Using React with Grails 3

Zachary Klein Software Engineer, OCI



About Me

Grails & web developer for 5 years

Joined OCI Grails team in 2015

Using React since 2015

Author of the React profile/s for Grails 3







On the Grails Team at @ObjectComputing. Christ-follower, husband (of Elizabeth), dad (of John & Timmy) programmer, guitarist. Needing to be more like Jesus.

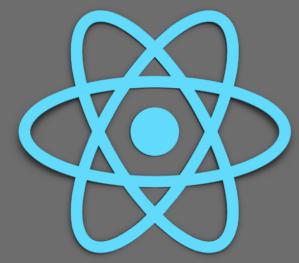


About you

A Javascript library for building user interfaces

Key Features:

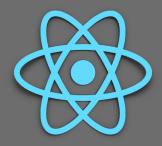
- Virtual DOM
- JSX
- Components
- Single Page Apps
- Functional emphasis
- Beyond the browser



"React is a JavaScript

library, and so it assumes you have a basic understanding of the JavaScript language."

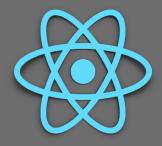




```
import React from 'react'
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom'

ReactDOM.render(
   <h1>Hello, world!</h1>,
    document.getElementById('root')
);
```

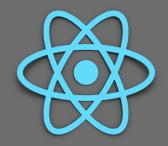




```
import React from 'react'
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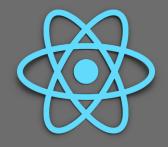
ReactDOM.render(
    <h1>Hello, world!</h1>,
    document.getElementById('root')
);
```





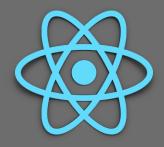
```
import React from 'react'
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom'
class Greeting extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return <h1>Hello, {this.props.name}!</h1>;
ReactDOM.render(
  <Greeting name='G3 Summit' />,
  document.getElementById('root')
```





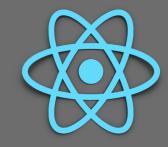
```
var React = require('react');
var ReactDOM = require('react-dom');
var Greeting = React.createClass({
  render: function() {
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ReactDOM.render(
  <Greeting name='G3 Summit' />,
  document.getElementById('root')
```





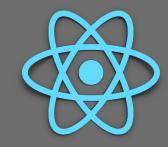
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import React from 'react'
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom'
class Greeting extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return <h1>Hello, {this.props.name}!</h1>;
ReactDOM.render(
  <Greeting name='G3 Summit' />,
  document.getElementById('root')
```





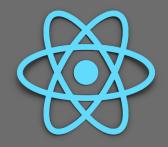
```
var React = require('react');
var ReactDOM = require('react-dom');
var Greeting = React.createClass({
  render: function() {
    return React.createElement(
      'h1', null, `Hello, ${this.props.name}!`
ReactDOM.render(
  React.createElement(Greeting, {name: 'G3 Summit'}, null),
  document.getElementById('root')
```





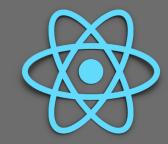
```
var React = require('react');
var ReactDOM = require('react-dom');
var Greeting = React.createClass({
  render: function() {
    return React.createElement(
      'h1', null, `Hello, ${this.props.name}!`
            props
ReactDOM.render(
  React.createElement(Greeting, {name: 'G3 Summit'}, null),
  document.getElementByI(name oot')
                                                       bodv
```





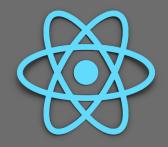
```
import React from 'react'
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom'
class Greeting extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return <h1>Hello, {this.props.name}!</h1>;
                            body
            name
ReactDOM.render(
  <<u>Greeting name='G3 Summit' />,</u>
  doc name it.getEl props tById('root')
```





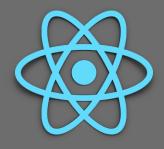
```
class Greeting extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return(
      React.createElement('div', {},
        React.createElement('h1', \(\bar{\}\), "Greetings, ${this.props.name}"),
        React.createElement('ul', {},
          React.createElement('li', {},
            React.createElement('a', {href: 'edit'},
              'Edit this greeting')
          React.createElement('li', {},
            React.createElement('a', {href: 'reset'},
              'Reset this greeting')
ReactDOM.render(
  React.createElement(Greeting, {name: 'G3 Summit'}, null),
  document.getElementById('root')
```





