

Relational Design

- Relational Design Theory
- Relational Design and Redundancy
- Database Design (revisited)

❖ Relational Design Theory

The aim of studying relational design theory:

- improve understanding of relationships among data
- gain enough formalism to assist practical database design

What we study here:

- basic theory and definition of **functional dependencies**
- methodology for improving schema designs (**normalisation**)

Functional dependencies

- describe relationships between attributes within a relation
- have implications for "good" relational schema design

❖ Relational Design and Redundancy

A **good** relational database design:

- must capture *all* necessary attributes/associations
- do this with *minimal* amount of stored information

Minimal stored information \Rightarrow no redundant data.

In database design, **redundancy** is generally a "bad thing":

- causes problems maintaining consistency after updates

But ... redundancy may give performance improvements

- e.g. avoid a join to collect pieces of data together

❖ Relational Design and Redundancy (cont)

Consider the following relation defining bank accounts/branches:

accountNo	balance	customer	branch	address	assets
A-101	500	1313131	Downtown	Brooklyn	9000000
A-102	400	1313131	Perryridge	Horseneck	1700000
A-113	600	9876543	Round Hill	Horseneck	8000000
A-201	900	9876543	Brighton	Brooklyn	7100000
A-215	700	1111111	Mianus	Horseneck	400000
A-222	700	1111111	Redwood	Palo Alto	2100000
A-305	350	1234567	Round Hill	Horseneck	8000000
...

Careless updating of this data may introduce inconsistencies.

❖ Relational Design and Redundancy (cont)

If we add \$300 to account A-113 ...

accountNo	balance	customer	branch	address	assets
A-101	500	1313131	Downtown	Brooklyn	9000000
A-102	400	1313131	Perryridge	Horseneck	1700000
A-113	900	9876543	Round Hill	Horseneck	8000300
A-201	900	9876543	Brighton	Brooklyn	7100000
A-215	700	1111111	Mianus	Horseneck	400000
A-222	700	1111111	Redwood	Palo Alto	2100000
A-305	350	1234567	Round Hill	Horseneck	8000000
...

❖ Relational Design and Redundancy (cont)

If we add a new account A-306 at the Round Hill branch ...

accountNo	balance	customer	branch	address	assets
A-101	500	1313131	Downtown	Brooklyn	9000000
A-102	400	1313131	Perryridge	Horseneck	1700000
A-113	900	9876543	Round Hill	Horseneck	8000300
A-201	900	9876543	Brighton	Brooklyn	7100000
A-215	700	1111111	Mianus	Horseneck	400000
A-222	700	1111111	Redwood	Palo Alto	2100000
A-305	350	1234567	Round Hill	Horseneck	8000000
A-306	500	7654321	Round Hill	Horseneck	8000500?
...

❖ Relational Design and Redundancy (cont)

If we close account A-101 ...

accountNo	balance	customer	branch	address	assets
A-101	500	1313131	Downtown	Brooklyn	9000000
A-102	400	1313131	Perryridge	Horseneck	1700000
A-113	900	9876543	Round Hill	Horseneck	8000300
A-201	900	9876543	Brighton	Brooklyn	7100000
A-215	700	1111111	Mianus	Horseneck	400000
A-222	700	1111111	Redwood	Palo Alto	2100000
A-305	350	1234567	Round Hill	Horseneck	8000000
A-306	500	7654321	Round Hill	Horseneck	8000500?
...

What is the address of the Downtown branch?

❖ Relational Design and Redundancy (cont)

Insertion anomaly:

- when we insert a new record, we need to check that branch data is consistent with existing tuples

Update anomaly:

- if a branch changes address, we need to update all tuples referring to that branch

Deletion anomaly:

- if we remove information about the last account at a branch, all of the branch information disappears

Insertion/update anomalies can be handled, e.g. by triggers

- but this requires extra DBMS work on every change to the database

❖ Database Design (revisited)

To avoid these kinds of update problems:

- need a schema with "minimal overlap" between tables
- each table contains a "coherent" collection of data values

Such schemas have little/no redundancy

ER \rightarrow SQL mapping tends to give non-redundant schemas

- but does not guarantee no redundancy

The methods we describe in this section

- can reduce redundancy in schemas \Rightarrow eliminate update anomalies

Produced: 25 Mar 2021