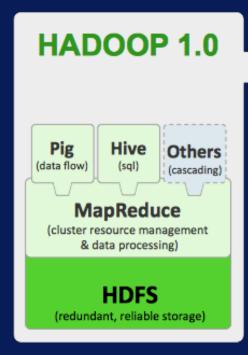
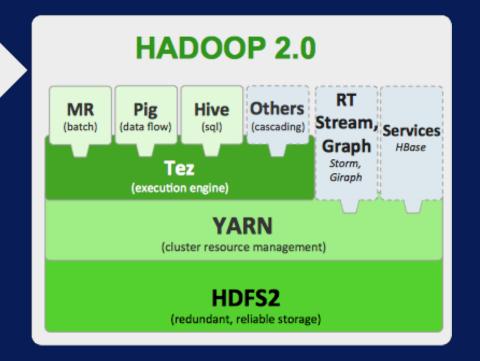
The Basic Hadoop Components

- Hadoop Common libraries and utilities
- Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) a distributed file-system
- Hadoop YARN a resource-management platform, scheduling
- Hadoop MapReduce a programming model for large scale data processing

Hadoop Stack Transition





Applications and Frameworks

- HBase a scalable data warehouse with support for large tables.
- Hive a data warehouse infrastructure that provides data summarization and ad hoc querying
- Pig A high-level data-flow language and execution framework for parallel computation
- Spark a fast and general compute engine for Hadoop data. Wide range of applications – ETL, Machine Learning, stream processing, and graph analytics.

(distributed batch MapReduce of big data) processing

development of Apache Pig MapReduce applications)

data warehousing with HiveQL or Apache Hive MapReduce)

Others

(interactive visualization) Apache Giraph

(distributed computing of incoming data streams in real time) Apache Storm/S4

(random read/write access of big data in real time) Apache HBase

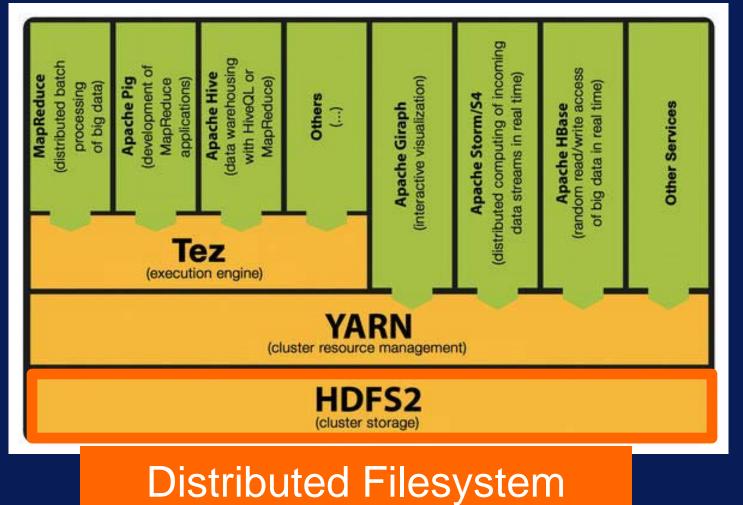
Other Services

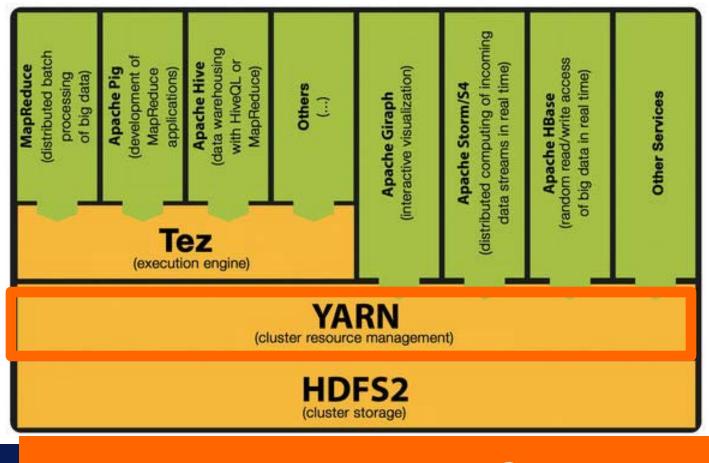
Tez (execution engine)

