

Linear Regression House Price Prediction Project Documentation

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1. Introduction

This document provides a comprehensive overview of the Linear Regression House Price Prediction project initiated by both the sales and the marketing departments. The goal of this project is to develop a model that can accurately predict house prices based on various features using the principles of linear regression which can then be applied in recommendation systems. This documentation covers the project's objectives, data sources, methodology, implementation details, and expected outcomes.

2. Project Objectives

The primary objectives of this project are:

- To build a robust linear regression model capable of predicting house prices.
- To identify the key features that significantly influence house prices.
- To evaluate the performance of the model using appropriate metrics.
- To provide insights into the real estate market based on the model's findings.
- To apply the insights provided in boosting marketing campaigns and sales.

3. Data Understanding

3.1. Dataset features

The dataset used for this project is sourced from [\[https://www.kaggle.com/competitions/house-prices-advanced-regression-techniques/overview\]](https://www.kaggle.com/competitions/house-prices-advanced-regression-techniques/overview). It contains 80 various features and 1460 observations, the features are described below :

MSSubClass: Identifies the type of dwelling involved in the sale.

20	1-STORY 1946 & NEWER ALL STYLES
30	1-STORY 1945 & OLDER
40	1-STORY W/FINISHED ATTIC ALL AGES
45	1-1/2 STORY - UNFINISHED ALL AGES
50	1-1/2 STORY FINISHED ALL AGES

60	2-STORY 1946 & NEWER
70	2-STORY 1945 & OLDER
75	2-1/2 STORY ALL AGES
80	SPLIT OR MULTI-LEVEL
85	SPLIT FOYER
90	DUPLEX - ALL STYLES AND AGES
120	1-STORY PUD (Planned Unit Development) - 1946 & NEWER
150	1-1/2 STORY PUD - ALL AGES
160	2-STORY PUD - 1946 & NEWER
180	PUD - MULTILEVEL - INCL SPLIT LEV/FOYER
190	2 FAMILY CONVERSION - ALL STYLES AND AGES

MSZoning: Identifies the general zoning classification of the sale.

A	Agriculture
C	Commercial
FV	Floating Village Residential
I	Industrial
RH	Residential High Density
RL	Residential Low Density
RP	Residential Low Density Park
RM	Residential Medium Density

LotFrontage: Linear feet of street connected to property

LotArea: Lot size in square feet

Street: Type of road access to property

Grvl	Gravel
Pave	Paved

Alley: Type of alley access to property

Grvl	Gravel
Pave	Paved
NA	No alley access

LotShape: General shape of property

Reg	Regular
IR1	Slightly irregular
IR2	Moderately Irregular
IR3	Irregular

LandContour: Flatness of the property

LvlNear Flat/Level

Bnk Banked - Quick and significant rise from street grade to building

HLS Hillside - Significant slope from side to side

Low Depression

Utilities: Type of utilities available

AllPub All public Utilities (E,G,W,& S)

NoSewr Electricity, Gas, and Water (Septic Tank)

NoSeWa Electricity and Gas Only

ELO Electricity only

LotConfig: Lot configuration

Inside Inside lot

Corner Corner lot

CulDSac Cul-de-sac

FR2 Frontage on 2 sides of property

FR3 Frontage on 3 sides of property

LandSlope: Slope of property

GtlGentle slope

Mod Moderate Slope

Sev Severe Slope

Neighborhood: Physical locations within Ames city limits

Blmngtn Bloomington Heights

Blueste Bluestem

BrDale Briardale

BrkSide Brookside

ClearCr Clear Creek

CollgCr College Creek

Crawfor Crawford

Edwards Edwards

Gilbert Gilbert

IDOTRR Iowa DOT and Rail Road

MeadowV Meadow Village

Mitchel Mitchell

Names North Ames

NoRidge	Northridge
NPkVill	Northpark Villa
NridgHt	Northridge Heights
NWAmes	Northwest Ames
OldTown	Old Town
SWISU	South & West of Iowa State University
Sawyer	Sawyer
SawyerW	Sawyer West
Somerst	Somerset
StoneBr	Stone Brook
Timber	Timberland
Veenker	Veenker

Condition1: Proximity to various conditions

Artery	Adjacent to arterial street
Feedr	Adjacent to feeder street
Norm	Normal
RRNn	Within 200' of North-South Railroad
RRAn	Adjacent to North-South Railroad
PosN	Near positive off-site feature--park, greenbelt, etc.
PosA	Adjacent to postive off-site feature
RRNe	Within 200' of East-West Railroad
RRAe	Adjacent to East-West Railroad

