

بسم تعالی



آزمایشگاه الکترونیک ۲

پیش گزارش آزمایش ۴

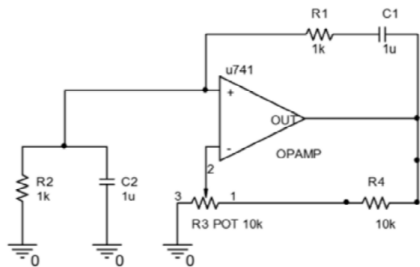
امیرحسین زاهدی ۹۹۱۰۱۷۰۵

تابستان ۱۴۰۲

فیدبک مثبت و کاربردهای آن (نوسان ساز پل وین)

بخش اول:

بدست می آوریم که طبق شرط نوسان که بهره ۱ کلی ۱ باشد، مقاومت متغیر باید ۶.۶۷ کیلو اهم باشد و فرکانس نوسان نیز در حدود ۱۶۰ هرتز است. محاسبات به شکل زیر هستند.



شرط نوسان: $AB = 1$ و $\angle \phi = 0^\circ$ (خروجی خنثی)

$$X_1 = \frac{1}{\omega C_1}, X_2 = \frac{1}{\omega C_2} \Rightarrow$$

$$Z_1 = R_1 - jX_1, Z_2 = \frac{-jR_2 X_2}{R_2 - jX_2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\beta = \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \frac{Z_2}{Z_1 + Z_2} = \frac{R_2 X_2}{R_1 X_2 + R_2 X_1 + R_2 X_2 + j(R_1 R_2 - X_1 X_2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_1 R_2 = X_1 X_2 \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{1}{\sqrt{R_1 R_2 C_1 C_2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_1 = R_2 = 1k, C_1 = C_2 = 1\mu \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10^{-6}}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\omega = 10^3 \Rightarrow \omega = 2\pi f \Rightarrow$$

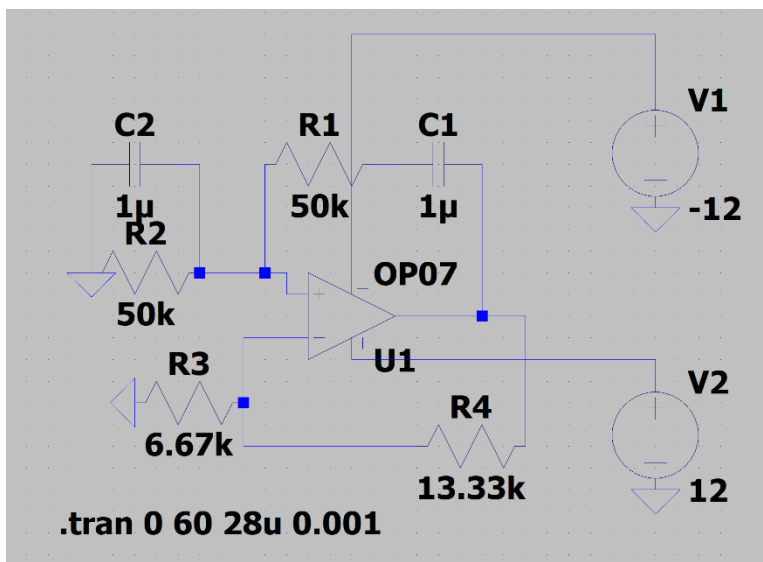
$$f = 159.15 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\beta = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow A\beta = 1 \Rightarrow A\beta = \frac{R_2 + m}{R_2 - m} + 1 = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{R_2 + m}{R_2 - m} = 2 \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{10k + m}{10k - m} = 2 \Rightarrow 10k - 2m = 10k + m \Rightarrow 10k = 3m \Rightarrow m = 3/33k\Omega$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{2+m} = 13/33k\Omega, R_{2-m} = 9/33k\Omega$$

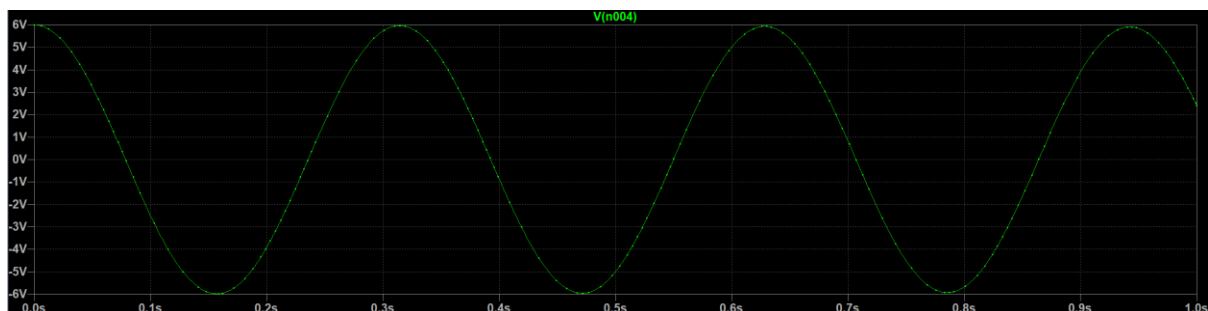
بخش دوم:



