Data Scraping and Cleaning

Zackary Frazier

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Part 1: Data scraping and preparation

Step 1: Scrape your competitor's data (10 pts)

```
weather_url <- "https://www.spaceweatherlive.com/en/solar-activity/top-50-solar-flares"</pre>
# retrieve the table
weather_tab <- weather_url %>%
  read html() %>%
 html_node('table') %>%
 html table()
# rename columns
colnames(weather_tab) <- c('rank', 'flare_classification', 'date', 'flare_region', 'start_time',</pre>
                            'maximum_time', 'end_time', 'movie')
head(weather_tab)
##
     rank flare_classification
                                      date flare_region start_time maximum_time
## 1
                          X28+ 2003/11/04
                                                     486
                                                              19:29
                                                                            19:53
## 2
                          X20+ 2001/04/02
                                                    9393
                                                              21:32
                                                                            21:51
## 3
                        X17.2+ 2003/10/28
                                                     486
                                                              09:51
                                                                            11:10
## 4
                          X17+ 2005/09/07
                                                     808
                                                                            17:40
                                                              17:17
## 5
                         X14.4 2001/04/15
                                                    9415
                                                              13:19
                                                                            13:50
## 6
        6
                            X10 2003/10/29
                                                     486
                                                              20:37
                                                                            20:49
    end_time
## 1
        20:06 MovieView archive
        22:03 MovieView archive
## 3
        11:24 MovieView archive
        18:03 MovieView archive
## 5
        13:55 MovieView archive
## 6
        21:01 MovieView archive
```

Step 2: Tidy the top 50 solar flare data (10 pts)

```
# drop last column
weather_tab <- select(weather_tab, -'movie')</pre>
```

```
# combine the date and times
weather_tab <- weather_tab %>%
  mutate(start_time = paste(date, start_time, sep = ' ')) %>%
  mutate(maximum_time = paste(date, maximum_time, sep = ' ')) %>%
  mutate(end_time = paste(date, end_time, sep = ' '))
# convert the combined columns into datetime objects
weather tab <- weather tab %>%
  mutate(start_time = make_datetime(year = strtoi(str_sub(start_time, start = 1L, end = 4L),
                                                   base = 10L),
                                    month = strtoi(str_sub(start_time, 6L, 7L), base = 10L),
                                    day = strtoi(str_sub(start_time, 9L, 10L), base = 10L),
                                    hour = strtoi(str_sub(start_time, 12L, 13L), base = 10L),
                                    min = strtoi(str_sub(start_time, 15L, 16L), base = 10L),
                                    sec = 0)) %>%
  mutate(end_time = make_datetime(year = strtoi(str_sub(end_time, start = 1L, end = 4L),
                                                 base = 10L),
                                  month = strtoi(str_sub(end_time, 6L, 7L), base = 10L),
                                  day = strtoi(str_sub(end_time, 9L, 10L), base = 10L),
                                  hour = strtoi(str_sub(end_time, 12L, 13L), base = 10L),
                                  min = strtoi(str_sub(end_time, 15L, 16L), base = 10L),
                                  sec = 0)) %>%
  mutate(maximum_time = make_datetime(year = strtoi(str_sub(maximum_time, start = 1L, end = 4L),
                                                     base = 10L),
                                      month = strtoi(str_sub(maximum_time, 6L, 7L), base = 10L),
                                      day = strtoi(str_sub(maximum_time, 9L, 10L), base = 10L),
                                      hour = strtoi(str_sub(maximum_time, 12L, 13L), base = 10L),
                                      min = strtoi(str_sub(maximum_time, 15L, 16L), base = 10L),
                                      sec = 0)) %>%
  select(rank, flare_classification, flare_region, start_datetime = start_time, maximum_datetime = maximum_datetime
head(weather_tab)
     rank flare classification flare region
##
                                                  start datetime
## 1
                                        486 2003-11-04 19:29:00
                          X28+
        1
## 2
                          X20+
                                        9393 2001-04-02 21:32:00
        2
                        X17.2+
                                        486 2003-10-28 09:51:00
## 3
        3
                                        808 2005-09-07 17:17:00
## 4
        4
                          X17+
## 5
        5
                         X14.4
                                        9415 2001-04-15 13:19:00
                                        486 2003-10-29 20:37:00
## 6
                           X10
##
        maximum_datetime
                                end_datetime
## 1 2003-11-04 19:53:00 2003-11-04 20:06:00
## 2 2001-04-02 21:51:00 2001-04-02 22:03:00
## 3 2003-10-28 11:10:00 2003-10-28 11:24:00
## 4 2005-09-07 17:40:00 2005-09-07 18:03:00
## 5 2001-04-15 13:50:00 2001-04-15 13:55:00
## 6 2003-10-29 20:49:00 2003-10-29 21:01:00
```