Condition2: Proximity to various conditions (if more than one is present)

Artery	Adjacent to arterial street
Feedr	Adjacent to feeder street
Norm	Normal
RRNn	Within 200' of North-South Railroad
RRAn	Adjacent to North-South Railroad
PosN	Near positive off-site feature--park, greenbelt, etc.
PosA	Adjacent to postive off-site feature
RRNe	Within 200' of East-West Railroad
RRAe	Adjacent to East-West Railroad

BldgType: Type of dwelling

1Fam	Single-family Detached
2FmCon	Two-family Conversion; originally built as one-family dwelling
Duplx	Duplex
TwnhsE	Townhouse End Unit
Twnhsl	Townhouse Inside Unit

HouseStyle: Style of dwelling

1Story	One story
1.5Fin	One and one-half story: 2nd level finished
1.5Unf	One and one-half story: 2nd level unfinished
2Story	Two story
2.5Fin	Two and one-half story: 2nd level finished
2.5Unf	Two and one-half story: 2nd level unfinished
SFoyer	Split Foyer
SLvl	Split Level

OverallQual: Rates the overall material and finish of the house

10	Very Excellent
9	Excellent
8	Very Good
7	Good
6	Above Average
5	Average
4	Below Average
3	Fair
2	Poor
1	Very Poor

OverallCond: Rates the overall condition of the house

10	Very Excellent
9	Excellent
8	Very Good
7	Good
6	Above Average
5	Average
4	Below Average
3	Fair
2	Poor
1	Very Poor

YearBuilt: Original construction date

YearRemodAdd: Remodel date (same as construction date if no remodeling or additions)

RoofStyle: Type of roof

Flat	Flat
Gable	Gable
Gambrel	Gabrel (Barn)
Hip	Hip
Mansard	Mansard
Shed	Shed

RoofMatl: Roof material

ClyTile	Clay or Tile
CompShg	Standard (Composite) Shingle
Membran	Membrane
Metal	Metal
Roll	Roll
Tar&Grv	Gravel & Tar
WdShake	Wood Shakes
WdShngl	Wood Shingles

Exterior1st: Exterior covering on house

AsbShng	Asbestos Shingles
AsphShn	Asphalt Shingles
BrkComm	Brick Common
BrkFace	Brick Face
CBlock	Cinder Block
CemntBd	Cement Board
HdBoard	Hard Board
ImStucc	Imitation Stucco
MetalSd	Metal Siding
Other	Other
Plywood	Plywood
PreCast	PreCast
Stone	Stone
Stucco	Stucco
VinylSd	Vinyl Siding
Wd Sdng	Wood Siding
WdShing	Wood Shingles

Exterior2nd: Exterior covering on house (if more than one material)

AsbShng	Asbestos Shingles
AsphShn	Asphalt Shingles
BrkComm	Brick Common
BrkFace	Brick Face

CBlock	Cinder Block
CemntBd	Cement Board
HdBoard	Hard Board
ImStucc	Imitation Stucco
MetalSd	Metal Siding
Other	Other
Plywood	Plywood
PreCast	PreCast
Stone	Stone
Stucco	Stucco
VinylSd	Vinyl Siding
Wd Sdng	Wood Siding
WdShing	Wood Shingles

MasVnrType: Masonry veneer type

BrkCmn	Brick Common
BrkFace	Brick Face
CBlock	Cinder Block
None	None
Stone	Stone

MasVnrArea: Masonry veneer area in square feet

ExterQual: Evaluates the quality of the material on the exterior

Ex	Excellent
Gd	Good
TA	Average/Typical
Fa	Fair
Po	Poor

ExterCond: Evaluates the present condition of the material on the exterior

Ex	Excellent
Gd	Good
TA	Average/Typical
Fa	Fair
Po	Poor

Foundation: Type of foundation

BrkTil	Brick & Tile
CBlock	Cinder Block

PConc	Poured Concrete
Slab	Slab
Stone	Stone
Wood	Wood

BsmtQual: Evaluates the height of the basement

Ex	Excellent (100+ inches)
Gd	Good (90-99 inches)
TA	Typical (80-89 inches)
Fa	Fair (70-79 inches)
Po	Poor (<70 inches)
NA	No Basement

