Add std::is_partitioned_until algorithm

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1 Revision history

• R0 – Initial draft

2 Motivation

std::is_partitioned was added long time ago to the standard library. The algorithm is useful but sometimes we need an infromation about "where a partition is broken". std::is_partitioned returns only bool and we cannot change an interface of existing function. So we can add additional function std::is_partitioned_until which returns an iterator instead of bool. partition_point cannot be used here because it works only on partitioned ranges.

3 Proposed wording

```
Add to [alg.partitions] 25.7.4:
```

```
[...]
```

Let proj be identity for the overloads with no parameter named proj.

Returns: the last iterator it in the sequence [first, last) for which the is_partitioned(first, it) is true.

Complexity: Linear. At most last - first applications of pred and proj. [...]

4 Examples

Given the container c containing 0,1,2,3,14,15, then

```
bool isOdd ( int i ) { return i % 2 == 1; }
bool lessThan10 ( int i ) { return i < 10; }

is_partitioned_until ( c, isOdd ) // iterator to '1'
is_partitioned_until ( c, lessThan10 ) // end
is_partitioned_until ( c.begin (), c.end (), lessThan10 ) // end
is_partitioned_until ( c.begin (), c.begin () + 3, lessThan10 ) // end
is_partitioned_until ( c.end (), c.end (), isOdd ) // end, because of empty range</pre>
```

5 Possible implementation

Also possible implementation can be found in Boost.Algorithm: GitHub. Documentation can be found here: Boost. Available in Boost.Algorithm since Boost 1.65.