Change of Bons

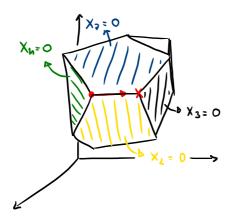
Wi're in a bon's B and the ophindity test has failed

Our cost function is
$$\overline{c}^T = c^T - C_0^T B^T A$$

Choose
$$h \in [1,n]$$
 | Xn is now-bosic: $\bar{c}_h = c_h - \nu^{\intercal} \Lambda_h < 0$

$$C^{T}X = C_{0}^{T}B^{T}b + \underbrace{c_{0}^{T}X_{0} + \dots}_{C_{0}^{T}X_{0}}$$

Our good is to invesse Xn xina CnXn would divesse:



following the red arrow will increase the value of Xn xuce we will stay which the polyhedron

We also need to know when to stop, or we'll end up in a place with non-fearible solutions

$$X_{B} = \underbrace{B^{\dagger}b}_{b} - \underbrace{B^{\dagger}\Delta_{h}}_{A_{h}} X_{h} \qquad \left(\text{online old others } X_{F} \neq X_{h} \text{ stay of } O = X_{h} \text{ traveling ou} \right)$$

$$\text{the edge between the two vertices}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_{P[I]} \\ X_{P[W]} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \overline{b}_{1} \\ \overline{b}_{m} \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \overline{a}_{1}u \\ \overline{a}_{m} \end{bmatrix} \times h \qquad \left(\text{Remember that } B[I] \text{ is the index of the} \right)$$

$$\text{column in } A \text{ that's placed in } B_{I}$$

$$X_{p[i]} = \overline{b_i} - \overline{a_{in}} X_h$$
 $\forall i = 1,...,m$ (If $X_{p[i]}$ increases too much we end up) outside of the polyhedron

$$X_A \notin \overline{b}_A$$
 $b \ge 0$ (since it's part of a bps $X_B = \left[\frac{6}{0}\right]$
 $b \ge 0$ (increasing from 0)

· āin : 0 => Xn con prom forever -> unbounded

$$\cdot \, \overline{Q}_{ih} \, \langle \, 0 \, \Rightarrow \, X_{ih} \, \leq \frac{\overline{b}_{ih}}{\overline{Q}_{ih}}$$

Going through all i, we get different XA volves:

$$\theta = \min \left\{ \frac{\overline{b}_i}{\overline{a}_{ii}} : \overline{a}_{ii} > 0 \right\}$$

Once Xn has reached O, there will be another whather veaching o

$$X_{B[t]} = 0$$
 with $t = \operatorname{argmin} \left\{ \frac{\overline{b_i}}{\overline{a_{ih}}} : \overline{a_{ih}} > 0 \right\}$

We can now change borns to represent the vertex we've reached:

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} A_{\beta C i 3} & \cdots & A_{\beta$$

Pseudocode for the simplex method

- 1) lubolization: find a starting feasible basis B=[April April]
- 2) Optimolity test:

with
$$\mu^{T} := C_{0}^{T} B^{-1}$$

if $C_{0}^{T} = C_{0}^{T} - \mu^{T} A > 0$, then we found our optimal solution $x = \begin{bmatrix} B^{-1}b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ else drange borns

3) Change of boxis:

choose
$$\overline{c}_{h}$$
 from \overline{c}^{T} s.t. $\overline{c}_{h} = \overline{c}_{h} - \mu^{T} Ah < 0$

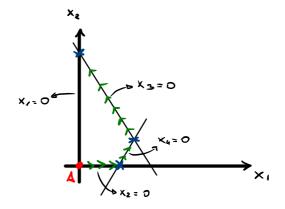
"Xh wouts to enter the bonds"

 $t := \underset{ih}{\overline{b}_{ih}} : \overline{e}_{ih} > 0$
 $t := \underset{ih}{\overline{b}_{ih}} : \overline{e}_{ih} > 0$