```
class Greeting extends React.Component {
 render() {
   return (<div>
     <h1>Hello, {this.props.name}!</h1>
     <l
       <a href='edit'>Edit this greeting</a>
       <a href='reset'>Reset this greeting</a>
     </div>);
ReactDOM.render(
 <Greeting name='G3 Summit' />,
 document.getElementById('root')
```





"React is only the view layer.

We're only in one concern. React only knows how to render markup. It doesn't know where your data came from, how it's stored, or how to manipulate it. What concerns are being violated?"

Andrew Ray, via http://blog.andrewray.me/youre-missing-the-point-of-jsx/



Other features:

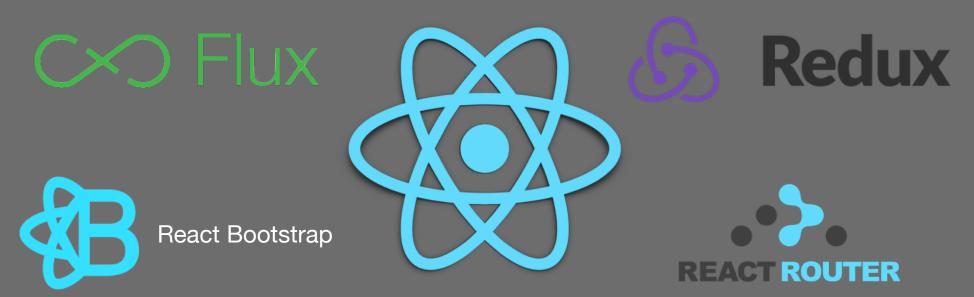
- Lifecycle methods
- Event-handling
- Component state
- Single Page Apps
- Type-checking of props
- DOM access via refs

"React is, in our opinion, the premier way to build big,

fast Web apps with JavaScript. It has scaled very well for us at Facebook and Instagram."



React is a small, focused library by design, but there's plenty of options for augmentation.



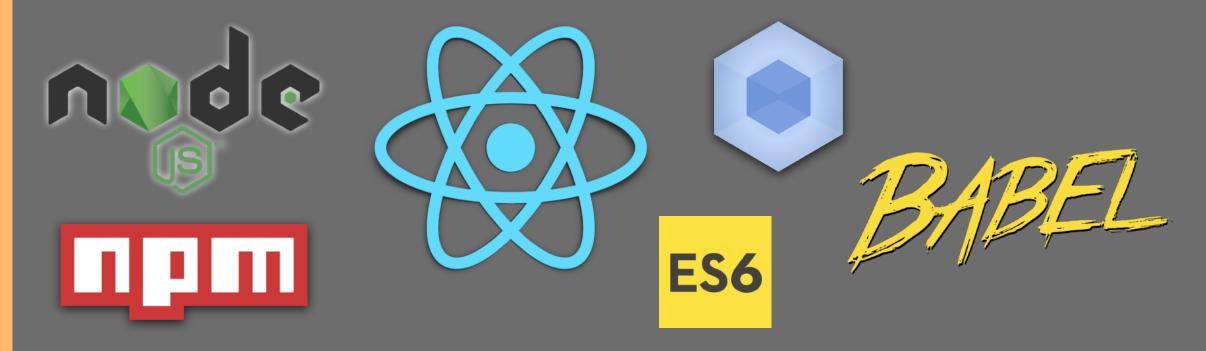
IMMUTABLE

fetch

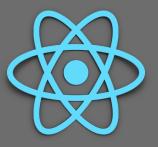
axios



React can be used standalone, but is more frequently used with **node**, **npm** & friends.



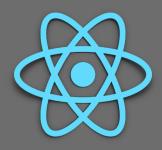




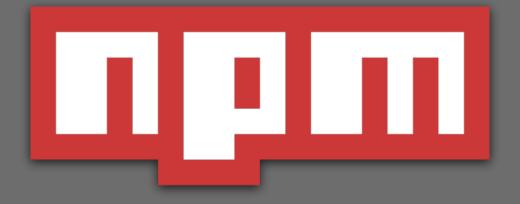
"Node.js is an open-source, cross-platform JavaScipt runtime environment." (Wikipedia)



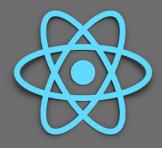




"npm is the default package manager for... Node.js." (Wikipedia)



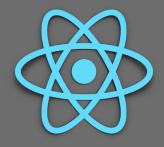




The 6th edition of ECMAScript, officially titled ECMAScript 2015.



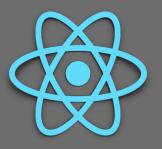




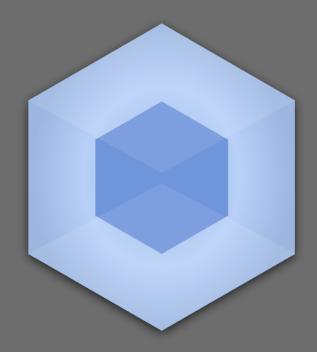
