Methods

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We will now examine the methods used in the analysis of the Obesity data. First we start by examining the first 5 entries

```
LocationAbbr
##
                               Income perc_strength propstrength adjstrength
## 1
                    $15,000 - $24,999
               AK
                                                38.6
                                                       0.13217139
                                                                      5.101816
                   $25,000 - $34,999
## 2
               AK
                                                30.7
                                                       0.09513435
                                                                      2.920625
                   $35,000 - $49,999
## 3
               AK
                                                34.6
                                                       0.13144517
                                                                      4.548003
## 4
               AK
                   $50,000 - $74,999
                                                31.5
                                                       0.18155410
                                                                      5.718954
## 5
               AK $75,000 or greater
                                                35.4
                                                       0.45969499
                                                                     16.273203
## 6
               AL
                   $15,000 - $24,999
                                                21.0
                                                       0.24905057
                                                                      5.230062
##
     perc cardio propcardio adjcardio perc obese prop obese
                                                               adjobese perc excer
## 1
            51.7 0.13062731
                              6.753432
                                              31.0 0.13894812
                                                               4.307392
## 2
            55.8 0.09372694
                              5.229963
                                              26.0 0.09559346
                                                               2.485430
                                                                               25.8
## 3
            59.6 0.13173432
                              7.851365
                                              31.7 0.13077470
                                                                4.145558
                                                                               22.8
## 4
            59.1 0.18339483 10.838635
                                              29.0 0.18194741
                                                               5.276475
                                                                               23.9
            63.9 0.46051661 29.427011
## 5
                                              30.8 0.45273632 13.944279
                                                                               26.6
## 6
            39.3 0.24731183 9.719355
                                              39.3 0.25217897
                                                               9.910633
                                                                               11.7
                 adjexcer perc_fruit prop_fruit
                                                   adjfruit perc_veg
##
     prop_excer
                                                                        prop_veg
                 3.206577
                                 43.5 0.13179690
## 1
      0.1292975
                                                   5.733165
                                                                 27.5 0.13216502
## 2
      0.0941704
                 2.429596
                                 42.2 0.09686712
                                                   4.087793
                                                                 17.3 0.09492515
      0.1315396
                 2.999103
                                 45.1 0.13323731
                                                   6.009003
                                                                 15.9 0.13253012
## 4
      0.1827354
                 4.367377
                                 38.0 0.18077062
                                                   6.869283
                                                                 14.6 0.18108799
      0.4622571 12.296039
                                 35.9 0.45732805 16.418077
                                                                 15.3 0.45929171
      0.2482618
                 2.904663
                                 50.3 0.24595405 12.371489
                                                                 34.2 0.24532520
       adjveg vrich region
## 1 3.634538
                  0 Western
## 2 1.642205
                  0 Western
## 3 2.107229
                  0 Western
## 4 2.643885
                  0 Western
## 5 7.027163
                  1 Western
## 6 8.390122
                       South
```

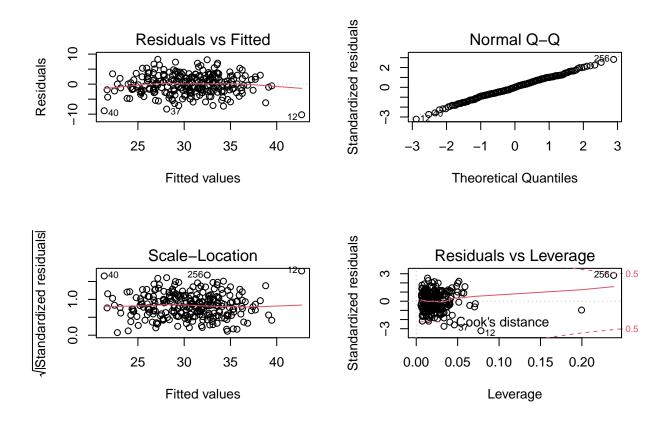
We first fit a model to the unadjusted variables. We use only the numeric variables

```
##
## Call:
   lm(formula = perc_obese ~ perc_strength + perc_cardio + perc_excer +
##
       perc_fruit + perc_veg, data = df)
##
## Residuals:
        Min
                   1Q
                        Median
                                      30
                                              Max
## -10.1912 -2.0820
                        0.0282
                                 2.4060
                                           8.2505
##
## Coefficients:
```

```
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                 38.89206
                              4.32651
                                        8.989
                                              < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                              0.09287
                                       -3.333 0.000991 ***
## perc_strength
                 -0.30948
## perc_cardio
                 -0.15666
                              0.06103
                                       -2.567 0.010842
##
  perc excer
                 -0.08031
                              0.12686
                                       -0.633 0.527271
  perc fruit
                              0.04732
                                        6.571 2.89e-10 ***
                  0.31091
                 -0.09496
                              0.06004
                                       -1.582 0.114994
  perc_veg
##
## Signif. codes:
                     '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.295 on 250 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5737, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5652
## F-statistic: 67.29 on 5 and 250 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
The VIF is:
## perc_strength
                   perc_cardio
                                   perc_excer
                                                  perc_fruit
                                                                  perc_veg
##
        5.652806
                      4.487290
                                     8.686051
                                                    1.758501
                                                                  3.091466
```

