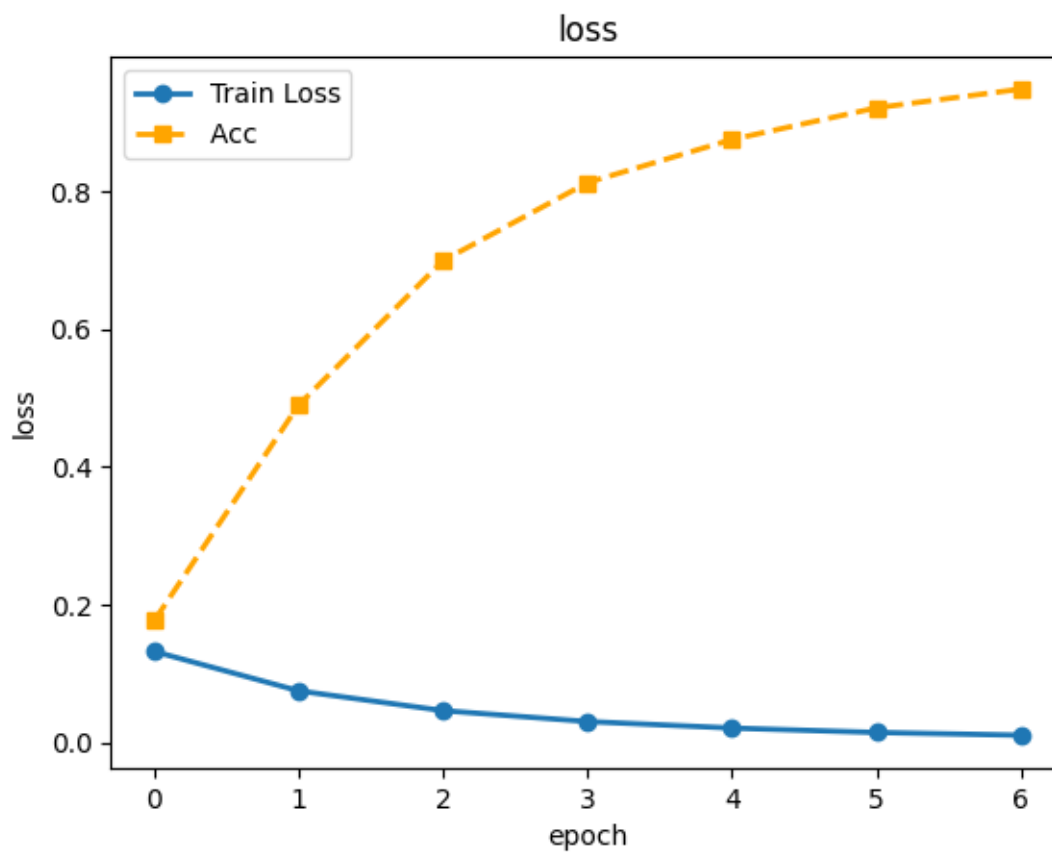
saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

