

CS 252:

Advanced Programming Language Principles

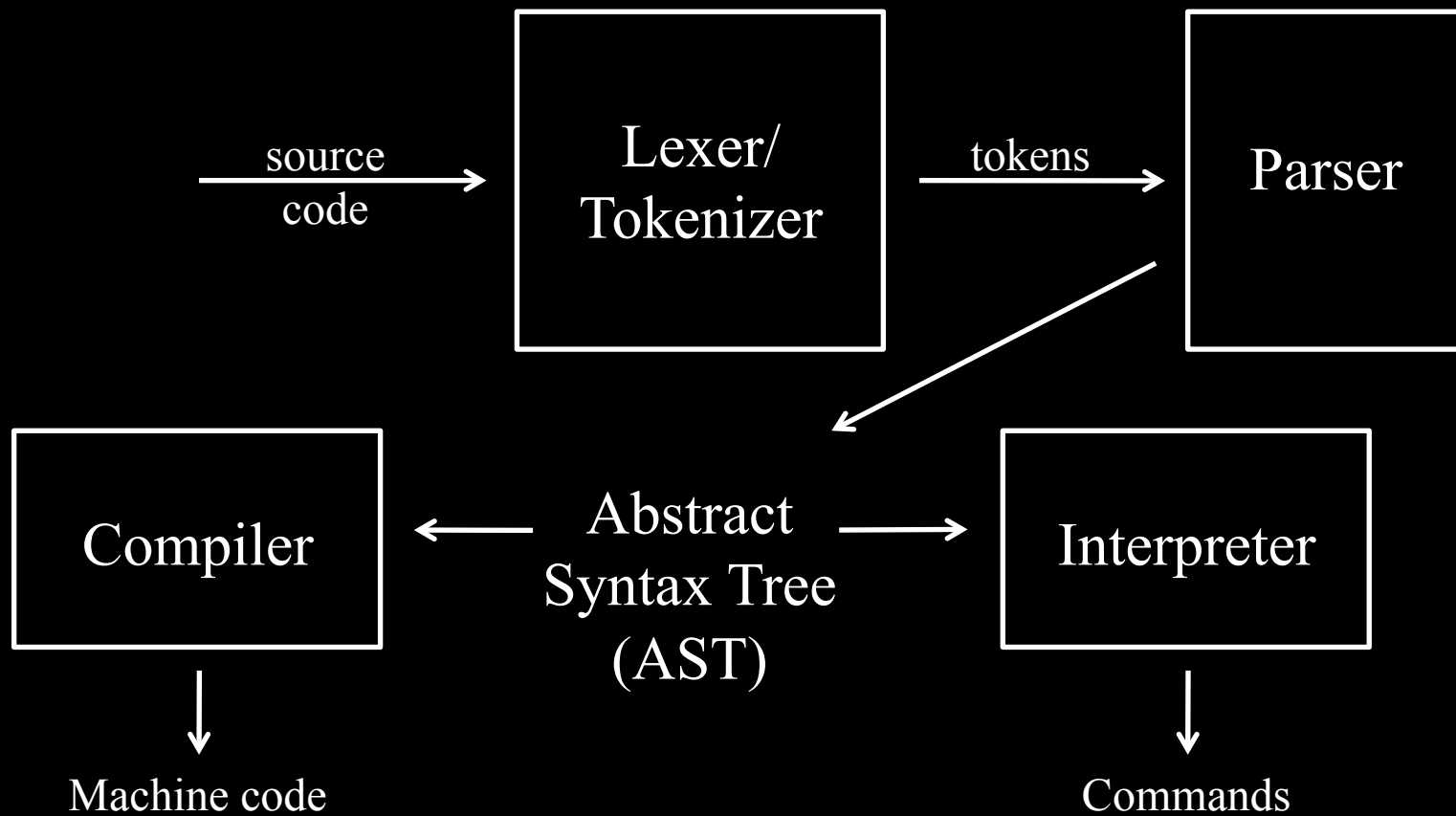


Virtual Machines and JITs

Prof. Tom Austin

San José State University

A Review of Compilers



Virtual Machines (VM)

- Code is compiled to *bytecode*
 - low-level
 - platform independent
- The VM interprets bytecode

Lab: Scheme VM

In today's lab, you will implement:

- a compiler for Scheme
- a stack-based VM

Input program

```
(println (+ 2 3 4) )
```

```
(println (- 13 (* 2 4) ) )
```

```
(println (- 10 4 3) )
```

Supported VM Operations

- **PUSH** – adds argument to stack
- **PRINT** – pops & prints top of stack
- **ADD**
 - pops top two elements
 - adds them together
 - places result on stack
- **SUB** – subtraction
- **MUL** – multiplication

Bytecode Output

PUSH 2

PUSH 3

ADD

PUSH 4

ADD

PRINT

PUSH 13

PUSH 2

PUSH 4

MUL

SUB

PRINT

PUSH 10

PUSH 4

SUB

PUSH 3

SUB

PRINT

Lab – Write a Compiler and a VM

- Starter code is provided.
- `println` is functional.
- Your job: add support for the mathematical operators.