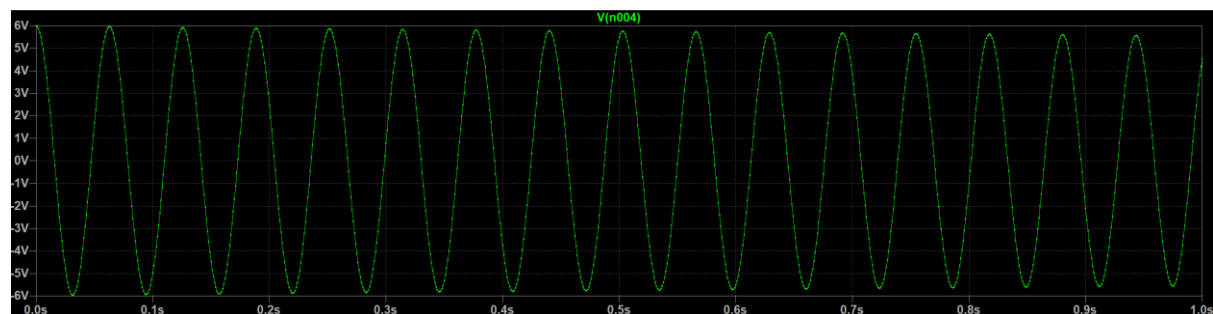
مقادیر مناسب R_3 و R_4 را در بخش قبل یافتیم که اولی برابر ۶.۶۷ کیلو و دومی برابر ۱۳.۳۳ کیلو اهم باید باشد.

مدار را در نرم افزار LTSpice می کشیم که به شکل روبرو است:

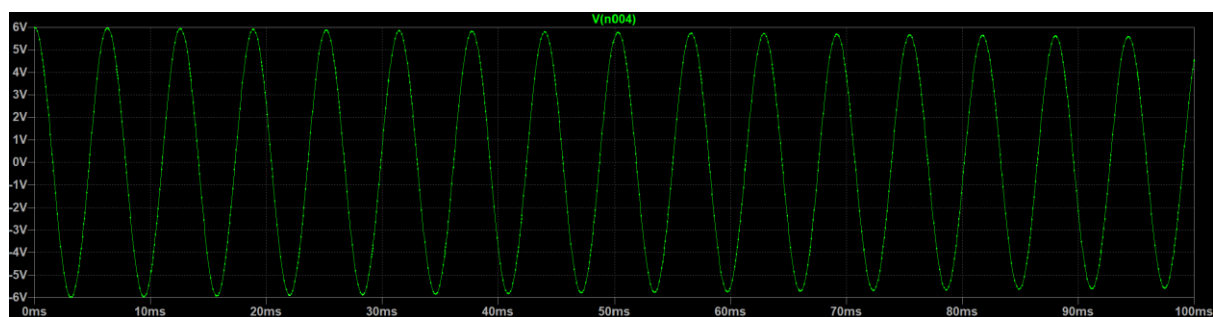
سپس با توجه به مقادیر گفته شده شبیه سازی هارا انجام می دهیم و با استفاده از سنجش دوره تناوب، فرکانس ها را می یابیم.



