HamSkill: Run Haskell Anywhere with Jython

CS252 Project Proposal

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1 Running in the Java Virtual Machine

C is one of the most commonly used languages when it comes to maximizing execution performance. However, C/C++'s "write once compile anywhere" paradigm makes it less portable. In contrast, the near ubiquity of the Java Virtual Machine (JVM) allows it to be "write once run anywhere."

On many occasions, the global development community has leveraged the Java environment to allow other languages to take advantage of Java's "run anywhere" capability. Examples include: JRuby for the Ruby programming language [1], Scala [5], Renjin for the R programming language [4], and Jython for the Python programming language [2].

Currently, there is no full implementation of Haskell in the JVM. One Haskell dialect that is runnable in Java is Frege [6].

In this project, I will implement, *HamSkill*, a stripped down version of Haskell in the Java Virtual Machine.

2 Implementation Proposal

This section outlines the overall implementation plan for this project. It is divided into subsections based on the overall themes and ideas.

2.1 Programming Language

When selecting a language, my criteria were: runnable in Java, maximum flexibility, and I wanted to have some knowledge of it to reduce the number of variables. The language that best fit this criteria was Jython. My preliminary investigation leads me to believe that I should be able to accomplish what I plan.

```
# Create a temporary memory space
temp_heap = {'x': 10}

# Define the recursive function as a string.
my_func = """\
            def string_fibonacci(n):
                if n==0 or n==1:
                    return n
                return my_func(n-1) + my_func(n-2)

            result = my_func(x)"""

# Run the function above
exec(my_func, temp_heap)

# Print the result
print temp_heap['result']
```

Figure 1: Jython Function Creation on the Fly Using `exec`

Figure 2.1 shows example code I write in Jython that is executed purely from a string. This paradigm will allow me to take code either from a file or from command line and execute it in real time. What is more, this code also supports passing arguments as I am doing with argument "`x`'.'

Some of the guidance for implementing this style of code came from [3].

2.2 Supported Types

HamSkill will only support a select subset of the available types. The list of planned types are: `Bool`, `Integer` (i.e. bounded), `Char`, and `List` (currently only bounded is planned, but that may change depending on the speed and complexity of implementation).

While implementing floating point numbers would not add substantial complexity at a general level, ensuring that the floating point behavior of *HamSkill* and Haskell are identical seems beyond the scope of this project.

2.3 Memory Management

Given the use model of Python's `exec` command as shown in figure 2.1, the local variables will need to be kept in a Python Dictionary. I expect to need to build some amount of structure around that to ensure objects are immutable. However, that remains to be seen.

2.4 GHCII-like Behavior

One of the reasons I am planning to use `exec` and not simply translate code to a file is to allow for a GHCI-like interface where a user can enter Haskell code in and it will be executed in real-time by *HamSkill*.

2.5 Higher Order Support

By representing functions as strings, I expect I will be able to pass them as parameters and perform actions on them. The specifics of this part of the implementation has not been entirely thought through. There may need to be some unforeseen tradeoffs.

2.6 Currying

Given that the heap object I pass into the `exec` function is under my control, I expect to be able to perform currying of functions.

Bibliography

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[6] "Ingo Wechsung". Frege/frege: Frege is a haskell for the jvm. it brings purely functional programing to the java platform. https://github.com/Frege/frege. (Accessed on 02/25/2016).