YARN

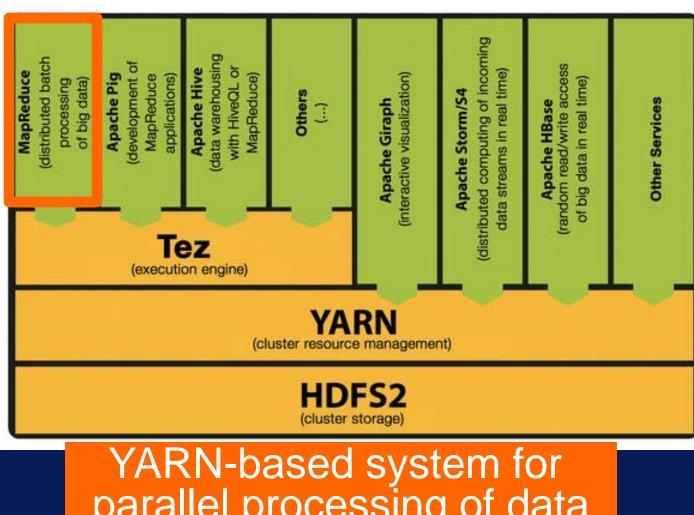
(cluster resource management)

HDFS2 (cluster storage)

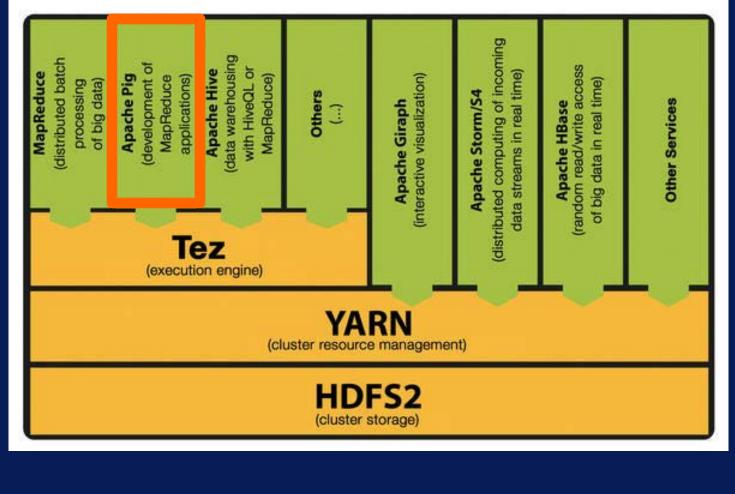




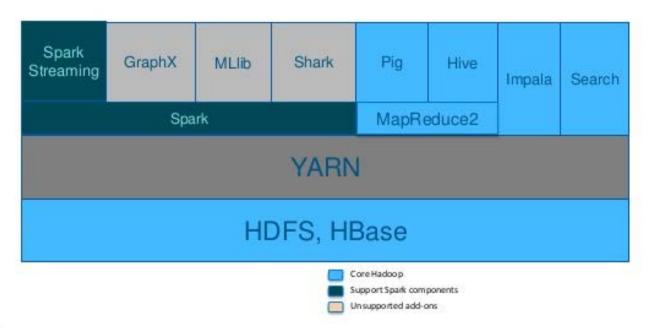
Resource Management, Scheduling



YARN-based system for parallel processing of data

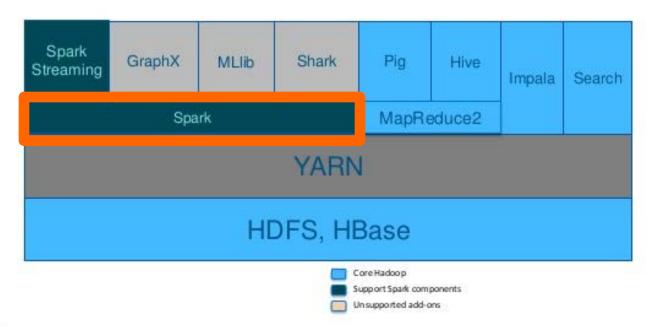


Hadoop in the Spark world



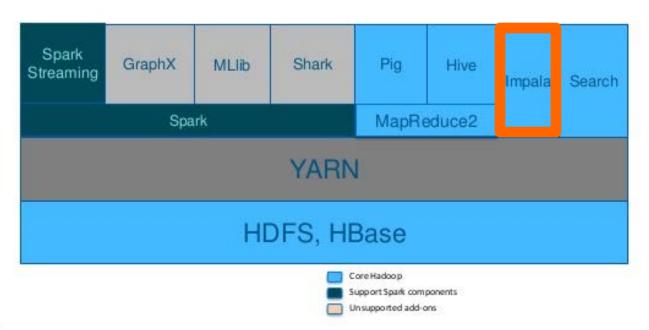


Hadoop in the Spark world



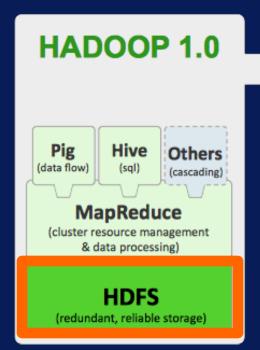


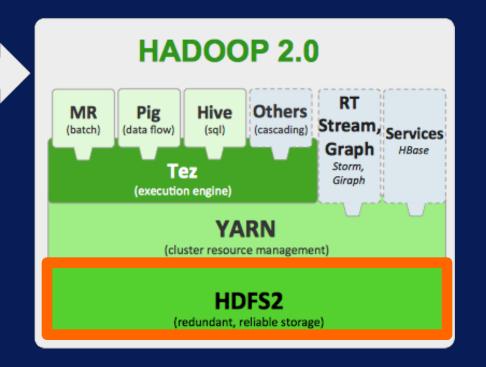
Hadoop in the Spark world





HDFS and HDFS2



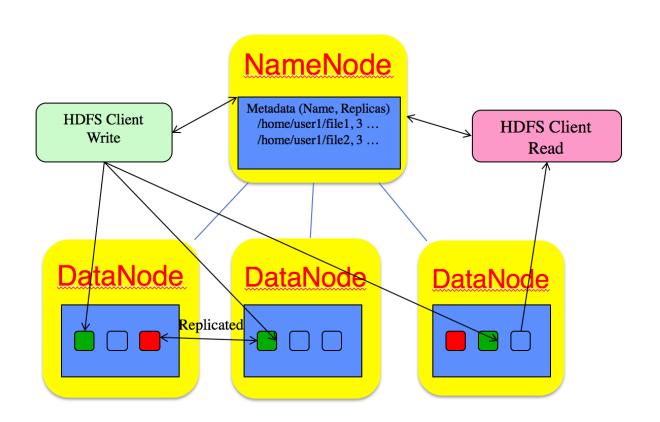


Original HDFS Design Goals