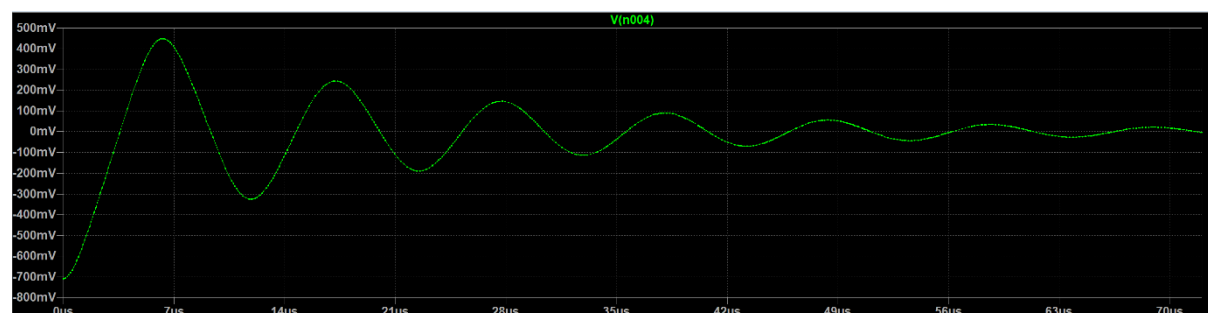
$$R_1 = R_2 = 50k, C_1 = C_2 = 1\mu$$



$$R_1 = R_2 = 10k, C_1 = C_2 = 1\mu$$



$$R_1 = R_2 = 1k, C_1 = C_2 = 1\mu$$



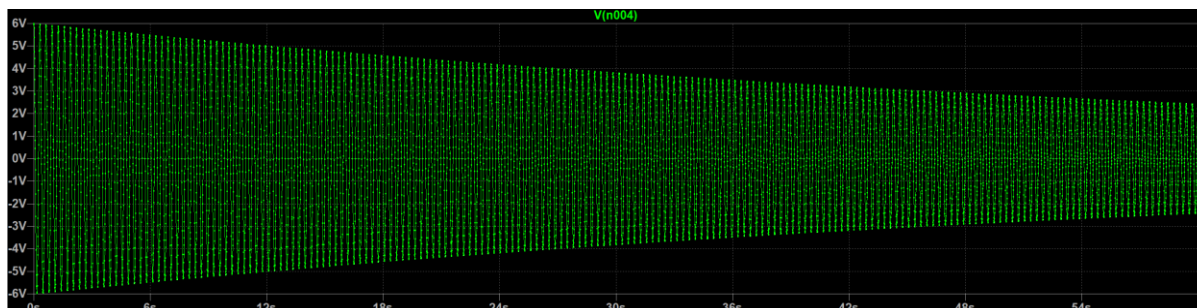
$$R_1 = R_2 = 1k, C_1 = C_2 = 1n$$

خازن	مقاومت	فرکانس نوسان
$C_1 = C_2 = 1\mu$	$R_1 = R_2 = 50k$	۳.۱۵ Hz
$C_1 = C_2 = 1\mu$	$R_1 = R_2 = 10k$	۱۵.۴ Hz
$C_1 = C_2 = 1\mu$	$R_1 = R_2 = 1k$	۱۶۸ Hz
$C_1 = C_2 = 1n$	$R_1 = R_2 = 1k$	۹۵.۲۳ kHz

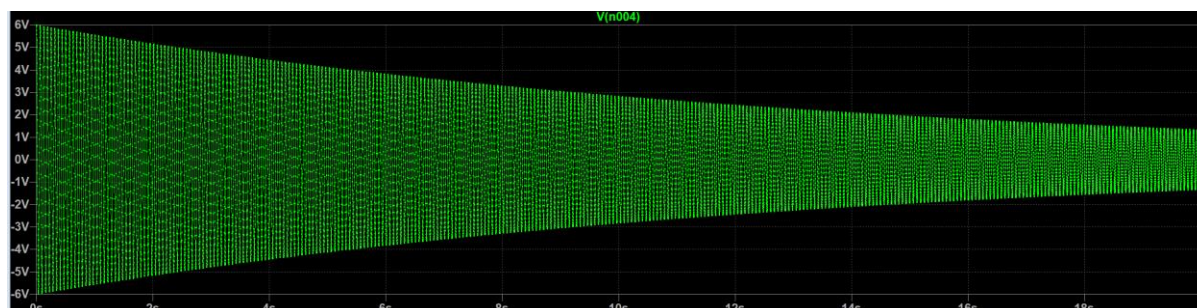
فقط مورد آخر می خواند که احتمالا به دلیل ظرفیت های خازنی نزدیک به ۱ نانو داخل ترانزیستور های آپ امپ است.

بخش سوم:

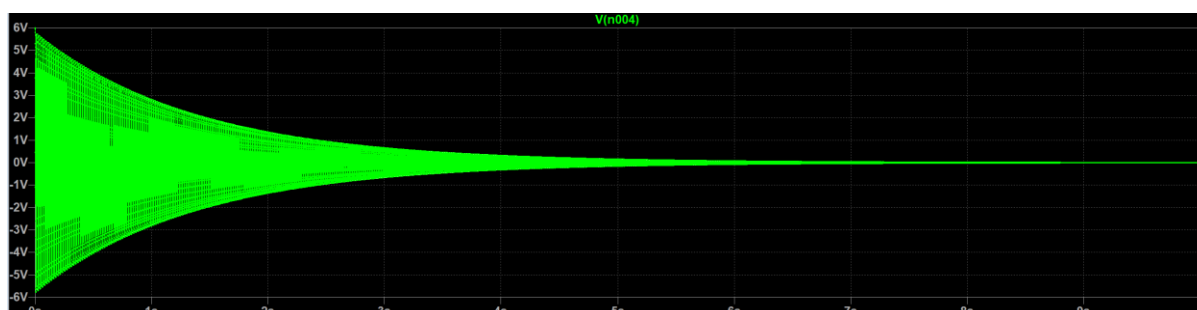
نوسان میراست و پس از مدتی دامنه اش بشدت تضعیف می شود که احتمالا به دلیل ایده آل نبودن قطعات و اتلاف انرژی در مقاومت ها و خازن هاست. تضعیف مدارهای با مشخصات بالا به شکل زیر هستند:



