#### **EKT 720**

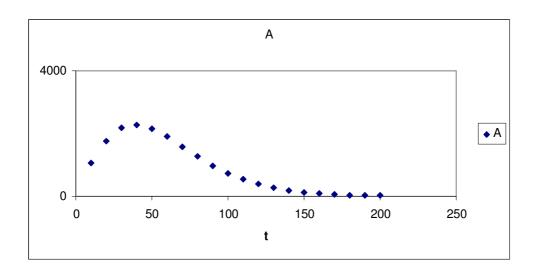
### **Example - Taylor series expansion and Newton Raphson algorithm**

### **Taylor series expansion**

Consider the following non-linear function:

$$A(t) = 100e^{(\sqrt{t} - 0.08t)}$$

with graphical representation:



**Objective**: Search for the value of t that will maximise A. The maximum value can be determined as follows:

$$A'(t) = 100e^{\sqrt{t} - 0.08t} \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} - 0.08 \right)$$
  
  $100e^{\sqrt{t} - 0.08t} \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} - 0.08 \right) = 0$ , Solution is: 39. 063 (Courtesy of Scientific Workplace)

$$A''(t) = 100e^{\sqrt{t} - 0.08t} \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} - 0.08 \right)^2 - \frac{25}{t^{\frac{3}{2}}} e^{\sqrt{t} - 0.08t}$$

$$A''(39.063) = -2.3306$$

Yielding a maximum value for *A* at a *t* value of 39. 063.

Optimisation using a second degree polinomial taylor series expansion (Chiang):

$$f(x) = \frac{f(x_{0})}{0!} + \frac{f'(x_{0})}{1!}(x - x_{0}) + \frac{f''(x_{0})}{2!}(x - x_{0})^{2} + R_{n}, \text{ or }$$

$$A(t) = \frac{f(t_{0})}{0!} + \frac{f'(t_{0})}{1!}(t - t_{0}) + \frac{f''(t_{0})}{2!}(t - t_{0})^{2} + R_{n}, \text{ or }$$

$$A(t) = \frac{A(t_{0})}{0!} + \frac{A''(t_{0})}{1!}(t - t_{0}) + \frac{A''(t_{0})}{2!}(t - t_{0})^{2} + Rn$$

For this exampe:

$$A'(t) = 100e^{\sqrt{t} - 0.08t} \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} - 0.08 \right)$$

$$A''(t) = 100e^{\sqrt{t} - 0.08t} \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} - 0.08 \right)^2 - \frac{25}{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\sqrt{t} - 0.08t}$$

# Step 1:

Need an initial value to start expansion,  $t_0 = 55$ :

$$A(55) = 2041.4$$
  
 $A'(55) = -25.68$   
 $A''(55) = -0.92811$ 

$$B(t) = A(55) + A'(55)(t - 55) + \frac{A''(55)}{2}(t - 55)^2$$
= 3453. 8 - 0.46405(t - 55.0)<sup>2</sup> - 25. 68t
$$B'(t) = 25.366 - 0.92811t = 0, \text{ Solution is: } 27.331$$

$$B''(27.331) = -0.92811$$

## Step 2:

Repeat the process with the solution from the previous step: t = 27.331 A(27.331) = 2093.5

$$A'(27.331) = 32.744$$
  
 $A''(27.331) = -3.1508$ 

$$C(t) = A(27.331) + A'(27.331)(t - 27.331) + \frac{A''(27.331)}{2}(t - 27.331)^2$$
  
= 32.744t - 1.5754(t - 27.331)<sup>2</sup> + 1198.6

$$C'(t) = 118.86 - 3.1508t = 0$$
, Solution is: 37.724  
 $C''(37.724) = -3.1508$ 

## Step 3:

Repeat the process with the solution from the previous step: t = 37.724 A(37.724) = 2273.9

$$A'(37.724) = 3.1991$$
  
 $A''(37.724) = -2.4490$ 

$$E(t) = A(37.724) + A'(37.724)(t - 37.724) + \frac{A''(37.724)}{2}(t - 37.724)^{2}$$

= 3. 
$$1991t - 1.2245(t - 37.724)^2 + 2153.2$$
  
 $E'(t) = 95.583 - 2.4490t = 0$ , Solution is: 39. 029  
 $E''(t) = -2.4490$ 

## Step 4:

Repeat the process with the solution from the previous step: t = 39.029 A(39.029) = 2276.0

$$A'(39.029) = 7.8126 \times 10^{-2}$$
  
 $A''(39.029) = -2.3336$ 

$$F(t) = A(39.029) + A'(39.029)(t - 39.029) + \frac{A''(39.029)}{2}(t - 39.029)^2$$
= 7. 8126 × 10<sup>-2</sup>t - 1. 1668(t - 39.029)<sup>2</sup> + 2272. 9
$$F'(t) = 91.157 - 2.3336t = 0, \text{ Solution is: } 39.063$$

$$F''(t) = -2.3336$$

## Step 5:

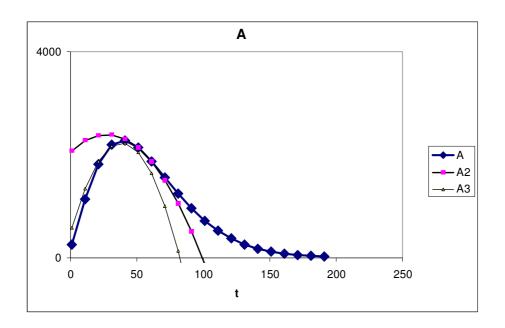
Repeat the process with the solution from the previous step: t = 39.063 A(39.063) = 2276.0

$$A'(39.063) = -1.1653 \times 10^{-3}$$
  
 $A''(39.063) = -2.3306$ 

$$G(t) = A(39.063) + A'(39.063)(t - 39.063) + \frac{A''(39.063)}{2}(t - 39.063)^2$$
  
= 2276.0 - 1.1653(t - 39.063)<sup>2</sup> - 1.1653 × 10<sup>-3</sup>t  
 $G'(t) = 91.038 - 2.3306t = 0$ , Solution is: 39.062  
 $G''(t) = -2.3306$ 

## Summary:

Graphical representation of this process:



### **Newton Raphson algorithm**

$$A(t) = \frac{A(t_0)}{0!} + \frac{A'(t_0)}{1!}(t - t_0) + \frac{A''(t_0)}{2!}(t - t_0)^2 + Rn$$
 Differentiate with respect to t 
$$A'(t) = A'(t_0) + \frac{A''(t_0)}{2!}2(t - t_0) = 0$$
 
$$A''(t_0)(t - t_0) = -A'(t_0)$$
 
$$(t - t_0) = -A'(t_0)/A''(t_0)$$
 
$$t = t_0 - A'(t_0)/A''(t_0)$$
 
$$t_{new} = t_{old} - A'(t_{old})/A''(t_{old})$$

# Step 1:

Need an initial value to start expansion,  $t_0 = 55$ :

$$A(55) = 2041.4$$
  
 $A'(55) = -25.68$   
 $A''(55) = -0.92811$ 

NR

$$t_{new} = t_{old} - (A'(55))^{-1}(A'(55))$$
  
= 55 - (-0.92811)^{-1}(-25.68)  
= 27.331

# Step 2:

Repeat the process with the solution from the previous step: t = 27.331 A(27.331) = 2093.5

$$A'(27.331) = 32.744$$
  
 $A''(27.331) = -3.1508$ 

NR

$$t_{new} = t_{old} - (A'(27.331))^{-1}(A'(27.331))$$
  
= 27.331 - (-3.1508)^{-1}(32.744)  
= 37.724

and so on