Step 3. Scrape the NASA data (15 pts)

```
NASA_url <- "https://cdaw.gsfc.nasa.gov/CME_list/radio/waves_type2.html"
# convert the HTML into a table-like structure
NASA_tab <- NASA_url %>%
  read html() %>%
 html_node('pre') %>%
  html_text() %>%
  str_sub(802, -99) %>%
  strsplit(split = '\n')
# insert the vector of strings into a dataframe
NASA_tab <- data.frame(NASA_tab)</pre>
colnames(NASA_tab) <- c('raw_data')</pre>
# parse the raw data into separate columns
NASA_tab[, 'start_date'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(1, 10) %>%
  str_trim()
NASA_tab[, 'start_time'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(12, 17) %>%
  str trim()
NASA_tab[, 'end_date'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(18, 22)
NASA_tab[, 'end_time'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(24, 29)
NASA_tab[, 'start_freq'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(30, 35) %>%
  str_trim()
NASA_tab[, 'end_freq'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(36, 41) %>%
  str_trim()
NASA_tab[, 'location'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(42, 49) %>%
  str trim()
NASA_tab[, 'NOAA'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(50, 55) %>%
  str_trim()
NASA_tab[, 'imp'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(56, 62) %>%
  str trim()
NASA_tab[, 'CME_date'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(63, 68) %>%
  str_trim()
NASA_tab[, 'CME_time'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(69, 74)
NASA_tab[, 'CME_angle'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(76, 80) %>%
  str_trim()
NASA_tab[, 'CME_width'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(81, 85) %>%
  str_trim()
NASA_tab[, 'CME_speed'] <- NASA_tab$raw_data %>%
  substr(86, 90) %>%
```

```
head(NASA_tab)
##
                                                                                                raw_data
## 1 1997/04/01 14:00 04/01 14:15 8000
                                          4000
                                                 S25E16 8026 M1.3
                                                                      04/01 15:18
                                                                                     74
                                                                                          79
                                                                                              312
                                                                                                    PHTX
## 2 1997/04/07 14:30 04/07 17:30 11000
                                          1000
                                                 S28E19
                                                          8027 C6.8
                                                                      04/07 14:27 Halo
                                                                                         360
                                                                                              878
                                                                                                    PHTX
## 3 1997/05/12 05:15 05/14 16:00 12000
                                            80
                                                 N21W08
                                                          8038 C1.3
                                                                      05/12 05:30 Halo
                                                                                         360
                                                                                              464
                                                                                                    PHTX
## 4 1997/05/21 20:20 05/21 22:00 5000
                                           500
                                                          8040 M1.3
                                                                      05/21 21:00
                                                                                    263
                                                                                         165
                                                                                              296
                                                 N05W12
                                                                                                    PHTX
## 5 1997/09/23 21:53 09/23 22:16 6000
                                          2000
                                                 S29E25
                                                          8088 C1.4
                                                                      09/23 22:02
                                                                                    133
                                                                                         155
                                                                                              712
                                                                                                    PHTX
## 6 1997/11/03 05:15 11/03 12:00 14000
                                           250
                                                 S20W13
                                                          8100 C8.6
                                                                      11/03 05:28
                                                                                    240
                                                                                         109
                                                                                              227
                                                                                                    PHTX
     start_date start_time end_date end_time start_freq end_freq location NOAA
## 1 1997/04/01
                               04/01
                                       14:15
                                                    8000
                     14:00
                                                              4000
                                                                     S25E16 8026
                                       17:30
                                                    11000
## 2 1997/04/07
                     14:30
                               04/07
                                                              1000
                                                                     S28E19 8027
## 3 1997/05/12
                     05:15
                               05/14
                                       16:00
                                                    12000
                                                                     N21W08 8038
                                                                80
## 4 1997/05/21
                     20:20
                                       22:00
                                                     5000
                                                               500
                               05/21
                                                                     N05W12 8040
                                                              2000
## 5 1997/09/23
                     21:53
                               09/23
                                       22:16
                                                     6000
                                                                     S29E25 8088
## 6 1997/11/03
                     05:15
                               11/03
                                       12:00
                                                    14000
                                                               250
                                                                     S20W13 8100
##
      imp CME_date CME_time CME_angle CME_width CME_speed
## 1 M1.3
             04/01
                      15:18
                                    74
                                              79
                                                        312
## 2 C6.8
             04/07
                                                        878
                      14:27
                                  Halo
                                             360
## 3 C1.3
             05/12
                      05:30
                                  Halo
                                                        464
                                             360
## 4 M1.3
             05/21
                      21:00
                                   263
                                             165
                                                        296
## 5 C1.4
             09/23
                      22:02
                                   133
                                             155
                                                        712
## 6 C8.6
             11/03
                      05:28
                                   240
                                             109
                                                        227
```