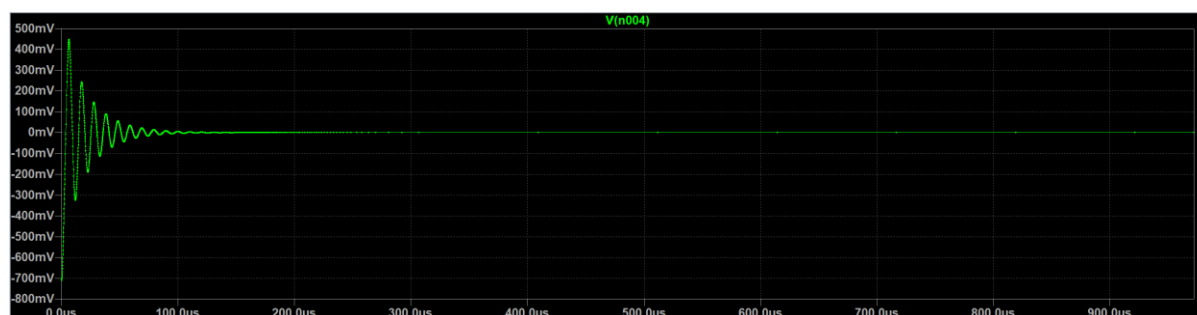
$$R_1 = R_2 = 50k, C_1 = C_2 = 1\mu$$



$$R_1 = R_2 = 10k, C_1 = C_2 = 1\mu$$

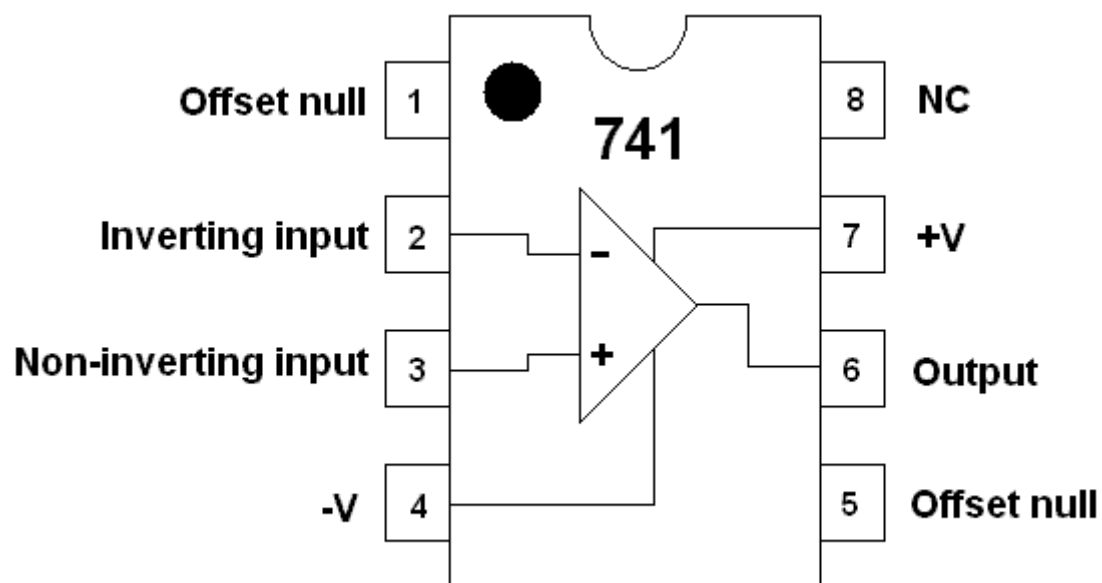


$$R_1 = R_2 = 1k, C_1 = C_2 = 1\mu$$



$$R_1 = R_2 = 1k, C_1 = C_2 = 1n$$

بخش چهارم:



pinout 741:

پایه های ۴ و ۷ تغذیه های آپ امپ هستند. پایه ۶ خروجی است. پایه ۲ ورودی اینورتینگ و پایه ۳ ورودی نان اینورتینگ است. پایه های ۱ و ۵ برای آفست ولتاژ ورودی هستند. پایه ۸ نیز بی استفاده است.

