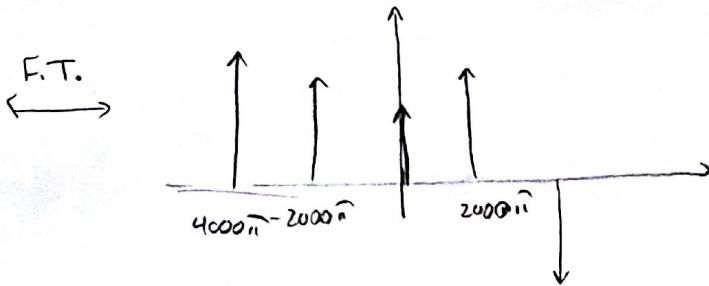


HW 5., Answers

1)

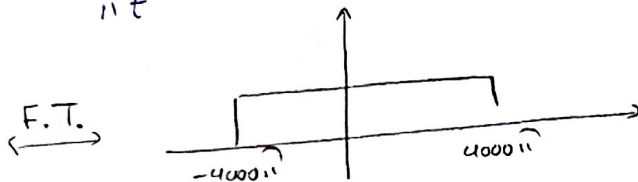
a) $x(t) = 1 + \cos(2000\pi t) + \sin(4000\pi t)$

Nyquist rate = $2 \times 4000\pi$
 $= 8000\pi$

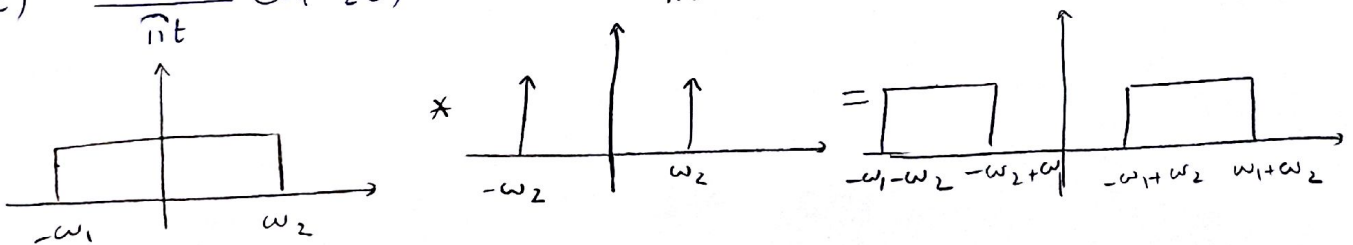


b) $\frac{\sin(4000\pi t)}{\pi t}$

Nyquist rate = $2 \times 4000\pi$
 $= 8000\pi$

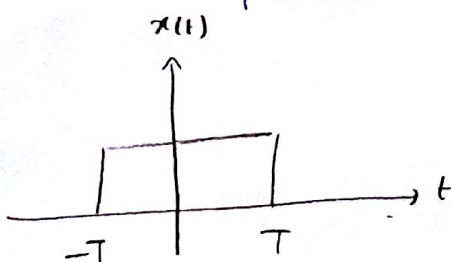


c) $\frac{\sin(\omega_1 t)}{\pi t} \cos(\omega_2 t) \xleftrightarrow{\text{F.T.}} F\left\{\frac{\sin(\omega_1 t)}{\pi t}\right\} * F\{\cos(\omega_2 t)\}$



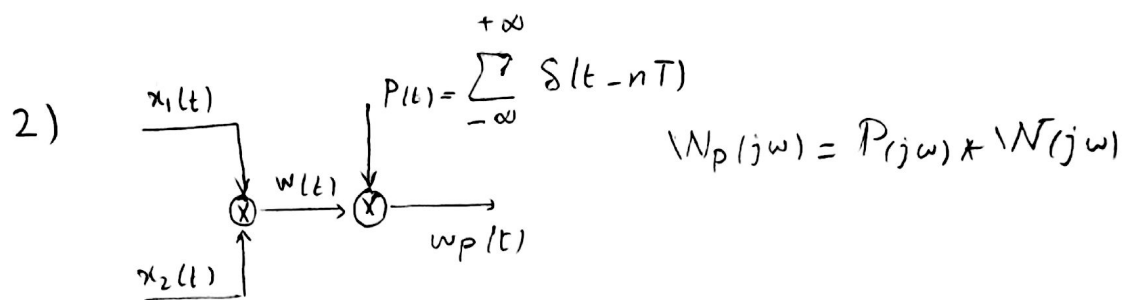
Nyquist rate = $2 \times (\omega_1 + \omega_2)$

d) $x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } |t| < T \\ 0 & \text{if } |t| > T \end{cases}$