Babel - a Javascript "transpiler"





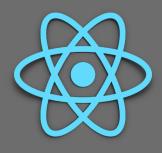


Webpack is an open-source Javascript module bundler. (official website)





Why use React with Grails?

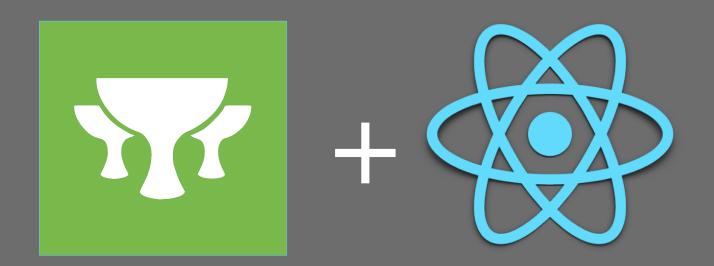






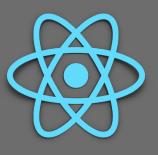
Why use React with Grails?

- Rest support
- rest-api profile
- JSON views
- Spring Websockets
- Gradle





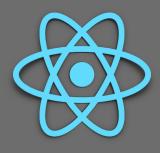
How do I use React with Grails?

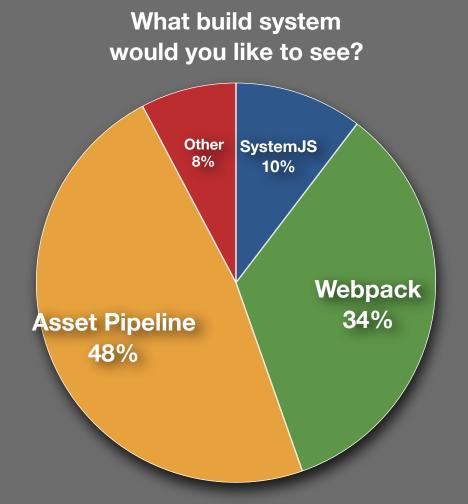


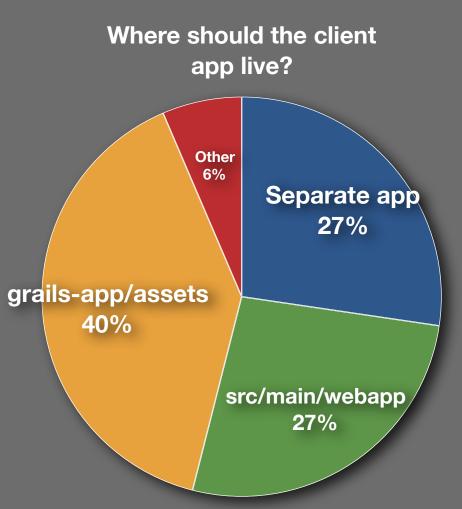
- Most React community resources & documentation assume a node/Javascript-based environment.
- Typical project structure is not immediately transferable to a Grails project.
- Use of **npm** is ubiquitous (but not required) and brings both advantages & challenges.
- Potential tension between front-end and back-end developer workflows
- Wild west the trail is still being blazed!



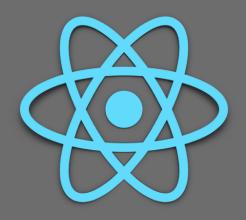
How do I use React with Grails?





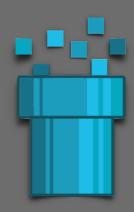






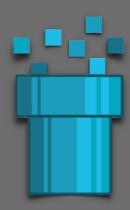






- Front-end asset management/processing in Grails is typically handled via the **Asset Pipeline**.
- Recently-released plugins now support React with AP.
- React/JSX files in *grails-app/assets/javascripts*.
- Take advantage of other front-end Grails/Gradle plugins, such as the excellent client-dependencies plugin (https://github.com/craigburke/clientdependencies-gradle)
- Performant, extensible, familiar to Grails developers.





- Babel Asset-Pipeline Plugin
 - Makes use of the Babel transpiler to transform ES6 code to ES5
 - Supports Webpack bundler, hot-reloading
 - Promising, but tricky to configure

