# Zebra Integrated RFID SDK for Xamarin Code Snippet

Date: 28-Apr-2023

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# 1. Setup RFID SDK

Following code segments provide the setup procedure for the RFID SDK.

```
IsrfidISdkApi apiInstance;
apiInstance = srfidSdkFactory.CreateRfidSdkApiInstance;
apiInstance.SrfidSetDelegate(instance);
apiInstance.SrfidSetOperationalMode((int)NativeRfidOpMode.OPMODE MFI);
apiInstance.SrfidSubsribeForEvents((int)NotificationsRFID.READER APPEARANCE
+ (int) NotificationsRFID.READER DISAPPEARANCE +
(int) NotificationsRFID.SESSION ESTABLISHMENT +
(int) NotificationsRFID.SESSION TERMINATION);
apiInstance.SrfidSubsribeForEvents((int)NotificationsRFID.MASK READ +
(int)NotificationsRFID.MASK STATUS + (int)NotificationsRFID.MASK PROXIMITY
+ (int) NotificationsRFID.MASK TRIGGER);
apiInstance.SrfidSubsribeForEvents((int)NotificationsRFID.MASK BATTERY +
(int)NotificationsRFID.MASK_STATUS_OPERENDSUMMARY +
(int)NotificationsRFID.MASK_TEMPERATURE +
(int)NotificationsRFID.MASK POWER);
apiInstance.SrfidSubsribeForEvents((int)NotificationsRFID.MASK DATABASE +
(int)NotificationsRFID.MASK RADIOERROR);
                    apiInstance.SrfidEnableAvailableReadersDetection(true);
apiInstance.SrfidEnableAutomaticSessionReestablishment(true);
```

#### 2. Get RFID SDK version

RFID SDK version information could be obtained as follows:

```
apiInstance.GetSrfidGetSdkVersion();
```

## 3. Get RFID available scanners

Following code segment outputs the paired device list. Reader must be paired with the iOS device via Bluetooth before query action.

```
if (availableReaderResult == SrfidResult.Success)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("Native
SrfidGetAvailableReadersList : Success" + availableReaders);
            else if (availableReaderResult == SrfidResult.ResponseError)
System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("SrfidGetAvailableReadersList
ResponseError");
            else if (availableReaderResult == SrfidResult.Failure ||
availableReaderResult == SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout)
System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("SrfidGetAvailableReadersList reder
prob");
            if (availableReaders != null)
               foreach (srfidReaderInfo reader in
NSArray.FromArray<NSObject>(availableReaders))
               {
                    System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("Native Readers " +
reader.ReaderName);
```

# 4. RFID Operation

## 4.1. Inventory

#### 4.1.1 Inventory Start

RFID tag reading can be started as follows. Once started, tags in the range will be r ead continuously.

```
public string RfidStartInventory(int readerID)
{
            string statusMessage = null;
            srfidTagReportConfig tagReportConfiguration =
this.RfidGetTagReportConfiguration(readerID);
            srfidReportConfig reportConfigaration = new
srfidReportConfig();
reportConfigaration.SetIncFirstSeenTime(tagReportConfiguration.IncFirstSeen
Time);
reportConfigaration.SetIncLastSeenTime(tagReportConfiguration.IncLastSeenTi
me);
            reportConfigaration.SetIncPC(tagReportConfiguration.IncPC);
            reportConfigaration.SetIncRSSI(tagReportConfiguration.IncRSSI);
reportConfigaration.SetIncPhase(tagReportConfiguration.IncPhase);
reportConfiguration.SetIncChannelIndex(tagReportConfiguration.IncChannelIdx
reportConfigaration.SetIncTagSeenCount(tagReportConfiguration.IncTagSeenCou
nt);
            srfidAccessConfig accessConfig = new srfidAccessConfig();
            SrfidResult statusStartInventory =
apiInstance.SrfidStartInventory(readerID, SrfidMemorybank.None,
reportConfigaration, accessConfig, out statusMessage);
            if (statusMessage == "Inventory Started in Batch Mode")
                return "Success";
            else
               return statusStartInventory.ToString();
            }
```

#### 4.1.2 Inventory Stop

RFID tag reading cycle can be terminated as follows.

