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NO.

## 第六章

## 6.1

由题知, 利用 Monte Carlo 法求出选择概率.

$$P_{si} = \frac{f_i}{\sum_{i=1}^M f_i} \quad (M=10)$$

$$\therefore \sum_{i=1}^M f_i = 2.5 + 1.0 + 3.0 + 1.2 + 2.1 + 0.8 + 2.3 + 1.5 + 0.9 + 1.8 = 17.1$$

同样, 通过幂函数变换后

$$f' = f^k \quad \because k=2 \quad \therefore f' = f^2$$

$$\text{即 } f_1^2 = 6.25 \quad f_2^2 = 1 \quad f_3^2 = 9 \quad \dots\dots$$

$$\therefore \sum_{i=1}^M f_i' = 6.25 + 1 + 9 + 1.44 + 4.41 + 0.64 + 5.29 + 2.25 + 0.81 + 3.24 = 34.33$$

故可通过公式得各个体适应度及选择概率:

个体编号	原适应度	调整后适应度	原选择概率	调整后选择概率
1	2.5	6.25	0.146	0.182
2	1.0	1.0	0.058	0.029
3	3.0	9.0	0.175	0.262
4	1.2	1.44	0.070	0.042
5	2.1	4.41	0.123	0.128
6	0.8	0.64	0.047	0.037
7	2.3	5.29	0.135	0.154
8	1.5	2.25	0.088	0.066
9	0.9	0.81	0.053	0.024
10	1.8	3.24	0.105	0.094

6.1 已知10个个体的适应度如表6.6所示, 用幂函数变换法求出调整后的适应度

( $k=2$ ), 然后采用适应度比例法求出调整前后各个体的选择概率

个体编号	原适应度	调整后的适应度	原选择概率	调整后的选择概率
1	2.5	6.25	25/171 (0.15)	625/2833 (0.18)
2	1.0	1.0	10/171 (0.058)	100/2833 (0.029)
3	3.0	9.0	10/57 (0.18)	900/2833 (0.26)
4	1.2	1.44	4/57 (0.07)	144/2833 (0.042)
5	2.1	4.41	7/57 (0.12)	441/2833 (0.13)
6	0.8	0.64	8/171 (0.047)	64/2833 (0.019)
7	2.3	5.29	23/171 (0.13)	529/2833 (0.15)
8	1.5	2.25	5/57 (0.088)	225/2833 (0.066)
9	0.9	0.81	1/19 (0.053)	81/2833 (0.024)
10	1.8	3.24	2/19 (0.11)	324/2833 (0.094)

解: 幂函数变换法变换公式  $f' = f^k$

由题知  $k=2$   $\therefore f' = f^2$

$$f'_1 = f_1^2 = 6.25 \quad f'_2 = f_2^2 = 1.0 \quad f'_3 = f_3^2 = 9.0 \quad f'_4 = f_4^2 = 1.44$$

$$f'_5 = f_5^2 = 4.41 \quad f'_6 = f_6^2 = 0.64 \quad f'_7 = f_7^2 = 5.29 \quad f'_8 = f_8^2 = 2.25$$

$$f'_9 = f_9^2 = 0.81 \quad f'_{10} = f_{10}^2 = 3.24$$

适应度比例方法: 个体被选择概率为  $P_{si} = \frac{f_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n f_i}$

原来:  $\sum_{i=1}^{10} f_i = 2.5 + 1.0 + 3.0 + 1.2 + 2.1 + 0.8 + 2.3 + 1.5 + 0.9 + 1.8 = 17.1$

$$P_{s1} = \frac{2.5}{17.1} = \frac{25}{171} \quad P_{s2} = \frac{1.0}{17.1} = \frac{10}{171} \quad P_{s3} = \frac{3.0}{17.1} = \frac{10}{57} \quad P_{s4} = \frac{1.2}{17.1} = \frac{4}{57}$$

$$P_{s5} = \frac{2.1}{17.1} = \frac{7}{57} \quad P_{s6} = \frac{0.8}{17.1} = \frac{8}{171} \quad P_{s7} = \frac{2.3}{17.1} = \frac{23}{171} \quad P_{s8} = \frac{1.5}{17.1} = \frac{5}{57}$$

$$P_{s9} = \frac{0.9}{17.1} = \frac{1}{19} \quad P_{s10} = \frac{1.8}{17.1} = \frac{2}{19}$$

