


Operation System Concept

homework 001

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Makefile



```
1 all:
2     gcc master.c -o master.out
3     gcc mmv.c -o mmv.out
4
5 clean:
6     rm -f master.out mmv.out happy.tmp happy2.tmp
7
8 test:
9     cat blake.txt
10    ls
11    ./master.out
12    cat happy.tmp
13    ls
14    ./master.out blake.txt happy2.tmp
15    cat happy2.tmp
```

all: 對master.c與mmv.c進行編譯，並產生執行檔master.out與mmv.out。

clean:將執行過程產生的執行檔(.out)與暫存檔(.tmp)刪除。

test:

1.印出blake.txt中的內容。

2.執行master.out內的一連串動作將一行新字串與blake.txt的內容存於happy.tmp。

3.印出happy.tmp的內容(程式執行後的結果)。

4.執行master.out 並給予額外兩個參數，blake.txt、happy2.tmp，與步驟2類似，但將結果指定存於happy2.tmp。

5.印出happy2.tmp的內容

Master

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<stdlib.h>
3 #include<unistd.h>
4
5 int main(int argc, char *argv[])
6 {
7     pid_t pid = fork();
8
9     if(pid > 0)
10     {
11         printf("Successful (%d", pid);
12         printf(")\n");
13     }
14     else if(pid == 0)
15     {
16         int e;
17         e = (argc == 1 ? execlp("./mmv.out", "blake.txt", "happy.tmp", NULL) : execlp("./mmv.out", argv[1], argv[2], NULL));
18         if(e == -1) printf("Fail\n");
19     }
20     else
21     {
22         printf("Fail\n");
23         exit(-1);
24     }
25
26     return 0;
27 }
```

1.呼叫fork()產生child program

2.若回傳值大於0，代表成功產生child program並由parent program回傳child program process id。

3.若回傳值為0，代表由child program回傳，則進行exec()的動作生成新的program。

4.若回傳值小於0，代表fork()失敗。

MMV



```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<stdlib.h>
3 #include<unistd.h>
4 #include<sys/types.h>
5 #include<sys/stat.h>
6 #include<fcntl.h>
7 #include<string.h>
8
9 int main(int argc, char *argv[])
10 {
11     int file_i, file_o;
12
13     file_i = open(argv[0], O_RDONLY);
14     file_o = creat(argv[1], S_IRWXU);
15
16     char addHead[] = "\\---Say Hello to s1083345!---\\n";
17     char readBlake[40];
18
19     write(file_o, addHead, sizeof(addHead));
20     while(read(file_i, readBlake, sizeof(readBlake)))
21     {
22         write(file_o, readBlake, sizeof(readBlake));
23         memset(readBlake, 0, 40);
24     }
25
26     close(file_i);
27     close(file_o);
28
29     return 0;
30 }
```

mmv.c為exec()呼叫的外部程式，用來取代child program成為新的程式。

1.使用open()以唯獨模式開啟file_i(*blake.txt*)。

2.使用creat()創建file_o(*happy.tmp/happy2.tmp*)，並將addHead字串寫入。

3.使用read()將file_i(*blake.txt*)的內容依序讀出並寫入file_o。

4.使用close()結束檔案讀寫。

執行過程

```
zackchen@zackchen-VirtualBox:~$ cd s1083345_0Shw1
zackchen@zackchen-VirtualBox:~/s1083345_0Shw1$ ls
blake.txt  makefile  master.c  mmv.c
zackchen@zackchen-VirtualBox:~/s1083345_0Shw1$ make all
gcc master.c -o master.out
gcc mmv.c -o mmv.out
zackchen@zackchen-VirtualBox:~/s1083345_0Shw1$ ls
blake.txt  makefile  master.c  master.out  mmv.c  mmv.out
zackchen@zackchen-VirtualBox:~/s1083345_0Shw1$ make test
cat blake.txt
To see a World in a Grain of Sand
And a Heaven in a Wild Flower,
Hold Infinity in the palm of your hand
And Eternity in an hour.
ls
blake.txt  makefile  master.c  master.out  mmv.c  mmv.out
./master.out
Successful (#27227)!
cat happy.tmp
\----Say Hello to s1083345!----\
To see a World in a Grain of Sand
And a Heaven in a Wild Flower,
Hold Infinity in the palm of your hand
And Eternity in an hour.
ls
blake.txt  happy.tmp  makefile  master.c  master.out  mmv.c  mmv.out
./master.out blake.txt happy2.tmp
Successful (#27231)!
cat happy2.tmp
\----Say Hello to s1083345!----\
To see a World in a Grain of Sand
And a Heaven in a Wild Flower,
Hold Infinity in the palm of your hand
And Eternity in an hour.
zackchen@zackchen-VirtualBox:~/s1083345_0Shw1$ make clean
rm -f master.out mmv.out happy.tmp happy2.tmp
zackchen@zackchen-VirtualBox:~/s1083345_0Shw1$ ls
blake.txt  makefile  master.c  mmv.c
zackchen@zackchen-VirtualBox:~/s1083345_0Shw1$
```

END