CS2030S

AY23/24S2 Practical Examination 2
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Terminal

Setup

~/.vimrc

```
set hlsearch
set incsearch
set number
set background=dark
color gruvbox
BASH
# delete swap files
$ find . -name "*.swp" -type f
$ find . -name "*.swp" -type f -delete
Testing
# always remember (to remove prior OUT):
$ rm -rf OUT
# Run with inputs and redirect output
$ java Ex2 < inputs/Ex2.1.in > OUT
# Check for differences
$ vim -d OUT outputs/Ex2.1.out
(Selected commands only)
  . - repeat last command
 Undo/Redo
   u - undo - Ctrl + r - redo
   Ctrl + u - Delete all newly added characters in current line (INSERT mode)
 Navigation
     - front of line - $ - back of line
 Insert
   e - basically x then i
   i - before cursor
   I - beginning of line — A - end of line
   o - new line below — 0 - new line above
    Can also exit using Ctrl + c
 Search (and Replace)
    n - next occurrence
   Replace: :%s/<search-phrase>/<replace-phrase>/options
   Select words, replace all with confirmation: :%s/\<search\>/replace/gc
 Registers, Deleting, Yanking
    :reg - show registers (only lines are saved in the history)
   Note that you can also do yw to yank a word
```

use above with : "xp to paste contents of register x, eg : "3p.

p - paste after cursor — P - paste before cursor

Code Samples

equals()

```
@Override
public boolean equals(Object o) {
   if (o == this) { return true; }
    if (o == null) { return false; }

   if (o instanceof Lazy<?>) {
        // IMPORTANT
        Lazy<?> o = (Lazy<?>) o;

        if (o.get() == null) {
            return this.get() == null;
        }

        return this.get().equals(o.get());
    }
    return false;
}
```

Monad example: Try

```
public abstract class Try<T> {
  // Constructors
  public static <T> Trv<T> failure(Throwable a) {
    @SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
    Try<T> t = (Try<T>) new Failure(a);
    return t:
  public static <T> Try<T> success(T value) {
    return new Success<T>(value);
  public static <T> Try<T> of(Producer<? extends T> producer) {
    try {
      return success(producer.produce());
    } catch (Throwable e) {
      return failure(e);
  }
  // Nested classes
  private static class Success<T> extends Try<T> { ... }
  private static class Failure<T> extends Try<T> { ... }
```

flatMap()

Anonymous Class Example

```
Transformer <Integer, Integer> addThree =
    new Transformer<Integer, Integer>() {
    @Override
    public Integer transform(Integer t) { return t + 3; }
};

Misc

// Most General Way:
private static final Maybe<?> NONE = new None();
```

Misc

Exceptions

• char <:

int

Only important checked exception may be java.util.NoSuchElementException. Otherwise, java.lang., eg java.lang.NullPointerException.

```
File Start Order

/** ... */
package ...;

import ...;

public class MyClass<T> { ... }

Other Stuff

.map(String::valueOf)

Primitives

Class Order

1. Fields
2. Constructors
3. Factory Methods
4. Abstract Methods
5. Methods
6. Inner Classes
```

• byte <: short <: int <: long <: float <: double

Streams API Stream API (truncated) **Create Stream** <T> Stream<T> of(T ... values) <T> Stream<T> iterate(T seed, UnaryOperator<T> f) <T> Stream<T> iterate(T seed, Predicate<? super T> hasNext, UnaryOperator<T> f) // Terminates when hasNext fails. <T> Stream<T> generate(Supplier<T> s) **Modify Stream** Stream<T> filter(Predicate<? super T> predicate) Stream<T> map(Function<? super T,? extends R> mapper) <R> Stream<R> flatMap(Function<? super T,</pre> ? extends Stream<? extends R>> mapper) void forEach(Consumer<? super T> action) Stream<T> distinct() // Based on Object.equals(Object o) Stream<T> sorted() Stream<T> sorted(Comparator<? super T> comparator) Stream<T> peek(Consumer<? super T> action) // runs action on elements and returns same stream Stream<T> limit(long maxSize) Stream<T> takeWhile(Predicate<? super T> predicate) Stream<T> dropWhile(Predicate<? super T> predicate) **Terminal Operations** T reduce(T identity, BinaryOperator<T> accumulator) <U> U reduce(U identity, BiFunction<U,? super T,U> accumulator, BinaryOperator<U> combiner) // for all u, combiner(identity, u) is equal to u // combiner.apply(u, accumulator.apply(identity, t))

== accumulator.apply(u, t)

boolean allMatch(Predicate<? super T> predicate)
boolean anyMatch(Predicate<? super T> predicate)
boolean noneMatch(Predicate<? super T> predicate)

long count()

```
Excerpts
// __ to Stream
list.stream();
Stream.of(array);
// Stream to List
List<> ... = stream.collect(Collectors.toList());
// Print all
stream.forEach(System.out::println);
Default Functional Interfaces
Consumer<T>.accept()
Function<T,R>.apply()
Predicate<T>.test()
Supplier<T>.get()
UnaryOperator<T>.identity()
// operand and result same type
Comparator<T>.compare(T o1, T o2)
// o1 < o2 - negative
// o1 = o2 - 0
// o1 > o2 - positive
// (if o1 and o2 are related to numbers), return o1 - o2
```