调整后:  $\sum_{i=1}^{10} f'_i = 6.25 + 1.0 + 9.0 + 1.44 + 4.41 + 0.64 + 5.29 + 2.25 + 0.81 + 3.24 = 28.33$

$$P'_{s1} = \frac{6.25}{28.33} = \frac{625}{2833} \quad P'_{s2} = \frac{1.0}{28.33} = \frac{100}{2833} \quad P'_{s3} = \frac{9.0}{28.33} = \frac{900}{2833} \quad P'_{s4} = \frac{1.44}{28.33} = \frac{144}{2833}$$

$$P'_{s5} = \frac{4.41}{28.33} = \frac{441}{2833} \quad P'_{s6} = \frac{0.64}{28.33} = \frac{64}{2833} \quad P'_{s7} = \frac{5.29}{28.33} = \frac{529}{2833} \quad P'_{s8} = \frac{2.25}{28.33} = \frac{225}{2833}$$

$$P'_{s9} = \frac{0.81}{28.33} = \frac{81}{2833} \quad P'_{s10} = \frac{3.24}{28.33} = \frac{324}{2833}$$

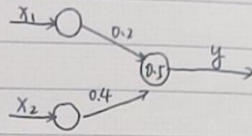


## 8.1、8.2

### 第八章

8.1

$$y = \begin{cases} 1, & x \geq 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$



$u = \sum w_{ij} y_j^{k-1}$ , 通过枚举法可得:

①  $(x_1, x_2) = (0, 0)$

$$\therefore x_1 \cdot w_1 + x_2 \cdot w_2 = 0 + 0 = 0 \quad \therefore y = 0$$

②  $(x_1, x_2) = (1, 0)$

$$\therefore x_1 \cdot w_1 + x_2 \cdot w_2 = 0.2 + 0 \times 0.4 = 0.2 < 0 \quad \therefore y = 0$$

③  $(x_1, x_2) = (0, 1)$

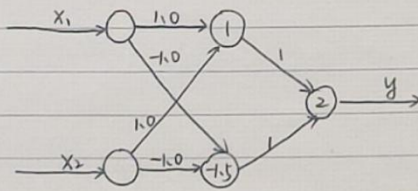
$$\therefore x_1 \cdot w_1 + x_2 \cdot w_2 = 0 + 1 \times 0.4 = 0.4 < 0 \quad \therefore y = 0$$

④  $(x_1, x_2) = (1, 1)$

$$\therefore x_1 \cdot w_1 + x_2 \cdot w_2 = 0.2 + 0.4 = 0.6 > 0 \quad \therefore y = 1$$

综上所述, 该神经网络描述与逻辑功能

8.2



通过枚举法验证:

①  $(x_1, x_2) = (0, 0)$

$$u_1 = 1.0 \times 0 + 1.0 \times 0 = 0 < \theta_1 \quad y_1 = 0$$

$$u_2 = -1.0 \times 0 + (-1.0 \times 0) = 0 > \theta_2 \quad y_2 = 1$$

$$\therefore u = 1 \times 0 + 1 \times (1) = 1 < 2 \quad y = 0$$

②  $(x_1, x_2) = (1, 0)$

$$u_1 = 1.0 \times 1 + (1.0) \times 0 = 1.0 > \theta_1 \quad y_1 = 1$$

$$u_2 = (-1.0) \times 1 + (-1.0) \times 0 = -1.0 > \theta_2 \quad y_2 = 1$$

$$\therefore u = 1 \times 1 + 1 \times 1 = 2 > 2 \quad y = 1$$

③  $(x_1, x_2) = (0, 1)$

$$u_1 = 1.0 \times 0 + 1.0 \times 1 = 1.0 > \theta_1 \quad y_1 = 1$$

$$u_2 = (-1.0) \times 0 + (-1.0 \times 1) = -1.0 > \theta_2 \quad y_2 = 1$$

$$\therefore u = 1 \times 1 + 1 \times 1 = 2 > 2 \quad y = 1$$

④  $(x_1, x_2) = (1, 1)$

$$u_1 = 1 \times 1.0 + 1 \times (1.0) = 2.0 > \theta_1 \quad y_1 = 1$$

$$u_2 = (-1.0) \times 1 + (-1.0) \times 1 = -2.0 \leq \theta_2 \quad y_2 = 0$$

$$\therefore u = 1 \times 1 + 1 \times (-1) = 0 \leq 2 \quad y = 0$$

综上所述, 该神经网络描述“异或”逻辑功能

8.3

$$X = [1, -1, 1], Y = [1, 1], \text{ 选 } \varepsilon = 0.1,$$

$$W_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \quad W_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$u^2 = \sum w_{ij} y_j = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow f(u^2) = \begin{bmatrix} f_{(1)} \\ f_{(4)} \\ f_{(-3)} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4621 \\ 0.9640 \\ -0.9051 \end{bmatrix} = y_2$$

