

ID: W2110496344

TITLE: Global nitrogen and phosphate in urban wastewater for the period 1970 to 2050

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ABSTRACT:

This paper presents estimates for global N and P emissions from sewage for the period 1970–2050 for the four Millennium Ecosystem Assessment scenarios. Using country-specific projections for population and economic growth, urbanization, development of sewage systems, and wastewater treatment installations, a rapid increase in global sewage emissions is predicted, from 6.4 Tg of N and 1.3 Tg of P per year in 2000 to 12.0–15.5 Tg of N and 2.4–3.1 Tg of P per year in 2050. While North America (strong increase), Oceania (moderate increase), Europe (decrease), and North Asia (decrease) show contrasting developments, in the developing countries, sewage N and P discharge will likely increase by a factor of 2.5 to 3.5 between 2000 and 2050. This is a combined effect of increasing population, urbanization, and development of sewage systems. Even in optimistic scenarios for the development of wastewater treatment systems, global N and P flows are not likely to decline.

SOURCE: Global biogeochemical cycles

PDF URL: <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/pdfdirect/10.1029/2009GB003458>

CITED BY COUNT: 333

PUBLICATION YEAR: 2009

TYPE: article

CONCEPTS: ['Sewage', 'Urbanization', 'Environmental science', 'Wastewater', 'Sewage treatment', 'Population', 'Ecosystem', 'Environmental engineering', 'Environmental protection', 'Geography', 'Ecology', 'Biology', 'Demography', 'Sociology']