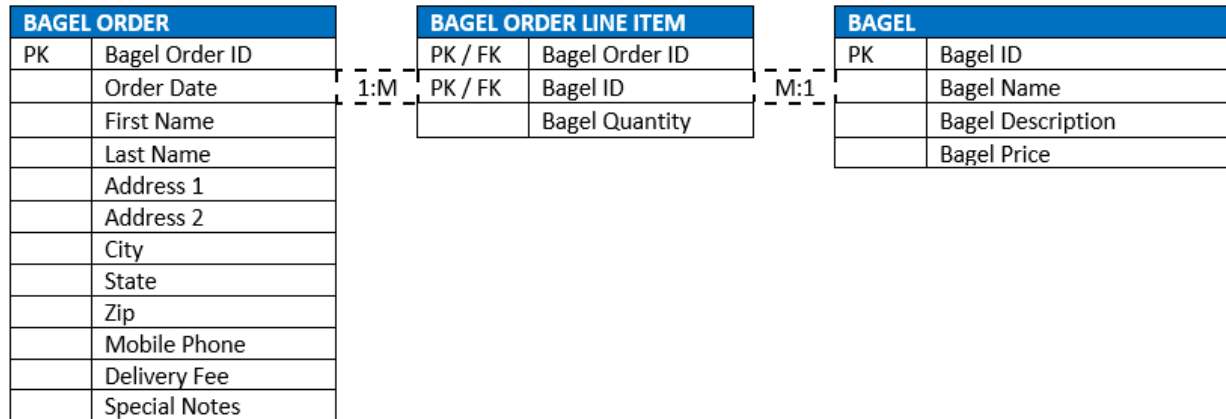


Part A

A1:

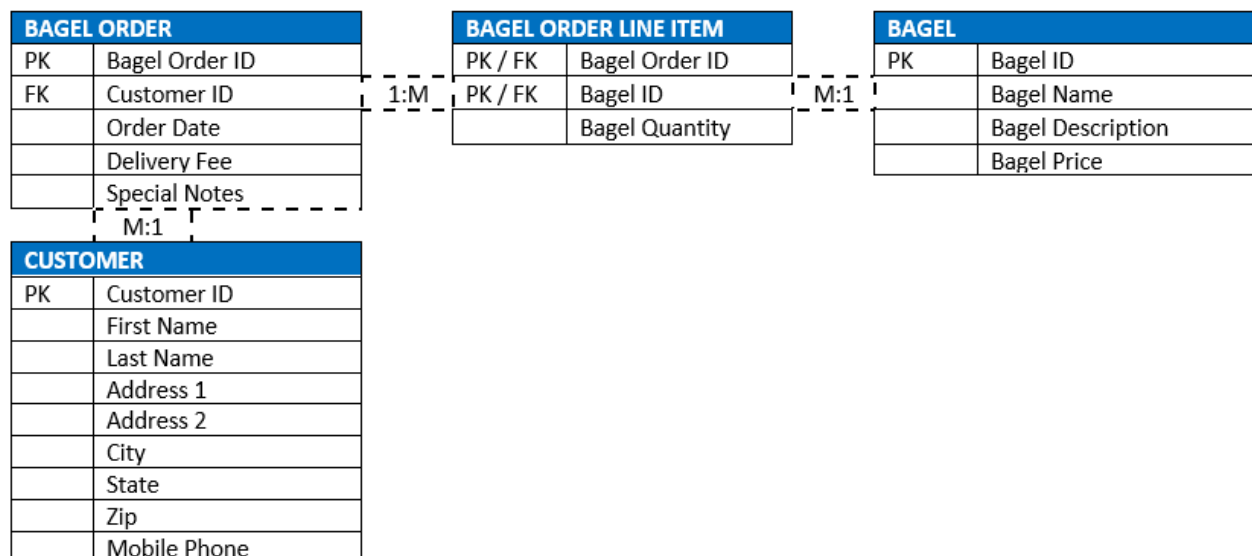
Second Normal Form (2NF)



- Bagel Name, Bagel Description, and Bagel Price is only dependent on Bagel ID and not Bagel Order ID.
- Bagel Quantity was dependent both on Bagel ID and Bagel Order ID.
- All remaining attributes were dependent on Bagel Order ID and not Bagel ID.
- There can be multiple Bagel Order Line Items in a Bagel Order, but only one Bagel Order can have multiple Bagel Order Line Items.
- There is only one Bagel per Bagel Order Line Item, but multiple Bagel Order Line Items can have one Bagel.

