Question 1:

Consider the following data:

```
data a (keep=x y) ;
  s=0 ;
  do i = 1 to 100 ;
     x= i ;
     y = sqrt((2.35*x+5.89))+rannor(5675)*s ;
     output;
  end ;
run ;

title ;
title2 ;

proc print data=a ;
run;
```

Use the data as indicated above to estimate the unknown parameters of the following model. $Y = \sqrt{\theta_1 X + \theta_2}$

- 1. Use a standard (but inefficient) grid search
- 2. Use SAS IML
- 3. Assume the parameters fall into the following intervals:
 - a. $1 \le \theta_1 \le 3$
 - b. $2 < \theta_2 \le 7$

Question 2:

data a ;

- Use the generation algorithm below to generate values of Y and X;
- 2. Estimate the following functional form: $Y = \theta_1 + \frac{\theta_2 X}{e^X}$

```
do i = 1 to 20;
    x=i;
    y = 30 - 80*x/(exp(x)) +rannor(11567)*1;
    output;
    end;
run;

proc print data =a;
run;
```

- 1. Use a standard (but inefficient) grid search
- 2. Use SAS IML

proc plot data=a ;

plot y*x ;

run ;

- 3. Assume the parameters fall into the following intervals:
 - a. $20 \le \theta_1 \le 40$
 - b. $-90 < \theta_2 \le -70$

Question 3:

Repeat question 2 using Newton Rhapson (**DO NOT** assume that the parameters are in a certain range)