

September 1984 Volume 6, Number 1

Journal of the VIP Hobby Computer Assn.

The VIPER was founded by ARESCO, Inc. in June 1978

## VIPER's Final Issue

This issue will be the last for VIPER. A detailed explanation is in the Editorial pages. The most recent editorial material is on 6.01.01.

Older material has been left in since it had already been printed. Due to the split printing, I goofed and labeled two sets of pages as 6.01.12.

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#### Editorial

September 20, 1984

Dear VIPHCA members:

This issue of VIPER has been a long time a-coming and I'm sorry that it has taken so long. I'm also prateful for everyone's patience— not one of you has seen fit to take me to task for not getting VIPER into the mail. Thank you again. However, I'm sure most of you realize that VIPER has run its course. As mentioned in other parts of this issue, membership has declined to the point where it would be very difficult to keep a good newsletter going.

I've left most of the material for this issue intact, so some of it was written quite some time ago. And I thought I'd leave in the letters which I received at renewal time. I also received some very nice material from Mike Weigert which I rushed to include in this issue. Mike sent in a tape (VIP) of his programs and I'll be happy to send a copy to any of you who might be interested.

Just send in \$2 and I'll mail out a cassette with the Operating System program and the Globe program.

I'm also going to refund \$10 of the \$12 dues for this year. About \$1.25 will be used to prepare and mail this issue of VIPER and the other 75 cents should cover incidental expenses in winding down the operation, handling any additional correspondence, tax returns, etc. (Yes, even our friends at the IRS keep an eye on VIPHCA, to make sure that we're really a non-profit group.)

Also, if any of you are interested in back issues or copies of the VP-710 pame book, now is the time to drop me a line. I expect that I'll serve as a focus point for any VIP related querries in the future, so this is as good a place as any to direct a question. Can't guarantee an answer for you, but I'll do what I can.

Thank you all once again for you kind and welcome support over the years. We have all enjoyed much and learned even more. And that will no doubt be VIPER's greatest legacy.

Yours, Raymond C. Sills, Director, VIPHCA

fanj

Well Gang this is the start of Year 6 for VIPER. Unfortunately, I don't think that the fates have good things in store for us. Right now we have had only 21 members renew membership for this year. That's not a very large membership base for a computer organization. Especially since we used to have nundreds of memoers. And I'm not sure that we'll be able to make a po of it, at least not as we have in the past. I still have some un-published material here, but it would be better if there was new stuff coming in. Paul Piescik has released his Euddly Software programs into the public domain, so we are free to distribute copies of those programs. I have most of the Cuddly programs here and I'll send you a copy of the programs and the supporting documentation if you will send me \$3 to cover the cost of copying, the tape cassette and shipping. I also still have copies of the RCA VP-710 Game book and cassettes of the VP-710 programs. I also have an original copy or two of Tom Swan's entire PIPS series. If anyone is interested in that stuff, drop me a line.

Interestingly, most of the people who returned the questionaire from the last issue, felt that VIPHCA should keep going, but perhaps in conjunction with supporting another computer. And it seems that a lot of you are now owners of the Commodore 64. That's not very surprising, considering the features of that machine and its very reasonable price. But those of you who are machine language programmers and considering getting the C-64 are probably going to feel a bit cramped using the 6502 processor. There's only six registers in the 6502 and only one is a 16 bit register. On the other hand, there's a lot a support for the C-64 from the manufacturer, independent hardware/software companies, and a half dozen or so magazines. (Compute, Compute's Gazette, Commander, Ahoy, Home Computer, and Run, just to name a few. They are all very good, but Gazette is probably the largest of them. The "innards" and operating system of the C-64 is very well documented and there are no "secrets" kept by the manufacturer.

Here are the results of the questionaire: (in some cases, a respondent did not make a choice, so the totals will not be equal to the 21 returned questionaires.

Question 1. (Should VIPHCA continue) 19 Yes Ø No 2 Not sure.

Question 2. (support other computers) 9 Yes 4 No 8 Not sure.

Question 3. (which?) VIC-20, C-64, CoCo, ELF are mentioned.

Question 4. (fewer pages) 15 Yes 3 No 3 Not sure.

Question 5. (more frequent) 12 Yes 3 No 3 Not sure.

Question 6. (higher dues) 10 Yes 5 No 5 Not sure.

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Editor's analysis

I'm pleased that almost everyone who replied felt that VIPHCA should continue. Of course, it's a "loaded" question since those who felt the other way, did not reply or renew. Looks like people see the problem in supporting the VIP, but still have a warm spot in their hearts for the VIP/1802. And most of you feel you can live with a smaller VIPER, but would like to have it more often. And I am pleasantly surprised that that many of you would even be moderately willing to pay higher dues. But relax, since no changes contemplated for now.

You might wonder what type of computer gear yours truly has--after all, I am a computer junkie by my own admission. So here's the list:

- 1. Radio Shack Color Computer (the original "D" version upgraded to 32K, Disk, etc.) It is being used to prepare this text, which is printed on an Okidata 82A printer.
  - 2. Radio Shack MC-10, a pift from Santa.
- 3. RCA VIP (2 of them) 4K plus 2 4K RAM boards, Simple Sound, Super Sound, 4-chan Super Sound, Tiny BASIC, VP-601 ASCII KB
  - 4. Simplair ZX-81
  - 5. Timex TS-1000
  - 6. Timex T82068
  - 7. Microace 2K
- 8. Commodore VIC-20 (2) with 16K RAM board, Rabbit cart, C2N cassette, modem, joystick, Cardco 3-slot, HES Mon. HES Forth, Kantronics interface, Hamsoft, Hamtext.
- 9. Commodore C-64, C2N cassette, 1541 Disk, Hes Forth, Magic Voice.
- 10. Radio Shack Videotex terminal unit, 16K looks like a CoCo.
- 11. Heathkit ET-3400 Microprocessor trainer uses Motorola 6800 up.

I guess that's quite a list, but probably not a world's record! The only reason I mention it is in case any of you might have one or more of the above systems and wish to include it in the perview of VIPER.

It'll not be easy to find a lot of material for VIP machines and a lot of you have mentioned in your questionaires that the ol'VIP is not getting a lot of use these days. One of our members suggested that we print letters from members regarding what each of us is doing with our systems. Sort of a church newsletter for computers. There was quite a bit of that back in the early days of VIPER and it was especially important during those years when the VIP was popular. And it's still a good idea even if we brach out to encompass other computers.

I'm going to send each of you a list with the names and addresses of past VIPHCA members, in case there is someone near you whom you might like to contact about 1802 type projects.

Comments from Members' Questionaires:

I have a Commodore 64 with about 20 disks loaded with programs. I am looking for some in-depth information about the C-64. I have had my C-64 for about 6 months.

---- Frank C. Awtrey, Fayetteville, GA

\*\*\*\*\*\*

Dear Ray:

I know what you are going thru with VIPER, it is probably very similar to the decisions I had to make regarding offering VIP add-ons. Here are som of my thoughts, for what they're worth:

I look upon VIPER more as an "1802" instructor, than a VIP magazine. I owe VIPER for most of the knowledge I have about ML programming and interfacing the 1802.

I think we can say, although it is still popular in industrial applications, that the 1802 has seen it's day. CMOS versions of CPUs with more common architecture are countering the 1802's advantages.

I would like to see VIPER adopt a newer CPU; I suggest the 6502 because it is used in so many low priced computers, and give it the same treatment as the 1802. I have probably subscribed to and let lapse ten computer magazines in the last two years. They all seem to cater to "appliance operators." I think there is a need for a journal that teaches how to make that computer do what you want.

I realize that it is easy for me to sit here and say what I like and not have to take the chances or do the work.

I hope you get good response to your questionaire and that they indicate a clear goal.

----Jerry Krizek, West Covina, CA

#### \*\*\*\*\*

I have a VIC-20 but still spend as much time on my first clove, the RCA VIP. I recently interfaced a Brother CE-50 with an IF-50 interface module to both the VIP and the ViC.