## 4.1.3 Tag Data Event

This event triggers when tag data is received.

#### 4.2. Locate Tag

Following two methods are used to locate tags.

## 4.2.1. Start Locate Tag

Tag locating can be started as follows.

#### 4.2.2. Stop Locate Tag

Stop locating tags.

## 4.2.3. Proximity Event

This event will trigger when reception of a proximity notification during on-going tag locating operation from a connected RFID reader.

# 5. Battery

The SDK also provides an ability to cause a particular active RFID reader to immediately send information about current battery status. The following example demonstrates both requesting and processing of asynchronous battery status related notifications.

## 5.1. Get battery status

```
public void GetBatteryStatus()
        {
            string statusMessage = "";
            NSMutableArray batteryStatusValueList = new NSMutableArray();
            IntPtr availableHandle = batteryStatusValueList.Handle;
            SrfidResult srfid result = SrfidResult.Failure;
            //Retry for 2 times if we get any failure/timeout response
            for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)</pre>
                srfid result =
apiInstance.SrfidGetBatteryStatus(connectedReaderID, out availableHandle,
out statusMessage);
                batteryStatusValueList =
ObjCRuntime.Runtime.GetNSObject<NSMutableArray>(availableHandle);
                if ((srfid result != SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout) &&
(srfid result != SrfidResult.Failure))
                {
                    break;
            }
            if (srfid result == SrfidResult.Success)
                foreach (srfidRfidBatteryStatusInformation info in
batteryStatusValueList)
                    System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("GetBatteryStatus
BatteryStatusTittle : " + info.BatteryStatusTittle);
                    System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("GetBatteryStatus
BatterStatusValue : " + info.BatterStatusValue);
                    logsString = logsString + "\n" + "Battery Status Title
:" + info.BatteryStatusTittle + " value : " + info.BatterStatusValue;
            else if (srfid result == SrfidResult.ResponseError)
               System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("GetBatteryStatus
ResponseError");
            else if (srfid result == SrfidResult.Failure || srfid result ==
SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout)
        {
```

```
System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("GetBatteryStatus reder
prob");
}
```

# 5.2. Request battery status with the event

By using following method, we can get the battery status with the event.

# 6. Trigger Mapping

## 6.1. Get Trigger Mapping

This "GetTriggerMapping" API will get the trigger key configuration.

```
public void GetTriggerMapping( SrfidNewEnumKeylayoutType upper,
SrfidNewEnumKeylayoutType lower)
            upper = SrfidNewEnumKeylayoutType.NoAction;
            lower = SrfidNewEnumKeylayoutType.NoAction;
            SrfidResult srfid result = SrfidResult.Failure;
            //Retry for 2 times if we get any failure/timeout response
            for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)</pre>
               srfid result =
apiInstance.SrfidGetKeylayoutType(connectedReaderID, out upper, out
lower);
                if ((srfid result != SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout) &&
(srfid result != SrfidResult.Failure))
                    break;
            if (srfid result == SrfidResult.Success)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("GetTriggerMapping
upperTriggerValue : " + upper);
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("GetTriggerMapping
lowerTriggerValue : " + lower);
            else if (srfid result == SrfidResult.ResponseError)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("GetTriggerMapping
ResponseError");
            else if (srfid result == SrfidResult.Failure ||
srfid result == SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("GetTriggerMapping
reder prob");
```

# 6.2. Set Trigger Mapping

This "SetTriggerMapping" API will set the trigger key.

```
public void SetTriggerMapping(SrfidNewEnumKeylayoutType upperTrigger ,
SrfidNewEnumKeylayoutType lowerTrigger)
            SrfidNewEnumKeylayoutType upperTriggerValue = upperTrigger;
            SrfidNewEnumKeylayoutType lowerTriggerValue = lowerTrigger;
            SrfidResult srfid result = SrfidResult.Failure;
            //Retry for 2 times if we get any failure/timeout response
            for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)</pre>
               srfid result =
apiInstance.SrfidSetKeylayoutType(connectedReaderID, upperTriggerValue,
lowerTriggerValue);
                if ((srfid result != SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout) &&
(srfid result != SrfidResult.Failure))
                {
                    break;
            if (srfid result == SrfidResult.Success)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("GetTriggerMapping
SrfidResult.Success");
            else if (srfid result == SrfidResult.ResponseError)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("GetTriggerMapping
ResponseError");
            else if (srfid result == SrfidResult.Failure || srfid result ==
SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("GetTriggerMapping reder
prob"); }
```