"Xp[t] must have the bon's to let Xh enter" repeat step 2

Es:

$$\begin{cases} min - x_1 - x_2 &:= 2 \\ 6x_1 + 6x_2 + x_3 &= 24 \\ 3x_1 - 2x_2 + x_4 &= 6 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 & > 0 \end{cases}$$



First iteration: current weter A=(0,0), bosic variables (x3,X4)

Since the origin is fearble, we can choose it as the first weter

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_{\beta}[7] \\ X_{\beta}[27] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{3} \\ X_{4} \end{bmatrix} \quad B_{0} = \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2^{4} \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 6^{4} \\ 3^{-2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{3} \\ X_{4} \end{bmatrix} \quad B_{0} = \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2^{4} \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 6^{4} \\ 3^{-2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{3} \\ X_{4} \end{bmatrix} \quad B_{0} = \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2^{4} \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 6^{4} \\ 3^{-2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{3} \\ X_{4} \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2^{4} \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 6^{4} \\ 3^{-2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{3} \\ X_{4} \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2^{4} \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 6^{4} \\ 3^{-2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{3} \\ B_{0} \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2^{4} \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 6^{4} \\ 3^{-2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{3} \\ B_{0} \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2^{4} \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 6^{4} \\ 3^{-2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{3} \\ B_{0} \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{1} \\ X_{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{3} \\ B_{0} \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{1} \\ X_{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{1} \\ X_{2} \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1$$

We must find
$$t = \operatorname{argmin} \left\{ \frac{\overline{b}_{i}}{\overline{Q}_{ih}} \quad \overline{Q}_{ih} \neq 0 \right\}, h = 1$$

$$\cdot i = 1 : \frac{\overline{b}_{1}}{\overline{Q}_{ih}} = \frac{24}{6} = 4$$

$$\cdot i = 2 : \frac{\overline{b}_{2}}{\overline{Q}_{1h}} = 6/3 = 2$$

$$t \cdot 2 = 0 \text{ B[t]} = 4$$

$$\frac{\overline{b}_2}{\overline{a}_{24}} = 6/3 = 2$$

$$| t \cdot 2 = D \beta[t] = 6$$

$$| x_4 | \text{leaves the bons} | x_4 |$$

Since we chosed to increase x, x, is till 0, so new we've in B

Second iteration: arrent when
$$B(2,0)$$
, bonic variables (X_1,X_3) bust head of computing B^1 with this new bonis, we can rewrite

Insthed of computing
$$B^{-1}$$
 with this new bosis, we can rewrite our system:
$$\begin{cases}
X_3 = 12 - 8X_2 + 2X_4 \\
X_1 = 2 + \frac{2}{3}X_2 - \frac{1}{3}X_4
\end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix}
\bar{a}_{11} & \bar{a}_{11} \\
\bar{a}_{21} & \bar{a}_{12}
\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}
\delta & -1 \\
-\frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3}
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$2 = -2 - \frac{5}{3}X_2 + \frac{1}{3}X_4$$

$$\overline{C}_{p}^{T} = \begin{bmatrix} -5/3 \\ 1/3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \overline{C}_{L} \stackrel{?}{\sim} 0$$
 \longrightarrow " \times_{2} enters the basis"

$$l = \operatorname{argmin} \left\{ \frac{\overline{b}_i}{\overline{e}_{ih}} : e_{ih} > 0 \right\} = 1$$

= 1 =D
$$\beta[1] = 3 \rightarrow " \times_3$$
 leaves the boss's"

Third iterohou: arrent writex
$$((3,1.5), \text{ bonic variebles } (x_1,x_2)$$

$$\begin{cases} X_2 = 6 - \frac{3}{2} X_1 - \frac{1}{4} X_3 \\ X_4 = \frac{18}{6} - 6 X_1 - \frac{1}{2} X_3 \\ Z = -6 + \frac{1}{2} X_1 + \frac{1}{4} X_3 \implies \overline{C_i} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix} > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$X_{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 \\ 18 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{X_{2}} X_{1} \xrightarrow{B} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{C} X_{2} = -6 \text{ appinal solution}$$