This is to be expected as perc_excer is strongly correlated with perc_strength and perc_cardio.

We will also perform some regression diagnostics on this model

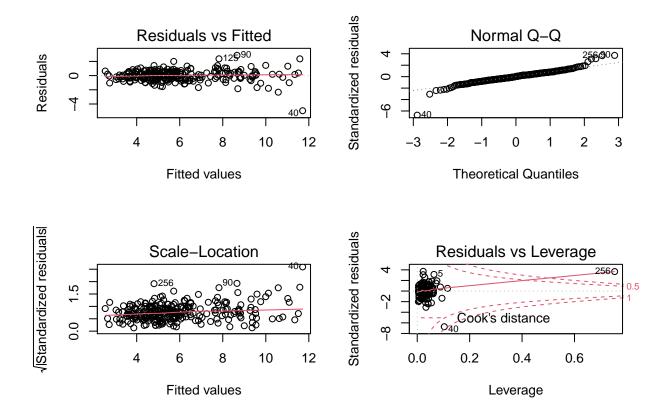


Notice that our added random data point has been flagged as a potential outlier. This model is to serve as our reference model. The population adjusted model with Income and State-level dummies is our primary focus.

```
##
## Call:
```

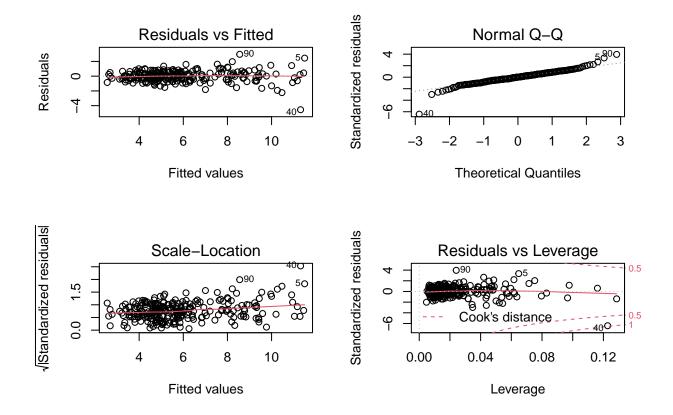
```
## lm(formula = adjobese ~ adjstrength + adjcardio + adjexcer +
##
      adjfruit + adjveg, data = df)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -4.9479 -0.4030 0.0298 0.4414 2.8555
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.42629
                          0.15348
                                    2.777 0.005894 **
## adjstrength -0.09257
                           0.07009
                                   -1.321 0.187850
## adjcardio
               0.16747
                           0.05014
                                    3.340 0.000965 ***
                                   -2.021 0.044383 *
## adjexcer
              -0.18578
                          0.09194
## adjfruit
                                     9.221 < 2e-16 ***
               0.47934
                           0.05198
## adjveg
               0.30581
                           0.06655
                                     4.595 6.86e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.7765 on 250 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8695, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8669
## F-statistic: 333.1 on 5 and 250 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
The VIF is:
## adjstrength
                 adjcardio
                              adjexcer
                                          adjfruit
                                                        adjveg
     30.857061
                39.151581
                             31.340168
                                         11.064115
                                                      3.981397
```

This is immediately an issue. Multicollinearity is very pronounced in the second model and needs to be addressed.