----Bill Fisher, Armonk, NY

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*

Your comments reflect the view that the VIP owners are using these machines as mainframes for serious office or business use. We are a hobby club. This is just like a sport. The people who are interested are here for the fun. (You bet! RS) We have to stir new interest and find solid ground. Editorial comments column might help.

---- Bruce Konek, Walnutport, PA

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More Comments:

I really have mixed emotions. I'm loyal to the community, but time does go on. I now have a Kaypro, H-89, TRS-80 Model 100, Sharp 1500 & 1500A, so I really don't "hack" any more with VIP COSMAC. If Tom Swan got interested in new field, I'd go with that!—he's bood!

----Glen Merritt, Mt. Laurel, NJ

(Ed. note: Some of Tom Swan's main interests these days are in the field of languages, mainly Pascal.

Tom has written several fine books with business programs for Pascal users, published by Hayden.)

#### \*\*\*\*\*

Hi Ray-

I think one possibility is to encourage articles of a general nature that would apply to all computers. Perhaps we could generate a response with press releases to magazines. I'd be in favor of a marketing effort to tell people about our Hobby Computer club. I'm sure we could attract members.

Rather than pick one or two computers, whether PCjr., Apple, whatever — let the mebers write about what they want. In other words, let the membership decide by voting with their contributions, the future direction of VIPHCA. You said it yourself— because of the fluctuations in the micro business, systems will come and go. But just because we have different computers doesn't mean we don't have common interests!

And I mean this sincerely, although I have been pleased to see PIPS IV finally in print, I do not think the VIPER whould be a Tom Swan publication. I'm getting tired of seeing (?) my own voice. Let's see contributions from everybody!

----Tom Swan, Columbia, MD

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*

Probably whould start articles on how to tie in the VIP to other comouters: Atari, Apple, Commodore, etc. Also discuss machine codes of these various machines. (Most magazines manly deal with BASIC programs.) —and how to write games, etc. One idea is to have the Atari printer list out VIP programs for hard copy, or store VIP programs on the Atari disk drive.

----Robert Casey, Oradell, NJ

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*

On the VIPER, it is obvious that the VIP is on it's way out. You really have few choices. Either throw in the towel or excand to other systems. Hopefully keep publishing some 1802 related info.

The two articles on the VIP that I wrote for 73 magazine have never been published. They paid for them, so I can('t give them to you, but I suggest that you write to 73 magazine and request permission to publish in VIPER. You can point out that you can't affort to pay for them, but you could offer a free full page ad in each issue which an article is published.

-----Beorge Gadbois, Lancaster, PA

And still more comments:
Articles published to date have been a big educational assist, inspirational, --- and fun!
----Gene Landes, Des Plaines, IL

As I have 2 Sinclair ZX80s and a newly acquired 6809 Radio Shack CC II, I'd welcome the broadened base. I still maintain a Studio II with memory and have tought myself 1802 machine language with the help of Tom Swan books. Am still interested!

----Tom Keene, Austin, TX

#### \*\*\*\*\*

I appreciate the good work. Hope you can continue. ----William Perry, Mission Viejo, CA

#### \*\*\*\*\*

For my interests, the personal computers like IBM, Apple, Commodore and Heath are better. The VIP served a good educational purpose. I am lukewarm on supporting a discontinued product.

----C. Soencer Powell, Evanston, IL

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*

I have a Sinclair Timex 1000 and a 64K TRS-80 Color Comouter. The VIP is getting little attention. I have used it recently to burn an EPROM, that's all. I'm trying to use K6AEP software and RTM circuit boards to interfact the CoCo for SSTV and FAX. My main Z80 microcomouter (Digital Group) has been retired.

----Al Crisson, Lewes, DE

### EDITOR'S REMARKS:

This is a pretty good sampling of opinion from the membership. It. appears that most of you would like to have VIPER continue, even at a reduced or changed format and moving on to support other computers. So how about some more ideas and progress reports from you guys out there and I'll orint them here in the VIPER!

73, Ray

We had some classified ads requested by memoers after VIPER 5.06 went out, and I listing them here, but I think it only fair to return to those members the payment they made for the ads, since we have so few current members.

#### FOR SALE

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

2	14EPM	bare board w/data	\$15
1	8K RAM	bare board w/data	20
1	8K RAM	assemb/tested	60
1	VP-550	Super Sound w/book	30
6	VP-701	F.P. BASIC manual for	

14EPM board 2

All prices include shipping. CA residents add tax.

G.J. Krezek 722 N. Morada Ave. West Covina. CA 91790

#### FOR SALE

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Know anyone who wants a VIP? I'm selling a 4K VIP with ASCII Keyboard, Simple and Super Sound boards, homemade color board, Tiny BASIC ROM Board, 2-card expander board, power supply, cassette player, plenty of games and programs on cassette, manuals with documentation, and three years of VIPER newsletter. Over \$550 value, selling for \$290 or any reasonable offer. Send check to:

Nathan Gopen 168 Pond St. Sharon, MA 02067 pnone: 617-784-2771 This is a true CHIP-8 Assembler. It will run on any machine with Microsoft BASIC and a disk drive. You may need to make slight modifications, however. This version will run directly on a H-89 with MBASIC and one drive, or on a TRS-80 Model I or III with one disk. You could probably even make it run on Full 1802 Basic with a few mods.

The program reads in the file for the first pass, and generates the symbol table and addresses. The second pass does the actual opcode decoding and file output. The opecodes and pseudo-opcodes are detailed in Figure 1-1. In addition to using the predefined opcodes, you may also generate your own constant (ie, no variable inclusion) opcodes as labels. For example:

TVON: EQU ØØ4B ;TV On instruction START: TVON ;Turn TV on

Byte definitions using the BYTE pseudo always generate one word of code. In other words, BYTE 5 will generate 0005. This ensures that the CHIP-8 count never becomes odd or incorrect.

Labels occur only in the first eight characters of the line. They always end with a colon, and always need one space or tab after the colon to delimit the opcode. Simple arithmetic tells us, then, that labels may be up to six characters in length. Labels may be used wherever addresses or data is desired. If only one byte of data is needed, the LSD of the label's address will be used. In the case of an address, labels may be substituted in all cases. For example,

START: LET I=VARS LOAD V1 HALT: GOTO HALT VARS: BYTE 8053

RCA's comments, with slight modifications, will work for input to the assembler. You may wish to define the data blocks as labels on even-numbered addresses for easy reference.

Semi-colons are used as comment delimiters, as is standard with any assembler in existance except RCA's. If you want, you may change all the semicolons to double periods.

The variables used in the program are:

LO current location counter

F Flags whether data bytes were printed
IN\$ current input string
A\$ first argument
B\$ second argument
SYM\$() symbol table
LO() location table

If you have any questions or comments, please send them to VIPER or to me. My address is: William Lindley, 21 Hancock St., Bedford, MA Ø1730,

## CHIP-8 ASSEMBLER

## Format:

<label> opcode <operand> <comment>

## Opcodes:

May be any one of the following opcodes and Pseudo-ops.

opcode	operand	assembles	t
60TO	<addr></addr>	1MMM	
GOSUB	<addr></addr>	2MMM	
RET		ØØEE	
CALL	<addr></addr>	Ømmm	
SKEQ	<var>,<kk></kk></var>	ЗХКК	
SKEQ	<var>,<var></var></var>	5XYØ	
SKEQ	<var>,KEY</var>	EX9E	
SKNE	<var>,<kk></kk></var>	4XKK	
SKNE	<var>,<var></var></var>	9XYØ	
SKNE	<var>,KEY</var>	EX9E	
LET	<var>=kk</var>	6XKK	
LET	<var>=TIME</var>	FXØ7	
LET	TIME= <var></var>	FX15	
LET	TONE=(var)	FX18	
LET	<var>=KEY</var>	FXØA	
LET	I= <addr></addr>	AMMM	
RAND	<var>,kk</var>	CXKK	
ADD	<var>,kk ·</var>	7XKK	
ADD	I, <var></var>	FX1E	
ADD	<var>,<var></var></var>	BXY4	
SUB	<var>,<var></var></var>	8XY5	
COPY	<varx>,<var< td=""><td></td><td></td></var<></varx>		
ÐR	<var>,<var></var></var>	8XY1	
AND	<var>,<var></var></var>	8XY2	
XOR	<var>,<var></var></var>	8XX3	
SHR	<var>,<var></var></var>	9XX9	
SHL	<var>,<var></var></var>	BXYE	
PATT	<var></var>	FX29	
DPAT	<var></var>	FX33	
SHOW	N 9 AxAA	DXYN	
ERASE		ØØEØ	
LOAD	<var></var>	FX65	
SAVE	(var)	FX55	

#### Pseudo-Opcodes

BYTE <four nybbles> NNNN

EQU Equates symbol with location specified.