```
compile(':babel-asset-pipeline:2.1.0')
```

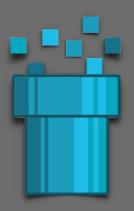




- JSX Asset-Pipeline Plugin
 - Natively parses React/JSX code w/o Babel
 - Follows Asset Pipeline conventions
 - Works well with client-dependencies plugin
 - Documentation is lacking
 - Excellent option for teams experienced/invested in AP

assets "com.bertramlabs.plugins:jsx-asset-pipeline:2.11.6"





DEMO



- "Asset pipeline" seems to be out of favor among front-end developers (perhaps unfairly).
- May be difficult to follow along with **community documentation/resources**.
- AP support for new asset processing tools tends to lag behind Node-based tooling.
- Not compatible with popular front-end toolchains.
- **Grails-centric** may be confusing/unfamiliar to a dedicated front-end team.

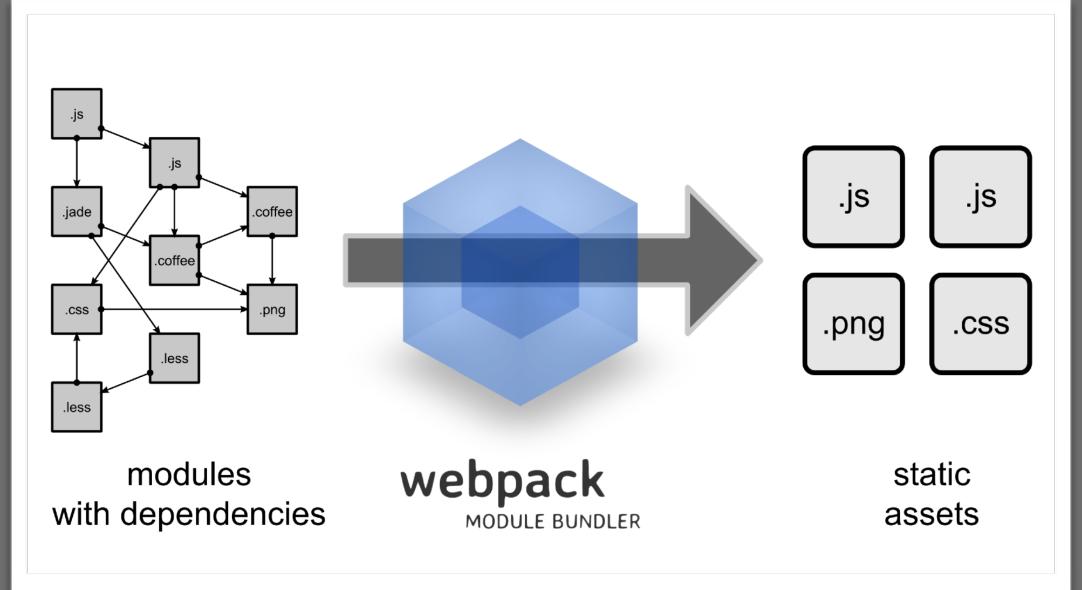


Webpack



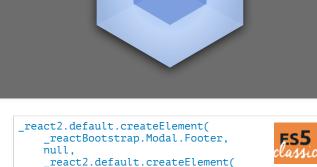
- Webpack is a Module bundler.
- Typically installed via **npm**, run via scripts in *package.json*
- Designed for Single Page Apps
- Supports a huge variety of asset types via configurable "loaders" (processors)
- Supports code-splitting/chunking
- Supports hashed/version assets for cache control
- Outputs a single bundle (by default), containing all required Javascript/CSS to render the target (i.e, your React app)











{ className: 'copyright' }, 'Built with React 15.3.2, webpack

_reactBootstrap.Button,
{ onClick: this.toggleModal },

_react2.default.createElement(

'span',

'Close'

1.13.1, Grails 3'

bundle.js