Again, our added datapoint is flagged as an outlier and it is likely that this is due to picking points at random. It is complicating things so I am going to work on dataset without this point

```
##
  Call:
##
   lm(formula = adjobese \sim adjstrength + adjcardio + adjexcer +
##
       adjfruit + adjveg, data = df[-256, ])
##
##
##
  Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q
                    Median
                                 3Q
                                        Max
   -4.5498 -0.3979
                    0.0102
                             0.4298
                                     2.9600
##
##
##
   Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                0.32932
                                      2.170
                                               0.0310 *
   (Intercept)
                            0.15178
## adjstrength
                0.24486
                            0.11265
                                      2.174
                                               0.0307 *
## adjcardio
                                      4.440 1.35e-05
                0.22860
                            0.05149
## adjexcer
               -0.71465
                            0.16654
                                     -4.291 2.55e-05 ***
  adjfruit
                0.44240
                            0.05160
                                      8.573 1.08e-15 ***
                                      4.325 2.21e-05 ***
   adjveg
                0.28186
                            0.06517
##
##
##
  Signif. codes:
                            0.001 '**'
                                       0.01
                                            '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1
## Residual standard error: 0.7567 on 249 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8765, Adjusted R-squared: 0.874
## F-statistic: 353.5 on 5 and 249 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```



Without point 256, the only other potential outlier is point 40, this corresponds to the \$75,000 or greater income bracket of the District of Columbia.

In order to deal with the multicollinearity without droping variables, I have decided to combine the three physical activity related variables into one

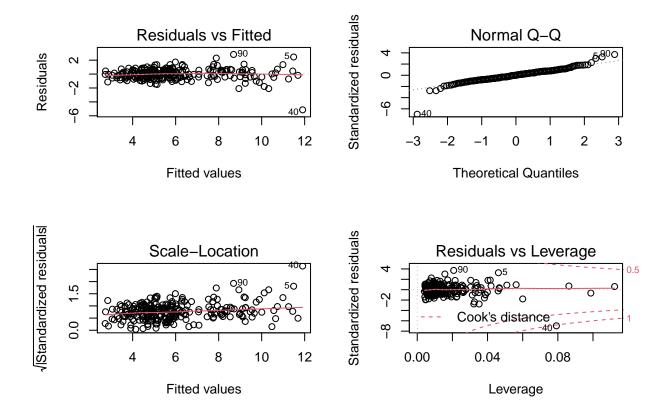
Below is the summary for this new variable

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 2.810 5.125 6.383 7.595 7.783 23.109
```

Refitting the model with this new variable yields the following:

```
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = adjobese ~ phys + adjfruit + adjveg, data = df[-256,
##
##
       ])
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                    Median
                                  3Q
                                         Max
   -5.1412 -0.4299
                     0.0038
                             0.4553
                                      2.8228
##
##
   Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                0.55441
                            0.14684
                                       3.776 0.000199 ***
## phys
                 0.12366
                            0.03298
                                       3.750 0.000220 ***
## adjfruit
                 0.33791
                            0.05503
                                       6.140 3.20e-09 ***
## adjveg
                 0.41641
                            0.06330
                                       6.578 2.75e-10 ***
##
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7686 on 251 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8716, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8701
## F-statistic: 568 on 3 and 251 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
The VIF is:
## phys adjfruit adjveg
## 6.981947 12.649965 3.676246</pre>
```



When taking out the outlier we observe the following:

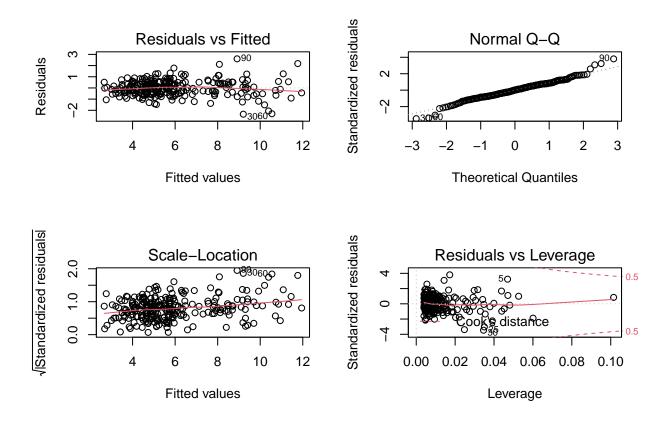
```
##
## Call:
##
  lm(formula = adjobese ~ phys + adjfruit + adjveg, data = df[-c(256,
##
       40), ])
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                        Median
                                              Max
                   1Q
                                      3Q
##
   -2.34966 -0.44730
                       0.00928
                                0.44341
                                          2.61050
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                0.46866
                            0.13259
                                       3.535 0.000486 ***
                0.14299
                            0.02978
                                       4.802 2.71e-06 ***
## phys
## adjfruit
                0.35632
                            0.04957
                                       7.187 7.60e-12 ***
## adjveg
                0.37124
                            0.05726
                                       6.484 4.74e-10 ***
```

```
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.6915 on 250 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8964, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8952
## F-statistic: 721 on 3 and 250 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
We will now perform a robust regression with Huber's psi function to check whether the coefficients differ
significantly
##
## Call: rlm(formula = adjobese ~ phys + adjfruit + adjveg, data = df[-c(256,
       40), ], psi = psi.huber)
##
## Residuals:
                           Median
##
         Min
                     1Q
                                                    Max
## -2.365202 -0.452185 0.009728 0.445682
                                             2.596608
##
## Coefficients:
                Value Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 0.4591 0.1218
                                   3.7683
## phys
               0.1436 0.0274
                                   5.2472
## adjfruit
               0.3586 0.0456
                                   7.8713
               0.3683 0.0526
                                   6.9992
## adjveg
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6647 on 250 degrees of freedom
From this we conclude that our non-robust model is adequate. And we will build on it.
To address the multicollinearity concern for the lack of fruit and vegetable consumption we will perform the
same procedure on these to variables
##
      Min. 1st Qu.
                     Median
                                Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                 Max.
     2.359
             4.597
                      5.568
                               6.059
                                       7.063
                                              13.067
##
Using this adjustment yields the following model
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = adjobese ~ phys + nutri, data = df[-c(256, 40),
##
       1)
##
```

```
## Residuals:
                      Median
##
       Min
                 1Q
                                   3Q
                                            Max
## -2.34997 -0.44386 0.00904 0.44280
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
               0.47126
                          0.13116
                                    3.593 0.000393 ***
                0.13982
                          0.02068
                                    6.760 9.62e-11 ***
## phys
                0.72634
                          0.03593
                                   20.217 < 2e-16 ***
## nutri
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6902 on 251 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8964, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8956
## F-statistic: 1086 on 2 and 251 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
      phys
              nutri
```

3.189118 3.189118

We can now be assured that our estimates can be trusted

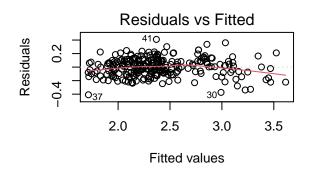


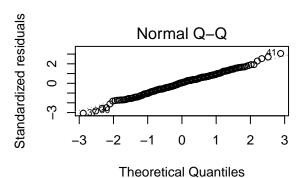
If we add the vrich dummy variable to the model we obtain:

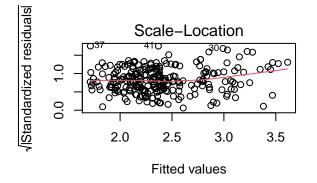
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = adjobese ~ phys + nutri + vrich, data = df[-c(256,
##
       40), ])
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                     3Q
                                             Max
   -2.40794 -0.41897
                      0.01276
                               0.40934
##
##
##
  Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                      1.285
                                               0.200
  (Intercept)
               0.22611
                            0.17591
  phys
                0.19543
                            0.03378
                                      5.786 2.15e-08 ***
##
                0.71455
                            0.03614
                                     19.770
                                             < 2e-16 ***
## nutri
## vrich
               -0.52214
                            0.25167
                                     -2.075
                                               0.039 *
##
                          ' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
## Residual standard error: 0.6857 on 250 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8981, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8969
## F-statistic: 734.8 on 3 and 250 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

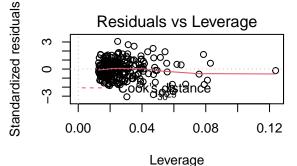
When controlling for region and adjusting for the u-shaped pattern of the residuals:

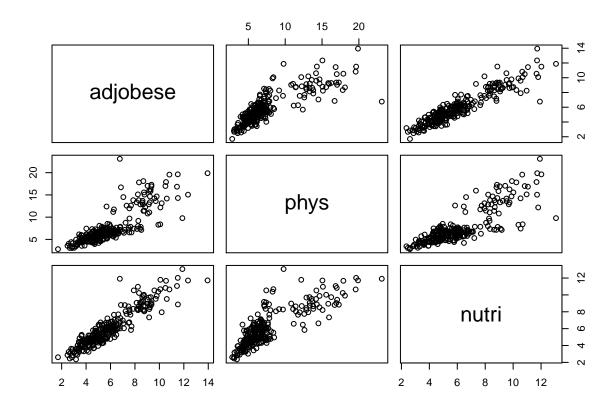
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = sqrt(adjobese) ~ phys + nutri + vrich + region,
       data = df[-c(256, 40), ])
##
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                     3Q
                                             Max
   -0.40919 -0.08231
                      0.00711
                               0.08606
                                         0.40955
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                    1.285745
                                0.039243
                                          32.764
                                                 < 2e-16 ***
## phys
                    0.060109
                                0.007344
                                           8.185 1.45e-14
## nutri
                    0.117194
                                0.008526
                                          13.745
                                                  < 2e-16 ***
## vrich
                   -0.213661
                                0.050507
                                          -4.230 3.29e-05 ***
## regionNortheast -0.046626
                                          -1.833
                                                 0.06800 .
                                0.025437
## regionSouth
                    0.062854
                                0.022773
                                           2.760 0.00621 **
                                0.027866
                                          -4.190 3.88e-05 ***
## regionWestern
                   -0.116762
##
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1354 on 247 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9011, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8987
## F-statistic: 375.1 on 6 and 247 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```











The physical activity cluster is more pronounced after the variables are merged into one. The lack of nutrition has the greatest effect on Obesity rates and this demands some investigation

```
##
  Call:
##
##
   lm(formula = sqrt(adjobese) ~ nutri + vrich + region, data = df[-c(256,
##
       40), ])
##
##
  Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                     3Q
                                             Max
   -0.48886 -0.10471
                      0.00139
                               0.09771
                                         0.40811
##
##
##
  Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                               0.042562 32.218
                                                  < 2e-16
## (Intercept)
                    1.371281
## nutri
                    0.165966
                               0.006862
                                          24.186
                                                  < 2e-16 ***
## vrich
                    0.108912
                               0.035544
                                           3.064
                                                  0.00242 **
## regionNortheast -0.011026
                               0.028200
                                          -0.391
                                                  0.69613
## regionSouth
                    0.033132
                                0.025297
                                           1.310
                                                  0.19151
  regionWestern
                   -0.053652
                               0.030131
                                          -1.781
                                                  0.07620
##
##
##
  Signif. codes:
                        **' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1523 on 248 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8743, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8717
## F-statistic: 344.9 on 5 and 248 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

The change in signs on the vrich variables gives credence to the idea that physical activity and Income move in the same direction and this latent influence is reflected in our model that includes both of these variables.

```
## Call: rlm(formula = sqrt(adjobese) ~ phys + nutri + vrich + region,
##
       data = df[-c(256),])
## Residuals:
##
         Min
                           Median
                                          30
                    1Q
                                                   Max
##
   -1.192348 -0.083846
                         0.008424
                                  0.084983
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Value
                            Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)
                    1.2847
                             0.0401
                                        32.0449
                             0.0073
## phys
                    0.0570
                                        7.7720
## nutri
                    0.1211
                             0.0089
                                       13.6414
## vrich
                    -0.2047
                             0.0512
                                        -4.0026
## regionNortheast -0.0463
                             0.0266
                                       -1.7401
## regionSouth
                    0.0547
                             0.0238
                                        2.2959
## regionWestern
                    -0.1036
                             0.0291
                                        -3.5549
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1258 on 248 degrees of freedom
```

Therefore our final model is one where the square root of adjusted obesity percentage is the target variable and the regressors are: phys (physical activity), nutri(lack of nutrition), vrich(dummy variable: 1 if income 75,000 or greater, 0 otherwise), region(factor)

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = sqrt(adjobese) ~ phys + nutri + vrich + region,
       data = df[-c(256, 40), ])
##
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                     3Q
                                             Max
  -0.40919 -0.08231
                      0.00711
                               0.08606
##
                                        0.40955
##
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                    1.285745
                               0.039243
                                         32.764 < 2e-16 ***
## phys
                    0.060109
                               0.007344
                                           8.185 1.45e-14 ***
## nutri
                    0.117194
                               0.008526
                                          13.745
                                                  < 2e-16 ***
## vrich
                   -0.213661
                               0.050507
                                          -4.230 3.29e-05 ***
## regionNortheast -0.046626
                               0.025437
                                          -1.833 0.06800 .
                                           2.760 0.00621 **
## regionSouth
                               0.022773
                    0.062854
## regionWestern
                   -0.116762
                               0.027866
                                         -4.190 3.88e-05 ***
## ---
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1354 on 247 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9011, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8987
## F-statistic: 375.1 on 6 and 247 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```