Examples:

DPAGE: EQU 0300 SAME: EQU DPAGE DPAGE=Ø3ØØ

onic. Lab binoc

SAME=0300

ORG continues to assemble source code at a different address.

Arguments

<var> is a variable name.
Examples: V1,V2

Endmples: VI, VI

<addr> is a hex location or s symbol
 Examples:

GOTO DPAGE GOTO Ø100

<kk> is a data byte

Example:

SKEQ V1,5F

A symbol may also be used. In this case, only the lower byte of the label's address is used. Example:

SKEQ V1, DPAGE

will skip if V1 equals the LSD of DPAGE.

```
by William Lindley
 18 REM
                            CHIP-8 ASSEMBLER
 15 CLEAR 5000
 20 PRINT "Input Filename ->"::LINE INPUT F1$
 3@ PRINT "Output Filename ->";:LINE INPUT F2$
 35 DIM SYM$ (50), LO(50): LO=512: SY=0
 48 REM PASS ONE FOR FILE
 45 OPEN "I",1,F1$
 50 IF EOF(1) THEN 1000:REM Second Pass for File
 55 LINE INPUT #1, IN$
 60 IF LEFT$(IN$,1)=";" OR IN$="" THEN 50
 45 IF INSTR(IN$,";") THEN IN$=LEFT$(IN$,INSTR(IN$,";"))
 66 IF INSTR(IN$, "EQU") THEN 200
 67 IF INSTR(IN$, "ORG") THEN 399
-70 IF INSTR(IN$,":") THEN GOSUB 100
 75 N=INSTR(IN$,CHR$(32)):IF N THEN IN$=LEFT$(IN$,N-1)+MID$(IN$,N+1):GOTO 75
 77 N=INSTR(IN$,CHR$(9)):IF N THEN IN$=LEFT$(IN$,N-1)+MID$(IN$,N+1):60T0 75
 78 IF IN$="" THEN 50
 80 LO=LO+2:60TO 50
 100 REM PUT SYMBOL IN TABLE
 110 As=LEFF$(IN$, INSTR(IN$, ":")-1)
 12# SYM=SYM+1:SYM$(SYM)=A$:L8(SYM)=L0:RETURN
 200 REM EQUATE HANDLING
205 IF INSTR(IN$,";") THEN IN$=LEFT$(IN$,INSTR(IN$,";")-1)
215 N=INSTR(IN$, "EQU"): A$=LEFT$(IN$, N-1): B$=MID$(IN$, N+4)
220 IF LEFT$(B$,1)="#" THEN AD=L0:60T0 240
230 HX$=B$:GOSUB 10000:AD=HX:REM CONVERT TO DECIMAL
24@ SYM=SYM+1:SYM$(SYM)=A$:LO(SYM)=AD:GOTO 5@
300 REM DRIGIN HANDLING
310 N=INSTR(IN$, "QRG"):B$=MID$(IN$, N+4)
315 Q=INSTR(8$,CHR$(32)):Q1=INSTR(8$,CHR$(9)):IF Q OR Q1 THEN 8$=LEFT$(8$,Q+Q1-1
320 HX$=B$:60SUB 10000:L0=HX:PRINT HX$,B$,HX:60T0 50
1000 CLOSE: OPEN "I", 1, F1 *: OPEN "0", 2, F2 *: L0 = 512
1005 PRINT "Symbol Table: ": PRINT
1010 FOR X=1 TO SYM:PRINT SYM$(X),HEX$(LO(X)):NEXT:PRINT
1020 PRINT "-----" Second Pass -----"
1030 IF EDF(1) THEN CLOSE:END ELSE LINE INPUT #1,IN$
1035 IF F=0 THEN N$=HEX$(L0):N$=STRING$(4-LEN(N$),"0")+N$:PRINT #2.N$:::F=-1
1040 IF LEFT*(IN$.1)=CHR$(32) THEN IN$=MID$(IN$.2):GOTO 1040
1045 IF LEFT$(IN$,1)=CHR$(9) THEN IN$=MID$(IN$,2):50TO 1045
1046 N=INSTR(IN$,";"):IF N>2 THEN IN$=LEFT$(IN$,N-2) ELSE IF N>0 THEN 1030
1858 N=INSTR(IN$,":"):IF N>8 AND N<8 THEN IN$=MID$(IN$,N+1):GOTO 1848
1953 IF IN$="" THEN 1939
1855 IF LEFT$(IN$,3)="OR6" THEN HX$=MID$(IN$.5):60SUB 1888:L0=HX:60T0 1838
1040 IF LEFT*(IN*, 3) = "EQU" THEN 1030
1065 IF LEFT$(IN$,4)="BYTE" THEN 3200
1878 AP=INSTR(IN$,CHR$(32)):IF AP=8 THEN AP=INSTR(IN$,CHR$(9))
1975 F=0
1080 RESTORE: FOR X=1 TO 22: READ Q$: IF LEFT$(IN$, LEN(Q$))=Q$ THEN 1100 ELSE NEXT
1090 FOR X=1 TO SYM: IF LEFT$(IN$, LEN(SYM$(X)))=IN$ THEN 3300 ELSE NEXT
1095 PRINT "? Illegal Opcode: "IN$:F=-1:60T0 1030
1100 ON X SOTO 2000,2500,3000,3100,3500,4000,4500,5000,5100,6000,6100
1110 X=X-12
1120 DN X 60TO 6200,6300,6400,6500,6700,6800,7000,6900,7500.8000
2000 REM GOTO HANDLING
2010 HX$=MID$(IN$,6):605UB 10000
2020 0$="1"+MID$(HX$,2):PRINT #2.0$:L0=L0+2:G0T0 1030
2500 REM GOSUB HANDLING
2510 HX$=HID$(IN$,7):GOSUB 10000
2520 0$="2"+RIGHT$(HX$,3):PRINT $2,0$:L0=L0+1:60TO 1030 ; REM Line 3000 is nex
```

```
3000 REM RETURN HANDLING
3616 PRINT #2, "66EE":L0=L0+1:60TO 1636
3100 REM MACHING LANGUAGE CALL HANDLING
3110 HX$=MID$(IN$,6):GOSUB 10000
3120 PRINT #2, "0"; MID$(HX$, 2):L0=L0+2:G0T0 1030
3200 REM BYTE HANDLING
3210 F=0:HX$=MID$(IN$,6):GOSUB 10000
3220 PRINT #2, HX$: L0=L0+2: GOTO 1030
3300 N$=HEX$(LO(X)):N$=STRING$(4-LEN(N$),"0")+N$:PRINT #2,N$:LO=LQ+2:60T0 1036
3500 REM SKIP IF EQUAL HANDLING
3510 B$=MID$(IN$,6):IF LEFT$(B$,1)<>"V" THEN ER=2:60SUB 9000:60T0 1030
3520 V$=MID$(B$,2,1):IN$=MID$(B$,4)
3530 IF IN$="KEY" THEN PRINT #2, "E"V$"9E":L0=L0+2:GOTO 1030
3540 IF LEFT$(IN$,1)="V" THEN PRINT $2,"5"Y$MID$(IN$,2)"0":L0=L0+2:68T0 1030
3545 IF LEN(IN$) < 2 THEN IN$="0"+IN$
3550 PRINT #2, "3"V$IN$:L0=L0+2:G0T0 1039