```
function hello() {
  return <div>Hello world!</div>;
}
```

hello.js



BABEL - loader

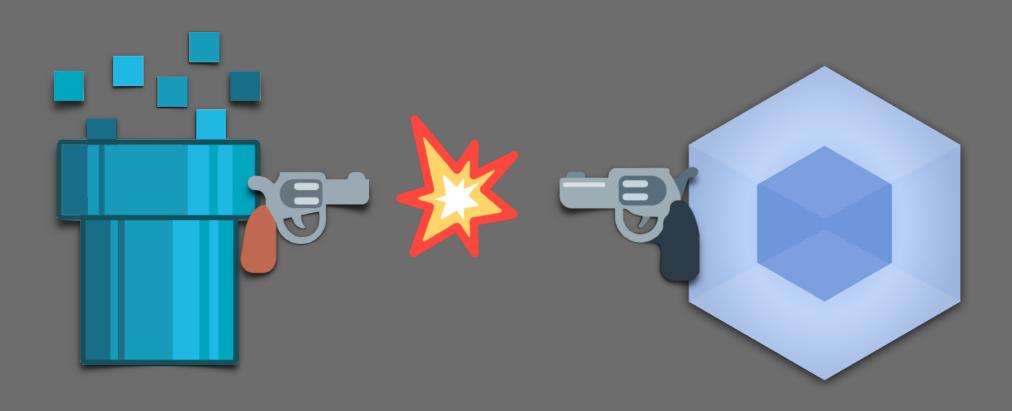
```
"use strict";