BsmtCond: Evaluates the general condition of the basement

Ex	Excellent
Gd	Good
TA	Typical - slight dampness allowed
Fa	Fair - dampness or some cracking or settling
Po	Poor - Severe cracking, settling, or wetness
NA	No Basement

BsmtExposure: Refers to walkout or garden level walls

Gd	Good Exposure
Av	Average Exposure (split levels or foyers typically score average or above)
Mn	Minimum Exposure
No	No Exposure
NA	No Basement

BsmtFinType1: Rating of basement finished area

GLQ	Good Living Quarters
ALQ	Average Living Quarters
BLQ	Below Average Living Quarters
Rec	Average Rec Room
LwQ	Low Quality
Unf	Unfinished
NA	No Basement

BsmtFinSF1: Type 1 finished square feet

BsmtFinType2: Rating of basement finished area (if multiple types)

GLQ	Good Living Quarters
ALQ	Average Living Quarters
BLQ	Below Average Living Quarters
Rec	Average Rec Room
LwQ	Low Quality
Unf	Unfinished
NA	No Basement

BsmtFinSF2: Type 2 finished square feet

BsmtUnfSF: Unfinished square feet of basement area

TotalBsmtSF: Total square feet of basement area

Heating: Type of heating

Floor	Floor Furnace
GasA	Gas forced warm air furnace
GasW	Gas hot water or steam heat
Grav	Gravity furnace
OthW	Hot water or steam heat other than gas
Wall	Wall furnace

HeatingQC: Heating quality and condition

Ex	Excellent
Gd	Good
TA	Average/Typical
Fa	Fair
Po	Poor

CentralAir: Central air conditioning

N	No
Y	Yes

Electrical: Electrical system

SBrkr	Standard Circuit Breakers & Romex
FuseA	Fuse Box over 60 AMP and all Romex wiring (Average)
FuseF	60 AMP Fuse Box and mostly Romex wiring (Fair)
FuseP	60 AMP Fuse Box and mostly knob & tube wiring (poor)
Mix	Mixed

1stFlrSF: First Floor square feet

2ndFlrSF: Second floor square feet

LowQualFinSF: Low quality finished square feet (all floors)

GrLivArea: Above grade (ground) living area square feet

BsmtFullBath: Basement full bathrooms

BsmtHalfBath: Basement half bathrooms

FullBath: Full bathrooms above grade

HalfBath: Half baths above grade

Bedroom: Bedrooms above grade (does NOT include basement bedrooms)

Kitchen: Kitchens above grade

KitchenQual: Kitchen quality

Ex Excellent

Gd Good

TA Typical/Average

Fa Fair

Po Poor

TotRmsAbvGrd: Total rooms above grade (does not include bathrooms)

Functional: Home functionality (Assume typical unless deductions are warranted)

Typ	Typical Functionality
Min1	Minor Deductions 1
Min2	Minor Deductions 2
Mod	Moderate Deductions
Maj1	Major Deductions 1
Maj2	Major Deductions 2
Sev	Severely Damaged
Sal	Salvage only

Fireplaces: Number of fireplaces

FireplaceQu: Fireplace quality

Ex Excellent - Exceptional Masonry Fireplace
Gd Good - Masonry Fireplace in main level
TA Average - Prefabricated Fireplace in main living area or Masonry Fireplace in basement
Fa Fair - Prefabricated Fireplace in basement
Po Poor - Ben Franklin Stove
NA No Fireplace

GarageType: Garage location

2Types More than one type of garage
Attchd Attached to home
Basment Basement Garage
BuiltIn Built-In (Garage part of house - typically has room above garage)
CarPort Car Port
Detchd Detached from home
NA No Garage

GarageYrBlt: Year garage was built

GarageFinish: Interior finish of the garage

Fin Finished
RFn Rough Finished
Unf Unfinished
NA No Garage

GarageCars: Size of garage in car capacity

GarageArea: Size of garage in square feet

GarageQual: Garage quality

Ex Excellent
Gd Good
TA Typical/Average
Fa Fair
Po Poor
NA No Garage

GarageCond: Garage condition

Ex Excellent

Gd Good
TA Typical/Average
Fa Fair
Po Poor
NA No Garage

PavedDrive: Paved driveway

Y Paved
P Partial Pavement
N Dirt/Gravel

WoodDeckSF: Wood deck area in square feet

OpenPorchSF: Open porch area in square feet

EnclosedPorch: Enclosed porch area in square feet

3SsnPorch: Three season porch area in square feet

ScreenPorch: Screen porch area in square feet

PoolArea: Pool area in square feet

PoolQC: Pool quality

Ex Excellent
Gd Good
TA Average/Typical
Fa Fair
NA No Pool

Fence: Fence quality

GdPrv Good Privacy
MnPrv Minimum Privacy
GdWo Good Wood
MnWw Minimum Wood/Wire
NA No Fence