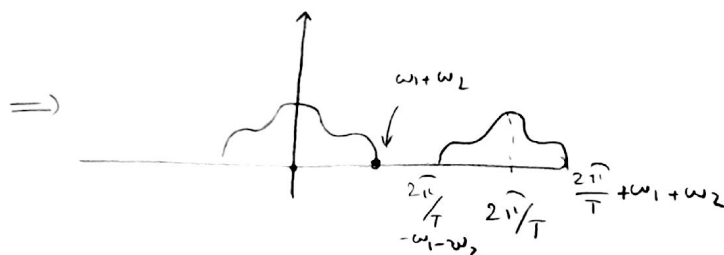
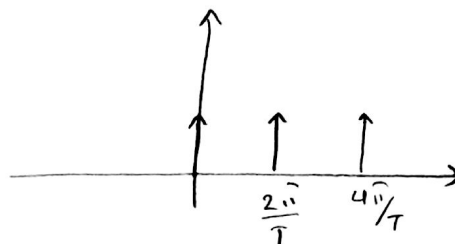
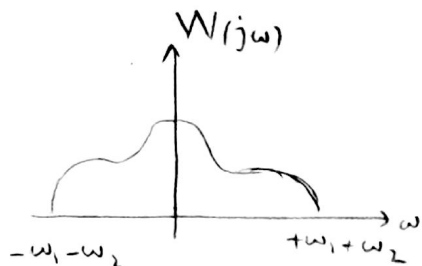


F.T. \longleftrightarrow $\frac{2\sin(\omega T)}{\omega}$

بازه فرکانسی نا محدود است



$$w(t) = x_1(t) * x_2(t) \Rightarrow W(j\omega) = X_1(j\omega) * X_2(j\omega)$$



$$\omega_1 + \omega_2 \ll \frac{2\pi}{T} - (\omega_1 + \omega_2)$$

$$2(\omega_1 + \omega_2) \ll \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

$$T = \frac{\pi}{\omega_1 + \omega_2}$$

$$3) a) (-1)^n + \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{5}n + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \quad \cos^2\theta = \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta)}{2} \quad N = \frac{2\pi}{\pi/5} = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow x[n] = (-1)^n + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}n + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 X &= e^{j\pi n} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{j\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}n + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} + e^{-j\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}n + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \right) \\
 &= e^{5j\frac{2\pi}{10}n} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{j\pi/2} e^{2j\frac{\pi}{10}n} + e^{-j\pi/2} e^{-2j\frac{\pi}{10}n} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2}, \quad a_5 = 1, \quad a_2 = \frac{1}{2}j, \quad a_{-2} = -\frac{1}{2}j$$

$$b) \quad x[n] = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} \{ 4\delta[n-4m] + \delta\delta[n-1-4m] \}$$

$$= \underbrace{\sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} 4\delta[n-4m]}_{b_k} + \underbrace{\sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta\delta[n-1-4m]}_{c_k}$$

$$b_k = \frac{4}{N} = \frac{4}{4}, \quad c_k = \frac{8}{4} \times e^{-jk \frac{2\pi}{4} n}$$

$$a_k = b_k + c_k = 1 + 2e^{-jk \pi/2}$$

$$c) \quad 2 + 3\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}n\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}n\right) \quad N = \frac{2\pi}{\pi/3} = 6$$

$$= 2 + \frac{3}{2} \left(e^{j \frac{2\pi}{6} n} + e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{6} n} \right) + \frac{1}{2j} \left(e^{j \frac{2\pi}{6} n} - e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{6} n} \right)$$

$$a_0 = 2, \quad a_2 = 3/2, \quad a_{-2} = 3/2, \quad a_1 = \frac{1}{2j}, \quad a_{-1} = -\frac{1}{2j}$$

