Course 60-256 November 1, 2014

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Assignment 05

Due date November 13, 9pm (to be emailed to sood111@uwindsor.ca)

The C program below, given as example in class, behaves like a small shell. It processes single commands entered by the user. In particular, the program assembles commands and execute them, either in the background or foreground. The commands/programs location can be anywhere in \$PATH and might have arguments.

Modify this solution to make the program capable of processing a sequence of command-s/programs separated by ';'.

E.g., if the input-line entered by the user is

## ls -F; pwd; google-chrome&; date

your program should assemble these 4 commands and execute them in sequence.

## The example to be modified:

## http://boufama.myweb.cs.uwindsor.ca/256/examples/chap5/chap5\_ex\_3.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int readArgs(char *, char *[]);
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  pid_t pid;
  char line[255], *argList[20];
  int ampersand, status, i;
```

```
printf("This program will execute commands/programs for you\n");
  while(1){
    printf("To exit, enter CTR-C, or\n");
    printf("enter a program name with its arguments> ");
    fgets(line, 255, stdin);
    ampersand=readArgs(line, argList);
    if((pid = fork()) == -1){
      perror("impossible to fork");
      exit(1);
    if(pid > 0) // This is parent
      if(ampersand){
        waitpid(pid, &status, WNOHANG);
        printf("Process [%d]\n", pid);
      }
      else{
        waitpid(pid, &status, 0);
        printf("My child has terminated\n");
      }
    else
                                         // this is the child
      if(execvp(argList[0], argList) ==-1) {
        perror("child Process");
        exit(22);
  }
 exit(0);
int readArgs(char *line, char *argList[]) {
  static int yes=0;
  int i=0, offset=0, found=0;
  char name[50];
  while(yes & argList[i] != NULL)
    free(argList[i++]);
  i=0;
  while(sscanf(line+offset, "%s", name) == 1) {
    argList[i] = (char *) malloc(strlen(name)+1);
    strcpy(argList[i++], name);
    while(line[offset] == ' ') // skip extra blanks
      offset++;
```

```
offset += strlen(name);
}
if(!strcmp(argList[i-1], "&")){
    argList[i-1] = NULL;
    found = 1;
}else{
    if(argList[i-1][strlen(argList[i-1])-1] == '&'){
        argList[i-1][strlen(argList[i-1])-1]='\0';
        found = 1;
    }
    argList[i] = NULL;
}
yes=1;
return(found);
}
```