

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/22

Paper 2 Problem-solving and Programming

February/March 2017

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

No calculators allowed.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

DO NOT ATTEMPT TASKS 1, 2 AND 3 in the pre-release material; these are for information only.

You are advised to spend no more than 40 minutes on Section A (Question 1).

No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The maximum number of marks is 50.

The syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.



Section A

You are advised to spend no longer than 40 minutes answering this section.

Here is a copy of the pre-release material.

DO NOT attempt Tasks 1, 2 and 3 now.

Use the pre-release material and your experience from attempting the tasks before the examination to answer Question 1.

Pre-release material

An experiment has taken place which measures the reaction speeds of students. Each student is aged from 12 to 16, and belongs to a school house (Saturn or Mars). A program is required to store the age, school house and reaction time of each student in the school. There are 650 students in the school. The program should be able to output the reaction times of different student groups.

Write and test a program for the school.

- Your program must include appropriate prompts for the entry of data.
- Error messages and other output need to be set out clearly.
- All variables, constants and other identifiers must have meaningful names.

You will need to complete these **three** tasks. Each task must be fully tested.

TASK 1 – Set up arrays and store records

Set up one-dimensional arrays for the whole school to store the following data:

- The age of each student in whole years
- The school house of each student
- The reaction time of each student

Input and store the records for an **appropriate sample** of students. Inputs must be validated on entry and any invalid inputs rejected.

TASK 2 – Output school house based statistics

Using your sample, calculate and output the average reaction times for students in Saturn and students in Mars.

TASK 3 – Output statistics based on user input

Extend your program to prompt users to input a specific age and school house. Using only records that match the criteria input, the program should identify, calculate and output:

- The average reaction time
- The slowest reaction time

The output should include a suitable message for each of the reaction times identified.

(a)	All ۱	variables and other identifiers should have meaningful names.
	(i)	Declare the array used to store the reaction times for the whole school.
		[1]
	(ii)	Change this declaration so the array can only hold records for a sample of 50 students.
		[1]
	(iii)	Explain why an array is an effective data structure for storing the reaction time records.
		[2]
(b)		te an algorithm to complete Task 1 for the whole school, using either pseudocode, gramming statements or a flowchart. DO NOT include any validation routines.
		[3]

(c) Identify three different types of test data you used to test the validation checks on the age input in **Task 1**. For each type, give an example of appropriate data.

Type of test data	Example data

[6]

(d)	Explain how you calculated and outputted the average reaction time based on the user inputs of age and school house, as part of Task 3 . Any programming statements used in your answer must be fully explained.

.....[5]

(e)	Explain how you would change your solution to Task 3 to output the age of the student with the fastest reaction time.
	10

[4]

6

Section B

2 Read this section of code that inputs the ages of people entering an event. The input sequence is ended by inputting a negative value for age. The code outputs the number of people at the event over the age of 18.

```
01
      Num18 = 0
02
     INPUT Age
03
     WHILE Age >= 0 DO
04
          IF Age >= 18 THEN
05
             Num18 = Num18 + Age
06
          ENDIF
07
      ENDWHILE
08
      PRINT Num18 - Age
```

There are four errors in this code.

Locate these errors and suggest code correction to remove each error.

Error 1
Correction
Error 2
Correction
Error 3
Correction
Error 4
Correction

- **3** There is a program that stores the following data:
 - EmployeeID, an employee ID which must be two letters followed by 4 numbers, e.g. TY4587
 - Manager, whether the employee is a manager or not
 - AnnualHoliday, number of whole days' annual holiday
 - PayGrade, the employee's pay grade which must be a single letter A–F

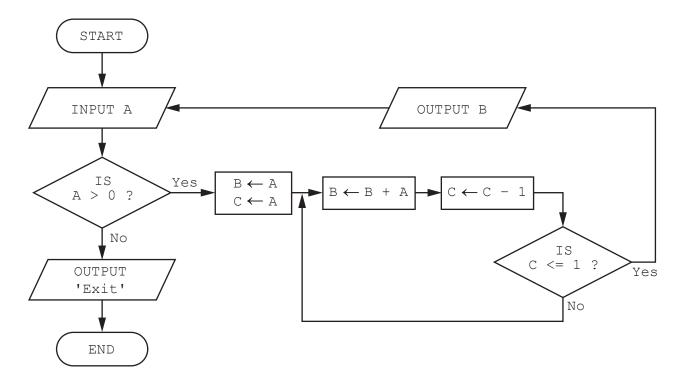
Complete the following table to identify:

- The most appropriate data type for each variable
- An appropriate validation check for each variable. You must use a different validation check for each variable.

Variable	Data type	Appropriate validation check
EmployeeID		
Manager		
AnnualHoliday		
PayGrade		

[8]

4 Study the flowchart.



Complete the trace table for the input values 4, 3, -1:

Α	В	С	ОИТРИТ

[4]

5

(a)	Rewrite the following pseudocode algorithm using a WHILE DO ENDWHILE loop.
	<pre>INPUT Num FOR Counter ← 1 TO 12 Num ← Num * Counter A[Counter] ← Num</pre>
	NEXT
	[4]
(b)	Explain the differences between a while \dots do \dots endwhile and a Repeat \dots until loop.
	[4]

6 A database table, DEVICE, has been set up to record the electronic equipment used in a small business.

Device ID	Device Type	User	Purchase Date	Purchase Price (\$)	Portable
3	Desktop	Alan Swales	14/02/2017	1350.00	N
4	Laptop	Chantel Law	01/02/2016	1460.00	Y
5	Tablet	Abdula Saud	31/12/2016	1000.00	Y
6	Desktop	Abdula Saud	14/03/2017	1000.00	N
7	Laptop	Alan Swales	15/03/2016	1700.00	Y
8	Tablet	Taona Jaji	16/12/2016	470.00	Υ

(a) The query-by-example grid below selects certain records.

Field:	User	Portable	Purchase Price (\$)
Table:	DEVICE	DEVICE	DEVICE
Sort:	Ascending		
Show:	/		
Criteria:		Υ	>1000
or:			

Show what would be the output from the query-by-example.
[2]
Complete the query-by-example grid below to select all Desktop devices that were either purchased before $31/12/2016$ or cost under \$1000. Only show the Device ID and Device Type.

Field:			
Table:			
Sort:			
Show:			
Criteria:			
or:			

[4]

(b)

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12

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