$$d) \quad x[n] = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} \underbrace{\delta[n-5m]}_{b_k} + \underbrace{2\delta[n-5m-1]}_{c_k} + \underbrace{4\delta[n-5m-2]}_{d_k}$$

$$b_k = \frac{1}{N} = \frac{1}{5}, \quad c_k = 2 \times \frac{1}{5} \times e^{-jk \frac{2\pi}{5}}, \quad d_k = 4 \times \frac{1}{5} \times e^{-jk \frac{2\pi}{5} \times 2}$$

$$x[n] \leftrightarrow a_k = b_k + c_k + d_k = \frac{1}{5} \left(1 + 2e^{-jk \frac{2\pi}{5}} + 4e^{-jk \frac{4\pi}{5}} \right)$$

$$e) \quad N=8 \quad a_k = \frac{1}{8} \sum_{n=0}^7 x[n] e^{-jk \frac{2\pi}{8} n}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{8} (5 + 4 + 3 + 2 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4) = 3$$

4)

$x[n]$ real and odd $\Rightarrow a_k$ purely imag. and odd

$$a_0 = 0$$

$$a_{11} = a_6 = a_1 = -a_{-1} \Rightarrow a_{-1} = -j$$

$$a_{13} = a_8 = a_3 = -a_{-3} \Rightarrow a_{-3} = -3j$$

$$a_{17} = a_{12} = a_7 = a_2 = -a_{-2} \Rightarrow a_{-2} = -j/2$$

5)

$$\begin{aligned} a) \sum_{r=\langle N \rangle} x[r] x[n+l-r] \\ = N a_k x e^{jk \frac{2\pi}{N} l} a_k = N a_k^2 e^{jk \frac{2\pi}{N} l} \end{aligned}$$

$$b) -x[n] + x[n+1] + x[n-2]$$

$$a_{k'} = \left(-1 + e^{jk \frac{2\pi}{N}} + e^{-j \times 2 \times k \frac{2\pi}{N}} \right) a_k$$

$$c) x^2[n]$$

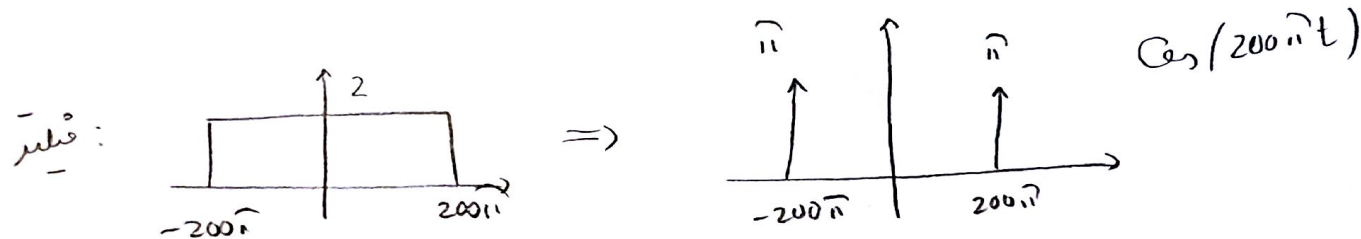
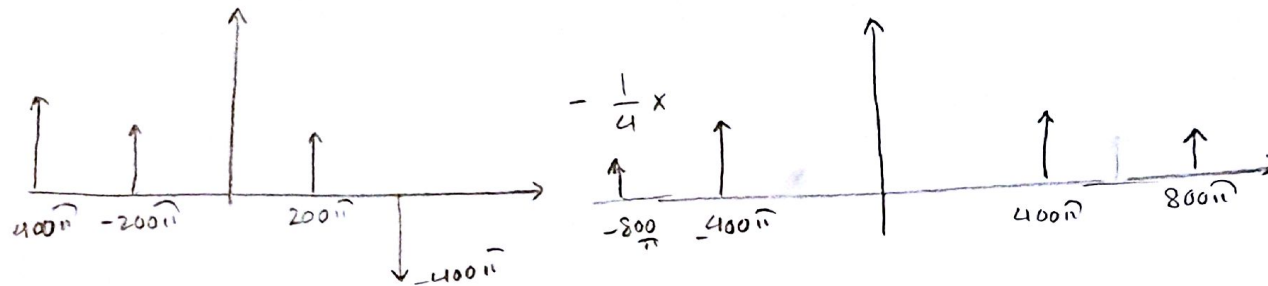
$$\sum_{l=\langle N \rangle} a_l a_{k-l}$$