epoch 5, loss 0.0206, train acc 0.875, time 99.9 sec



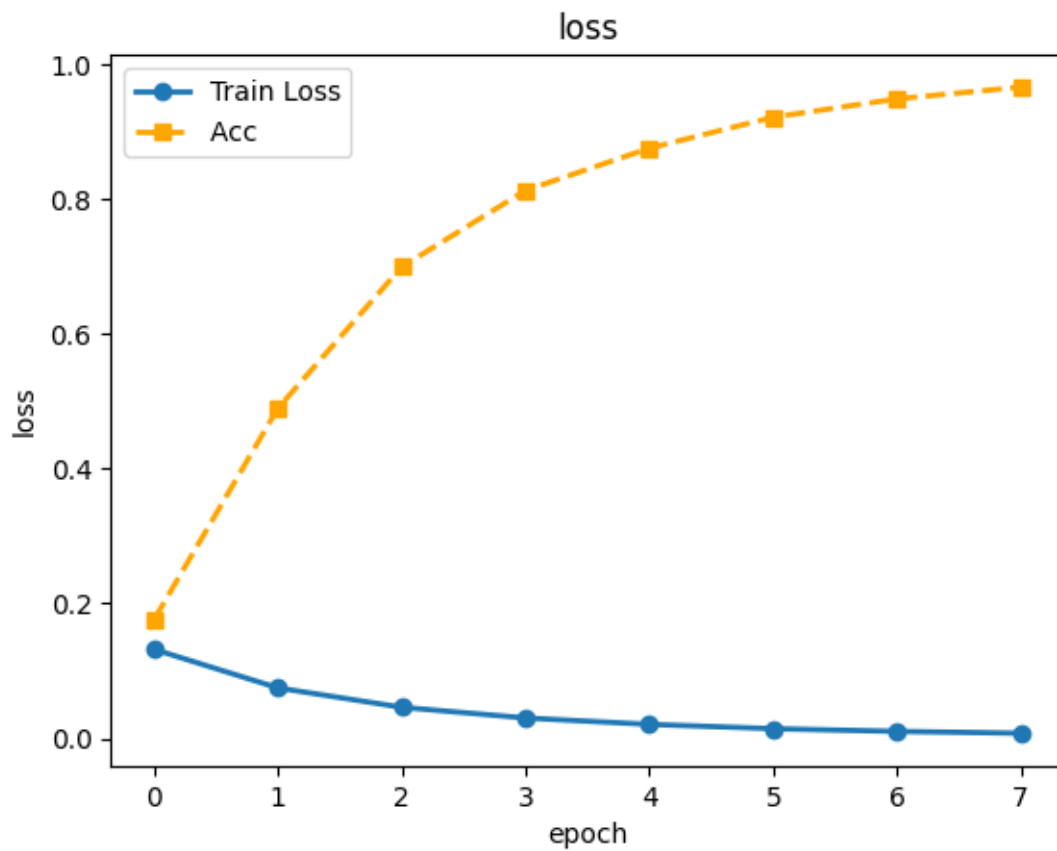
saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

epoch 6, loss 0.0142, train acc 0.921, time 99.8 sec



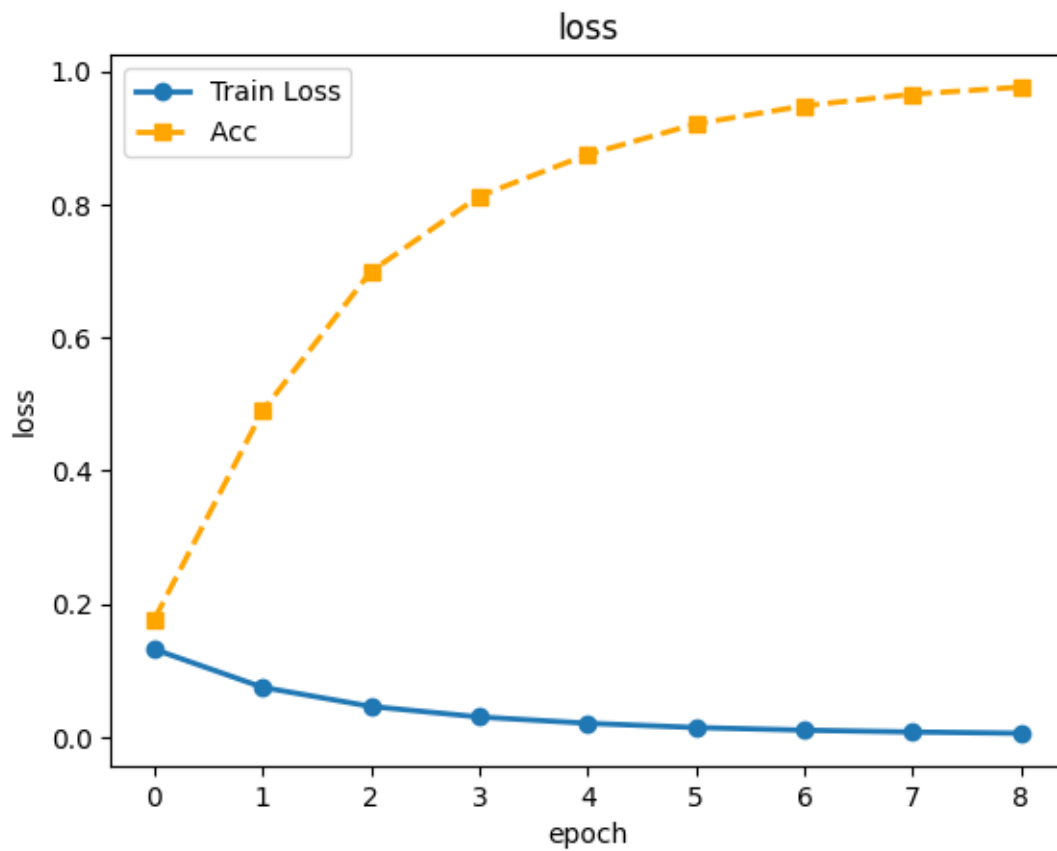
saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