function hello() {
  return React.createElement(
    "div",
    null,
    "Hello world!"
  );
}
```

bundle.js

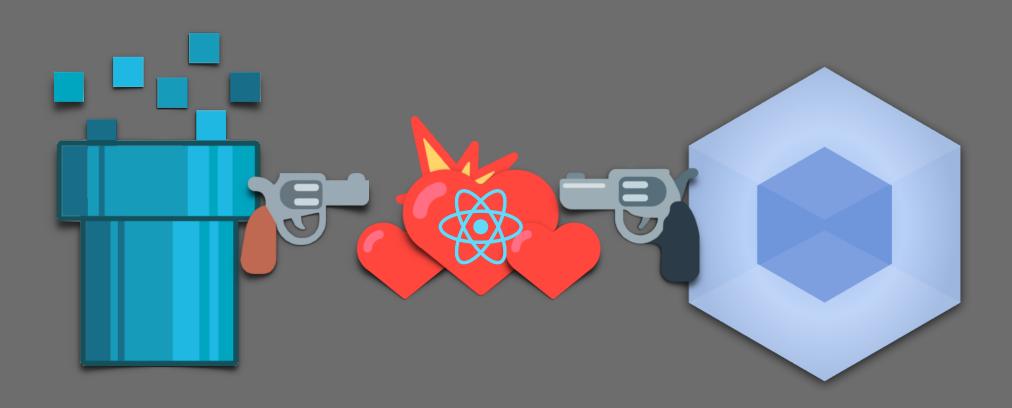


Asset Pipeline vs Webpack





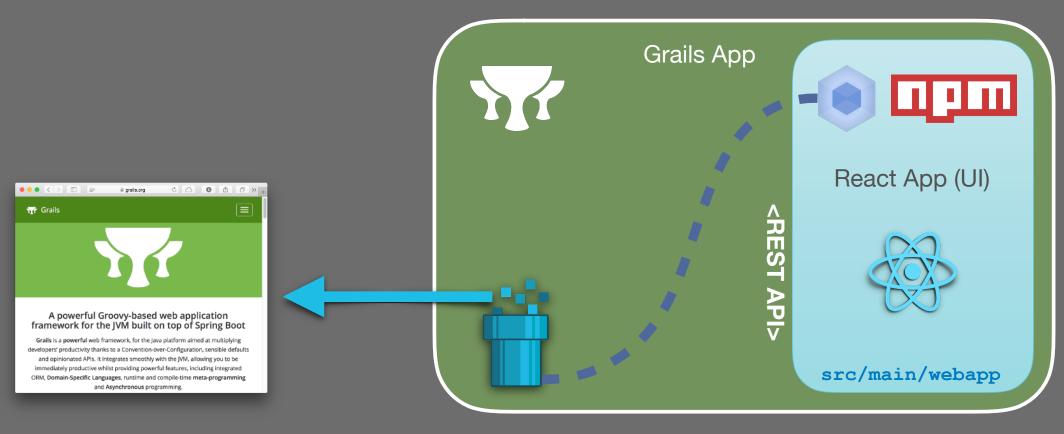
Asset Pipeline vs Webpack





Webpack & Grails

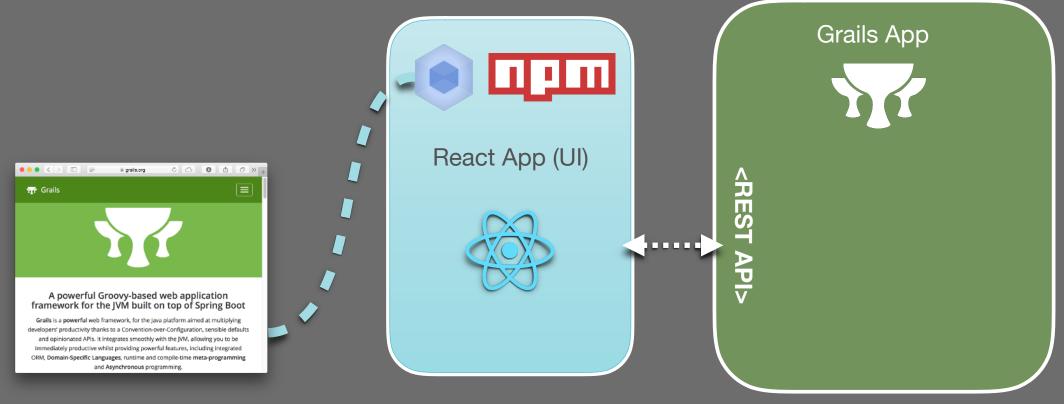






Webpack & Grails





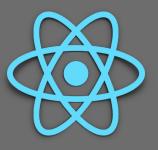


Webpack & Grails



- Compromise:
 - Configure Webpack to output bundle/s into grails-app/assets/ javascripts
 - Keep React source code in a separate directory tree (e.g, src/main/webapp)
 - Rely on Webpack for processing our React/ES6 code
 - Continue to use AP for non-React assets (jQuery, bootstrap, scaffolded pages, etc), as well as to serve the webpack bundle to the browser.
 - Use Gradle to automate running webpack via **npm** scripts
- All this can be tricky to configure if only there was an easier way...



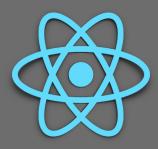


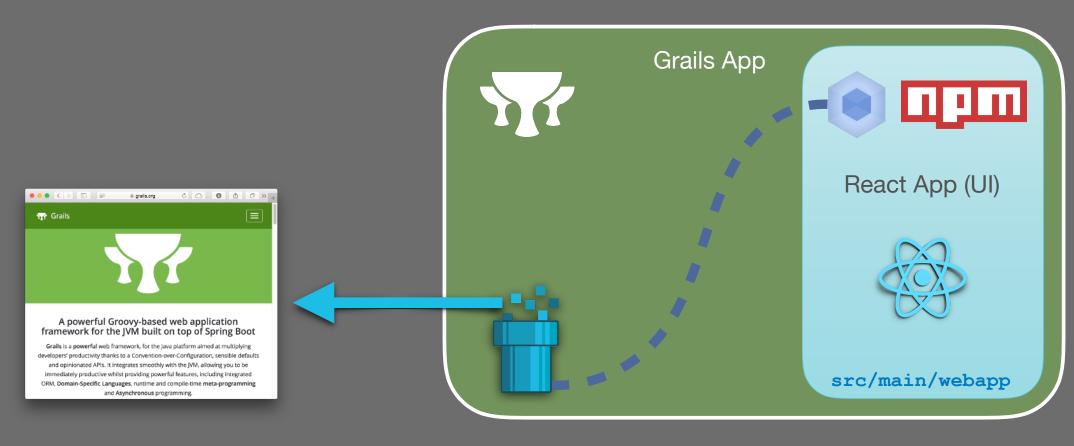
React 1.x Profile generates a Grails project with the following:

- React, ReactDOM etc., installed via **npm**
- Webpack configured to process React code and output to grails-app/assets/javascripts
- **gradle-node** plugin installed, custom tasks to run webpack on app startup/packaging
- Sample React code & unit tests

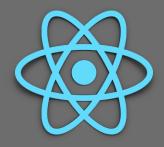
grails create-app myReactApp -profile=org.grails.profiles:react:1.0.1











webpack bundle

npm project file

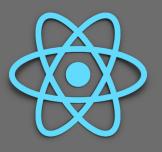
```
$ ls -l
grails-app/
- assets/
- - javascripts/
- - - bundle.js
node_modules/
package.json
src/
  main/
  - webapp/
 - - app/
 - - - about.js
 - test/
- - - js/
    - - about.spec.js
webpack.config.js
```

React source code

Unit test

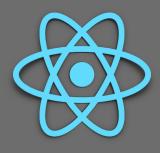
webpack configuration file





DEMO

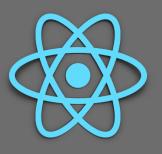




- The React 1.x profile simplifies the setup process for using React & Webpack with Grails