Step 4: Tidy the NASA the table (15 pts)

str_trim()

```
# Remove empty values
NASA_tab$start_freq[startsWith(NASA_tab$start_freq, '?')] <- NA
NASA_tab$end_freq[startsWith(NASA_tab$end_freq, '?')] <- NA
NASA_tab$location[grepl('.*[bB][aA][cC][kK].*', NASA_tab$location)] <- NA
NASA_tab$NOAA[startsWith(NASA_tab$NOAA, '-')] <- NA</pre>
NASA_tab$imp[startsWith(NASA_tab$imp, '-')] <- NA</pre>
NASA_tab$CME_date[startsWith(NASA_tab$CME_date, '-')] <- NA
NASA_tab$CME_time[startsWith(NASA_tab$CME_time, '-')] <- NA
NASA_tab$CME_angle[startsWith(NASA_tab$CME_angle, '-')] <- NA
NASA_tab$CME_width[startsWith(NASA_tab$CME_width, '-')] <- NA
NASA_tab$CME_speed[startsWith(NASA_tab$CME_speed, '-')] <- NA
# Tidying the data
NASA_tab <- NASA_tab %>%
  mutate(start_time = paste(start_date, start_time, sep = ' ')) %>%
  mutate(end_time = paste(paste(substr(start_date, 1, 4), end_date, sep='/'),
                          end_time, sep = ' ')) %>%
  mutate(CME_time = paste(paste(substr(start_date, 1, 4), CME_date, sep='/'),
                          CME_time, sep = ' ')) %>%
  select(-raw_data, -start_date, -end_date, -CME_date)
# convert the combined columns into datetime objects
NASA_tab <- NASA_tab %>%
  mutate(start_time = make_datetime(year = strtoi(substr(start_time, 1, 4), base = 10),
```

```
month = strtoi(substr(start_time, 6, 7), base=10),
                                    day = strtoi(substr(start_time, 9, 10), base=10),
                                    hour = strtoi(substr(start_time, 12, 13), base=10),
                                    min = strtoi(substr(start_time, 15, 16), base=10),
                                    sec = 0)) %>%
  mutate(end_time = make_datetime(year = strtoi(substr(end_time, 1, 4), base=10),
                                    month = strtoi(substr(end_time, 6, 7), base=10),
                                    day = strtoi(substr(end time, 9, 10), base=10),
                                    hour = strtoi(substr(end time, 12, 13), base=10),
                                    min = strtoi(substr(end time, 15, 16), base=10),
                                    sec = 0)) %>%
  mutate(CME_time = make_datetime(year = strtoi(substr(CME_time, 1, 4), base=10),
                                  month = strtoi(substr(CME_time, 6, 7), base=10),
                                  day = strtoi(substr(CME_time, 9, 10), base=10),
                                  hour = strtoi(substr(CME_time, 13, 14), base=10),
                                  min = strtoi(substr(CME_time, 16, 17), base=10),
                                  sec = 0)) %>%
  select(start_datetime = start_time, end_datetime = end_time, start_freq, end_freq, location, NOAA,
         imp, CME_datetime = CME_time, CME_angle, CME_width, CME_speed)
# removing Halo from CME_angle and > symbols from CME_width
# creating lower_bound and Halo columns
NASA tab <- NASA tab %>%
 mutate(Halo = (CME_angle == 'Halo'), lower_bound = startsWith(CME_width, '>')) %>%
  mutate(CME_width = ifelse(startsWith(CME_width, ">"), str_sub(CME_width, 2, -1), CME_width)) %>%
 mutate(CME_angle = ifelse(CME_angle == 'Halo', NA, CME_angle))
# converting columns to appropriate datatypes
NASA tab <- NASA tab %>%
  mutate(start_freq = ifelse(is.na(start_freq), NA, strtoi(start_freq, base=10))) %>%
  mutate(end_freq = ifelse(is.na(end_freq), NA, strtoi(end_freq, base=10))) %>%
  mutate(NOAA = ifelse(is.na(NOAA), NA, strtoi(NOAA, base=10))) %>%
  mutate(CME_angle = ifelse(is.na(CME_angle), NA, strtoi(CME_angle, base=10))) %>%
  mutate(CME_width = ifelse(is.na(CME_width), NA, strtoi(CME_width))) %>%
  mutate(CME_speed = ifelse(is.na(CME_speed), NA, strtoi(CME_speed)))
head(NASA_tab)
          start datetime
                                end datetime start freq end freq location NOAA
## 1 1997-04-01 14:00:00 1997-04-01 14:15:00
                                                   8000
                                                             4000
                                                                    S25E16 8026
## 2 1997-04-07 14:30:00 1997-04-07 17:30:00
                                                                    S28E19 8027
                                                   11000
                                                             1000
## 3 1997-05-12 05:15:00 1997-05-14 16:00:00
                                                   12000
                                                              80
                                                                    N21W08 8038
## 4 1997-05-21 20:20:00 1997-05-21 22:00:00
                                                   5000
                                                             500
                                                                    N05W12 8040
## 5 1997-09-23 21:53:00 1997-09-23 22:16:00
                                                   6000
                                                             2000
                                                                    S29E25 8088
## 6 1997-11-03 05:15:00 1997-11-03 12:00:00
                                                   14000
                                                              250
                                                                    S20W13 8100
##
      imp
                 CME_datetime CME_angle CME_width CME_speed Halo lower_bound
## 1 M1.3 1997-04-01 15:18:00
                                     74
                                               79
                                                         312 FALSE
                                                                         FALSE
## 2 C6.8 1997-04-07 14:27:00
                                     NA
                                              360
                                                        878 TRUE
                                                                         FALSE
## 3 C1.3 1997-05-12 05:30:00
                                     NA
                                              360
                                                         464 TRUE
                                                                         FALSE
## 4 M1.3 1997-05-21 21:00:00
                                    263
                                              165
                                                        296 FALSE
                                                                         FALSE
## 5 C1.4 1997-09-23 22:02:00
                                    133
                                              155
                                                        712 FALSE
                                                                         FALSE
## 6 C8.6 1997-11-03 05:28:00
                                              109
                                                        227 FALSE
                                                                         FALSE
                                    240
```