$$b) \omega(t) = g(t) \sin(400\pi t)$$

$$\omega(t) = x(t) \sin^2(400\pi t) = x(t) \left(\frac{1 - \cos(800\pi t)}{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{x(t)}{2} - \frac{x(t) \cos(800\pi t)}{2}$$

$$W(j\omega) = \frac{X(j\omega)}{2} - \frac{1}{4} (X(j\omega + 800\pi) + X(j\omega - 800\pi))$$

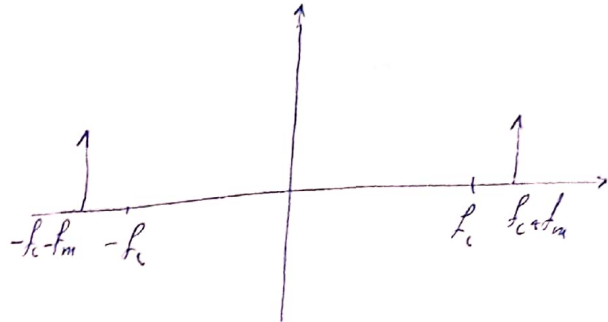


7. SSB-AM

$$m(t) = \cos \gamma \pi f_m t \rightarrow \hat{m}(t) = \sin \gamma \pi f_m t$$

$$\Rightarrow U_{ssb}(t) = A_c \cos \gamma \pi f_m t \cos \gamma \pi f_c t - A_c \sin \gamma \pi f_m t \sin \gamma \pi f_c t$$

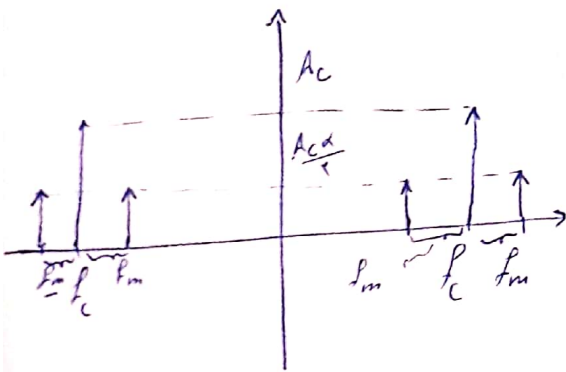
$$= A_c \cos \gamma \pi (f_c + f_m) t$$



DSB-AM:

$$u(t) = A_c (1 + \alpha \cos \gamma \pi f_m t) \cos \gamma \pi f_c t$$

$$= A_c \cos(\gamma \pi f_c t) + \frac{A_c \alpha}{2} \cos(\gamma \pi (f_c - f_m) t) + \frac{A_c \alpha}{2} \cos(\gamma \pi (f_c + f_m) t)$$



8.

$$1) u_1(t) = A_c m(t) \cos(2\pi f_c t) + A_c \hat{m}(t) \sin(2\pi f_c t)$$

~~$$= 10 \cos(2\pi 1000 t) + 4 \sin(2\pi 1000 t) \cos(2\pi f_c t)$$~~

$$+ 10 \left(\sin(2\pi 1000 t) - 4 \cos(2\pi 1000 t) \right) \sin(2\pi f_c t)$$

$\hat{m}(t)$

$$= 10 \cos(2\pi (f_c - 1000) t) - 4 \sin(2\pi (f_c - 1000) t)$$

$$2) U_f(f) = 0.5 (\delta(f - f_c + 1000) + \delta(f + f_c - 1000))$$

$$+ 1.5j (\delta(f - f_c + 1000) - \delta(f + f_c - 1000))$$

$$= (0.5 + 1.5j) \delta(f - f_c + 1000) + (0.5 - 1.5j) \delta(f + f_c - 1000)$$

$$\Rightarrow |U_f(f)| = \sqrt{10} \left(\delta(f - f_c + 1000) + \delta(f + f_c - 1000) \right)$$

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