

Assignment-1

Linear Algebra

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1. a. Prove that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1+i}{2} & \frac{-1+i}{2} \\ \frac{1+i}{2} & \frac{1-i}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ is involuntary matrix.

b. Express the matrix A as a sum of symmetric and skew-symmetric matrix where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 6 \\ 2 & 7 & -1 \\ 5 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

2.. Reduce the matrix into echelon form and find its rank

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

3. Solve the system of equations completely

$$3x + 4y - z - 6w = 0, 2x + 3y + 2z - 3w = 0, 2x + y - 14z - 9w = 0$$

$$x + 3y + 13z + 3w = 0$$

4. Determine whether the following equations have a non-trivial solution, if so solve them:

$$4x + 2y + z + 3w = 0, 6x + 3y + 4z + 7w = 0, 2x + y + w = 0.$$

5. Test for consistency and solve

$$x - 2y + 3t = 2, 2x + y + z + t = -4, 4x - 3y + z + 7t = 8$$

6. Reduce the quadratic form to a canonical form by an orthogonal reduction and discuss its

$$\text{nature } x^2 + 5y^2 + z^2 + 2xy + 2yz + 6zx$$

7. Find the Characteristic roots of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

8. Find inverse of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, by using elementary row operations (Gauss

Jordan method).

9. Investigate the values of λ and μ so that the equations

$$2x + 3y + 5z = 9, 7x + 3y - 2z = 8, 2x + 3y + \lambda z = \mu,$$

have(i) no solution (ii) unique solution(iii) an infinite number of solutions

10. A) For what values of x the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 3-x & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 4-x & 1 \\ -2 & -4 & -1-x \end{bmatrix}$ is singular

B) If $A + B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $A - B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, Calculate the product AB

11. If the following system has a non-trivial solution, prove that $a + b + c = 0$ or $a = b = c$
$$ax + by + cz = 0, bx + cy + az = 0, cx + ay + bz = 0$$

12.) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} k & 1 \\ 0 & k \end{bmatrix}$, Prove that $A^n = \begin{bmatrix} k^n & n k^{n-1} \\ 0 & k^n \end{bmatrix}$

13. Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

14. Using Gauss-seidal method solve the system of equations

$$3x + 4y - z = 8, -2x + y + z = 3, x + 2y - z = 2$$

15. Show that the vectors $X_1 = (1, 2, 4), X_2 = (2, -1, 3), X_3 = (0, 1, 2)$ and $X_4 = (-3, 7, 2)$ are linearly dependent and find the relation between them