Part 2: Analysis

Question 1: Replication (10 pts)

Can you replicate the top 50 solar flare table in SpaceWeatherLive.com exactly using the data obtained from NASA? That is, if you get the top 50 solar flares from the NASA table based on their classification (e.g., X28 is the highest), do you get data for the same 50 solar flare events in the SpaceWeatherLive page? If not, why not?

```
##
     rank flare_classification flare_region
                                                  start_datetime
## 1
                                       10486 2003-11-04 20:00:00
        1
                          X28.
## 2
        2
                          X20.
                                        9393 2001-04-02 22:05:00
## 3
        3
                          X17.
                                       10486 2003-10-28 11:10:00
## 4
        4
                          X14.
                                        9415 2001-04-15 14:05:00
## 5
        5
                          X10.
                                       10486 2003-10-29 20:55:00
## 6
                                        8100 1997-11-06 12:20:00
                          X9.4
                                 end_datetime
##
        maximum_datetime
## 1 2003-11-04 19:54:00 2003-11-05 00:00:00
## 2 2001-04-02 22:06:00 2001-04-03 02:30:00
## 3 2003-10-28 11:30:00 2003-10-30 00:00:00
## 4 2001-04-15 14:06:00 2001-04-16 13:00:00
## 5 2003-10-29 20:54:00 2003-10-30 00:00:00
## 6 1997-11-06 12:10:00 1997-11-07 08:30:00
```

You cannot get the same solar flares with the NASA table, although you can get a similar one. It appears that the weather table got it's information from a different source than the NASA table. Also the NASA table does not record the maximum time, only the CME time. It does appear however that some of the solar flares in the NASA table are the same ones as the ones in the Weather table.

Question 2: Entity Resolution (15 pts)

There are three similarity functions defined in flare_similarity.

• s_classification compares the classifications of flares based on how far away they are from each other numerically. If they have different classification IDs a zero is returned. I consider it highly unlikely that two flares with different classifications would be the same flare.

