

```
1
2 public class KString {
3
4     private String myString ;
5
6
7     // constructor
8     public KString() {
9         myString = "";
10    }
11
12    public KString(String str) {
13        myString = str;
14    }
15
16    // hyphen a string
17
18    public String KHyphen() {
19        String str="";
20
21        if (myString.length() <=1 ) return myString;
22
23        str = str + myString.charAt(0);
24
25        for (int ii=1; ii<myString.length(); ii = ii+1) {
26            str = str + '-' + myString.charAt(ii) ;
27        }
28
29        return str;
30    }
31
32
33    public String toString() {
34        return myString;
35    }
36
37
38
39    // DO NOT show: Hyphen every other one:
40    // Write a function that returns a string where a hyphen is inserted every two
41    // characters.
42    // "ABCDE" --> "AB-CD-E"
43    // Special cases
44    // "AB" -> "AB"
45    // "A" -> "A"
46    // "" -> ""
47
48    public String KHyphen2() {
49        String str="";
50
51        if (myString.length() <=2 ) return myString;
52
53        str = str + myString.substring(0,2);
54
55        for (int ii=2; ii<myString.length(); ii = ii+1) {
56            if (ii%2 == 0)
57                str += "-";
```

```
58     str = str + myString.charAt(ii) ;
59 }
60
61 return str;
62
63 }
64
65
66 public boolean isPalindrome()
67 {
68     boolean pali = true ;
69
70     /*
71     for (int ii=0; ii<myString.length() ; ++ii) {
72         if (myString.charAt(ii) != myString.charAt(myString.length()-1-ii))
73             pali = false;
74     }
75     */
76
77     // Two ways to improve:
78     // 1. Search only to half way
79     // 2. break when found bad char
80
81     for (int ii=0; ii<myString.length()/2 && pali ; ++ii) {
82         if (myString.charAt(ii) != myString.charAt(myString.length()-1-ii))
83             pali = false;
84     }
85
86
87
88     return pali;
89 }
90
91
92
93
94 }
95
```