## **Experiments and Events:**

**Def:** An experiment is a process whose outcome is not known in advance with certainy.

Sample Space: Collection of all possible outcomes of an experiment. S or  $\Omega$ . Each outcome is an element of the sample space  $s \in S$ .

## **Operations:**

$$A \cup B = B \cup A$$

$$A \cup A = A$$

$$A \cup \emptyset = A$$

$$A \cup S = S$$

$$A \subset B \Rightarrow A \cup B = B$$

$$A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n \Rightarrow A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \dots \cup A_n = \bigcup_{i=1}^{i=n} A_i$$

$$\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i \to \bigcup_{i \in I} A_i$$

$$(A \cup B) \cup C = A \cup (B \cup C) = A \cup B \cup C$$

 $A \text{ and } x \in B$  = AB

$$A \cap B = B \cap A$$

$$A \cap A = A$$

$$A \cap \emptyset = \emptyset$$

$$A \cap S = A$$

$$A \subset B \Rightarrow A \cap B$$

$$\bigcap_{i \in I} A_i = \bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i$$

$$\bigcap_{i=1}^{n} A_i = A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_n$$

$$(A \cap B) \cap C = A \cap (B \cap C) = A \cap B \cap C$$

Complements:  $A^c = \{x \in S :$  $x \notin A$ 

$$(A^c)^c = A$$

$$\emptyset^c = S$$

$$S^c = \emptyset$$

$$A \cup A^c = S$$

$$A\cap A^c=\emptyset$$

## **Dijoint Events:**

A and B are disjoint or mutually exclusive if A and B have no outcomes in common. This happens only if  $A \cap B = \emptyset$ .

**Intersections:**  $A \cap B = \{x \in \mathbf{Def:} A \text{ collection } A_1, \dots, A_n \text{ is a } A \cap B = \{x \in \mathbf{Def:} A \cap B \in A \} \}$ collection of disjoint evens if and only if  $A_i \cap A_j = \emptyset, \forall i, j, i \neq j$ 

$$\left(\bigcup_{i\in I} A_i\right)^c = \bigcap_{i\in I} A_i^c$$

$$(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$$

$$x \in (A \cap B)^c$$

$$\Rightarrow x \notin A \text{ and } x \notin B$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in A^c \text{ and } x \notin B^c$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in A^c \cap B^c$$

## Probabilities:

Functions over S that measure the likelihood of events.

$$\forall A: Pr(A) \geq 0$$

$$Pr(S) = 1$$

For every infinite quence of disjoint events  $A_1, A_2, \dots (A_i \in S)$ :

$$Pr\left(\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} Pr(A_i)$$

$$Pr(A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \dots \cup A_n \cup \dots)$$

$$= Pr(A_1) + Pr(A_2) + \dots + Pr(A_n) + \dots$$

$$Pr(\emptyset) = 0$$

$$Pr(\bigcup_{i=1}^{n} A_i) = Pr(\bigcup_{i=1}^{n} A_i + \bigcup_{i=n+1}^{\infty} \emptyset) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} Pr(A_i)$$