ولتاژ تغذیه آن با توجه به مدل می تواند تا ۲۲ یا ۱۸ ولت مثبت یا منفی باشد.

توان مصرفی آن ۵۰۰ میلی وات است.

ولتاژ ورودی می تواند تا ۱۵ ولت مثبت یا منفی باشد. که به صورت تفاضلی می شود تا ۳۰ ولت.

دمای کاری آن ۵۵- تا ۱۲۵ درجه سانتیگراد است.

در ادامه دیتاشیت LMV741 آورده شده است و موارد مهم هایلایت شده است.

LM741

Operational Amplifier

General Description

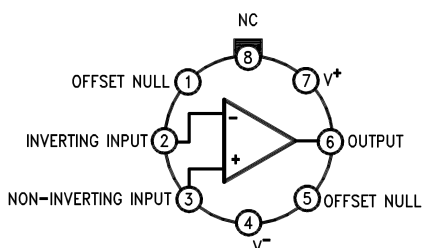
The LM741 series are general purpose operational amplifiers which feature improved performance over industry standards like the LM709. They are direct, plug-in replacements for the 709C, LM201, MC1439 and 748 in most applications.

The amplifiers offer many features which make their application nearly foolproof: overload protection on the input and output, no latch-up when the common mode range is exceeded, as well as freedom from oscillations.

The LM741C is identical to the LM741/LM741A except that the LM741C has their performance guaranteed over a 0°C to +70°C temperature range, instead of -55°C to +125°C.

Connection Diagrams

Metal Can Package

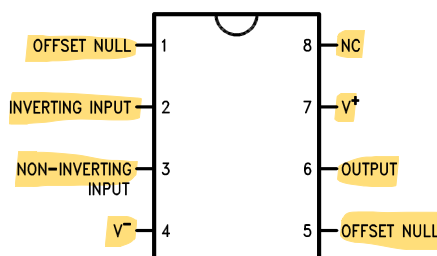


DS009341-2

Note 1: LM741H is available per JM38510/10101

**Order Number LM741H, LM741H/883 (Note 1),
LM741AH/883 or LM741CH
See NS Package Number H08C**

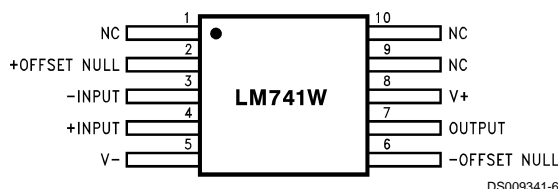
Dual-In-Line or S.O. Package



DS009341-3

**Order Number LM741J, LM741J/883, LM741CN
See NS Package Number J08A, M08A or N08E**

Ceramic Flatpak

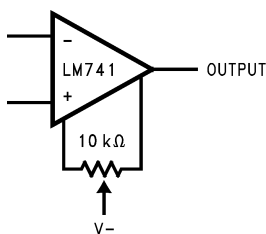


DS009341-6

**Order Number LM741W/883
See NS Package Number W10A**

Typical Application

Offset Nulling Circuit



DS009341-7

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 2)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 7)

	LM741A	LM741	LM741C
Supply Voltage	±22V	±22V	±18V
Power Dissipation (Note 3)	500 mW	500 mW	500 mW
Differential Input Voltage	±30V	±30V	±30V
Input Voltage (Note 4)	±15V	±15V	±15V
Output Short Circuit Duration	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	-55°C to +125°C	0°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature	150°C	150°C	100°C
Soldering Information			
N-Package (10 seconds)	260°C	260°C	260°C
J- or H-Package (10 seconds)	300°C	300°C	300°C
M-Package			
Vapor Phase (60 seconds)	215°C	215°C	215°C
Infrared (15 seconds)	215°C	215°C	215°C
See AN-450 "Surface Mounting Methods and Their Effect on Product Reliability" for other methods of soldering surface mount devices.			
ESD Tolerance (Note 8)	400V	400V	400V

Electrical Characteristics (Note 5)