4000 REM SKIP IF NOT EQUAL
4010 B$=MID$(IN$,6):IF LEFT$(B$,1)(>"V" THEN ER=2:GOSUB 9000:L0=L0+2:GOTO 1030
4920 V$=MID$(B$,2,1):IN$=MID$(B$,4)
4030 IF IN$="KEY" THEN PRINT #2, "E"V$"A1":L0=L0+2:60T0 1030
4040 IF LEFT$(IN$,1)="V" THEN PRINT #2,"9"V$HID$(IN$,2)"0":LO=LO+2:GOTO 1030
4845 IF LEN(IN$) < 2 THEN IN$="0"+IN$
4250 PRINT #2."4"V$IN$:LD=L0+2:GOTO 1030
4500 REM LET HANDLING
4505 IN$=NID$(IN$,5)
4510 N=INSTR(IN$."="):IF N=0 THEN ER=2:GOSUB 9000:LO=LO+2:GOTO 1030
4520 A$=LEFT$(IN$, N-1):B$=MID$(IN$, N+1)
4530 IF A$="TONE" THEN PRINT #2, "F"MID$(B$,2)"18";L0=L0+2;G0T0 1030
4540 IF A$="TIME" THEN PRINT #2, "F"MID$(B$, 2)"15":LO=LO+2:60TO 1030
4550 IF B$="TIME" THEN PRINT #2, "F"MID$(A$,2) "07":L0=L0+2:60T0 1030
4560 IF A$="I" THEN HX$=B$:60SUB 10000:PRINT #2, "A"RIGHT$(HX$,3):L0=L0+2:60TD 1030
4576 HX$=B$:GOSUB 19606:PRINT #2,"6"MID$(A$,2)LEFT$(HX$,2):LO=L0+1:GOTO 1636
5000 REM RAND HANDLING
5005 IN$=MID$(IN$,6)
5010 N=INSTR(IN$,","):IF N=0 THEN ER=2:60SUB 9000:L0=L0+1:60T0 1030
5926 AS=LEFT$(IN$,N-1):B$=MID$(IN$,N+1)
5030 HX$=B$:GOSUB 10000:PRINT $2, "C"MID$(A$,2,1)RIGHT$(HX$,2):LO=LO+1:GOTO 1030
5100 REM ADD HANDLING
5110 IN$=MID$(IN$,5):N=INSTR(IN$,","):A$=LEFT$(IN$,N-1):B$=MID$(IN$,N+1)
5115 IF A$="I" THEN PRINT $2, "F"MID$(R$,1,1)"1E":LO=LO+1:68TO 1030
5126 IF LEFT$(B$,1)="V" THEN PRINT $2,"8"MID$(A$,2,1)MID$(B$,2,1)"4":GOTO 5146
5130 HX$=B$:605UB 10000:PRINT #2,"7"MID$(A$,2,1)RIGHT$(HX$,2)
5140 L0=L0+2:60T0 1030
6000 REM SUB
6010 IN$=MID$(IN$,5):N=INSTR(IN$,","):A$=LEFT$(IN$,N-1):B$=MID$(IN$,N+1)
6020 PRINT $2, "8"MID$(A$,2,1)MID$(8$,2,1)"5":LO=L0+2:GOTO 1030
6110 INS=MID$(IN$,6):N=INSTR(IN$, ","):A$=LEFT$(IN$,N-1):B$=MID$(IN$,N+1)
6120 PRINT #2, "8"MID$(A$,2,1)MID$(B$,2,1) "0":L8=L0+2:SOT0 1030
6210 INS=MID$(IN$,5):N=INSTR(IN$,","):A$=LEFT$(IN$,N-1):B$=MID$(IN$,N+1)
6220 PRINT #2, "8"MID$(A$, 2, 1) MID$(B$, 2, 1) "1":LO=L0+2:GOTO 1030
6388 REM AND
6316 IN$=MID$(IN$,5):N=INSTR(IN$,","):A$=LEFT$(IN$,N-1):B$=MID$(IN$,N+1)
6320 PRINT #2, "8"MID$(A$, 2, 1) MID$(B$, 2, 1) "2":LO=LO+2:60TO 1030
    : REM Line 6400 is next
```

```
6400 REM XOR
 6418 IN$=MID$(IN$,5):N=INSTR(IN$,","):A$=LEFT$(IN$,N-1):B$=MID$(IN$,N+1)
 6420 PRINT #2, "8"MID$(A$,2,1)MID$(B$,2,1)"3":L0=L0+2:60T0 1030
 4500 REM SHR
 6518 INS=MID$(IN$,5):N=INSTR(IN$,","):A$=LEFT$(IN$,N-1):B$=MID$(IN$,N+1)
 6520 PRINT #2, "8"MID$(A$,2,1)MID$(B$,2,1) "6":L0=L0+2:60T0 1030
 6600 REM SHL
 6610 INS=MIDS(INS,5):N=INSTR(INS,","):AS=LEFTS(INS,N-1):BS=MIDS(INS,N+1)
 6620 PRINT #2, "8"MID$(A$,2,1)MID$(B$,2,1) "E":LO=LO+2:60T0 1030
 6700 REM PATT
 6719 IN$=MID$(IN$.6)
672@ PRINT #2, "F"MID$(IN$,2,1)"29":LO=LO+2:GOTO 1030
6800 REM DPAT
6810 IN$=MID$(IN$.6)
682Ø PRINT #2, "F"MID$(IN$,2,1)"33":L0=L0+2:60T0 103Ø
6900 REM ERASE
6910 PRINT #2, "00E0":LO=L0+2:G0T0 1030
7000 REM DISP
7010 IN$=MID$(IN$,5):N=INSTR(IN$,CHR$(64)):A$=LEFT$(IN$,N-1):B$=MID$(IN$,N+1
7020 PRINT #2, "D"MID$(A$,2,1)MID$(B$,4,1)MID$(B$,2,1):LO=LO+2:GOTO 1030
7500 REM LOAD
7510 IN$=MID$(IN$.6)
7520 PRINT #2, "F"MID$(IN$,2,1)"65":L0=L0+2:60TD 1030
8000 REM SAVE
8010 INS=MIDS(INS.6)
8020 PRINT #2,"F"MID$(IN$,2,1)"55":LO=L0+2:60T0 1030
9000 PRINT #2, "ERROR "ER: RETURN
10000 REM CONVERT HEXADECIMAL TO DECIMAL
10010 FOR X=1 TO SYM:IF HX$=SYM$(X) THEN HX=LO(X):60TO 10045 ELSE NEXT
10020 HX=0:FOR X=1 TO LEN(HX$)
10030 B$=LEFT$(HX$,1):IF B$("A" THEN H1=VAL(B$) ELSE H1=ASC(B$)-55
10040 HX=HX*16+H1:IF LEN(HX*)>1 THEN HX*=MID*(HX*,2):NEXT
10045 HX$=HEX$(HX)
10050 IF LEN(HX$)<>4 THEN HX$="0"+HX$:GOTO 10050 ELSE RETURN
19000 DATA "GOTO", "GOSUB", "RET", "CALL"
19010 DATA "SKEQ", "SKNE", "LET", "RAND", "ADD", "SUB", "COPY", "OR"
19020 DATA "AND", "XOR", "SHR", "SHL", "PATT", "DPAT", "SHOW", "ERASE"
19030 DATA "LOAD", "SAVE"
19040 END
```

## Dear VIPER:

I am a reader of your magizine ever since it came out. I owned a VIP for about four years now and have most of the publications on it. I have written quite a few machine language Orograms for the VIP which I would like to share with you and your readers.

