Homework 3

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Problem 1

Problem Statement: Determine weather Picard's Theorem can be used to show the existence of a unique solution in an open interval containing t=0 **Solution:** Picard's theorem states:

(a)
$$y' = ty^{\frac{4}{3}}, y(0) = 0$$

Problem 2

Problem Statement: Find the order, linearity, homogeneity, and the variablity of the coefficients of the following:

Problem	Diff Eq	Order	Linearity	Homogeneity	coefficients
(a)	y'' + 2y' + y = 0	2	Linear	Homogeneous	Constant
(b)	$\ddot{x} + 2\dot{x} + tx = \sin(t)$	2	Linear	Non-Homogeneous	Variable
(c)	$\cos(y') + ty = 0$	1	Non-Linear	Homogeneous	Variable
(d)	$y'' + ey' + \pi y = 0$	2	Linear	Homogeneous	Constant
(e)	$y' + \frac{1}{1+t^2}y = 7$	1	Linear	Non-Homogeneous	Variable

Problem 6

Problem Statement: Find the general solution to the non homogenous ODE $y' + \frac{1}{t+1}y = 2$

Solution: We will solve using the superposition principal. $y_{G,NH} = y_{G,H} + y_{P,NH}$

(a)

Problem Satement: Show that $y_p = \frac{t^2 + 2t}{t+1}$ is a particular solution to the Non-Homogeneous ODE $y' + \frac{1}{t+1}y = 2$ Solution: We will start by finding the derivative of y_p

$$y_p = \frac{t^2 + 2t}{t+1}$$

$$y'_p = \frac{(t+1)(2t+2) - (t^2 + 2t)}{(t+1)^2}$$

$$y'_p = \frac{2t^2 + 2t + 2t + 2 - t^2 - 2t}{(t+1)^2}$$

$$y'_p = \frac{t^2 + 4t + 2}{(t+1)^2}$$

Now we will plug y_p and y_p' into the Non-Homogeneous ODE

$$y'_p + \frac{1}{t+1}y_p = 2$$

$$\frac{t^2 + 4t + 2}{(t+1)^2} + \frac{t^2 + 2t}{(t+1)^2} = 2$$

$$\frac{t^2 + 4t + 2}{t^2 + 2t + 1} + \frac{t^2 + 2}{t^2 + 2t + 1} = 2$$

$$\frac{2t^2 + 4t + 2}{t^2 + 2t + 1} = 2$$

$$\frac{2(t^2 + 2t + 1)}{t^2 + 2t + 1} = 2$$

$$2 = 2$$

(b)

Problem Statement: Find the general solution to the Non-Homogeneous ODE $y' + \frac{1}{t+1}y = 2$ **Solution:** We will use the superposition principal to find the general solution to the Non-Homogeneous ODE

$$y_{G,NH} = y_{G,H} + y_{P,NH}$$

We will start by finding the general solution to the Homogeneous ODE

$$y' + \frac{1}{t+1}y = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{y}dy = -\frac{1}{t+1}dt$$

$$\ln|y| = -\ln|t+1| + c$$

$$y = \frac{c}{t+1}$$

Now we will find the general solution to the Non-Homogeneous ODE

$$y_{G,NH} = \frac{c}{t+1} + \frac{t^2 + 2t}{t+1}$$

Problem 8

Problem Statement: Solve the differential equation $(x+1)\frac{dy}{x} + y = \ln(t)$ Solution: We will solve using the integrating factor method We will start by rewriting the equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{y}{t+1} = \frac{lnt}{t+1}$$

Set right side equal to zero

$$\frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{y}{t+1} = 0$$

Solve for y

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{y}{t+1}$$
$$\frac{dy}{y} = -\frac{dt}{t+1}$$

Integrate both sides

$$\int \frac{1}{y} dy = -\frac{1}{t+1} dt$$

$$\ln |y| = -\ln|t+1| + c$$

$$y = e^{-\ln|t+1| + c}$$

$$y = \frac{c}{t+1}$$

Solve for integrating factor μ

$$\mu = \frac{1}{y_{G,H}}$$

$$\mu = t + 1$$

Multiply original equation by μ

$$\mu \frac{dy}{dt} + \mu \frac{y}{t+1} = \mu \frac{\ln t}{t+1}$$

$$D[(t+1)y] = \frac{\ln(t)}{t+1}(t+1)$$

$$(t+1)y = \int \ln(t)$$

$$(t+1)y = t \ln(t) - t + c$$

$$y = \frac{t \ln(t) - t + c}{t+1}$$