# 7. Access Operation

## 7.1. Tag Read

Following values should be passed as arguments to AccessOperationTagRead API and it will return a TagData object.

tagId - string tagAccessPassword - string byteCount - short offset - short memoryBank - MemoryBank

- MEMORYBANK\_EPC
- MEMORYBANK\_TID
- MEMORYBANK USER
- MEMORYBANK\_RESV
- MEMORYBANK\_NONE
- MEMORYBANK ACCESS
- MEMORYBANK\_KILL

```
public void AccessOperationTagRead( string tagId, SrfidMemorybank
memoryBank, short offset, short length, int password)
            string statusMessage = null;
            SrfidResult tagReadResult = SrfidResult.Failure;
            srfidTagData tagData = new srfidTagData();
            IntPtr availableHandle = tagData.Handle;
            //Retry for 2 times if we get any failure/timeout response
            for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
                tagReadResult = apiInstance.SrfidReadTag(connectedReaderID,
tagId, out availableHandle, memoryBank, offset, length, password, out
statusMessage);
                tagData =
ObjCRuntime.Runtime.GetNSObject<srfidTagData>(availableHandle);
               if ((tagReadResult != SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout) &&
(tagReadResult != SrfidResult.Failure))
                {
                    break;
                }
            }
            if (tagReadResult == SrfidResult.Success)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("Native SrfidReadTag
Memory Bank Data :" + tagData.MemoryBankData);
            else if (tagReadResult == SrfidResult.ResponseError)
```

## 7.2. Tag Write

Following values should be passed as arguments to AccessOperationTagWrite API and it will return a boolean value whether the write operation is successful or not.

```
tagId - string
tagAccessPassword - string
tagData - string
offset - short
memoryBank - MemoryBank
```

- MEMORYBANK\_EPC
- MEMORYBANK\_TID
- MEMORYBANK\_USER
- MEMORYBANK\_RESV
- MEMORYBANK\_NONE
- MEMORYBANK\_ACCESS
- MEMORYBANK\_KILL

blockWrite - bool

```
public bool AccessOperationTagWrite(string tagId, SrfidMemorybank
memoryBank, short offset, string data, int password, bool blockWrite)
        {
            string statusMessage = null;
            bool status = false;
            SrfidResult tagWriteResult = SrfidResult.Failure;
            srfidTagData tagData = new srfidTagData();
            IntPtr availableHandle = tagData.Handle;
            //Retry for 2 times if we get any failure/timeout response
            for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
                tagWriteResult =
apiInstance.SrfidWriteTag(connectedReaderID, tagId, out availableHandle,
memoryBank, offset, data, password, blockWrite, out statusMessage);
                tagData =
ObjCRuntime.Runtime.GetNSObject<srfidTagData>(availableHandle);
                if ((tagWriteResult != SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout) &&
(tagWriteResult != SrfidResult.Failure))
                    break;
```

```
}
            if (tagWriteResult == SrfidResult.Success)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("Native SrfidWriteTag:"
+ tagData.TagId);
                status = true;
            else if (tagWriteResult == SrfidResult.ResponseError)
                status = false;
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("SrfidWriteTag
ResponseError");
            else if (tagWriteResult == SrfidResult.Failure ||
tagWriteResult == SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout)
           {
               status = false;
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("SrfidWriteTag reder
prob");
            return status;
```

## 7.3. Tag Lock

Following values should be passed as arguments to AccessOperationTagLock API and it will return a boolean value whether the lock operation is successful or not.