- Designed for monolithic applications
- Gradle-node plugin ties the two "worlds" together
- Single development/test/deployment path
- Gradle wrapper allows front-end devs to run the Grails app w/o installing Grails
 ./gradlew bootRun
- Gradle-node tasks allow Grails devs to run webpack
 w/o installing npm
 ./gradlew webpack



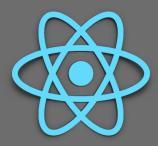
Separate Client & Server

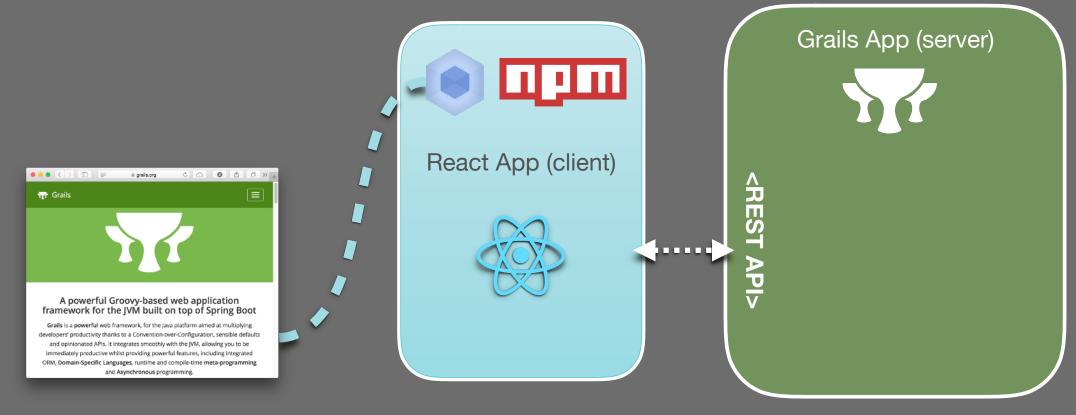


- Microservice-friendly
- Deploy/update front-end and back-end separately
- Take advantage of Grails' RESTful features
 - Domain resources
 - JSON Views
- Gradle multi-project build for client & server apps
- Requires fully standalone React app, including:
 - webpack, babel & dev-server
 - CORS configuration



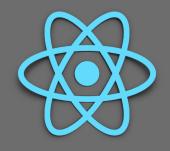
Separate Client & Server







create-react-app

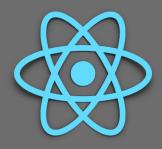


"Create React App is a new officially supported way to create single-page React applications. It offers a modern build setup with no configuration."

https://facebook.github.io/react/blog/2016/07/22/create-apps-with-no-configuration.html

- Generates fully standalone React app
- Provides working webpack & Babel config
- Provides scripts for starting app, building public bundle, running tests
- Simplified development & an easy "exit strategy"



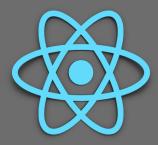


React 2.x Profile generates a multi-project Gradle build:

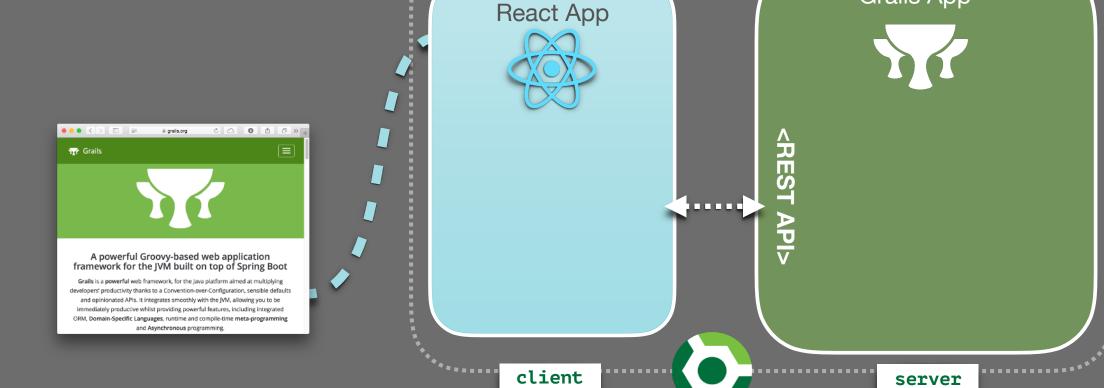
- React app (generated via create-react-app) as client project
- Grails 3 app (**rest-api** profile) as *server* project
- Gradle-node tasks defined within client project to run npm scripts (start, build, test, & eject)
- Grails index page built with react-bootstrap, with app data populated via REST call

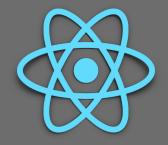
grails create-app myReactApp -profile=org.grails.profiles:react:2.0.1





Grails App