epoch 7, loss 0.0102, train acc 0.948, time 99.8 sec



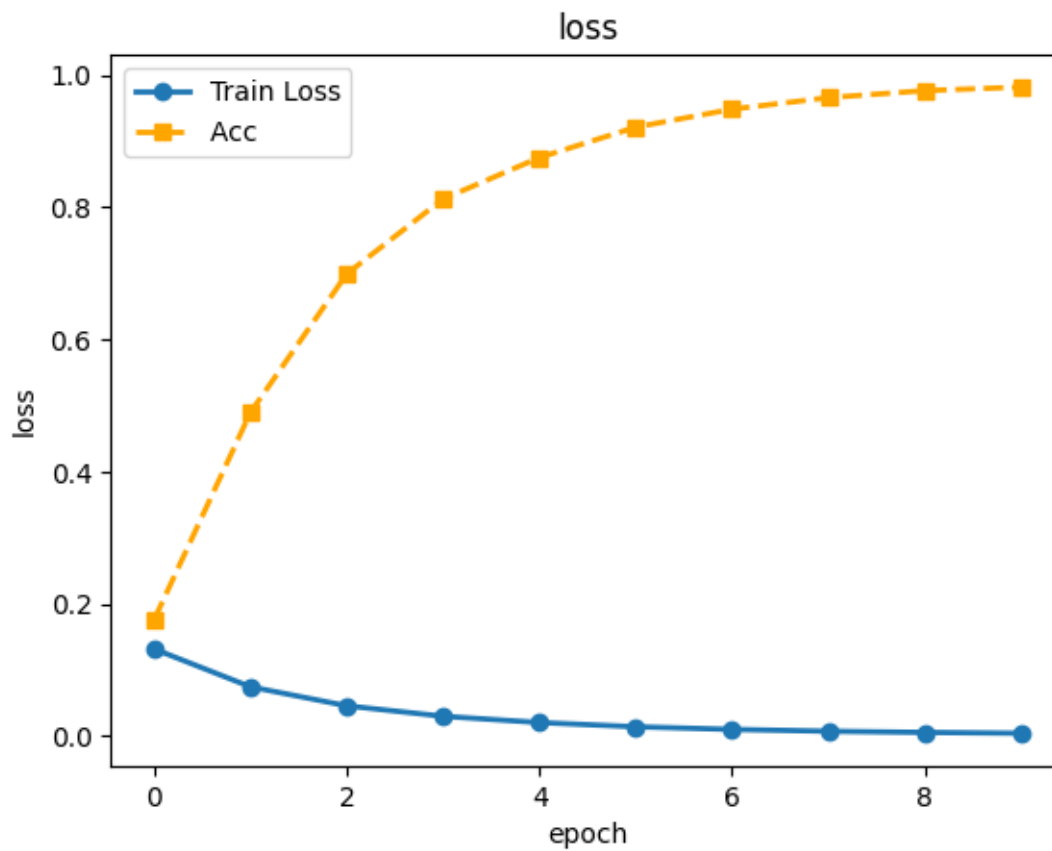
saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

