National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences, Lahore Campus

THE PART OF THE PA	Course Name:	Parallel and Distributed Computing	Course Code:	CS3006
	Program:	BS(Data Science)	Semester:	Spring 2024
	Sections	В	Total Marks:	50
	Due Date:		Weight	
	Exam Type:	Assignment 2	CLO	

Student : Name:	Roll No.	Section:

Question 1:

Find the isoefficiency of the following program under the assumptions given below:

```
for (i=0; i < n; i++) {
 r = r + a[i];
1. When the recurrence is written as:
double r[threadCount];
s = 0;
#pragma omp parallel for
for (i=0; i < n; i++) {
  r[omp_get_thread_num()] = r[omp_get_thread_num()] + a[i];
for (i=0; i < threadCount; i++) {
  s += [i];
2. When the recurrence is written as:
#pragma omp parallel for reduction(+:r)
for (i=0; i < n; i++) {
  r = r + a[i];
3. When the recurrence is written as:
#pragma omp parallel for simd reduction(+:r)
for (i=0; i < n; i++) {
  r = r + a[i];
```

Q13:

Q13a: 4 pts Make the following loop parallel using OpenMP pragmas/directives.

```
for (i = 0; i < 100 * n; i ++) { s+=a[i] }
```

Q13b: 4 pts If the loop is changed to look like:

```
\begin{array}{l} \text{for } (i=0; i < 100*n; i++) \; \{ \\ \text{s+} = \text{a[i]} \\ \text{b[i]} = \text{a}; \\ \} \end{array}
```

Can the technique used in the first loop to perform the parallelization still be used?

Q14: 6 pts

Make the i loop parallel using OpenMP. You cannot make any assumptions as to whether foo is associative or commutative.

```
\begin{array}{l} \text{for } (i=0; i < 100*n; i++) \; \{ \\ \text{for } (j=0; j < n; j++) \; \{ \\ \text{a}[i]+=b[i][j]; \\ \} \\ \text{c}=\text{foo}(c); \end{array} \label{eq:continuous}
```

Question 2

Consider a 4*4 matrix with the following values:

1 3 5 7

2 4 6 8

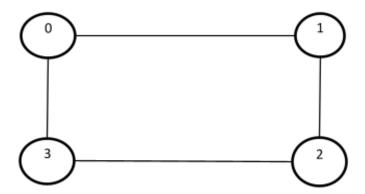
11 13 15 17

12 14 16 18

Assume that each row is initially stored at different processes, row 1 is stored at process P0, row 2 at P1, row 3 at P2, and row 4 at P3 (the processes form a 2-D mesh). The requirement is to do a matrix transpose. Describe:

i. The Communication operation that needs to take place.

ii. Draw the message originating from process P0 and show what happens at each step with this message



Repeat the above step for each process.

Question 3

Briefly explain the concept of "Prefix-sum". Now consider the following complete binary tree where we have to perform the operation "Prefix-sum". Assume that the value to be contributed by each node is equal to (8 - ID) as given below. Show the calculation at each step and provide the final value at each node at the end of the operation.

