Derived(char c) { cout<<c; } 专业: **计算机类专业** 课程名称: C++程序设计(下) 学分: <u>2</u> 试卷编号(A) 考试时间: <u>100</u> 分钟 试卷编号(A) **}**; 考试方式: 闭卷 课程编号: 1319423 int main() { 审核人(签字): Derived d1('B'); return 0; 得分统计表: 题 号 Ξ 总 五 分 匹 执行这个程序的输出结果是___C___。 C、AB D, BB A, B B, BA 得 分 3. 有如下类的定义: class Account{ public: 得分 一、**选择题**: (每题 2 分, 共 20 分) Account(): id(0), money(0.0) { } Account(int _id, double _money): id(_id), money(_money) { } 1. #include<iostream> void deposite(double _money) { money += _money; } using namespace std; void withdraw(double money) { money -= money; } class Pair { private: int m,n; int id: public: double money; Pair(int j,int k):m(j),n(k){} int get() {return m;} 若执行语句: Account ac(1001, 1000), bc[3], *pc; 则类 Account 的构造函数被调用的次数是(C) int get() const {return m+n;} (A) 1次 (B) 3次 (C) 4次 (D) 5次 **}**; 4. 有如下类定义: int main() { class MyBase { Pair a(3,5); int k; const Pair b(3.5); public: cout << a.get() << b.get(); MyBase(int n=0): $k(n) \{ \}$ return 0; int value()const { return k;} **}**; 执行这个程序的输出结果是 class MyDerived: MyBase { C、83 D、88 A, 33 B、38 int j; 2. 有如下程序: public: #include <iostream> MyDerived(int i): j(i) {} using namespace std; int getK()const { return k; } class Base { int getJ()const { return j; } protected: **}**; Base() { cout<<'A'; } 编译时发现有一处语法错误,对这个错误最准确的描述是 A 什么 Base(char c) { cout << c; } A、函数 getK 试图访问基类的私有成员变量 k B、在类 MyDerived 的定义中,基类名 MyBase 前缺少关键字 public、protected 或 private class Derived: public Base { C、类 MyDerived 缺少一个无参的构造函数 public: D、类 MyDerived 的构造函数没有对基类数据成员 k 进行初始化

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5. 下列运算符函数中肯定不属于类 FunNumber 的成员函数的是
                                                                                                       return 0;
  A, int operator- (FunNumber);
                                                                                                       执行这个程序的输出结果是 A 。
  B, FunNumber operator - ();
  C, FunNumber operator - (int);
                                                                                                       A、121
                                                                                                       B<sub>232</sub>
  D, int operator - (FunNumber, FunNumber);
6. 有如下程序:
                                                                                                       C、221
#include <iostream>
                                                                                                       D、122
                                                                                                       8. 有如下类的定义:
using namespace std;
class CD {
                                                                                                       class Base{
public:
                                                                                                       public:
    ~CD() { cout<<'C'; }
                                                                                                          int a;
private:
                                                                                                       protected:
    char name [80];
                                                                                                          int b;
                                                                                                       private:
int main() {
                                                                                                          int c;
    CD a,*b, d[2];
                                                                                                       };
                                                                                                       class Derived: protected Base {
    return 0;
                                                                                                       public:
执行这个程序的输出结果是____B___。
                                                                                                          int m;
A, CCCC
                 B、CCC
                                C, CC
                                                  D, C
                                                                                                       protected:
7. 有如下程序:
                                                                                                          int n;
#include <iostream>
                                                                                                       则派生类 Derived 中保护数据成员的个数是 ( C )
using namespace std;
class MyClass {
                                                                                                       (A) 1 个
                                                                                                                                 (B) 2 ↑
                                                                                                                                                        (C) 3 个
                                                                                                                                                                             (D) 4 个
                                                                                                       9. 有如下类的定义:
public:
    MyClass() { ++count; }
                                                                                                       class Point{
    ~MyClass() { --count; }
                                                                                                       public:
    static int getCount() { return count; }
                                                                                                          Point(double _x = 0.0, double _y = 0.0): x(_x), y(_y) { }
private:
                                                                                                          double& getX() { return x; }
     static int count;
                                                                                                          double& getY() { return y; }
                                                                                                       protected:
int MyClass::count=0;
                                                                                                          double x, y;
int main()
                                                                                                       };
                                                                                                       class Point3D: public Point{
    MyClass obj;
                                                                                                       public:
    cout << obj.getCount();
                                                                                                          Point3D(double _x = 0.0, double _y = 0.0, double _z = 0.0):______, z(_z) {}
    MyClass *ptr=new MyClass;
                                                                                                          double& getZ() { return z; }
    cout<<MyClass::getCount();</pre>
                                                                                                       protected:
    delete ptr;
                                                                                                          double z;
    cout << MyClass::getCount();
```

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则下列关于以上横线位置处对基类数据成员初始化的方式正确的是(B)
                                                                                                         ~Book()
  (A) x(_x), y(_y)
                                    (B) Point(x, y)
  (C) Point::x(_x), Point::y(_y)
                                     (D) x = _x, y = _y
  10. 有如下程序代码:
                                                                                                              total -= bnum;
  #include <iostream>
  using namespace std;
                                                                                                         void borrow(int num)
  class Square {
  public:
                                                                                                              if(bnum>num)
     Square(double _width = 0.0): width(_width) { }
     virtual double area() const { return width*width; }
                                                                                                                   bnum -= num;
  protected:
                                                                                                                   total -= num;
     double width;
  class Cube: public Square{
                                                                                                         void back(int num)
  public:
     Cube(double _width): Square(_width) { }
                                                                                                              bnum += num;
     double area() const { return width*width*width; }
                                                                                                              total += num;
  };
  int main(){
                                                                                                         void print() const
     Cube a(10);
     Square &b = a;
                                                                                                              cout << bnum << " " << total << " ";
     Square c = a;
     cout<<br/>b.area()<<c.area()<<endl;</pre>
                                                                                                         private:
     return 0;
                                                                                                              string name;
                                                                                                              int bnum;
  则程序执行后的输出结果为 ( C )
                                                                                                              static int total:
  (A) 100100
                      (B) 10001000
                                            (C) 1000100
                                                                   (D) 1001000
                                                                                                         };
                                                                                                         int Book::total = 0;
                    二、程序阅读题:
                                         (每题 10分, 共 40分)
                                                                                                         int main()
 得分
  1. 阅读以下程序:
                                                                                                              Book book1("C++", 10);
#include <iostream>
                                                                                                              Book book2("Java", 20);
#include <string>
                                                                                                              book1.borrow(5);
using namespace std;
                                                                                                              book2.back(2);
class Book
                                                                                                              book1.print();
                                                                                                              book2.print();
public:
                                                                                                              return 0;
Book(string _name = "", int _bnum = 0): bnum(_bnum)
                                                                                                            程序执行后的输出结果为__5 27 22 27______
    total += bnum;
```

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2. 阅读以下程序:
#include<iostream>
                                                                                                                  Tdate today;
using namespace std;
                                                                                                                  today.setDate(2018,6,14);
class Tdate
                                                                                                                  today.print();
                                                                                                                  if(today.isLeapYear()==true)
                                                                                                                       cout<<today.getYear()<<" is leap year!"<<endl;</pre>
private:
                                                                                                                  else
 int year;
                                                                                                                       cout<<today.getYear()<<" is not leap year!"<<endl;</pre>
 int month;
 int day;
                                                                                                                  return 0;
public:
                                                                                                                程序执行后的输出结果为____Today is_2018/6/14
 void setDate(int a,int b,int c);
 int getYear();
                                                                                                                                               _2018 is not leap year_
 void print();
                                                                                                                3. 阅读以下程序:
 bool isLeapYear();
                                                                                                                #include <iostream>
                                                                                                                using namespace std;
                                                                                                                class Sales
void Tdate::setDate(int a,int b,int c)
      year=a;
                                                                                                                public:
      month=b;
