## Algorithm 1 Analog-SNN Synthesis Framework with Deep Learning

```
1: 1. Load post-layout (PLS) transfer function of eNeuron
2: transfer_functions = load_PLSresults(model_eNeuron)
3: 2. Activation Function Identification
4: activation_function = (
     transfer_functions.
6:
     normalization
     fitting: polynomial_fit or sigmoid_fit )
7:
8: 3. Network Structure
9: Structure = [
                         ▶ Structure could be adjusted for any other problem
     inputs = Input(shape=(num_regions,))
10:
     x = Dense(12, activation=activation_function)(inputs)
     x = Dense(12, activation=activation_function)(x)
12:
     region_output = Dense(num_region_classes,
   activation=activation_function, name='region_output')(x)
     y = Concatenate()([x, region_output])
     angle_output = Dense(num_angle_classes,
   activation=activation_function, name='angle_output')(y)
     model = Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=[region_output,
   angle_output])
17:
18: 4. Network Model for Training and Testing on Simulated or Mea-
   sured Dataset
19: model_training = (Structure, activation_function,train_data)
20: model_testing = (Structure, activation_function, test_data)
21: 5. Network Model Training
22: for epoch = 1 to 100 do
      accuracy_training, tensor_weight= learning(model_training,
23:
   epoch)
24: end for
25: 5. Weight Extraction
26: if accuracy_training > 0.98 then
      trained_weight = tensor_weight
28: else if epoch == 100 then
29:
      trained_weight = tensor_weight
30: end if
31: 6. Transistor Variability consideration in Weight
32: \bar{w} = \texttt{trained\_weight}
33: \sigma_w = 0.01^* trained_weight
34: statistic_weight = normal_distribution(\bar{w}, \sigma_w)
35: 7. Network Model Testing
36: accuracy_testing = testing(model_testing , statistic_weight)
```