epoch 8, loss 0.0074, train acc 0.966, time 99.7 sec



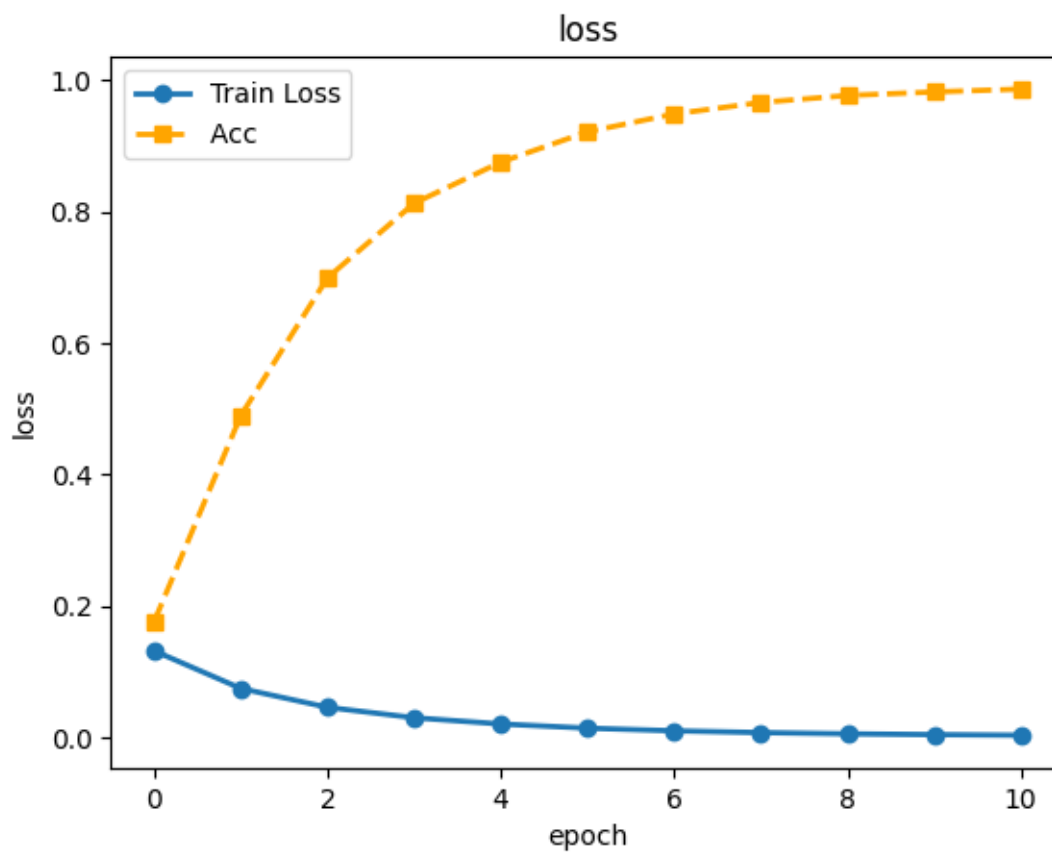
saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

epoch 9, loss 0.0056, train acc 0.976, time 99.8 sec



saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

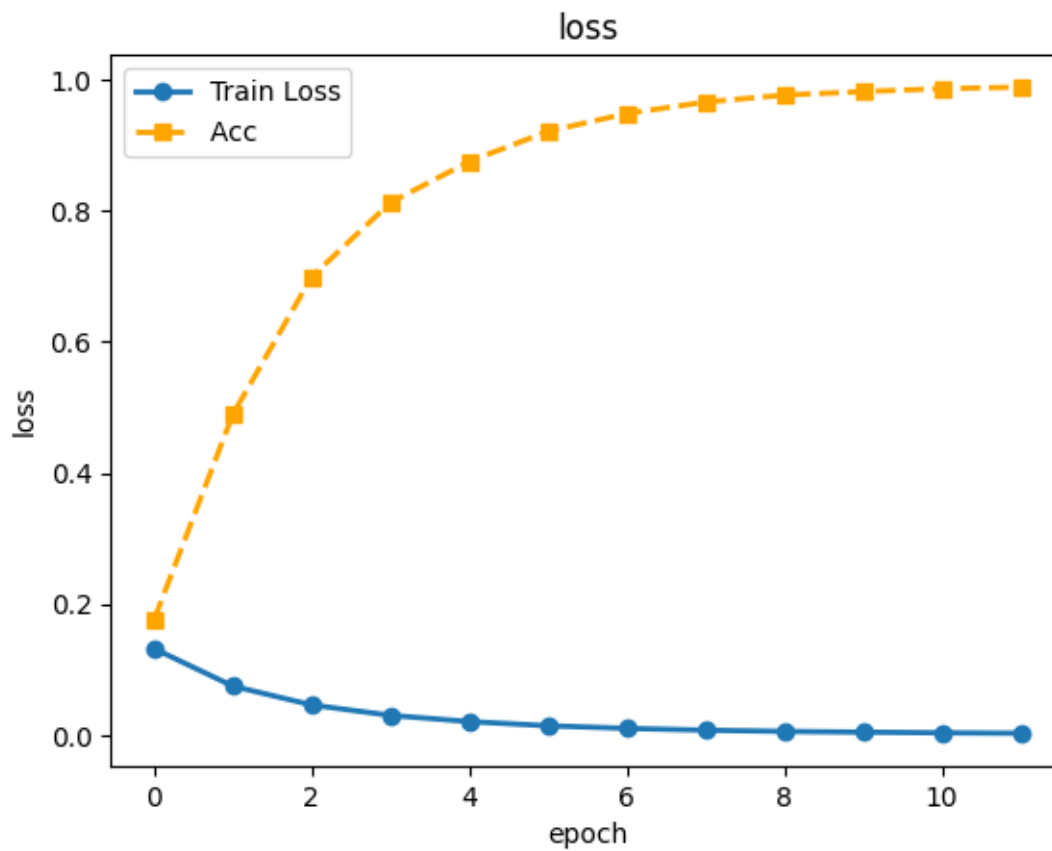
epoch 10, loss 0.0044, train acc 0.982, time 99.7 sec



saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

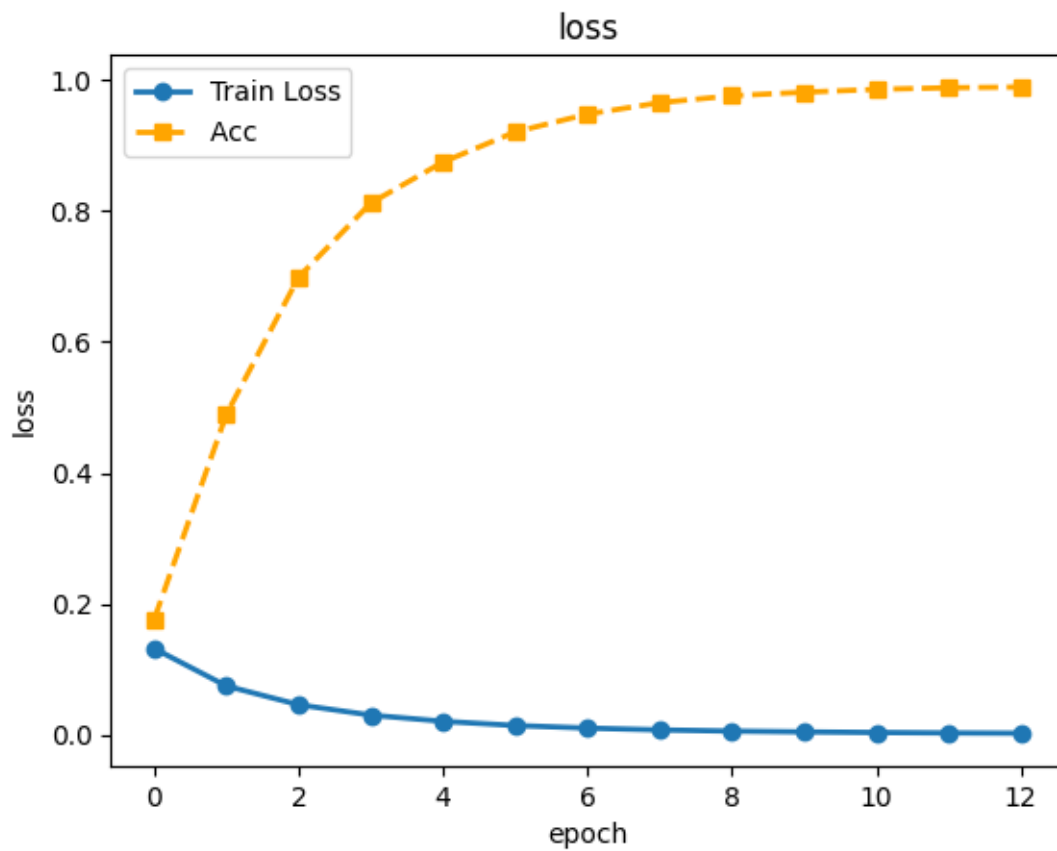
epoch 11, loss 0.0035, train acc 0.986, time 99.7 sec



