

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	Ē		



COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/12

Paper 1 Theory

October/November 2016

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

No calculators allowed.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The maximum number of marks is 75.

The syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.



	1		
	2		
/l=\		w a aanswilay ta tyanaa	lata tha muanuana
(b)		·	
	The table below lists a number of statements about	t language translator	S.
	Tick (\checkmark) to show which statements refer to interpret	ters and which refer	to compilers.
	Statements	Interpreter (✓)	Compiler (✓)
	Translates the source code into machine code all at once		
	Produces an executable file in machine code		
	Executes a high-level language program one instruction at a time		
	Once translated, the translator does not need to be present for the program to run		
	· ·		
	An executable file is produced		
	An executable file is produced		
	·		
Stat	An executable file is produced te four functions of an operating system.		
	·		
1	te four functions of an operating system.		
1 2	te four functions of an operating system.		
1 2 3	te four functions of an operating system.		

3

(a)	Exp	lain what is meant by:	
	(i)	Serial data transmission	
			[2]
	(ii)	Parallel data transmission	
			[2]
(b)		omputer in a factory is connected to a printer. The printer is located in an office 1 km average in the factory.	way
	lder	ntify which data transmission method would be most suitable for this connection.	
	Give	e two reasons for your choice.	
	1		
	2		
			[3]

4 Nine bytes of data are transmitted from one computer to another. Even parity is used. An additional parity byte is also sent.

The ten bytes arrive at the destination computer as follows:

	parity bit	bit 2	bit 3	bit 4	bit 5	bit 6	bit 7	bit 8
byte 1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0
byte 2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
byte 3	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
byte 4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
byte 5	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
byte 6	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1
byte 7	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
byte 8	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
byte 9	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
parity byte	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0

One of the bits was corrupted during the data transmission.

(a)	Circle the corrupt bit in the corrupt byte in the table above.	[1]
(b)	Explain how the corrupted bit was found.	
		.[2]

5	A computer	uses an	8-bit	register.
•	/ t compator	accc an	ODIL	rogiotor.

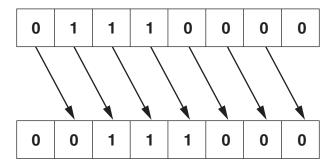
The 8-bit register contains binary integers.

(a) Write the denary (base 10) value represented by:

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0

.....[1]

(b) All the bits in the register are shifted one place to the right as shown below.



Write the denary number that is represented after this shift.

F	4.7
l'	11

(c) State the effect the shift to the right had on the original denary number from part (a).

r	4.7
	71

(d) The original number in part (a) is shifted three places to the right.

(i) Show the new binary number:

[1]

(ii) Write the equivalent denary number.

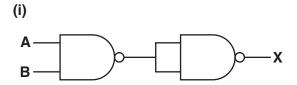
F4.1
 .[1]

(e)	Describe the problems that of five places to the right .	could be caused if the original binary number in part (a) is shifted
		[2]
Fou	ır computer terms and eight	descriptions are shown below.
Dra	w lines to connect each comp	outer term to the correct description(s).
	Computer term	Description
		Data can be read but not altered
	Arithmetic and logic unit (ALU)	Carries out operations such as addition and multiplication
		Stores bootstrap loader and BIOS
	Control unit	Fetches each instruction in turn
	Random access memory (RAM)	Carries out operations such as AND, OR, NOT
	memory (11/4vi)	Stores part of the operating system currently in use
	Read only memory (ROM)	Stores data currently in use
		Manages execution of each instruction

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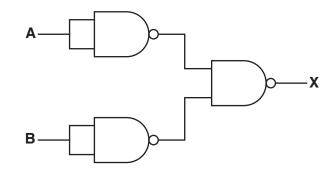
7 (a) Complete the truth tables and name the single logic gate that could replace each logic circuit:



Α	В	Working space	х
0	0		
0	1		
1	0		
1	1		

Single logic gate[3]

(ii)



Α	В	Working space	x
0	0		
0	1		
1	0		
1	1		

Single logic gate[3]

(b) (i) Draw a logic circuit to represent the following logic statement:

$$X = 1$$
 if $(A = 1 \text{ AND } B = 1)$ OR $((B = NOT 1) \text{ AND } C = 1)$



[4]

(ii) Complete the truth table for the logic statement in part (b)(i).

Α	В	С	Working space	х
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

[4]

8 Identify whether the **four** statements about file compression are correct by writing TRUE or FALSE in the following table.

Statement	TRUE or FALSE
MIDI files store the actual music notes in a compressed format	
JPEG files are examples of lossless file compression	
MP3 files are, on average, 90% smaller than the music files stored on a CD	
MP4 files are examples of lossy file compression	

9	(a)	Explain what is meant by a denial of service attack.
		[2]
	(b)	Name and describe two other potential security threats when using the Internet.
		Security threat 1
		Description
		Security threat 2
		Description
		[4]

10	(a)	Describe what is meant by HTML.
		[3]
	(b)	The following URL is typed in:
		http://www.cie.org.uk/ComputerSciencePapers
		This URL is composed of three parts.
		State the part of this URL that is the:
		File name
		Protocol
		Web server name

11		urity system is installed in a house. A hexadecimal number is entered to activate or deactivate larm.					
	(a)	The alarm code is set to hexadecimal number 2 A F Show how this number would be stored in a 12-bit binary register.					
			[3]				
	(b)	Identify two sensors that the security system could use to detect intruders.					
		Describe how each sensor could be used in the security system.					
		Sensor 1					
		Description					
		Sensor 2					
		Description					
			[6]				

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Explain the differences between freeware and free software .	
	[4]

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