Parameter	Conditions	LM741A			LM741			LM741C			Units
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Input Offset Voltage	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$										
	$R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$					1.0	5.0		2.0	6.0	mV
	$R_S \leq 50\Omega$		0.8	3.0							mV
	$T_{\text{AMIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{\text{AMAX}}$										
	$R_S \leq 50\Omega$			4.0							mV
	$R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$						6.0			7.5	mV
Average Input Offset Voltage Drift				15							$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Offset Voltage Adjustment Range	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$	±10				±15			±15		mV
Input Offset Current	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3.0	30		20	200		20	200	nA
	$T_{\text{AMIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{\text{AMAX}}$			70		85	500			300	nA
Average Input Offset Current Drift				0.5							$\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		30	80		80	500		80	500	nA
	$T_{\text{AMIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{\text{AMAX}}$			0.210			1.5			0.8	μA
Input Resistance	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$	1.0	6.0		0.3	2.0		0.3	2.0		$\text{M}\Omega$
	$T_{\text{AMIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{\text{AMAX}}$, $V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$	0.5									$\text{M}\Omega$
Input Voltage Range	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$							±12	±13		V
	$T_{\text{AMIN}} \leq T_A \leq T_{\text{AMAX}}$				±12	±13					V

Electrical Characteristics (Note 5) (Continued)

Parameter	Conditions	LM741A			LM741			LM741C			Units
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$										
	$V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$, $V_O = \pm 15\text{V}$	50									V/mV
	$V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$, $V_O = \pm 10\text{V}$				50	200		20	200		V/mV
	$T_{AMIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{AMAX}$, $R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$, $V_O = \pm 15\text{V}$ $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$, $V_O = \pm 10\text{V}$ $V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$, $V_O = \pm 2\text{V}$	32 10			25			15			V/mV V/mV V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	$V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$										
	$R_L \geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$	± 16									V
	$R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$	± 15									V
	$V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ $R_L \geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$				± 12 ± 10	± 14 ± 13		± 12 ± 10	± 14 ± 13		V V
Output Short Circuit Current	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10	25	35		25			25		mA
	$T_{AMIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{AMAX}$	10		40							mA
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$T_{AMIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{AMAX}$										
	$R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{CM} = \pm 12\text{V}$				70	90		70	90		dB
	$R_S \leq 50\Omega$, $V_{CM} = \pm 12\text{V}$	80	95								dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	$T_{AMIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{AMAX}$, $V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$ to $V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$										
	$R_S \leq 50\Omega$	86	96								dB
	$R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$				77	96		77	96		dB
Transient Response	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unity Gain										
Rise Time			0.25	0.8		0.3			0.3		μs
Overshoot			6.0	20		5			5		%
Bandwidth (Note 6)	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.437	1.5								MHz
Slew Rate	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unity Gain	0.3	0.7			0.5			0.5		V/ μs
Supply Current	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$					1.7	2.8		1.7	2.8	mA
Power Consumption	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$										
	$V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$		80	150							mW
	$V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$					50	85		50	85	mW
	$V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$										
	$T_A = T_{AMIN}$			165							mW
	$T_A = T_{AMAX}$			135							mW
LM741A	$V_S = \pm 20\text{V}$										
	$T_A = T_{AMIN}$										
	$T_A = T_{AMAX}$										
LM741	$V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$										
	$T_A = T_{AMIN}$					60	100				mW
	$T_A = T_{AMAX}$					45	75				mW

Note 2: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits.

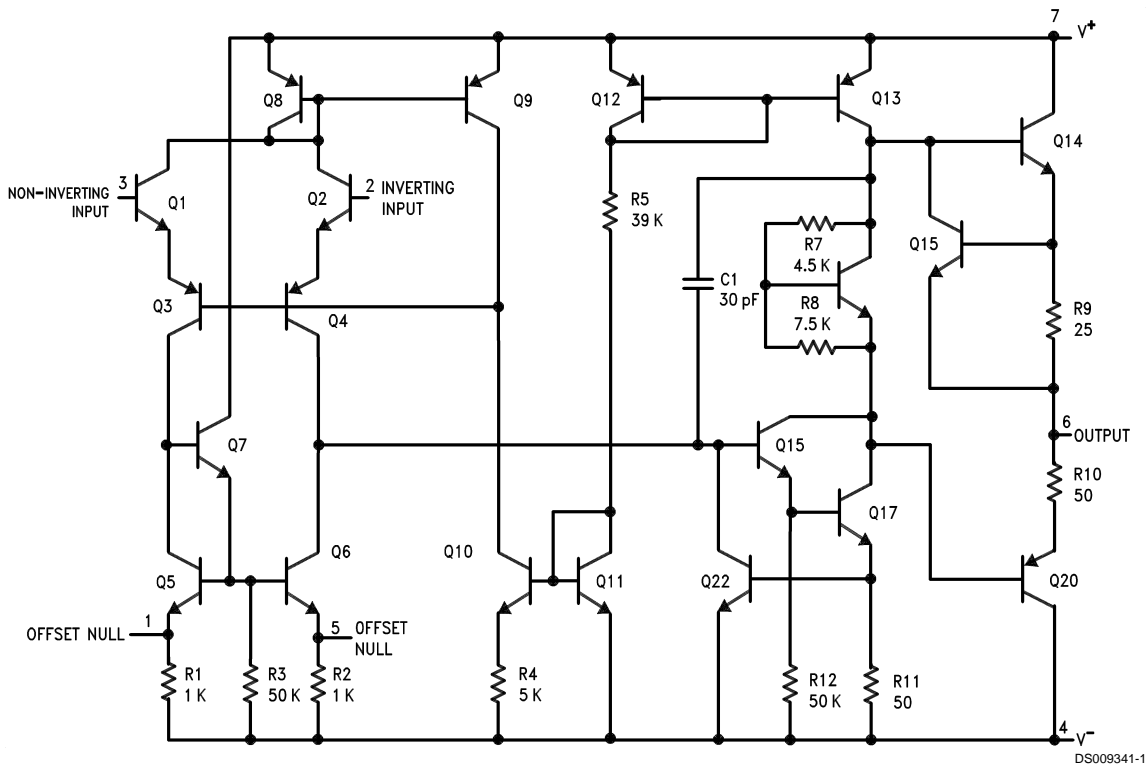
Electrical Characteristics (Note 5) (Continued)