First I would like to share some little tid-bits of information that I have discovered. One of the things that I discovered before it was published in your magizine was the 2N instruction can be used to stop your program instead of the short branch to itself. I am not sure if this was published but I accidently discovered that a D2 located at 0000 is excellent for entering programs. This prevents any program from being executed until the D2 is removed. The D2 causes the VIP to return to the operating system as if key C was pressed. This will stop you from losing pieces of programs that you entered to one little slipped finger when you did not press key C. The author once lost an E page Chip-8 program that was typed in but not checked for errors to an accidental flip of the switch which took hours to enter (such a large mistake will not happen again !!!. It only takes one time like this to learn what not to do.). There was an article discussing how to stop the display interference caused by three cycle instructions when the video was turned on. Some programers suggested to turn off the video but when you do not want the veiwer to notice the video to disappear this is not the solution. Tom Swan suggested that you would initilize another register as the program counter and use it to get around the problem of long branches. Still another method is to use Standard Call and Return but if you never plan to return to where you called from this may present some problems. I discovered another method that you can use that does not require the use of a sometimes unavailible register. I call it the Sneeky Long Branch (SNLBR). The SNLBR is based on a tricky manipulation of the program counter. If you want to make a long branch somewhere using only two cycle instructions here is one other way to do it. First load the high page in D (the 1802 accumulator) then short branch to the desired low byte minus one and put the contents of D in the high part of the program counter. It looks something like this:

Somewhere on page YY: Please note that YY, XX, and ZZ are arbitrary bytes.

XX page that you are branching to

30 BR

ZZ destination on page XX minus one

Adress

YYZZ BN PHI -- N is register P and after the instruction is executed the next instruction is executed at XX(ZZ+1)

This method also has its draw backs in that YYZZ may not be a free location. You may also want to precede the BN instruction by a 38 (SKP). There is one other method which workes some of the time but unfortunately not always which is to do a long branch and immediately follow it with a C4 (NOP). The trick is to execute this at the right time after a vidio interrupt so that the disturbance in the sink does not show up on the screen.

Now to write about the programs that I promised. I have written three machine language programs which are Debug, Globe II, and Display Type Out. I have written revisions to Basic so that we could store it on EPROMS with serial output routines to a teletype which can be called by one key press from the operating system without loading a boot. I modified the operating system to accept a byte for the number of pages in the tape read and write routines which makes it possible to manipulate as much as FF pages. The operating system is also equipped with a move data routine which can move memory anywhere. I also wrote input output routines for Tom Swan's Assembler Disassembler the input is from a parallel keyboard and the output is a teletype. I will provide listings for the operating system (the operating system also includes UT4 which we mainly use for memory type outs such as in this article), the Basic input and output routines for a teletype, Globe II, and Display Type Out. The listings follow.

Thank You,

Michael Heigert
Michael Weigert

Anybody that has any questions can write to:
United States Naval Academy 35th Company
Annapolis, Maryland 21412

I give VIPER the rite to publish any or all of the information enclosed in this letter.

Michael Weigert

Muhael Hargert

The operating system has many features. It still does everything that the normal operating system does but also has the debugging program incorporated in it, UT4, Move Data, Basic, and a Go To Routine as well. The instructions for using it are key C gets you into the normal operating system where you have the options of Tape Read, Tape Write, Memory Read, Memory Write, and an added function Go To (key C instead of keys B, F, A, and 0) which will execute a machine language program with R(0) as the program counter at the adress keyed in. When you flip the switch with 4 pressed you enter UT4, with key E pressed (E is a mnemonic for Error) you enter the Debug program, with key B pressed you enter Basic, and with key D pressed you enter the Move Data routine.

The operating system on our machine is located at F000-FIFF. The added features discribbed above are located starting at F200. The Debug program is located at F600-FA16 and UT4 is located at F400-F5FF. My dad rewired the VIP with the help of his co-workers at RCA. If there are any questions about our hardware my dad would be glad to answer them. The adress is: Here is a listing of our operating system.

Fred Weigert 59 West Patricia Road Holland, Pa. 18966

7MF00J 230 F3F0 B2F8 03A2 E2D2 C0F2 99FF F3FF A1F3; FØØØ EFB1 F3AA 5101 FBAA 3222 71FF 043B 22B1; F010 3012 36FC COF2 00FF E1F3 0073 81FB AF3A; FØ2Ø F030 29F6 0273 F39F 5181 A091 B0F6 CFA1 D073; F040 2020 40FF 0120 50FB 323A 3E92 B3F6 51A3; F050 D390 B23B BDF6 F1B1 B4B5 B7BA BCF6 46A1; F360 F8AF A2F8 DDA4 F3C6 A5F3 BAA7 F8A1 ACC3; F070 F21A D7D7 D7B6 D7D7 D7A6 D4DC BE32 F4FB; FØ80 ØA32 EFC0 F27D 61JE FBØB 32C2 9EFB WF3A; F090 8FF8 6FAC F340 B993 F6DC 2999 3A97 F810; F0A0 A7F8 03A9 46B7 93FE DC36 3AAD 2E97 F6B7; FØBØ DC2) 893A AD17 87F6 DC3E 3A9E DC69 26D4; FØCØ 30C0 F883 ACF8 0AB9 DC33 C529 993A C8DC; 3BCF F309 A9A7 9776 B729 DC39 3AD6 87F6; FØD2 33E3 7B97 5616 863A CF2E 3E3A CF30 BDDC; FDED FUFU 16D4 3DEF D7D7 D756 D416 3DF4 62DD 3D28; 303) 222A 3E20 2434 2623 2E18 141C 1012; F100 F110 F030 F030 F030 8030 F050 7050 F050 5050; F120 F030 F010 F030 F093 F093 F010 F010 F090; F133 F090 9090 F010 1010 1060 2020 2070 ADAD; F140 F020 207A 4270 2273 2252 C419 F300 A03B; F150 BUE2 E250 E2E2 20A0 E220 A0E2 20A0 3C53; F160 9332 67AB 2B3B B633 3243 7B23 3044 D3F3; F170 ØA3B 76F3 2017 7BBF FF01 3A73 376E 7A)F; 3078 D3F3 103D 853D 8FFF 013A 8717 9CFE; F130 F190 3590 3082 D3E2 9CAF 2F22 8F52 62E2 E23E; FIAØ 98F3 04A3 333A A4F3 04A3 36A7 3831 AA3F; F1B2 FAOF 5230 9400 0000 00D3 DCFE FEFE FEAE; FICO DCSE F130 B)D4 AA0A AAF3 05AF 4A5D 3DFC; FIDØ 03AD 2F3F 3ACC 8DFC D9AD 30C5 D322 0673; FIEØ 8673 9652 F3V6 AEF3 DBAD 02F6 F6F6 F6D5; FIFØ 42FA 0FD5 3EF6 AE32 DC3B EA1D 1D30 EA01