```
React app
```

React source code

Grails 3 app

```
$ ls -l

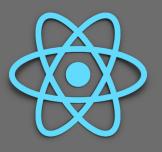
client/
-build.gradle
-node_modules/
-package.json
-public/
-src/
- App.js
- App.test.js
server/
settings.gradle
```

npm project file

Unit test

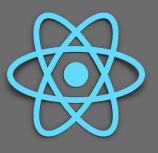
Gradle project file





DEMO

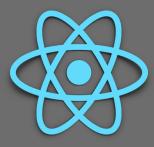




- Isomorphic same code on client & server (aka "universal")
- React can be rendered server-side
- Can improve initial page load time
- Can improve SEO performance
- Java 8 introduced a new JavaScript engine, Nashorn

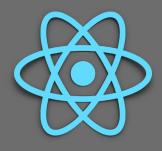






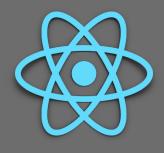
```
function myFunction(data) {
  render("Here's some data we got from the server: " + data.arg);
}
```





DEMO



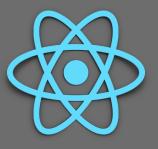


- Tightly couples React source code with Grails app
- Adds additional complexity
- Requires polyfill to work with React
- Nashorn's CSS/LESS support is very poor
- Perhaps useful for React scaffolding?
- Performance?





Resources



React Ecosystem

• https://www.toptal.com/react/navigating-the-react-ecosystem

JSX

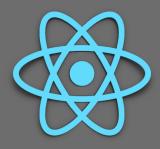
- http://jamesknelson.com/learned-stop-worrying-love-jsx/
- http://blog.andrewray.me/youre-missing-the-point-of-jsx/

React Architecture

- https://facebook.github.io/react/docs/thinking-in-react.html
- https://discuss.reactjs.org/t/best-practices-for-extendingsubclassing-components/1820



Resources



Grails Plugins & Profiles

- https://grails.org/plugin/babel-asset-pipeline
- https://github.com/bertramdev/asset-pipeline/tree/master/jsx-asset-pipeline
- https://github.com/ZacharyKlein/grails-isomorphic
- https://github.com/grails-profiles/webpack
- https://github.com/grails-profiles/react

Using React & Grails

- http://grailsblog.objectcomputing.com/posts/2016/05/28/using-react-with-grails.html
- http://grailsblog.objectcomputing.com/posts/2016/11/14/introducing-the-react-profile-for-grails.html
- https://github.com/ZacharyKlein/grails-react-starter



Thank you!

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