EXTRA CREDIT

Add compiler support for

- if expressions
- boolean variables
- let expressions

Add VM support for

- labels
- Jump (JMP / JZ / JNZ) operations
- STOR/LOAD operations

Compiler or Interpreter?

- Compilers
 - efficient code
- Interpreters
 - runtime flexibility
- Can we get the best of both?

Just-in-time compilers (JITs)

- interpret code
- "hot" sections are compiled
at run time

JIT tradeoffs

- + Speed of compiled code
- + Flexibility of interpreter
- Overhead of both approaches
- Complex implementation

Dynamic recompilation

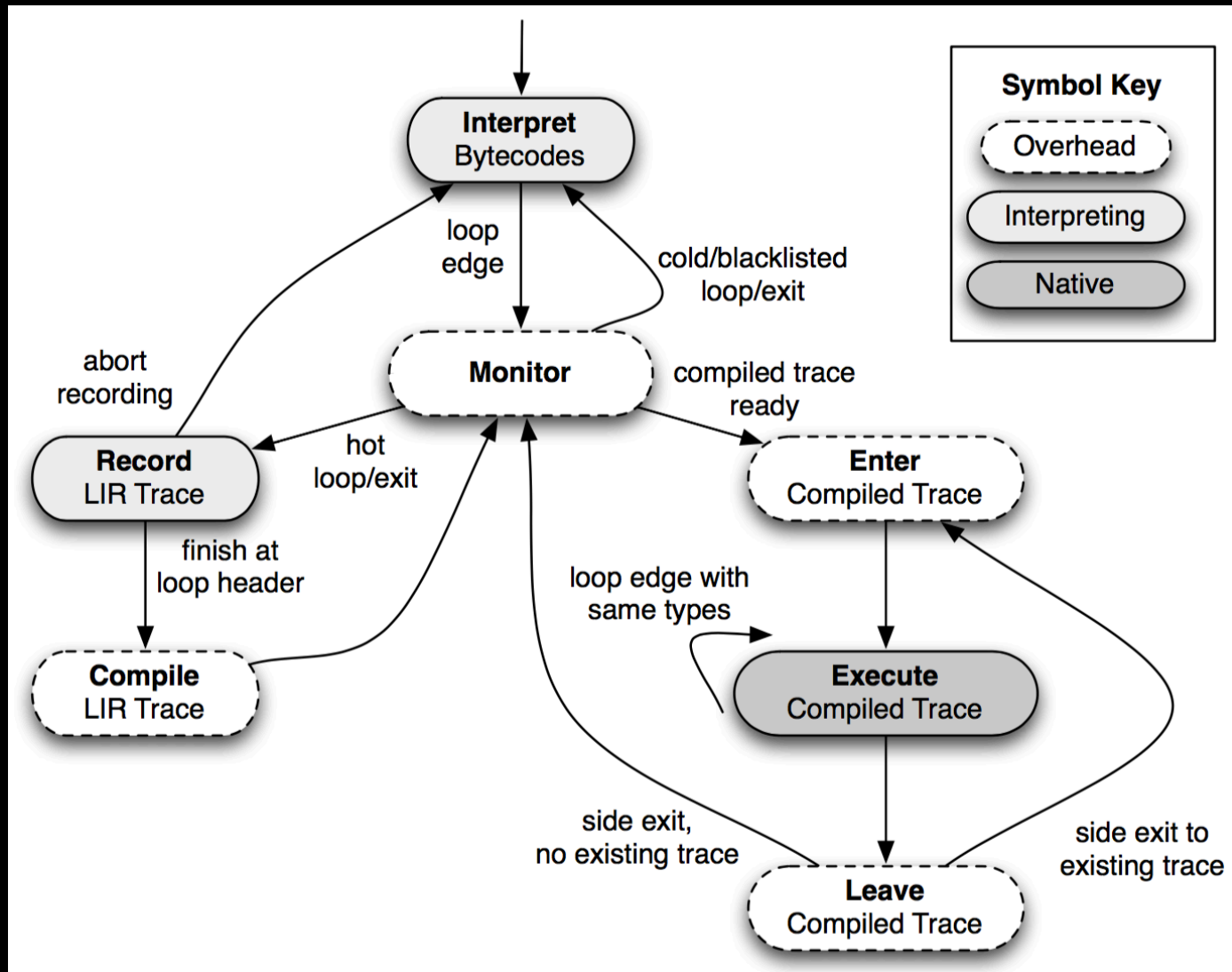
- JIT pursues aggressive optimizations
 - make assumptions about code
 - guard conditions verify assumptions
- Unexpected cases interpreted
- Can outperform static compilation

Types of JITs

- Method based
 - Compiles methods
- Trace based
 - Compiles loops
 - Gal et al. 2009

[http://www.stanford.edu/class/
cs343/resources/tracemonkey.pdf](http://www.stanford.edu/class/cs343/resources/tracemonkey.pdf)

Trace-based JIT design (Gal et al. 2009)



How can a language designer make use of a JIT?

1. Become an expert in JITs

- study the latest techniques
- build large code bases to test
- profile your code execution

2. Use someone else's JIT-ed VM



"That's all Folks!"