MiscFeature: Miscellaneous feature not covered in other categories

Elev Elevator
Gar2 2nd Garage (if not described in garage section)

Othr	Other
Shed	Shed (over 100 SF)
TenC	Tennis Court
NA	None

MiscVal: \$Value of miscellaneous feature

MoSold: Month Sold (MM)

YrSold: Year Sold (YYYY)

SaleType: Type of sale

WD	Warranty Deed - Conventional
CWD	Warranty Deed - Cash
VWD	Warranty Deed - VA Loan
New	Home just constructed and sold
COD	Court Officer Deed/Estate
Con	Contract 15% Down payment regular terms
ConLw	Contract Low Down payment and low interest
ConLI	Contract Low Interest
ConLD	Contract Low Down
Oth	Other

SaleCondition: Condition of sale

Normal	Normal Sale
Abnorml	Abnormal Sale - trade, foreclosure, short sale
AdjLand	Adjoining Land Purchase
Alloca	Allocation - two linked properties with separate deeds, typically condo with a garage unit
Family	Sale between family members
Partial	Home was not completed when last assessed (associated with New Homes)

3.2. Extracted features

From the 80 features, 25 features were extracted : 'MSSubClass', 'LotFrontage', 'LotArea', 'OverallQual', 'OverallCond','YearBuilt', 'YearRemodAdd', 'BsmtUnfSF', 'TotalBsmtSF', '2ndFlrSF','GrLivArea', 'BsmtFullBath', 'FullBath', 'HalfBath', 'BedroomAbvGr','TotRmsAbvGrd',

'Fireplaces', 'GarageYrBlt', 'GarageCars', 'GarageArea','WoodDeckSF', 'OpenPorchSF', 'MoSold', 'YrSold', 'SalePrice'.

4. Methodology

The project follows a standard machine learning pipeline, encompassing the following stages:

4.1. Feature engineering

The initial step involves reading the data and dropping features with high Null values occurrences.

4.2. Data Preprocessing

This crucial stage involved several steps to prepare the data for model training:

- **Handling Missing Values:** Addressing any missing data points through imputation, since the dataset is relevantly small replacing them with mean for numerical features after removing outliers and mode values for categorical features was an efficient approach.
- **Outlier Detection and Treatment:** Using boxplot from seaborn library, outliers were detected as shown in figure.1 below.

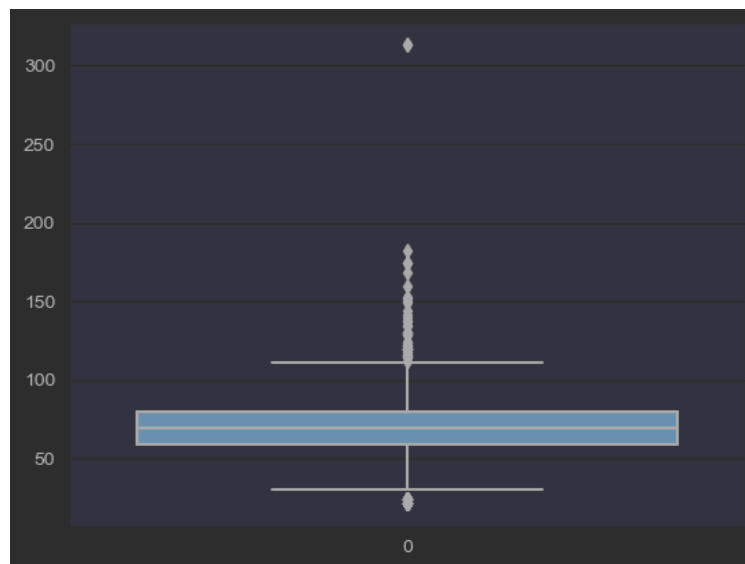


Figure.1

- **Categorical Feature Encoding:** Converting categorical variables into numerical representations using label encoding as shown in figure.2 below.

