

Déformation (traction axiale) : $\epsilon = \delta/L_0$

Loi de Hooke : $F = kx, M = k\theta, \sigma = E\epsilon$

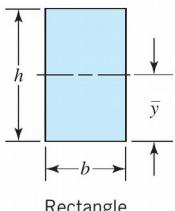
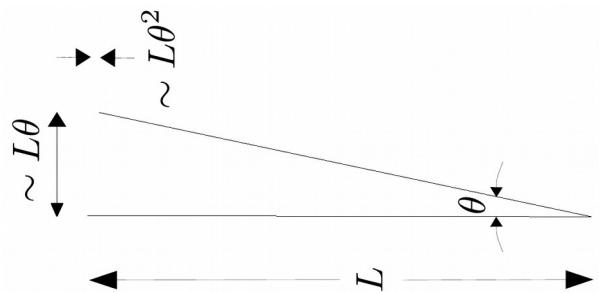
Axial : $\sigma = P/A$

Cisaillement : $\tau = P/A$

Torsion : $\tau = Tr/J$ (barre ronde)

Flexion : $\sigma = My/I$

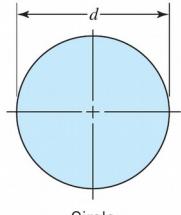
Concentration : $\sigma_{\max} = K_t \sigma_{\text{nom}}, \tau_{\max} = K_t \tau_{\text{nom}}$



$$A = bh$$

$$I = \frac{bh^3}{12}$$

$$Z = \frac{bh^2}{6}$$



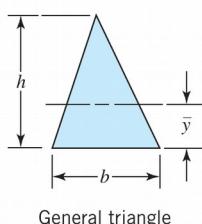
$$A = \frac{\pi d^2}{4}$$

$$I = \frac{\pi d^4}{64}$$

$$Z = \frac{\pi d^3}{32}$$

$$J = \frac{\pi d^4}{32}$$

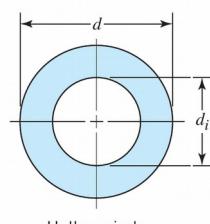
$$\rho = \frac{d}{4}$$



$$A = \frac{bh}{2}$$

$$I = \frac{bh^3}{36}$$

$$Z = \frac{bh^2}{24}$$



$$A = \frac{\pi}{4}(d^2 - d_i^2)$$

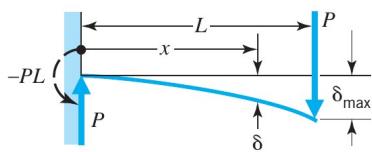
$$I = \frac{\pi}{64}(d^4 - d_i^4)$$

$$Z = \frac{\pi}{32d}(d^4 - d_i^4)$$

$$J = \frac{\pi}{32}(d^4 - d_i^4)$$

$$\rho = \sqrt{\frac{d^2 + d_i^2}{16}}$$

1. Concentrated load at end



$$\theta = \frac{PL^2}{2EI}$$

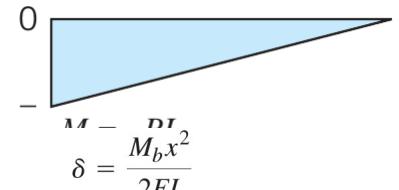
$$\delta_{\max} = \frac{PL^3}{3EI}$$

$$\delta = \frac{Px^2}{6EI}(3L - x)$$

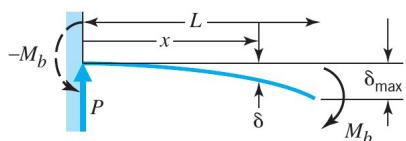
V

$$V = P$$

M



4. Moment load at free end



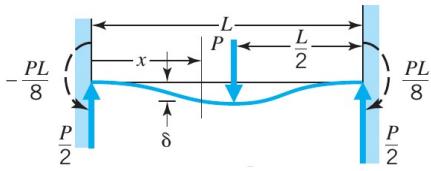
$$\theta = \frac{M_b L}{EI}$$

$$\delta_{\max} = \frac{M_b L^2}{2EI}$$

M



1. Concentrated center load



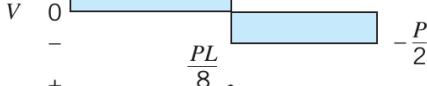
At center:

$$\delta_{\max} = \frac{PL^3}{192EI}$$

For $0 \leq x \leq L/2$:

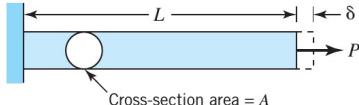
$$\delta = \frac{Px^2}{48EI}(3L - 4x)$$

V



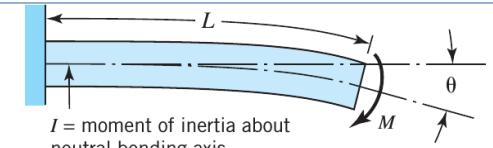
M

Tension or compression

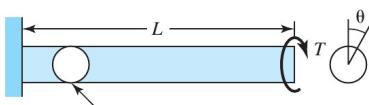


$$\delta = \frac{PL}{AE}$$

$$k = \frac{P}{\delta} = \frac{AE}{L}$$



Torsion



$$\theta = \frac{TL}{K'G}$$

$$K = \frac{T}{\theta} = \frac{K'G}{L}$$

For solid round bar and deflection in degrees,

$$\theta^\circ = \frac{584TL}{d^4G}$$

K'^a = section property. For solid round section, $K' = J = \pi d^4/32$.

