CS261: HOMEWORK 2 Due 04/24/2017 by noon (12pm)

Submit two files via the TEACH website:

https://secure.engr.oregonstate.edu:8000/teach.php?type=want_auth

General Instructions

For this homework you are given a skeleton code in the following files: dynArray.h, dynArray.c, stackapp.c, and makefile. In dynArray.c and stackapp.c, you are supposed to complete certain functions or their parts, without changing other content. Complete and submit dynArray.c and stackapp.c. You must use the same names of files, functions, and ALL variables, we specified for you in the skeleton code. This is because our grading will be based on a script that assumes that you use the same names. Make sure you use the provided makefile to compile your code on the ENGR Unix server. Note zero tolerance for compiling errors.

Part 1 – 70 points: Implementation of the Dynamic Array, Stack, and Bag

Complete the implementation of the following seven functions in dynArray.c. The comments for each function will help you understand its purpose. DO NOT change the provided header file dynArray.h, and DO NOT change the other completed functions in dynArray.c.

Scoring:

- 1) void _dynArrSetCapacity(DynArr *v, int newCap) = 10 points
- 2) void addDynArr(DynArr *v, TYPE val) = 10 points
- 3) void removeAtDynArr(DynArr *v, int idx) = 10 points
- 4) void removeDynArr(DynArr *v, TYPE val) = 10 points
- 5) void pushDynArr(DynArr *v, TYPE val) = 10 points
- 6) void popDynArr(DynArr *v) = 10 points
- 7) int containsDynArr(DynArr *v, TYPE val) = 10 points

Part 2 – 30 points : Application of Stacks

Stacks can be used to check whether an expression has balanced parentheses (), braces $\{\ \}$, and brackets []. For example, a balanced expression is

$$\{(x+y), [x+(y+z)]\}$$

and an unbalanced expression is

$$\{(x+y), [x+(y+z)]\}.$$

Write a function, int isBalanced(char* s), in file stackapp.c that solves this problem using a stack. Alternative solutions that produce correct results BUT DO NOT USE a stack will not receive credit.

The function isBalanced (char* s) should read through the string using the function nextChar(char* s), which has already been implemented for you. Then, apply a stack to do the test. It should return either '1' for true, or '0' for false. Note that for this task you would need to make the following change in file dynArray.h:

Change #define TYPE double to #define TYPE char

Scoring:

1) int isBalanced(char* s) = 30 points