- s_region compares the categorical regions of each flare. Either these flares were in the same region, or they were not. If so it returns 1, if not it returns 0. Does not account for the fact that some of the regions have very similar region codes, such as the NOAA being 10486 and the region in the spaceweather table being 486 as there is no way to know whether that was a typo or if these tables are using slightly different regional categories.
- s_datetime measures the differences between datetimes and returns an exponential value such that the smaller the difference is, the larger the value that will be returned.

The threshold is set to 1.05. Initially I set it to 1, but I kept resolving top 50 flares to NASA flares that were blatantly false. Slightly raising the threshold alleviated this problem.

```
flare_similarity <- function(E1, E2) {</pre>
  # Similarity Functions
  s_classification <- function(e1, e2) {</pre>
    if(substr(e1, 1, 1) == substr(e2, 1, 1)) {
      s1 <- ifelse(endsWith(e1, "+"), as.double(str_sub(e1, 2, -2)), as.double(str_sub(e1, 2, -1)))
      s2 <- ifelse(endsWith(e2, "+"), as.double(str sub(e2, 2, -2)), as.double(str sub(e2, 2, -1)))
      \exp(-((s1 - s2)^2))
    } else 0
  }
  s region <- function(e1, e2) {
    ifelse(e1 == e2, 1, 0)
  s_datetime <- function(e1, e2) {</pre>
    exp(-(as.double(e1 - e2)^2))
  # building the matrix
  m <- matrix(nrow = nrow(E1), ncol = nrow(E2))</pre>
  for(i in 1:nrow(E1)) {
    for(j in 1:nrow(E2)) {
      if(!(is.na(E1$flare_classification[i]) || is.na(E2$imp[j])))
        m[i, j] <- s_classification(E1$flare_classification[i], E2$imp[j])</pre>
      if(!(is.na(E1$flare_region[i]) || is.na(E2$NOAA[j])))
        m[i, j] <- m[i, j] + s_region(E1$flare_region[i], E2$NOAA[j])</pre>
      if(!(is.na(E1$start_datetime[i]) || is.na(E2$start_datetime[j])))
        m[i, j] <- m[i, j] + s_datetime(E1$start_datetime[i], E2$start_datetime[j])</pre>
      if(!(is.na(E1$maximum datetime[i]) | is.na(E2$CME datetime[i])))
        m[i, j] <- m[i, j] + s_datetime(E1$maximum_datetime[i], E2$CME_datetime[j])
      if(!(is.na(E1$end_datetime[i]) || is.na(E2$end_datetime[j])))
        m[i, j] <- m[i, j] + s_datetime(E1$end_datetime[i], E2$end_datetime[j])</pre>
    }
 }
 m
}
# returns a vector of the index in E2 that e1 in E1 corresponds to
flare match <- function(E1, E2) {</pre>
  sim_matrix <- flare_similarity(E1, E2)</pre>
```

```
rank flare_classification flare_region
                                                  start datetime
##
## 1
                          X28+
                                        486 2003-11-04 19:29:00
## 2
                          X20+
                                        9393 2001-04-02 21:32:00
## 3
        3
                        X17.2+
                                        486 2003-10-28 09:51:00
## 4
        4
                                        808 2005-09-07 17:17:00
                          X17+
## 5
       5
                         X14.4
                                        9415 2001-04-15 13:19:00
                                         486 2003-10-29 20:37:00
## 6
                           X10
                                end_datetime index
       {\tt maximum\_datetime}
##
## 1 2003-11-04 19:53:00 2003-11-04 20:06:00
## 2 2001-04-02 21:51:00 2001-04-02 22:03:00
                                                118
## 3 2003-10-28 11:10:00 2003-10-28 11:24:00
                                                234
## 4 2005-09-07 17:40:00 2005-09-07 18:03:00
                                                NA
## 5 2001-04-15 13:50:00 2001-04-15 13:55:00
                                                127
## 6 2003-10-29 20:49:00 2003-10-29 21:01:00
                                                 NA
```

Question 3: Analysis (10 pts)

This plot analyzes the amount of Halo CMEs in top 50 flares that were resolvable.

```
graph_tab <- filter(weather_tab, !is.na(index))

for( i in 1:nrow(graph_tab)) {
    graph_tab[i, 'Halo'] <- NASA_tab$Halo[graph_tab$index[i]]
}

graph_tab %>%
    group_by(Halo) %>%
    summarize(true = sum(Halo), false = sum(!Halo)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = Halo, y = true + false )) + geom_bar(stat = "identity")
```

