在Git中，删除也是一个修改操作，我们实战一下，先添加一个新文件test.txt到Git并且提交

admin@zebin MINGW64 /d/BlueTestTry/bluetooth (master)

$ git add test.txt

admin@zebin MINGW64 /d/BlueTestTry/bluetooth (master)

$ git commit -m "add test.txt"

[master 2ee2e28] add test.txt

1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)

create mode 100644 test.txt

一般情况下，你通常直接在文件管理器中把没用的文件删了，或者用rm命令删了：

admin@zebin MINGW64 /d/BlueTestTry/bluetooth (master)

$ rm test.txt

admin@zebin MINGW64 /d/BlueTestTry/bluetooth (master)

$ ls

LICENSE.txt README.md readme.txt

admin@zebin MINGW64 /d/BlueTestTry/bluetooth (master)

$ git status

On branch master

Your branch is ahead of 'origin/master' by 7 commits.

(use "git push" to publish your local commits)

Changes not staged for commit:

(use "git add/rm <file>..." to update what will be committed)

(use "git restore <file>..." to discard changes in working directory)

deleted: test.txt

no changes added to commit (use "git add" and/or "git commit -a")

现在你有两个选择，一是确实要从版本库中删除该文件，那就用命令git rm删掉，并且git commit

另一种情况是删错了，因为版本库里还有呢，所以可以很轻松地把误删的文件恢复到最新版本：

admin@zebin MINGW64 /d/BlueTestTry/bluetooth (master)

$ git checkout -- test.txt

admin@zebin MINGW64 /d/BlueTestTry/bluetooth (master)

$ git status

On branch master

Your branch is ahead of 'origin/master' by 7 commits.

(use "git push" to publish your local commits)

nothing to commit, working tree clean