tagId - string

tagAccessPassword - string memoryBank - MemoryBank

- MEMORYBANK\_EPC
- MEMORYBANK\_TID
- MEMORYBANK\_USER
- MEMORYBANK\_RESV
- MEMORYBANK\_NONE
- MEMORYBANK\_ACCESS
- MEMORYBANK\_KILL

#### lockPrivilege

- READ\_WRITE
- PERMANENT\_LOCK
- PERMANENT\_UNLOCK
- UNLOCK

```
public bool AccessOperationTagLock( string tagId, SrfidMemorybank
memoryBank, SrfidAccesspermission accessPermission, int password)
            string statusMessage = null;
            bool status = false;
            SrfidResult tagLockResult = SrfidResult.Failure;
            srfidTagData tagData = new srfidTagData();
            IntPtr availableHandle = tagData.Handle;
            //Retry for 2 times if we get any failure/timeout response
            for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
                tagLockResult = apiInstance.SrfidLockTag(connectedReaderID,
tagId, out availableHandle, memoryBank, accessPermission, password, out
statusMessage);
                tagData =
ObjCRuntime.Runtime.GetNSObject<srfidTagData>(availableHandle);
               if ((tagLockResult != SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout) &&
(tagLockResult != SrfidResult.Failure))
                {
                   break;
                }
            }
            if (tagLockResult == SrfidResult.Success)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("Native SrfidLockTag:"
+ tagData.TagId);
               status = true;
            else if (tagLockResult == SrfidResult.ResponseError)
               System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("SrfidLockTag
ResponseError");
               status = false;
            else if (tagLockResult == SrfidResult.Failure || tagLockResult
== SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout)
           {
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("SrfidLockTag reder
prob");
                status = false;
            return status;
        }
```

## 7.4. Tag Kill

Following values should be passed as arguments to AccessOperationTagKill API and it will return a boolean value whether the kill operation is successful or not.

```
readerID - int
tagId - string
password - int
```

```
public bool AccessOperationTagKill(int readerID, string tagId, int
password)
            string statusMessage = null;
            bool status = false;
            srfidTagData tagData = new srfidTagData();
            IntPtr availableHandle = tagData.Handle;
           SrfidResult tagKillResult = apiInstance.SrfidKillTag(readerID,
tagId, out availableHandle, password, out statusMessage);
            tagData =
ObjCRuntime.Runtime.GetNSObject<srfidTagData>(availableHandle);
            if (tagKillResult == SrfidResult.Success)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("Native SrfidKillTag:
Success");
                status = true;
            else if (tagKillResult == SrfidResult.ResponseError)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("SrfidKillTag
ResponseError");
                status = false;
            else if (tagKillResult == SrfidResult.Failure || tagKillResult
== SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("SrfidKillTag reder
prob");
               status = false;
            return status;
```

## 8. Access Sequence

This API is used to execute multiple access operations (Read, Write, etc) at the same time.

```
public void AccessSequence(string fillterData ,string fillteMask)
            // initialize access criteria
            srfidAccessCriteria accessCriteria = new srfidAccessCriteria();
            //// setup tag filter 1
            srfidTagFilter tagFilter1 = new srfidTagFilter();
            tagFilter1.SetFilterMaskBank(SrfidMemorybank.Epc);
            tagFilter1.SetFilterData(fillterData);
            tagFilter1.SetFilterDoMatch(true);
            tagFilter1.SetFilterMask(fillteMask);
            tagFilter1.SetFilterMaskStartPos(2);
            tagFilter1.SetFilterMatchLength(2);
            accessCriteria.TagFilter1 = tagFilter1;
            // Set access criteria pram for EPC read
            srfidAccessParameters accesParamsEPCRead = new
srfidAccessParameters();
           accesParamsEPCRead.AccessOperationCode =
SrfidAccessoperationcode.Read;
            accesParamsEPCRead.MemoryBank = SrfidMemorybank.Epc;
            accesParamsEPCRead.Offset = 2;
            accesParamsEPCRead.Length = 0;
            accesParamsEPCRead.Password = 00;
            // Set access criteria pram for TID read
            srfidAccessParameters accesParamsTIDRead = new
srfidAccessParameters();
           accesParamsTIDRead.AccessOperationCode =
SrfidAccessoperationcode.Read;
           accesParamsTIDRead.MemoryBank = SrfidMemorybank.Tid;
            accesParamsTIDRead.Offset = 0;
            accesParamsTIDRead.Length = 0;
            accesParamsTIDRead.Password = 00;
            NSMutableArray accessParametersArray = new NSMutableArray();
            accessParametersArray.Add(accesParamsEPCRead);
            accessParametersArray.Add(accesParamsTIDRead);
            SrfidResult resultPerformAccessInSequence;
            string status = null;
            resultPerformAccessInSequence =
apiInstance.SrfidPerformAccessInSequence(connectedReaderID, accessCriteria,
NSArray.FromArray<NSObject>(accessParametersArray), out status);
            if (resultPerformAccessInSequence == SrfidResult.Success)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("++===== Native result
PerformAccessInSequence : Success");
```