$$u^3 = \sum w_{ij} y_j = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f_{(1)} \\ f_{(4)} \\ f_{(-3)} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} f_{(1)} - f_{(4)} + f_{(-3)} \\ f_{(4)} + f_{(-3)} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_3 = f(u^3) = \begin{bmatrix} f(f_{(1)} - f_{(4)} + f_{(-3)}) \\ f(f_{(4)} + f_{(-3)}) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1989 \\ 0.0294 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$d_i^m = d_i^3 = y_i^3(1 - y_i^3)(y_i^3 - y_{si})$$

$$f'(u_i^k) = \frac{2e^{-u_i^k}}{(1 + e^{-u_i^k})^2} = \frac{e^{-u_i^k}}{(1 + e^{-u_i^k})} \cdot \frac{2}{1 + e^{-u_i^k}} \Rightarrow d_i^k = \frac{\partial y_i^k}{\partial u_i^k} = (y_i^k + 1)(1 - y_i^k)$$

$$\therefore d_1^3 = (y_1^3 + 1)(1 - y_1^3)(y_1^3 - y_{s1}) = (0.1989 + 1)(1 - 0.1989)(0.1989 - 1) = -0.5784$$

$$d_2^3 = (y_2^3 + 1)(1 - y_2^3)(y_2^3 - y_{s2}) = (0.0294 + 1)(1 - 0.0294)(0.0294 - 1) = -0.9404$$

$$\Delta W_{11}^2 = -\varepsilon d_1^3 y_1^2 = -0.1 \times (-0.5784) \times 0.4621 = 0.0267 \quad \Delta W_{21}^2 = -\varepsilon d_2^3 y_1^2 = 0.0435$$

$$\Delta W_{31}^2 = -\varepsilon d_1^3 y_2^2 = -0.1 \times (-0.5784) \times 0.9640 = 0.0558 \quad \Delta W_{22}^2 = -\varepsilon d_2^3 y_2^2 = 0.0907$$

$$\Delta W_{13}^2 = -\varepsilon d_1^3 y_3^2 = -0.1 \times (-0.5784) \times (-0.9051) = -0.0524 \quad \Delta W_{23}^2 = -\varepsilon d_2^3 y_3^2 = -0.0851$$

故可计算隐藏层梯度:

$$d_1^2 = (y_1^2 + 1)(1 - y_1^2) \sum d_i^3 w_{i1}^2 = (0.4621 + 1)(1 - 0.4621)[-0.5784 \times 1 + (-0.9404) \times 0] = -0.0641$$

$$d_2^2 = (y_2^2 + 1)(1 - y_2^2) \sum d_i^3 w_{i2}^2 = (0.9640 + 1)(1 - 0.9640)[-0.5784 \times 0 + (-0.9404) \times 1] = 0.0660$$

$$d_3^2 = (y_3^2 + 1)(1 - y_3^2) \sum d_i^3 w_{i3}^2 = (-0.9051 + 1)(1 - (-0.9051))[-0.5784 \times 1 + (-0.9404) \times 1] = -0.4050$$

通过隐藏层梯度可求输入层权值变化量:

$$\Delta W_{11}^1 = -\varepsilon d_1^2 y_1^1 = 0.0064 \quad \Delta W_{21}^1 = -\varepsilon d_2^2 y_1^1 = 0.0660 \quad \Delta W_{31}^1 = -\varepsilon d_3^2 y_1^1 = 0.0405$$

$$\Delta W_{12}^1 = -\varepsilon d_1^2 y_2^1 = -0.0064 \quad \Delta W_{22}^1 = -\varepsilon d_2^2 y_2^1 = 0.0660 \quad \Delta W_{32}^1 = -\varepsilon d_3^2 y_2^1 = -0.0405$$

$$\Delta W_{13}^1 = -\varepsilon d_1^2 y_3^1 = 0.0064 \quad \Delta W_{23}^1 = -\varepsilon d_2^2 y_3^1 = -0.0660 \quad \Delta W_{33}^1 = -\varepsilon d_3^2 y_3^1 = 0.0405$$

$$W_1' = W_1 + \Delta W_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0.0064 & -0.0064 & 0.0064 \\ -0.0066 & 0.0660 & -0.0660 \\ 0.0405 & -0.0405 & 0.0405 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W_2' = W_2 + \Delta W_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0.0267 & 0.0558 & -0.0524 \\ 0.0435 & 0.0907 & -0.0851 \end{bmatrix}$$

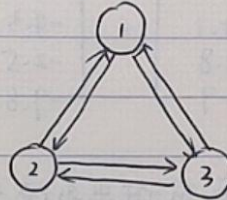
8.7

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \theta = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V(0) = \{1, 0, 1\}$$

