

Q01

Step01: Analyze q1 with ghidra

```
(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop/ghidra_10.1.2_PUBLIC]
$ ./ghidraRun
Picked up _JAVA_OPTIONS: -Dawt.useSystemAAFontSettings=on -Dswing.aatext=true
Picked up _JAVA_OPTIONS: -Dawt.useSystemAAFontSettings=on -Dswing.aatext=true
```

Step02: According to the report, the program "rot" our input

```
rot(local_418,0xd);
```

Step03: The password is "I Love Cyber Security!" But the output looks like this

```
./main
I Love Cyber Security!
  I       L   o   v   e       C   y   b   e   r       S   e   c   u   r   i   t   y   !
73 32 76 111 118 101 32 67 121 98 101 114 32 83 101 99 117 114 105 116 121 33
  I       L   U   \   e       C   _   b   e   X       9   e   c   [   X   i   Z   _   !
```

Q02

Step01: According to ghidre, the main function is to find the IP address of a host called "csf.is.a.great.course.yay"

```
hostent *phVar1;

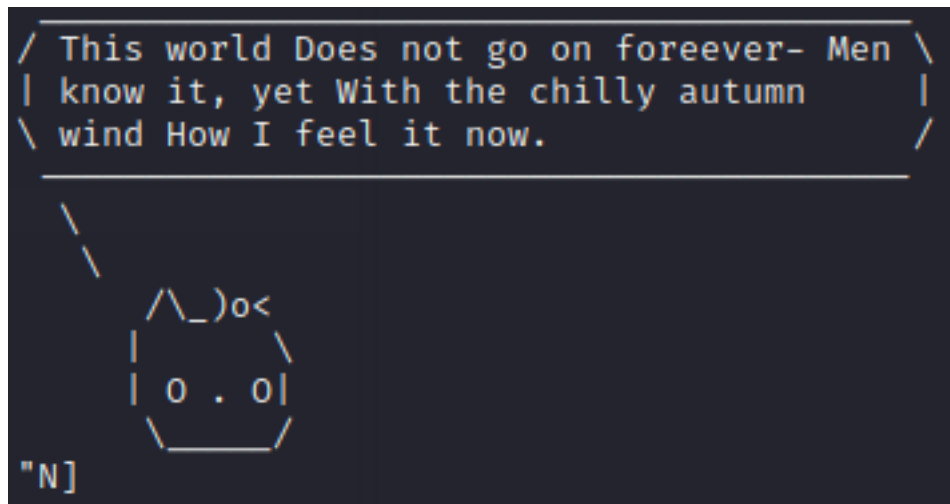
phVar1 = gethostbyname("csf.is.a.great.course.yay");
if (phVar1 == (hostent *)0x0) {
    puts("Sorry no secret for you!");
}
else {
    print_secret();
}
return 0;
}
```

Step02: Add the hostname to kali's hosts

```
/etc/hosts - Mousepad
File Edit Search View Document Help
Warning: you are using the root account. You may harm you
1 127.0.0.1 localhost
2 127.0.1.1 kali
3 127.0.1.1 csf.is.a.great.course.yay|
```

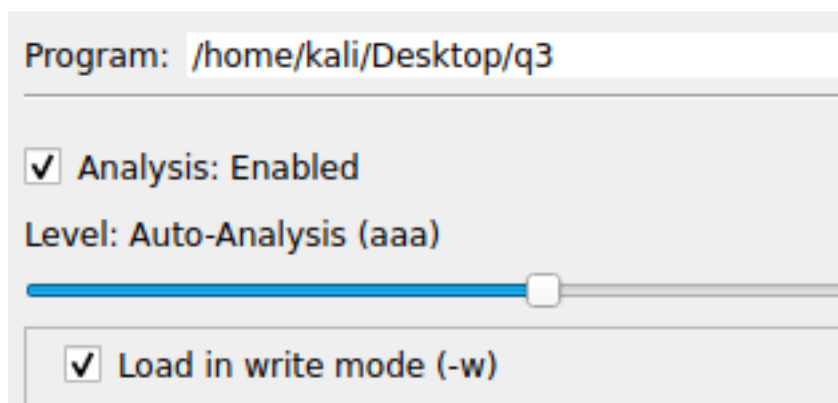
Step03: Run q2

Answer:



Q03

Step01: Open q3 with write mode



Step02: Change jle 0x7e7 to jmp 0x7e0

0x000007c4	mov	rbp, rsp	000007c7	sub	rsp, 0x10
0x000007c7	sub	rsp, 0x10	000007cb	mov	dword [var_4h], edi ;
0x000007cb	mov	dword [var_4h], edi	000007ce	mov	qword [var_10h], rsi
0x000007ce	mov	qword [var_10h], rsi	000007d2	cmp	dword [var_4h], 0xf42
0x000007d2	cmp	dword [var_4h], 0xf42	000007d9	jmp	0x7e0
0x000007d9	jle	0x7e7	000007db	mov	eax, 0
0x000007db	mov	eax, 0	000007e0	call	print_secret ; sym.pr
0x000007e0	call	print_secret ; sym.pr	000007e5	jmp	0x7f3
0x000007e5	jmp	0x7f3	000007e7	lea	rdi, str.try_harder ;
			000007ea	call	puts ; sym.imn

Step03: Run q3

Answer:

```
└─$ ./q3

/ Oh, how ugly! People seeking wisdom and \
| Not drinking; Look on them well Don't  |
\ they seem like monkeys?                /

      ^ ^
      (oo)\
      ( _ )\
      ||——w ||
```

Q04

Step01: Use binwalk to analyze the file, found a Zlib

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ binwalk Hacktivist2.png
```

DECIMAL	HEXADECIMAL	DESCRIPTION
0	0x0	PNG image, 1000 x 1359, 8-bit/color RGBA, non-interlaced
41	0x29	Zlib compressed data, compressed

Step02: extract the Zlib

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ binwalk --dd='Zlib:Zlib' Hacktivist2.png
```

DECIMAL	HEXADECIMAL	DESCRIPTION
0	0x0	PNG image, 1000 x 1359, 8-bit/color RGBA, non-interlaced
41	0x29	Zlib compressed data, compressed

Step03: Browse the bit plane on stegonline, get a hint

**THIS IS NOT THE SECRET! THE SECRET
IS IN THE SECOND BITPLANE**

Strp04: Select the second bitplane of this png, get a gzip

1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Pixel Order

Row ▾

Bit Plane Order

R ▾ G ▾ B ▾

Bit Order

LSB ▾

Trim Trailing Bits

Yes ▾

Go

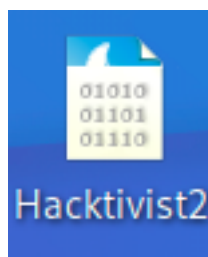
Results

Identified Filetypes

gz: GZIP compressed file

Step05: Extract a PCAPNG from the gzip

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ gunzip Hacktivist2.gz
gzip: Hacktivist2.gz: decompression OK, trailing garbage ignored
```



Step06: In Wireshark, export the q4.secret.gz

```
62      10.8.0.240    application/x-gzip 248 bytes  q4.secret.gz
```

Step07: Again, extract the secret from this gzip

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ gunzip q4.secret.gz
```

Answer:

```
/ From the mountain's edge Will the \
| drifting moon Emerge, I wonder? While I |
\ wait Night has fallen. /
```