A2

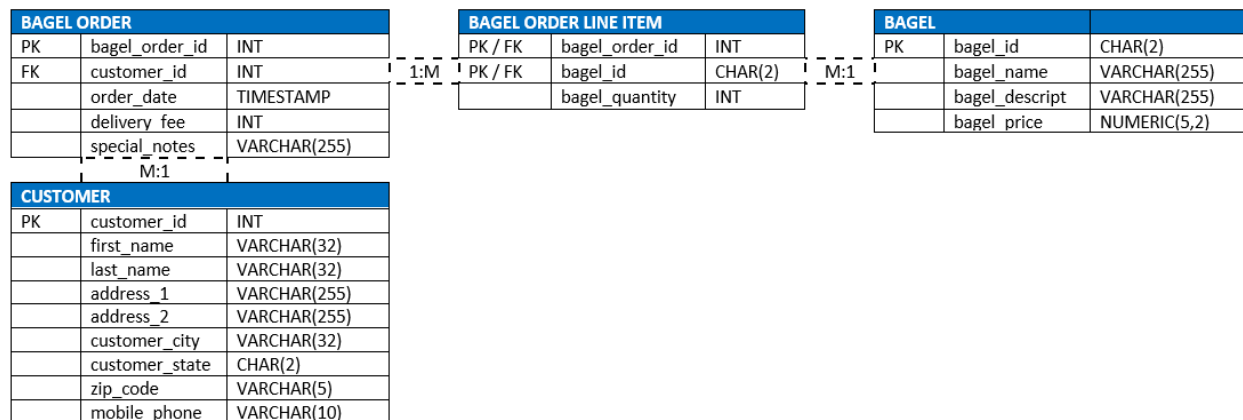
Third Normal Form (3NF)



- A separate table was created called Customer with a Primary Key called Customer ID. All the information in the Customer table is now solely dependent on Customer ID and not on Bagel Order ID and can be referenced using Customer ID as a Foreign Key in the Bagel Order table.
- Multiple Bagel Orders can be created by one Customer but only one Customer can create multiple Bagel Orders.

A3

Final Physical Database Model



Part B

B1

```

1 CREATE TABLE employee
2 (
3     employee_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
4     first_name VARCHAR(30),
5     last_name VARCHAR(30),
6     hire_date DATE,
7     job_title VARCHAR(30),
8     shop_id INTEGER
9 );
10
11 CREATE TABLE coffee_shop
12 (
13     shop_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
14     shop_name VARCHAR(50),
15     address VARCHAR(50)
16 );

```

Build Schema

Edit Fullscreen

Browser

[;]

Run SQL

Edit Fullscreen

[;]

Schema Ready

(Full code at bottom of document)

B2

```
163 'aguzman@rvc.com',
164 ), (
165 2,
166 'I Cant Believe Its Not Coffee',
167 'United States',
168 'Lavitz Herschel',
169 'lherschel@notcoffee.com'
170 ), (
171 3,
172 'Its a Mystery',
173 NULL,
174 NULL,
175 'mysterycoffeeman@mysterycoffee.com'
176 );
```

Build Schema Edit Fullscreen

Browser [;]

Run SQL Edit Fullscreen [;]

✓ Schema Ready

B3

```
112 'Its a Mystery',
113 NULL,
114 NULL,
115 'mysterycoffeeman@mysterycoffee.com'
116 );
117 CREATE VIEW EmployeeView AS SELECT
118     employee_id,
119     CONCAT(first_name, ' ', last_name) AS
120     hire_date,
121     job_title,
122     shop_id
123 FROM
124     employee;
125
```

Build Schema Edit Fullscreen

Browser [;]

Run SQL Edit Fullscreen [;]

✓ Schema Ready

B4

174 mysterycoffee@mysterycoffee.com

175);

176

177 SELECT

178 CONCAT(first_name, ' ', last_name) AS e

179 FROM

180 employee;

181

182 CREATE VIEW EmployeeView AS

183 SELECT employee_id, employee_full_name,

184 FROM employee;

185

186 CREATE INDEX idx_coffee_name

187 ON coffee (coffee_name);

Build Schema

Edit Fullscreen

Browser

[;]

1

Run SQL

Edit Fullscreen

[;]

✓ Schema Ready

B5

124 hire_date,

125 job_title,

126 shop_id

127 FROM

128 employee;

129 CREATE INDEX idx_coffee_name ON

130 coffee(coffee_name);

131 SELECT

132 supplier_id

133 FROM

134 supplier

135 WHERE

136 sales_contact_name IS NOT NULL;

137

Build Schema

Edit Fullscreen

Browser

[;]

1 SELECT last_name

2 FROM employee

3 WHERE first_name = 'John';

Run SQL

Edit Fullscreen

[;]

✓ Record Count: 0; Execution Time: 31ms View Execution Plan link

id	select_type	table	type	possible_keys	key	key_len	ref	rows	filtered	Extra
1	SIMPLE	employee	ALL					1	100.00	Using where

