

ID: W2096588917

TITLE: Impact of ocean acidification on a key Arctic pelagic mollusc (<i>Lima</i>cin</i>a helicina</i>)

AUTHOR: ['Steeve Comeau', 'Gabriel Gorsky', 'Ross A. Jeffree', 'Jean-Louis Teyssié', 'Jean-Pierre Gattuso']

ABSTRACT:

Abstract. Thecosome pteropods (shelled pelagic molluscs) can play an important role in the food web of various ecosystems and play a key role in the cycling of carbon and carbonate. Since they harbor an aragonitic shell, they could be very sensitive to ocean acidification driven by the increase of anthropogenic CO₂ emissions. The impact of changes in the carbonate chemistry was investigated on *Lima</i>cin</i>a helicina, a key species of Arctic ecosystems. Pteropods were kept in culture under controlled pH conditions corresponding to pCO₂ levels of 350 and 760 μatm. Calcification was estimated using a fluorochrome and the radioisotope ⁴⁵Ca. It exhibits a 28% decrease at the pH value expected for 2100 compared to the present pH value. This result supports the concern for the future of pteropods in a high-CO₂ world, as well as of those species dependent upon them as a food resource. A decline of their populations would likely cause dramatic changes to the structure, function and services of polar ecosystems.*

SOURCE: Biogeosciences

PDF URL: <https://bg.copernicus.org/articles/6/1877/2009/bg-6-1877-2009.pdf>

CITED BY COUNT: 204

PUBLICATION YEAR: 2009

TYPE: article

CONCEPTS: ['Ocean acidification', 'Pelagic zone', 'Ecosystem', 'Oceanography', 'Marine ecosystem', 'Food web', 'Arctic', 'Environmental science', 'Biology', 'Ecology', 'Environmental chemistry', 'Chemistry', 'Climate change', 'Geology']