                                                                                                                   Sales(double _price, int _amount): price(_price), amount(_amount), samount(0) { }
                                                                                                                   void sell(int num)
      day=c;
int Tdate::getYear()
                                                                                                                      if(amount>num)
 return this->year;
                                                                                                                          amount -= num;
                                                                                                                          samount += num;
void Tdate::print()
 cout<<"Today is:"<<year<<"/"<<month<<"/"<<day<<endl;
                                                                                                                   virtual double income() const
                                                                                                                      return price*samount;
bool Tdate::isLeapYear()
                                                                                                                protected:
 bool leapYear=false;
                                                                                                                   double price;
 if((year%4==0&&year%100!=0)||year%400==0)
                                                                                                                   int amount;
                                                                                                                   int samount;
      leapYear=true;
                                                                                                                class NewSales: public Sales
 return leapYear;
                                                                                                                    NewSales(double price, int amount, double discount):
int main()
```

```
Sales(_price, _amount), discount(_discount) { }
                                                                                                                complex operator++();//前++
   double income() const
                                                                                                                complex operator++(int);//后++
                                                                                                                complex operator--();//前--
                                                                                                                complex operator--(int);//后—
      return price*samount*discount;
protected:
                                                                                                               complex::complex(double re,double im):pie(3.1415926)
   double discount;
                                                                                                                this->real=re;
};
int main()
                                                                                                                this->image=im;
   Sales sa1(10, 1000);
                                                                                                               complex::complex(const complex &cp):pie(3.1415926)
   NewSales sa2(20, 2000, 0.9);
   sa1.sell(20);
                                                                                                                this->real=cp.real;
   sa2.sell(30);
                                                                                                                this->image=cp.image;
   Sales &sa = sa2;
   cout<<sa1.income()<<" "<<sa.income()<<endl;</pre>
                                                                                                               void complex::updateComplex(double a,double b)
   return 0;
                                                                                                                real=a;
程序执行后的输出结果为____200
                                     540
                                                                                                                image=b;
                                                                                                              double complex::getReal()const
4. 阅读以下程序:
#include <iostream>
                                                                                                                return real;
using namespace std;
class complex
                                                                                                               double complex::getImage()const
private:
                                                                                                                return image;
 double real;
 double image;
                                                                                                               complex complex::operator+(complex &cp)
 const double pie;
public:
                                                                                                                complex result(this->real+cp.real,image+cp.image);
 //complex(void);
                                                                                                                return result;
 complex(double re=0,double im=0);
 complex (const complex & cp);
                                                                                                               void complex::operator=(complex &cp)
  ~complex(void);
 double getReal()const;//
                                                                                                                real=cp.real;
  double getImage()const;//
                                                                                                                image=cp.image;
  void updateComplex(double rea,double ima);
void operator=(complex &a);
                                                                                                               complex::operator++()
  complex operator+(complex &cp);
```

```
real=real+1;
 image=image+1;
 return *this;
complex complex::operator++(int)
 complex temp=*this;
 real=real+1;
 image=image+1;
 return temp;
complex::~complex(void)
ostream& operator<<(ostream& oo,const complex &cp)
 oo<<cp.getReal()<<"+"<<cp.getImage()<<"i"<<endl;
 return oo;
istream& operator>>(istream& in,complex &cp)
 double _real,_image;
 in>>_real>>_image;
 cp.updateComplex( real, image);
 return in;
int main()
 complex c1(1,1);
 complex c2(2,3);
 cout << c1+c2;
 c1.updateComplex(5,6);
 cout << c1++;
 cout<<++c2;
程序执行后的输出结果为 3+4i
                       ____5+6i_
                        3+4i
```

得分

三、编写程序题(每题20分,共40分)。

第一题:定义矩形类(rectangle),它宽而高(宽,高)。当描述该类的对象时,如果给定两个参数,则分别将它们设置为宽度和高度;如果只给出一个参数,则宽度和高度相同(即正方形)。同时,编写了一个可以计算并输出面积的成员函数(printArea)。编写相应的调试功能,测试类的正确性。

第二题:定义一个抽象类 Shape,其中有纯虚函数 double area();由 Shape 再派生出 Circle、Rectangle 类,Circle 类中有中心点坐标为 int x,y 半径为 double R, 面积为 double area();Rectangle 类有长(long)与宽(wide),面积为 double area(),设计一个函数 dispalyArea(),其功能为显示面积,其形参为 Shape 类指针,请编程实现动态联编计算面积的多态性。