B6

The screenshot shows a SQL IDE interface. On the left, a code editor contains SQL statements to create three tables: `employee`, `coffee_shop`, and `coffee`. The `employee` table has columns `employee_id` (PRIMARY KEY), `first_name`, `last_name`, `hire_date`, `job_title`, and `shop_id`. The `coffee_shop` table has columns `shop_id` (PRIMARY KEY), `shop_name`, `city`, and `state`. The `coffee` table has columns `coffee_id` (PRIMARY KEY), `shop_id`, `supplier_id`, `coffee_name`, and `price_per_pound`. On the right, a query window shows a SELECT statement: `SELECT employee.employee_id, coffee_shop.shop_name, coffee.coffee_id FROM employee INNER JOIN coffee_shop ON employee.shop_id = coffee_shop.shop_id INNER JOIN coffee ON coffee_shop.shop_id = coffee.shop_id;`. Below the code editors, a green bar indicates 'Record Count: 0; Execution Time: 24ms'. At the bottom, an execution plan table is displayed.

id	select_type	table	type	possible_keys	key	key_len	ref	rows	filtered	Extra
1	SIMPLE	employee	index	FK_shop_id1	FK_shop_id1	5		1	100.00	Using where; Using index
1	SIMPLE	coffee_shop	eq_ref	PRIMARY	PRIMARY	4	db_9_32d2a0.employee.shop_id	1	100.00	
1	SIMPLE	coffee	ref	FK_shop_id2	FK_shop_id2	5	db_9_32d2a0.employee.shop_id	1	100.00	Using index

Code:

```
CREATE TABLE employee(  
    employee_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,  
    first_name VARCHAR(30),  
    last_name VARCHAR(30),  
    hire_date DATE,  
    job_title VARCHAR(30),  
    shop_id INTEGER  
);  
CREATE TABLE coffee_shop(  
    shop_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,  
    shop_name VARCHAR(50),  
    city VARCHAR(50),  
    state CHAR(2)  
);  
CREATE TABLE coffee(  
    coffee_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,  
    shop_id INTEGER,  
    supplier_id INTEGER,  
    coffee_name VARCHAR(30),
```

```

        price_per_pound NUMERIC(5, 2)
    ); CREATE TABLE supplier(
        supplier_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
        company_name VARCHAR(50),
        country VARCHAR(30),
        sales_contact_name VARCHAR(60),
        email VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
    ); ALTER TABLE
        employee ADD CONSTRAINT FK_shop_id1 FOREIGN KEY(shop_id) REFERENCES coffee_shop(shop_id);
ALTER TABLE
        coffee ADD CONSTRAINT FK_shop_id2 FOREIGN KEY(shop_id) REFERENCES coffee_shop(shop_id);
ALTER TABLE
        coffee ADD CONSTRAINT FK_supplier_id FOREIGN KEY(supplier_id) REFERENCES supplier(supplier_id);
INSERT INTO employee(
    employee_id,
    first_name,
    last_name,
    hire_date,
    job_title,
    shop_id
)
VALUES(
    1,
    'John',
    'Doe',
    '2000-01-01',
    'Manager',
    1
),(

```

```
2,
'Jane',
'Doe',
'2007-07-07',
'Barista',
2
),(
3,
'Jimmy',
'Joe',
'2012-12-12',
'Janitor',
3
);
INSERT INTO coffee_shop(
    shop_id,
    shop_name,
    city,
    state
)
VALUES(
    1,
    'Casa Blanca',
    'New York City',
    'NY'
),(
    2,
    'Casa Amarilla',
    'Amarillo',
```

```

        'TX'
    ),(
        3,
        'Casa Anaranjada',
        'Los Angeles',
        'CA'
    );

INSERT INTO coffee(
    coffee_id,
    shop_id,
    supplier_id,
    coffee_name,
    price_per_pound
)
VALUES(1, 1, 1, 'Vanilla Bean', 7.32),(2, 2, 2, 'Lima Bean', 2.89),(3, 3, 3, 'Mystery Bean', 5.45);

INSERT INTO supplier(
    supplier_id INTEGER,
    company_name VARCHAR(50),
    country VARCHAR(30),
    sales_contact_name VARCHAR(60),
    email VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
)
VALUES(
    1,
    'Real Vanilla Coffee',
    'Mexico',
    'Angelica Guzman',
    'aguzman@rvc.com'
),

```



```
2,  
'I Cant Believe Its Not Coffee',  
'United States',  
'Lavitz Herschel',  
'lherschel@notcoffee.com'  
) ,(  
3,  
'Its a Mystery',  
NULL,  
NULL,  
'mysterycoffeeman@mysterycoffee.com'  
);
```

```
CREATE VIEW EmployeeView AS SELECT  
    employee_id,  
    CONCAT(first_name, ' ', last_name) AS employee_full_name,  
    hire_date,  
    job_title,  
    shop_id  
FROM  
    employee;  
  
CREATE INDEX idx_coffee_name ON  
    coffee(coffee_name);  
  
SELECT  
    supplier_id  
FROM  
    supplier  
WHERE  
    sales_contact_name IS NOT NULL;
```