71F210 300 F200 620B C4C4 3EAC 90A0 F610 B0E0 D062 DDC4; F210 C436 1790 AVEV DUCU F023 3626. E362 UCE2; F223 63DC F3F0 3371 E263 DCD7 D7D7 B6D7 D7D7; F230 A6D4 9673 8673 D7D7 D7B6 D7D7 D7A6 D496; F240 7386 73D7 D7D7 B6D7 D7D7 A6D4 F3DC A49B; F250 B4F8 0054 1434 3262 FAJ7 3A51 84F9 04A4; 3051 1272 A472 B472 A5F0 B536 3276 2645; F260 33B3 5414 306B 963A 6EF8 04A3 23C4 9EFB; F270 F230 UC3A 9196 B036 AUE3 6100 92B1 F3FF A1EU; F290 DØD7 D7D7 AE22 CØFØ 8664 ØØ62 Ø4C4 C43E; F2A0 A790 A0F3 F4B0 D062 0CC0 F00C 620E C4C4; 3EUD JUAN F8F6 BUDN FFFF FFFF FFFF; F2B3 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; F2C0 F2D0 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; F2E0 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; F310 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; F320 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; F330 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; F340 F350 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; F360 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; F370 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; F380 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; F390 : १९२२ १२२२ १२२२ २२२२ २२२२ २२२२ १२२२ F3A0 F3BØ : १९२२ रन्नन नन्नन नन्नन नन्नन नन्नन नन्नन F3CØ : तनमन ननमन ननमन नममन नममन नममन नममन F3DØ FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; F3E0 F400 C4F3 F4B0 3029 803A 7ED3 0A30 7EFF FFFF; F410 F3EF ACF3 F4BC DC12 46BF 3221 D4F5 A430; F420 13D5 A3D3 D320 303C FF90 B5B3 F330 A5D5; F430 E571 5564 00F8 FEA3 D3F8 9CA3 D38D D30A; F440 D32A F800 ADBD F83B A3D3 FB24 32D6 FB05; F450 AICE FBIE 3A42 D3FB 4D3A CAD3 3B5B D333; F460 5EFB 203A CA9D B08D A081 32B4 F600 ADBD; F470 D333 70FB 0D3A CAF6 JCA3 8DA1 JDB1 D30A; F480 90BF F8AE A3D3 80BF F8AE 3022 D320 40BF; F490 F6AE A3D3 2181 3A9B 9132 3960 FAUF 3AA6; F4A0 D33B D33D 3006 F633 8E30 8CD3 3BAB D33B; F4B0 CA3D 5010 D333 AEFB 0D32 3)FB 2132 ABFB; F4C0 173A B4D3 FB0D 3AC3 305B F89C A3D3 3DC0; F4D0 F5F3 FFFF FFFF D3FB 503A CAD3 33DB FBJD; F420 3ACA 9DB0 3DA0 F89C A3D3 VAE5 7000 D3JE; F4F0 F6AE 2E43 FF01 3AF4 8E32 EE23 30F2 93BC

7MF500 300 F500 F500 AEAF F5EF AC37 073F 03F6 03FF 013A; F510 0D8F 3A17 3719 1F37 1E1E F607 300D 2E2E; F520 SEF9 WIBE DCWC 3F2C PEFA FEBE DC26 D5FC; F530 0733 37FC UA33 87FC UU9F D5F8 U038 83C3; F540 F801 AFF8 80BF E33F F63B 4D67 803F 4D37; 4FDC 0237 4F3F F63B 5B67 40E2 C49E F633; F550 6837 667B 3063 7AC4 DC07 C4C4 9FF6 BF33; F560 73F) 303F 5BBF 305D 7A32 435F 3A39 9FFF; F570 F580 413B 2FFF 0633 37FE FEFE FEFC 08FE AE3D; 7EAD 9D7E BD8E FE3A 8E30 39FF DC17 33D5; F59Ø F5A0 4533 4633 9FAE FBUA 3UBF F83B 3UC1 9FF6; F6F6 F6FC F63B B9FC Ø7FF C6AE F31B C3F3; F5B0 F5CØ UBAF 7B3E ADDC U72F F53D 76AD 33D1 7B3J; F5DØ D37A C43F FA0F C4C4 3AC5 3FFC FBAF 3B)F; F5E0 FF1B 329F 3BEA F300 3JF5 9FFA UFFC F63B; F5FØ F3FC Ø7FF C6AE 3ØC2 D3ØA D33F CØF4 39FF; F6Ø0 9083 B485 F398 A3D3 B683 A646 B346 A3D3; F610 9673 3673 9330 03B3 36A3 6072 A6F0 B6D3; F620 9630 17F3 0BAF D4F5 EAD5 F3J0 ADAB 3F2E: F630 6B37 31FA 7FBF FB0D 3263 D4F5 A45B ADD4: F640 F57E 3DAB 332E D4F4 103F 0030 2EFC 00C3; F650 FF00 09AA C7FC 0159 89F9 10A9 09BA 7C00: F660 530A BFD5 FC00 C3FF 0003 AACF FF01 5983; F670 F910 A909 BA7F 0059 D568 FE33 8098 FA0F; F630 A9D4 F650 88FA 403A 3CD4 F5AE D5D4 F62A; F690 D4F4 102F 033B BFD5 E231 B9B2 31A2 F31A; F6A0 A4F3 20A5 F300 B8A8 A959 F910 A988 59F8; F6B0 01A9 3159 F311 A991 FF01 59F3 F4BC F6EF; F6C0 ACF8 62BE D4F4 1000 DADD F800 AAD4 F410; F6D0 5223 003A BFD4 F623 D4F4 1029 3D00 3AF9; F6E0 10A) 09BF D4F5 AE39 FA0F A909 BFD4 F5AE: 1A3A FA03 32FF D4F4 1020 2020 0030 CDD4; F6F0 F700 F410 0D0A 003A FAUF CAF6 CDD4 F410 503D; F710 0093 FAOF BFA9 D4F6 23D4 F410 2020 204D; F720 2852 2850 2929 3D00 D4F6 4D04 F5AE D4F4; F730 1020 2020 533D 0013 F6F6 F6F6 BFA1 D4F6; F740 23D4 F410 2020 204D 2352 2358 2929 3D00; F750 D4F6 4DD4 F5AE D4F4 1020 2020 443D 00)7; F760 BFD4 F5AE D4F4 1020 2020 543D 009B BFD4; F770 F5AE D4F4 100D UA44 463D 0033 F6BF D4F6; F780 2304 F410 2020 2051 3000 83FA 01BF 04F6; F790 23D4 F410 2020 2049 453D 0033 FEFE FE7E; F7A0 FB01 BFD4 F623 D4F4 1000 0A00 88FA 3FA3; F7B0 3FB0 6B37 B3FB 8632 C2FB 40CA F805 88F9; F7C0 40A3 D4F4 1046 494E 4420 00D4 F63D 9FBD; F7D0 88FA 403A DBD4 F410 0D0A 00D4 F834 8752; F7E0 JDF3 3AF2 D4F4 100D 0A46 4F55 4E44 00C0; F7F0 F6C4 6BFB C23A D0D4 F410 0D0A 4252 4541

7MF300 300 4B00 C0F6 C4FB 033A 1BD4 F410 4558 4543; F800 5554 4520 0088 F980 A830 2EFB 11C2 F6CA; F810 FB40 3A2) D4F8 3430 02FB 55CA F7B0 D4F8; F820 34CØ F7A6 D4F6 799F A73A 66D4 F41Ø ØDØA; F840 0038 FA20 324F D4F4 104E 4F20 0030 5898; BBF8 21B8 88F9 20A8 D4F4 1049 4E54 4552; F850 5255 5054 00D5 FBCC C2F9 5237 FA0F A937; F360 FAFØ 3A7A D4F6 4D9F B7D5 FB1Ø 3A32 D4F6; F870 52D5 FB30 3A8A D4F6 64D5 FB60 3A93 D4F6; F330 5030 77FB 103A 9DD4 F667 975A D5FB D03A; F390 A409 B705 FB10 3AAE 39F9 10A9 30A1 FB30; FSAØ 3AB5 9759 D5FB 103A BF89 F910 A930 B2FB; F3B0 603A CB69 5298 FAF0 F1B6 D5FB 303A DA69; F3C0 FEFE FEFE 5298 FAUF 30C8 FB20 32EC FBFU; FBDØ CAF9 63D4 F679 87FA 04CA F912 87F6 F6F6; FBEØ F687 FA03 C2F9 U9FB 01CA F904 88FA 01E2; FBFØ 3330 3033 FB03 3A0D 9733 3330 3038 FA02; F900 F910 3000 F8D3 73F8 D573 82FC 0273 8752 D222; F920 98FA ØFA9 88FE D4F6 6998 FAØF A99F 59D5; F930 3A57 C832 5787 FA30 3A20 87FA 043A 2FD4; F679 9F73 D4F6 7998 FAUF F910 A960 F059; F940 3029 88FA 203A 2F87 FA30 3A2F D4F6 79D4; F950 F679 D552 98F6 F6F6 F6A9 02FB 5032 FB67; F960 FB78 3A7A D4F6 679B 5AD5 FB01 3A91 F802; F970 F980 A9D4 F664 985A BBFA ØF52 FEFE FEFE F1B8; F990 D5FB 033A 9A38 FAFE A8D5 FB01 3AA3 83F9; 01A8 D5FB 09C2 F88E FB01 3AB2 D4F6 6797; F9B0 5AD5 FB03 3ABC 88FA DFA8 30C4 FB01 3ACA; F9CØ 88F9 20A3 D4F6 509F B3D5 22F8 D373 87FA; F9D0 07FB 063A D887 30EA 87FA 0832 E2D4 F679; 30E5 D4F6 4D9F 7387 F908 5288 F6F6 97D2; F9E0 F9F0 B788 33F7 FAFD C8F9 02A8 D522 F8D3 7387; FAUD FA08 3A0D D4F6 509F 7387 52D2 D5D4 F667; FA10 EAST 52D2 BTE2 D5FF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FA20 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FA3Ø FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FA40 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FA50 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FA60 FA70 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FAU FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FA9Ø FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FAA0 FAB0 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FACØ FADO FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FAEO FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF; FAFØ FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF

## Debug by Michael Weigert

The Debug program executes machine language programs instruction by instruction and gives you an update on the status of all of the 1802 microprocessor memories. This will be a great tool for any machine language programer. Not only can it be used to find bugs but also can be used to analize unfamiliar programs. The debug program manipulates pseudo registers, Q, DF, D, IE, P, X, and T. These are either in memory (pseudo registers) or stored in real registers (pseudo everything else). The real status of the external flags is checked when the debug program executes an external flag instruction and the debug program executes all input and output instructions. The debug program should not execute any 69 instructions which turn on the video. This will cause the program to freek out because register l is never initilized to anything or used by the program. Registers 1 and 0 are not used by my program so that somebody that wishes to revise my program to work on the display could do it. When I get time to add on to my program I will add some functions to allow this program to debug Chip 8 programs. Here is a list of functions (typed in on a parallel keyboard -- sometimes a return is required).

```
T Type out all of the microprocessor memories
(Ctrl)T Execute next instruction and type out all...
A Advance in the program one instruction
E Execute an instruction you enter from the keyboard
F Find an instruction and execute all the instructions in the process
(Ctrl)F Type all of the instructions executed until the instruction is found
B Break the Find routine
```

Note that when the find routine ends it types out all ...

The debug program is located at F600-FA16 in our operating system please look at the operating system listing for the debug program. Here is an example of the program analizing the beginning of Chip 8.

```
R(0)=0000 R(1)=22FF R(2)=0000 R(3)=0000 R(4)=0000 R(5)=0000 R(5)=0
```

# Globe II by Michael Weigert

Globe II started as a science fair project at school and I worked on it off and on for about 10 months. This program simulates the rotation of the earth on the VIP. The program makes use of the 64x64 pixel display which was choosen for its symmetry (we also have a video monitor which can manipulate the picture to get square pixels with a 64x64 display). Sorry if you and your readers do not have this capability but it still should be a Pretty Impressive Program. The program occupies 8K of memory and it is possible to fit the program in 4K but I have not been able to take the time to debug my 4K version. Here is a listing of my Globe II program.

```
*?MU 2JJ
     9083 F306 A3D3 F302 B1A1 B2F3 7FA2 E2F3;
0010
     0083 6993 A4AD F313 B4F3 D2AE F31C BF93;
     AF98 5F1F 3F3A 212E 3E3A 2193 A3A5 F818;
0350
1131
     B5F3 JEB7 F3E3 A7F3 1CB6 F3J4 A6J7 F6F6;
3340
    F652 U7FA U7AC 36F7 A626 F332 B993 A9AA;
3350
    AB93 BC3C 3A6D 36FA 07FB 073A 6202 FF30;
    3B64 JC56 J3BC 1602 32C1 FF01 5222 3CFF;
3363
    J1FA J7AC 3DFA J73A 7DAD J414 B010 33FA;
3373
3333
     J13A JB05 F6F6 F6F6 5277 FFJ1 32F2 B733;
JJJA FAU2 32J5 2553 FJJ1 A330 AJJ5 FAUF 5283;
JUAU FAU2 3AA5 1533 FAUS A338 F4FF DF33 CJ38;
3383 F4AB 3DFE 3D33 3C39 F4A9 3074 3AF4 AA33:
    7436 F)J3 A325 J230 6AAF F552 JDFE BD33;
JOC J
     EDS) F452 BAF7 9C7E BC3F A9AB F300 AA30;
2300
SSES
    FBJJ 0030 3D0J 3J13 00JJ 00JJ 006A F452;
JUFJ
    3)F5 JC7E BC3F AAAB F3JJ AJ12 3J53 J3FE;
0100
    3CAF 1F3F 320C 9C7E BC2F 3003 9C56 1226;
3113
     36FF F33B 2796 FB1D 325B 35FC 20A5 957C;
0120 00B5 1738 F904 A838 FA04 A332 3327 85FF;
J130
    20A5 957F 0J35 3041 1735 FC20 A595 7C00;
3140 B526 S6FA FSFC ØCA6 €67C ØØB6 F3ØJ AD34;
1150 FAED FC23 A494 7CD3 B430 E093 3363 F300;
3163 B333 66F3 FFB3 F31C B6F3 1EBF F330 A6AF;
3173
     0006 5F16 1F36 3A71 96FB 1E3A 71F3 10B4;
3130
    F300 A404 14F6 0476 5454 FA1F FB15 3233;
3170
    1430 3634 FAE0 A404 7654 84FC 20A4 947C;
     00B4 343A 3394 FB13 3A33 7B00 7A30 E300;
3143
JIBA
     31C3
    0100
    _ ᲨᲐᲡᲐ ᲡᲐᲡᲐ ᲐᲐᲥᲐ ᲑᲐᲡᲐ ᲡᲐᲡᲐ ᲡᲡᲨᲐ ᲨᲡᲐᲡ ᲡᲐᲑᲐ;
31F3 3330 3333 3433 3330 3333 4333 3303 3003
```