#### 9. Barcode SDK

## 9.1. Setup Barcode SDK

Following code segments provide the setup procedure for the barcode SDK.

```
ISbtSdkApi iosScannerApi;
iosScannerApi = SbtSdkFactory.CreateSbtSdkApiInstance;
                    iosScannerApi.SbtSetDelegate(instance);
iosScannerApi.SbtSubsribeForEvents((int)(NotificationsBarcodeSDK.EVENT SCAN
NER APPEARANCE | NotificationsBarcodeSDK.EVENT SCANNER DISAPPEARANCE |
NotificationsBarcodeSDK.EVENT SESSION ESTABLISHMENT |
NotificationsBarcodeSDK.EVENT SESSION TERMINATION |
NotificationsBarcodeSDK.EVENT BARCODE ));
iosScannerApi.SbtEnableAvailableScannersDetection(true);
                    iosScannerApi.SbtSetOperationalMode(0x01);//MFI
public enum NotificationsBarcodeSDK
   EVENT BARCODE = 1,
   EVENT IMAGE = 2,
   EVENT VIDEO = 4,
   EVENT SCANNER APPEARANCE = 8,
   EVENT SCANNER DISAPPEARANCE = 0 \times 10,
   EVENT SESSION ESTABLISHMENT = 0x20,
   EVENT SESSION TERMINATION = 0x40,
   EVENT RAW DATA = 0x80
```

#### 9.2. Get Barcode SDK Version

Barcode SDK version information can be obtained as follows:

```
iosScannerApi.SbtGetVersion;
```

#### 9.3. Get Available Barcode SDK Scanner List

Code segments to get the available scanner list as follows.

## 9.4. Connect to Reader in Barcode SDK

Following method is used to connect to the connect to the scanner at *scannerID*.

#### 9.5. Barcode Event

Initializes the Barcode Event.

# 10. Switch Mode into RFID or Scanner for RFD8500

Changes the mode type of the RFD8500 device programmatically.

```
//Set device mode to RFID or Scanner
public void SwitchModeIntoRfidOrBarcode(DeviceMode deviceMode)
            int attributeModeSwitch = 1664;
            string attributeTypeModeSwitch = "B";
            int rfidMode = 0;
            int scannerMode = 1;
            srfidAttribute attribute = new srfidAttribute();
            attribute.SetAttrNum(attributeModeSwitch);
            attribute.SetAttrType(attributeTypeModeSwitch);
            if (deviceMode == DeviceMode.RFID)
                attribute.SetAttrVal(rfidMode.ToString());
            else
                attribute.SetAttrVal(scannerMode.ToString());
            string statusMessage = null;
            SrfidResult setAttributeResult =
apiInstance.SrfidSetAttribute(connectedReaderID, attribute, out
statusMessage);
            if (setAttributeResult == SrfidResult.Success)
                System. Diagnostics. Debug. WriteLine ("Native
SrfidSetAttribute : Success" );
            else if (setAttributeResult == SrfidResult.ResponseError)
                System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("SrfidSetAttribute
ResponseError");
            else if (setAttributeResult == SrfidResult.Failure ||
setAttributeResult == SrfidResult.ResponseTimeout)
            {
System.Diagnostics.Debug.WriteLine("SrfidGetAvailableReadersList reder
prob");
```