

Finite difference method has been used to find the 2-d heat equation solution with given conditions and source function.

Q.3)Output:

```
answer=nth_root(n=2,a=-4,eps=0.01)
print(answer)
```

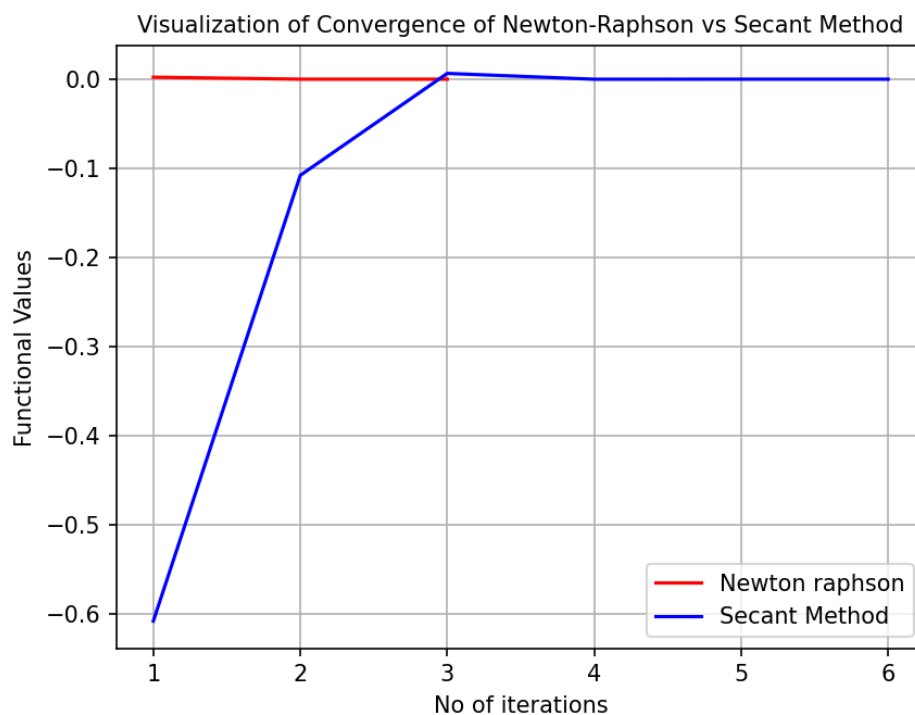
Result: `'cannot find the', 2, '-th root of', -4, 'as', -4, 'is negative')`

```
answer=nth_root(n=2,a=5,eps=0.01)
print(answer)
```

Result: `The 2-th root of 5 with 0.01 tolerance is 2.236328125`

Q.4)Output:

Here we have taken $f(x) = x^2 + \sin(x) - 2$.



Q.5) The formula has been used here is :

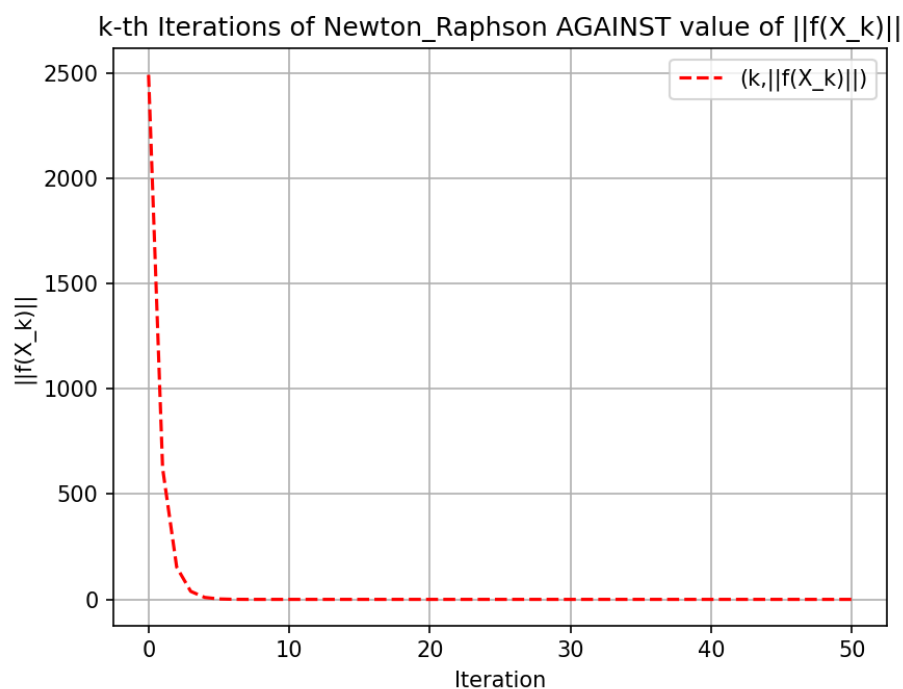
If $F : \mathbb{R}^k \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^k$ multivariate vector-valued function, then the iteration is given by

$$\mathbf{x}_{k+1} = \mathbf{x}_k - \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{x}_k)^{-1} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{x}_k)$$

where $\mathbf{J}(\mathbf{x}_k)$ is the **Jacobian matrix** of \mathbf{F} .

Output:

```
The root of the function is [ 0.83328161  0.03533462 -0.49854928]
```



Q.6)Output:

```
q = Polynomial()  
q.printRoots([1, 3, 5, 7, 9])
```

Output:

```
The approximated roots_list are :  
7.000000000000004  
5.000000000000032  
2.999999999999893  
1.0  
8.99999999999961  
All roots are with in an error 10^-3
```

Q.7)Input:

```
function=lambda x: np.tan(x)
a=-np.pi / 2           #interval [a,b]
b=4 * np.pi / 3
All_Roots(function,a,b )
```

Output:

```
All roots are with in an error 10^-3
Roots in the interval[ -1.5707963267948966  4.1887902047863905 ] are :
[-3.1415926536]
```