\*?M2JU 20 0200 4270 2273 2252 C4C4 C4F3 1EB0 F300 A030; 3210 E2E2 20A3 E283 A3E2 20A3 3C0F 3000 3000 \*?MEEØ 20 WEEN 060A OCOF 1012 1315 1617 1619 191A 181B; DEFD 1C1D 1D1D 1E1E 1F1F 1F1F 2020 2020 2020 \*7M1000 300 0330 0300 0000 0000 3FBF FE00 0000 0000; 1000 נעכעם פעבט טטעט טעפט לעפט טערט עעעט עסטט: 1010 1020 JUDI BUUN EFUE EFEN Ø7FF FENN DUDJ JUND; 1030 0233 01FF F030 0330 0000 0300 0300 0030; DOTF FF3F FF01 FC1F E1FF F3F0 0003 FFF6; 1040 2033 3FFF FFFF FFFF C000 0020 0000 0000; 1050 1060 F37F FFFF FFFF F003 S1FF 0000 001F 3F07; 1030 00FF FFFF FFFF 367C 003E 0000 20FC 7FFF; 1090 FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFE 3030 3030 0030 3000; 0073 00FF FFFF E07F F300 3000 B003 FFFF; 1 JAJ 10B0 FFFF FFFF FFFF E006 0000 0000 0000; 1000 0030 000F FFFF FEFF F300 0001 9367 FFFF; 0000 0003 FFFF FFFF E700 0000 1BFF FFFF; 10E0 13F3 FFFF FFFF FFFF E30C 0000 0000 0000 0000; 1100 0000 0001 FFFF FFFF E000 0000 1FFF FFFF; 1110 FFFF FFFF FFFF ESUO 0000 JUUU JUUU JUUJ; 1120 0000 0001 FFFF FFFF 4000 0000 1FFF F93F; 1130 FFFF FFFF FFFF C130 0000 0000 0000 0000; 1140 0000 0001 FFFF FFFC 0000 0000 FC19 F61F; 1150 FFFF FFFF FFF9 9000 0000 0000 0000; 1160 0000 0000 FFFF FFF0 0000 0000 F504 CFFF; 1170 FFFF FFFF FFFA 3000 0000 0000 0000; 1130 2000 0000 FFFF FFE0 0000 0000 F000 4FFF; 1190 FFFF FFFF FE30 3000 0000 0000 0000; 11AØ 0000 0000 7FFF FFC0 0000 0000 07E0 00FF; 11B0 FFFF FFFF FF90 6000 0000 0000 0000 3000; JUDU JUDU IFFF FFUU JUUU JUDU 7FFU C2FF; 11C0 11D0 FFFF FFFF FF31 E000 0000 Juon 0000 0000; 11E3 UUUU OUUU OFFF FF00 UUUU OUUU FFFF FFFF; 11F0 FFFF FFFF FF05 0000 0000 0000 0000; 1202 0000 0000 05FF A300 0000 0003 FFFF FFFF; 1210 1223 0000 0000 02FE 0100 0000 0007 FFFF FFFF; 1230 1240 0000 0000 017E 0000 0000 0007 FFFF FF7F; 83FF FFFF FELD 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000; 1260 0000 0000 003E 0380 0000 000F FFFF FF3F; 1270 F30F FEFF FC80 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000; 1280 0000 0000 001F 1060 0000 001F FFFF FF9F; 12∍0. FC0B F57F F000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000; 12AU 0000 0000 000F 700E 8000 001F FFFF FFDF; 1200 0000 0000 0007 F004 0000 001F FFFF FFCF; 12D0 F003 E03F 0080 2000 0000 0000 0000; 12E0 0000 0000 0001 FE00 0000 001F FFFF FFE7; 12F0 C003 C01F 0080 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000

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2M1900 300
 1900 0011 1222 3334 4455 5566 6777 7888 8899;
 1910
     COUNT OUND UNDER ARAA AAAA EEEE
 1920
     0111 2223 3334 4455 5666 6777 8888 3999;
     99AA AAAA AAAB BBBB BB00 0000 0000;
 1930
     0111 2223 3344 4555 6667 7778 8889 9999;
 1940
     1950
 1960
     0111 2223 3344 4556 6667 7788 3899 99AA;
     AAAB BBBB BBBC CCCC CC00 0000 0000 0000;
 1970
 1930
     0111 2223 3344 4556 6667 7783 8899 99AA;
 1990
     AAAB BBBB BBBC CCCC CC00 0000 0000 0000;
 19A0 0111 2223 3444 5556 6677 7888 9999 AAAA;
0111 2233 3444 5566 6777 8889 999A AAAB;
1900
 19 00
      BBBB CCCC CCCC CDDD DD00 0000 0000 0000;
 19 E Ø
      0111 2233 3444 5566 6777 8889 999A AAAB;
 19F0
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1A00
      0111 2233 3445 5566 7778 8899 99AA ABBB;
      BBCC CCCD DDDD DDDD DD00 0000 2000 0000;
1A10
 1A20
     J111 2233 4445 5666 7778 8999 AAAA BBBB;
1A40 Ø111 2233 4445 5666 7778 8999 AAAA BBBB;
1A50 CCCC CODD DDDD DEEE EEDO JOUG 0000 0000;
1A60 0111 2233 4445 5666 7778 3999 AAAA BBBB;
1A30 0112 2233 4455 5667 7783 899A AAAB BBCC;
1AA0 0112 2233 4455 5667 7788 899A AAAB BBCC;
1ACØ 0112 2333 4455 6667 7888 999A AABB BCCC;
 1ADØ
     CDDD DEEE EEEE EEFF FF00 0000 0000 0000;
 1AEJ
     Ø112 2333 4455 6667 7888 999A AABB BCCC;
 1AFØ
     CDDD DEEE EEEE EEFF FF00 0000 0000 3000;
 1B00
     Ø112 2333 4455 6667 7388 999A AABB BCCC;
 1B1 J
     CDDD DEEE EEEE EEFF FF00 0000 0000 0000;
     0112 2333 4455 6667 7383 999A AABB BCCC;
CDDD DEEE EEEE EEFF FF00 0000 0000 0000;
1B20
1830
     0112 2334 4455 6677 7889 33AA ABBB CCCD;
1B40
     DDDE EEEE EFFF FFFF FF00 0000 0000 0000;
1850
     0112 2334 4455 6677 7839 99AA ABBB CCCD;
1B60
     DDDE EEEE EFFF FFFF FF00 0000 0000 0000;
1B7 Ø
     0112 2334 4455 6677 7889 99AA ABBB CCCD;
1B30
     DDDE EEEE EFFF FFFF FF00 0000 0000 0000;
1B90
     0112 2334 4455 6677 7889 99AA ABBB CCCD;
1BAØ
     DDDE EEEE EFFF FFFF FF20 0300 0000 0303;
1BBØ
1BC 0
     0112 2334 4455 6677 7889 99AA ABBB CCCD;
1BE0 0112 2334 4455 6677 7589 99AA ABBB CCCD;
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#### Some final thoughts...

Since the first part of the editorial was written, there have been a few more renewals, but none at all in the past two weeks. admit I've been oragging my feet about getting this issue out, but I wanted to see if there would be any more renewals. Also, it's a little tough to get the juices going when the weather is warm and there a lot of fun things to do. However, here is the issue.

During this interval of time I've been pondering what direction we should go with VIPHCA. The survey results of the questionaire, I think, indicate that there is a general willingness to support some other computer or computers, perhaps in conjunction with any VIP or 1802 projects that might come along. And that's nice to see. There are some interesting computers available at very modest cost.

My personal recomendations for a good hobbyist computer are these: 1. Commodore 64, because of the HUGE market support in software, magazines, and hardware; 2. Radio Shack CoCo II, because of it's clearly superior processor, speed, and new compact case and even newer keyboard, and magazine support; 3. Apple IIe, even though it is still expensive compared to the others, (the price has dropped somewnat lately) because of the large software and hardware support and because it is easy to add extra boards, languages, etc. Each of these machines has 64K memory, which is quite enough to do some serious computing and support the use of a disk system for programs and data. The Commodore disk is very slow, compared to the others, but still much faster than a cassette system. They also have seemed to solve some early problems with overheating and mechanical reliability. I also like the VIC-20, but it has a smaller memory and suffers from sluggish sales these days, and is in risk of being discontinued. Most VIC-20 hardware and accessories (printers, disk drive, etc.) will work with the C-64 which is a feature in its favor.

So, although my heart says to continue with VIPER, my head says that it isn't practical. There are just too many good magazines and clubs already in existance supporting those computers mentioned above. Therefore, I think the time has come for us to set VIPER to rest. It had a good run, but its time has now past. I owe a lot to the little VIP for helping me learn about computers. I've had lots of fun and don't regret for one minute my choice of a VIP for a first computer. I'm sure many of you feel the same way.

Since I've deposited the checks that you sent in for this years's dues, what I'll do is deduct a modest amount, most likely \$1 per member, to cover expenses involved with this final issue, and refund the balance of the dues to those of you who represed for '84.

I've made many friends through VIPHCA over the years, and I'll miss our little "chats", even though most of the time it's a one-way conversation. And I hope, should you feel so inclined, that you won't hesitate to drop me a card or letter just to keep in touch or if you think that I might be able to help solve a computer problem. I can't guarantee that I'll have the answer for you, but I'll try to find out who might have the answer. And if you have a VIP or 1802 related problem, I will again do my best to help you.

73. Ray