

# Title Slide

**Chain of Thought (CoT):** Chain of Thought (CoT) vs Tree of Thoughts (ToT) Prompting

**Tree of Thoughts (ToT):** Understanding the structural and strategic differences between two advanced reasoning techniques in AI prompting.

## 1. Introduction

**Chain of Thought (CoT):** Chain of Thought (CoT): A prompting method that guides AI to reason step-by-step linearly before producing an answer.

**Tree of Thoughts (ToT):** Tree of Thoughts (ToT): A prompting method that explores multiple reasoning paths (branches) simultaneously to find the most optimal solution.

## 2. Core Idea

**Chain of Thought (CoT):** CoT focuses on a single reasoning path where each step builds upon the previous one.

**Tree of Thoughts (ToT):** ToT involves branching reasoning paths that can be evaluated and pruned based on logic or performance.

## 3. Objective

**Chain of Thought (CoT):** CoT aims to make the model's reasoning process transparent and coherent.

**Tree of Thoughts (ToT):** ToT aims to enhance reasoning accuracy by exploring multiple solution paths before selecting the best.

## 4. Structure

**Chain of Thought (CoT):** CoT: Linear structure – one chain of reasoning from start to finish.

**Tree of Thoughts (ToT):** ToT: Hierarchical structure – tree of multiple reasoning branches that can merge or diverge.

## 5. Cognitive Analogy

**Chain of Thought (CoT):** CoT is like following a single train of thought to reach a conclusion.

**Tree of Thoughts (ToT):** ToT is like brainstorming multiple ideas, evaluating them, and choosing the best outcome.

## 6. Example

**Chain of Thought (CoT):** CoT Example: Solving a math problem step-by-step — each step logically follows the previous one.

**Tree of Thoughts (ToT):** ToT Example: Exploring different solution strategies (e.g., algebraic vs. geometric) before deciding the most efficient path.

## 7. Real-World Use Case

**Chain of Thought (CoT):** CoT: Used in logical reasoning tasks, math problem solving, and structured Q&A.

**Tree of Thoughts (ToT):** ToT: Used in planning, decision-making, and problem-solving where multiple possible outcomes exist.

## 8. Strengths

**Chain of Thought (CoT):** CoT: Easy to implement, interpretable reasoning, improves reliability for single-path problems.

**Tree of Thoughts (ToT):** ToT: Handles complex problems, enhances creativity, supports evaluation of multiple reasoning directions.

## 9. Limitations

**Chain of Thought (CoT):** CoT: May miss alternative solutions if the single reasoning path is flawed.

**Tree of Thoughts (ToT):** ToT: Computationally expensive; requires mechanisms to manage and evaluate multiple branches.

## 10. Summary

**Chain of Thought (CoT):** CoT: Linear reasoning with focus on step-by-step logic. Real-world use: Math explanations, reasoning tasks.

**Tree of Thoughts (ToT):** ToT: Branching reasoning that evaluates multiple possibilities. Real-world use: Strategic decision-making, creative problem solving.