Note 3: For operation at elevated temperatures, these devices must be derated based on thermal resistance, and T_j max. (listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings"). $T_j = T_A + (\theta_{JA} P_D)$.

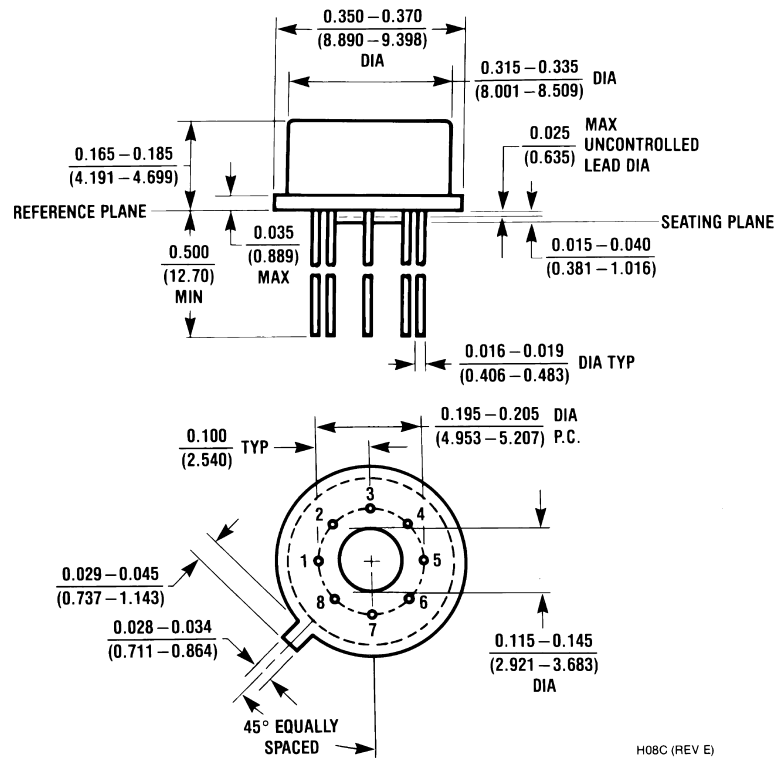
Thermal Resistance	Cerdip (J)	DIP (N)	HO8 (H)	SO-8 (M)
θ_{JA} (Junction to Ambient)	100°C/W	100°C/W	170°C/W	195°C/W
θ_{JC} (Junction to Case)	N/A	N/A	25°C/W	N/A

- Note 4:** For supply voltages less than $\pm 15V$, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.
- Note 5:** Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply for $V_S = \pm 15V$, $-55^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}C$ (LM741/LM741A). For the LM741C/LM741E, these specifications are limited to $0^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}C$.
- Note 6:** Calculated value from: $BW \text{ (MHz)} = 0.35/\text{Rise Time}(\mu s)$.
- Note 7:** For military specifications see RETS741X for LM741 and RETS741AX for LM741A.
- Note 8:** Human body model, 1.5 k Ω in series with 100 pF.