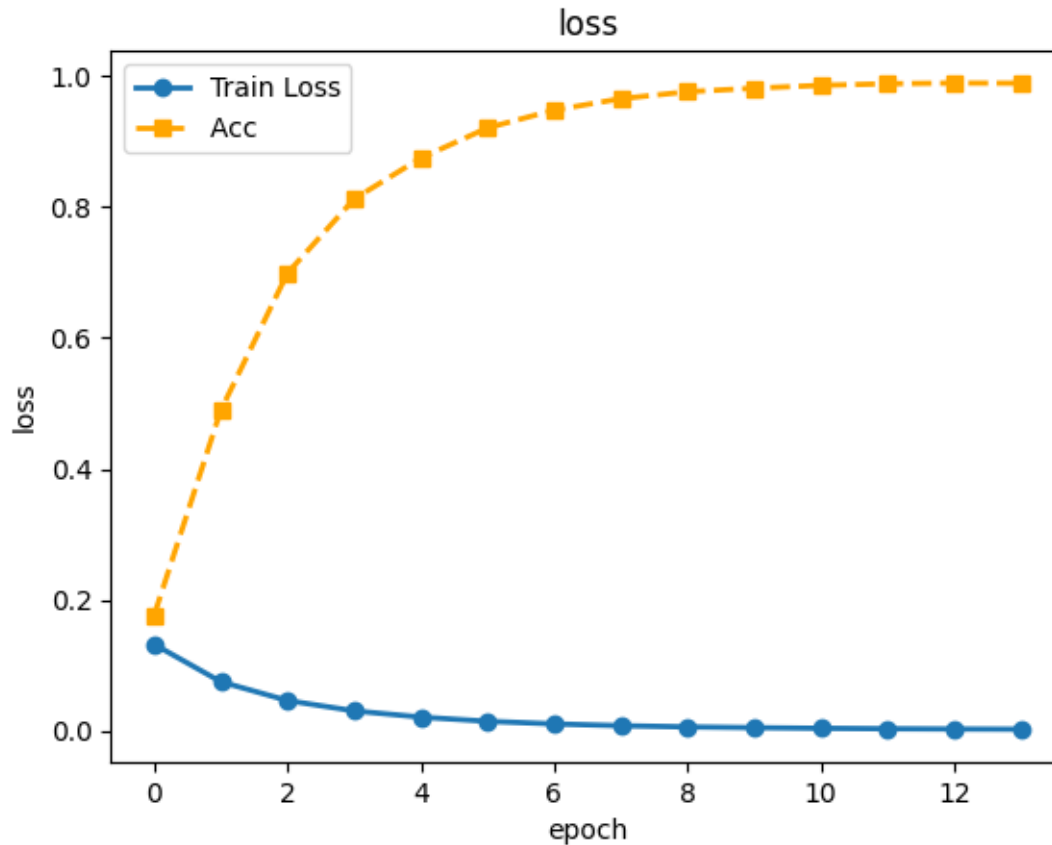


saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

epoch 12, loss 0.0028, train acc 0.988, time 99.7 sec



saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth  
epoch 13, loss 0.0024, train acc 0.989, time 100.0 sec



saved: /kaggle/working/re.pth

epoch 14, loss 0.0021, train acc 0.989, time 99.8 sec

```
[7]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
test_labels = []
i = 0

for i in range(len(test_dataset)):
    test_data = test_dataset.__getitem__(i)
    test_data = test_data.squeeze(0)
    test_data = togpu(test_data)
    resnet50 = togpu(resnet50)
    resnet50.eval()
    output = resnet50(test_data)
    predictions = output.argmax(dim=1)
    test_labels.append(predictions.cpu().numpy())

# Convert the list of numpy arrays to a single numpy array
test_labels = np.concatenate(test_labels)
```

```
# Now you can call encoder.inverse_transform
test_labels = encoder.inverse_transform(test_labels)

test_df = pd.read_csv('test.csv')

test_df['label'] = test_labels

test_df.to_csv('/kaggle/working/submission.csv', index=False)
print("#####")
```

```
#####
```