LotShape	Neighborhood	HouseStyle	Exterior1st	Exterior2nd	MasVnrType	ExterQual	Foundation
3	12	2	10	12	3	3	1
0	12	2	11	13	1	3	1
0	8	4	10	12	3	3	2
0	8	4	10	12	1	3	2
0	22	2	6	6	3	2	2
0	8	4	6	6	3	3	2
0	8	2	6	6	3	3	2
0	8	4	10	12	3	3	2
3	8	2	6	6	3	3	2
3	12	2	8	9	3	3	1

Figure.2

- **Feature Scaling:** Scaling numerical features to a similar range to prevent dominance by features with larger values using z-score normalisation, and applying chi square to categorical features to drop highly dependent features.

4.3. Model Selection

Linear Regression is chosen as the primary model for this project due to its interpretability and effectiveness for predicting continuous target variables.

4.5. Model Training

The preprocessed data was split into training (0.8) and testing sets (0.2). The linear regression model was trained on the training data.

4.6. Model Evaluation

The trained model's performance will be evaluated on the unseen test data using metrics such as:

- **Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE):** The square root of MSE, providing error in the same units as the target variable, the result was approximately 37877.
- **R-squared (R2 Score):** Represents the proportion of variance in the dependent variable that can be predicted from the independent variables, the results were approximately 0.81 and visualized in a scatterplot viewed in figure.3 below.

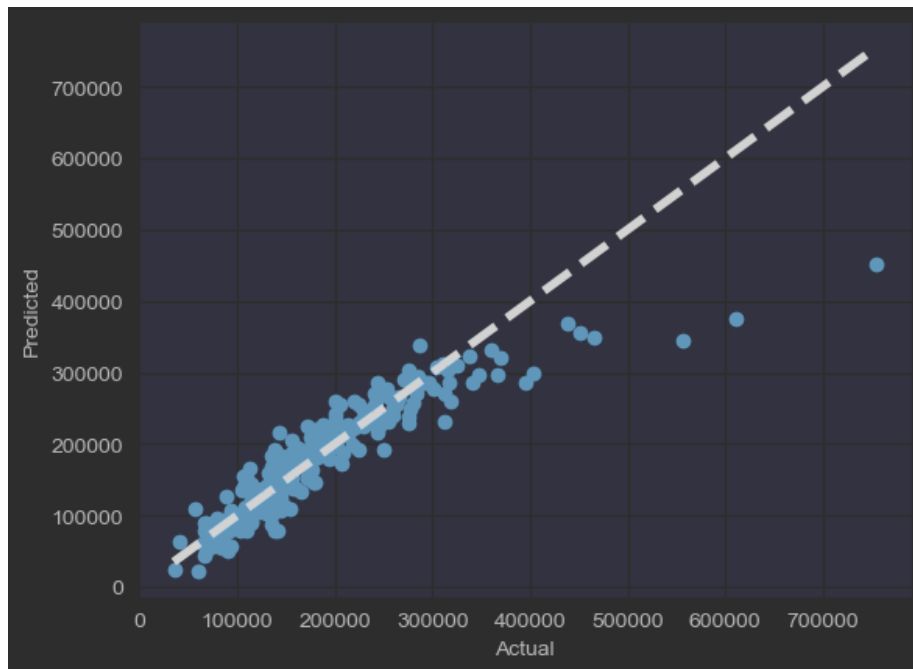


Figure.3

5. Implementation Details

5.1. Programming Language

Python

5.2. Libraries

- **Pandas:** For data manipulation and analysis.
- **NumPy:** For numerical operations.
- **Scikit-learn:** For machine learning algorithms (Linear Regression, data preprocessing tools) and encoding data.
- **SciPy:** For calculating chi square.
- **Matplotlib/Seaborn:** For data visualization.

5.3. Code Structure

The project code is organized into one script :

- ``EDA.py``.

6. Issues and Challenges

- The limited number of observations in the dataset restricts the predictive capabilities of the models.
- Many features contain dominant frequencies of null values or repeated values which lead to dropping most of the dataset features.
- The feature 'YearBI' is so diverse in values (112 distinct values) which prevented the use of One-Hot encoding.

7. Future Work

- Applying the model on larger datasets for better and more accurate results.
- Implementing the model predictions in recommendation systems.
- Applying more complex models such as KNN for predictions.