```
1
     #!/usr/bin/python3
 2
 3
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plot
 4
     import matplotlib.lines as mlines
 5
 6
     from perceptron import Perceptron
 7
8
     def graph_line(p1, p2):
9
         ax = plot.gca()
10
         xmin, xmax = ax.get xbound()
11
12
         if(p2[0] == p1[0]):
13
             xmin = xmax = p1[0]
14
             ymin, ymax = ax.get ybound()
15
         else:
16
             ymax = p1[1]+(p2[1]-p1[1])/(p2[0]-p1[0])*(xmax-p1[0])
17
             ymin = p1[1]+(p2[1]-p1[1])/(p2[0]-p1[0])*(xmin-p1[0])
18
         1 = mlines.Line2D([xmin,xmax], [ymin,ymax], color='red')
19
20
         ax.add line(l)
21
         return 1
22
23
    def get point(per, x):
24
         return (x, per.getY(x))
25
26
    def each (data):
27
         return range(len(data))
28
29
   def getData(i):
30
         parse = lambda s, i: float(s.split(' ')[i])
31
         with open('messedupdat{}'.format(i)) as inf:
32
             data = [[parse(1, 0), parse(1, 1)] for l in inf.readlines()]
33
         outputs = [i for l in each(data)]
34
         return data, outputs
35
36
    data1, ans1 = qetData(1)
37
    data2, ans2= getData(2)
38
39
    print(data1)
40
41
    plot.scatter([e[0] for e in datal], [e[1] for e in datal], marker='o')
42
    plot.scatter([e[0] for e in data2], [e[1] for e in data2], marker='^')
43
44
45
   xarray = data1+data2
46
    outputs = ans1+ans2
47
    perceptron = Perceptron(xarray, outputs, False)
48
    for i in range(30):
49
        perceptron.train()
50
51
    #for o, xar in zip(outputs, xarray):
         print(o,perceptron.getValue(xar), "Success: "+str(o == perceptron.getValue(xar)))
52
53
54
    p1 = get point(perceptron, 0)
55
    p2 = get_point(perceptron, 1)
56
    print(p1)
57
    print(p2)
58
    graph line(p1, p2)
59
60
    plot.show()
```

61