Schematic Diagram

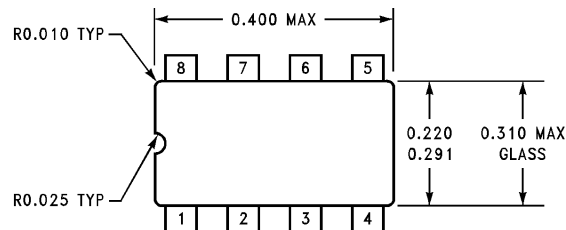


Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



Metal Can Package (H)

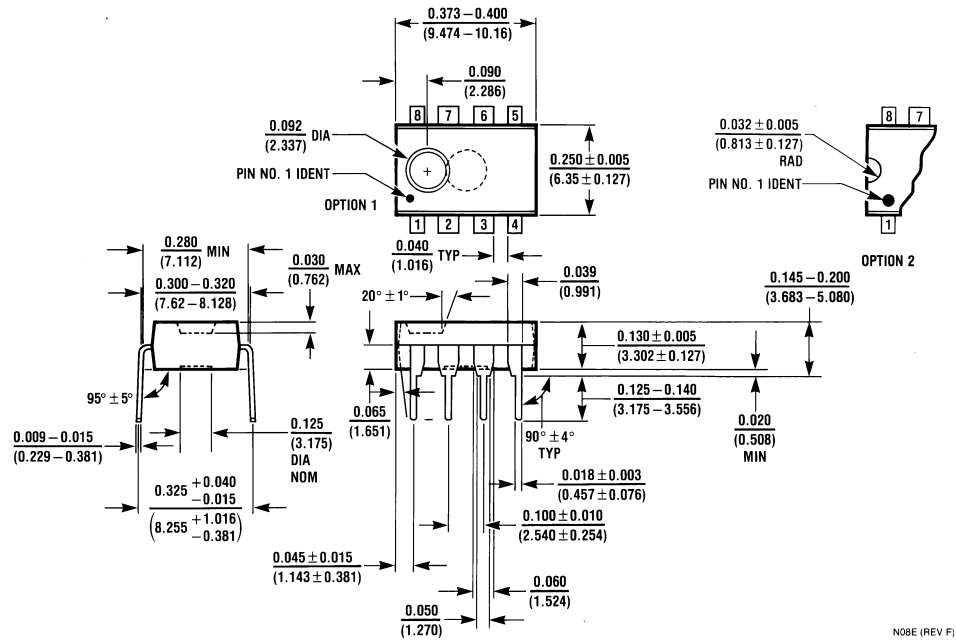
Order Number LM741H, LM741H/883, LM741AH/883, LM741AH-MIL or LM741CH
NS Package Number H08C



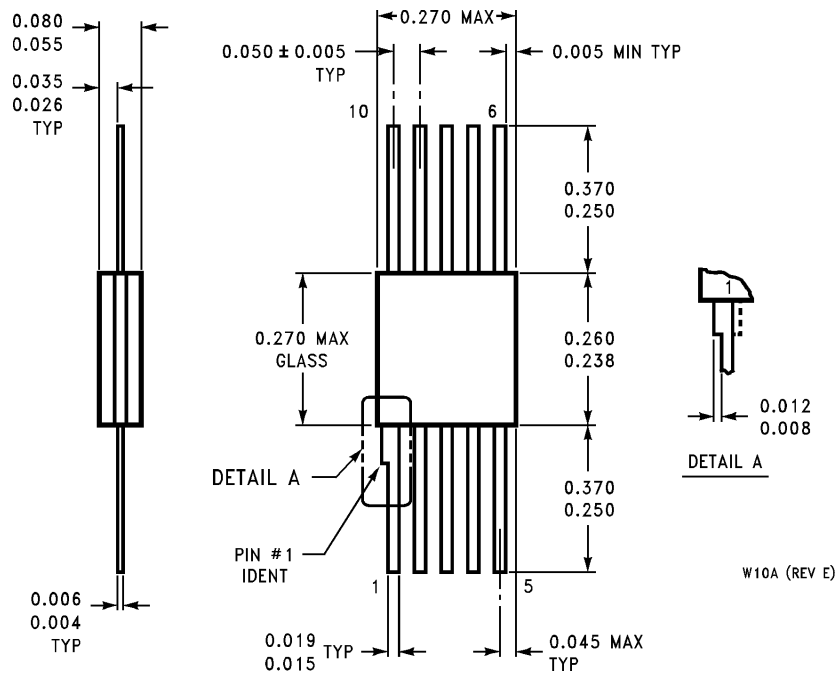
Ceramic Dual-In-Line Package (J)

Order Number LM741J/883
NS Package Number J08A

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



Dual-In-Line Package (N)
Order Number LM741CN
NS Package Number N08E



10-Lead Ceramic Flatpak (W)
Order Number LM741W/883, LM741WG-MPR or LM741WG/883
NS Package Number W10A

Notes

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.



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