其中, 能量函数

$$E = -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j \neq i}^N W_{ij} V_i V_j + \sum_{i=1}^N \theta_i V_i$$



(采用同步工作方式)

$$E = -\frac{1}{2} [1 \ 0 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + [1 \ 0 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} [1 \ 0 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} + 0 = -\frac{1}{2} \times (-4) = 2$$



8.10

8.10

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3.4 & 2.8 & -3.1 \\ 3.4 & 0 & 4.7 & -1.2 \\ 2.8 & 4.7 & 0 & -5.9 \\ -3.1 & -1.2 & -5.9 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\theta = [6.3 \quad -4.3 \quad -2.5 \quad -9.6]$$

$$E = -\frac{1}{2} [1, 0, 1, 0] \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3.4 & 2.8 & -3.1 \\ 3.4 & 0 & 4.7 & -1.2 \\ 2.8 & 4.7 & 0 & -5.9 \\ -3.1 & -1.2 & -5.9 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + [1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0] \begin{bmatrix} 6.3 \\ -4.3 \\ -2.5 \\ -9.6 \end{bmatrix} = 1$$

$$U' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3.4 & 2.8 & -3.1 \\ 3.4 & 0 & 4.7 & -1.2 \\ 2.8 & 4.7 & 0 & -5.9 \\ -3.1 & -1.2 & -5.9 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 6.3 \\ -4.3 \\ -2.5 \\ -9.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2.8 \\ 8.1 \\ 2.8 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 6.3 \\ -4.3 \\ -2.5 \\ -9.6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3.5 \\ 12.4 \\ 5.3 \\ 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

由题状态可推出系统演化律为二值硬限器, 即

$$v_i(k+1) = \begin{cases} 1 & u_i(k) \geq 0 \\ 0 & u_i(k) < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore u(1) = [0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1]^T$$

$$U'' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3.4 & 2.8 & -3.1 \\ 3.4 & 0 & 4.7 & -1.2 \\ 2.8 & 4.7 & 0 & -5.9 \\ -3.1 & -1.2 & -5.9 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 6.3 \\ -4.3 \\ -2.5 \\ -9.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3.1 \\ 3.5 \\ -1.2 \\ -7.1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 6.3 \\ -4.3 \\ -2.5 \\ -9.6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3.2 \\ 7.8 \\ 1.3 \\ 2.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore v(2) = [0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1]^T$$

$\therefore$  稳定状态即为  $[0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1]$

8.10.

$$E = -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^4 \sum_{j=1}^4 W_{ij} V_i V_j + \sum_{i=1}^4 \theta_i V_i$$

$$= 1$$

神经元调整次序:  $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4$ .

$$k=0 \text{ 时 } V(0) = \{1, 0, 1, 0\}$$

$$k=1 \text{ 时 } V_1(1) = f\left(\sum_{j=1}^4 W_{1j} V_j(0) - \theta_1\right) = f(W_{13} V_3(0) - \theta_1) = f(-3.5) = 0.$$

$$V_2(1) = V_2(0) = 0 \quad V_3(1) = V_3(0) = 1 \quad V_4(1) = V_4(0) = 0$$

$$\therefore V(1) = \{0, 0, 1, 0\}$$

$$k=2 \text{ 时 } V_2(2) = f\left(\sum_{j=1}^4 W_{2j} V_j(1) - \theta_2\right) = f(9) = 1.$$

$$V_1(2) = V_1(1) = 0 \quad V_3(2) = V_3(1) = 1 \quad V_4(2) = V_4(1) = 0$$

$$\therefore V(2) = \{0, 1, 1, 0\}$$

$$k=3 \text{ 时 } V_3(3) = f\left(\sum_{j=1}^4 W_{3j} V_j(2) - \theta_3\right) = f(7.2) = 1.$$

$$V_1(3) = V_1(2) = 0 \quad V_2(3) = V_2(2) = 1 \quad V_4(3) = V_4(2) = 0$$

$$V(3) = \{0, 1, 1, 0\}$$

$$k=4 \text{ 时 } V_4(4) = f\left(\sum_{j=1}^4 W_{4j} V_j(3) - \theta_4\right) = f(2.5) = 1.$$

$$\text{故 } V(4) = \{0, 1, 1, 1\}$$

$$k=5 \text{ 时 } V_1(5) = f\left(\sum_{j=1}^4 W_{1j} V_j(4) - \theta_1\right) = f(-3.2) = 0$$

$$V(5) = \{0, 1, 1, 1\}$$

故稳定状态为  $\{0, 1, 1, 1\}$ .