

Configuration Item (CI)

Anything that needs to be managed in order to deliver an IT Service

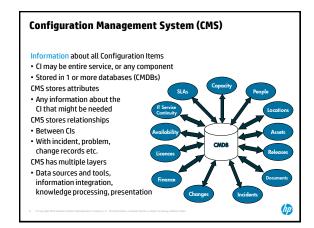
CI information is recorded in the Configuration Management System

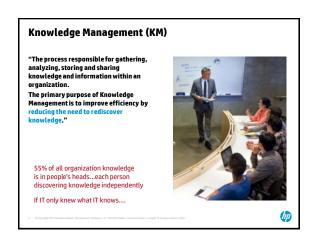
CI information is maintained and tracked throughout its Lifecycle by Configuration Management

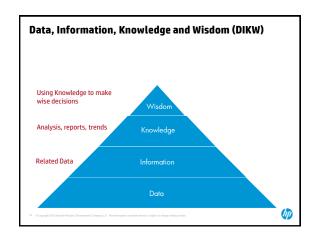
All CIs are subject to Change Management control

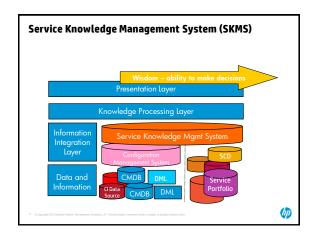
CIs typically include

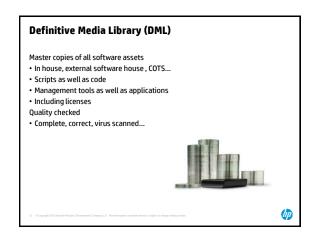
IT Services, hardware, software, buildings, people, and formal documentation such as Process documentation and SLAs

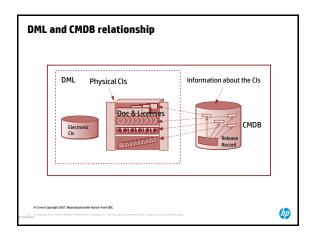














# **Service Transition processes**

- Transition Planning and Support
- · Change Management
- Service Asset and Configuration Management (SACM)
- Release and Deployment Management
- Service Validation and Testing
- Evaluation
- Knowledge Management

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# Service Asset and Configuration Management (SACM)

- · Purpose, Goals, and Objectives
- · Basic concepts
- Roles



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# SACM — Objective

Identify, control, record, report, audit and verify service assets and configuration items, including versions, baselines, configuration item attributes and relationships.

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### SACM — Purpose

Identify, control, record, report, audit and verify service assets and CIs

 $\label{lem:count_for_manage} \mbox{ Account for, manage, and protect the integrity of service assets and CIs} \\$ 

Establish and maintain an accurate and complete Configuration Management System (CMS)

As part of an overall Service Knowledge Management System

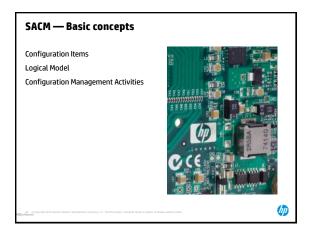
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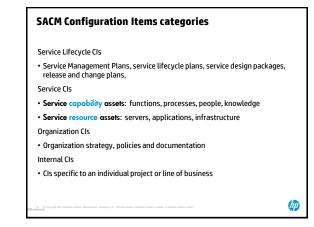
# SACM — Goals

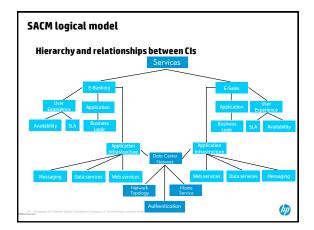
- · Support the organization's control objectives and requirements
- Support efficient and effective Service Management processes by providing accurate configuration information
- Minimize the number of quality and compliance issues caused by improper configuration of service and assets
- Optimize service assets, IT configurations, capabilities, and resources

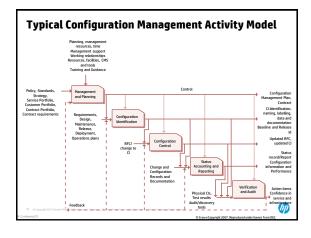
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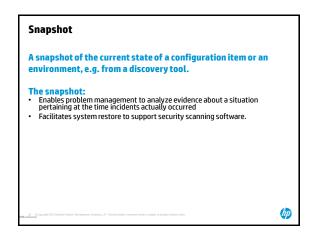








# Configuration Baseline A configuration baseline is the configuration of a service, product or infrastructure that has been formally reviewed and agreed on, that thereafter serves as the basis for further activities and that can be changed only through formal change procedures. Establishing a baseline provides the ability to: Mark a milestone in the development of a service, e.g. Service Design baseline Build a service component from a defined set of inputs Change or rebuild a specific version at a later date Assemble all relevant components in readiness for a change or release Provide the basis for a configuration audit and back out, e.g. after a change.



### **Definitive Spares**

- An area should be set aside for the secure storage of definitive hardware spares.
- These are spare components and assemblies that are maintained at the same level as the comparative systems within the controlled test or live environment.
- These can then be used in a controlled manner when needed for additional systems or in the recovery from incidents. Once their (temporary) use has ended, they are returned to the spares store or replacements are obtained.

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### SACM — Roles

Service Asset Manager

Configuration Manager

Each of these is the process owner for their area

- Implement policy and standards
- Procure and manage finances
- Agree scope, processes and procedures
- Define and procure tools
- Recruit and train staff
- Oversee collection and management of data
- Manage audits
- Provide management reports

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