- Resilience to hardware failure
- Streaming data access
- Support for large dataset, scalability to hundreds/thousands of nodes with high aggregate bandwidth
- Application locality to data
- Portability across heterogeneous hardware and software platforms

Original HDFS Design

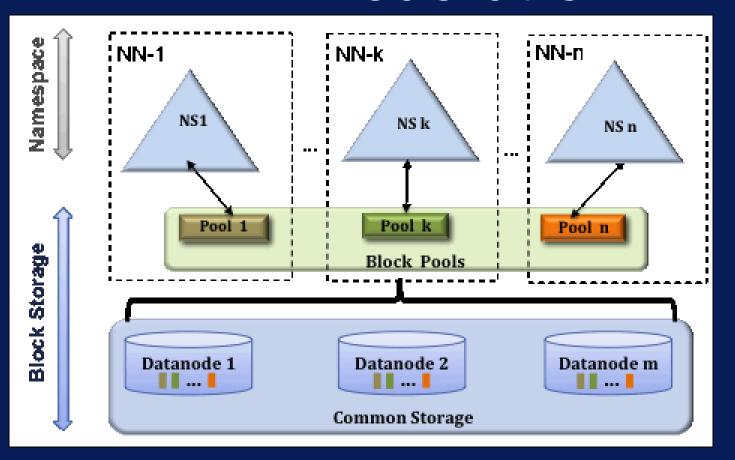
- Single NameNode a master server that manages the file system namespace and regulates access to files by clients.
- Multiple DataNodes typically one per node in the cluster. Functions:
 - Manage storage
 - Serving read/write requests from clients
 - Block creation, deletion, replication based on instructions from NameNode



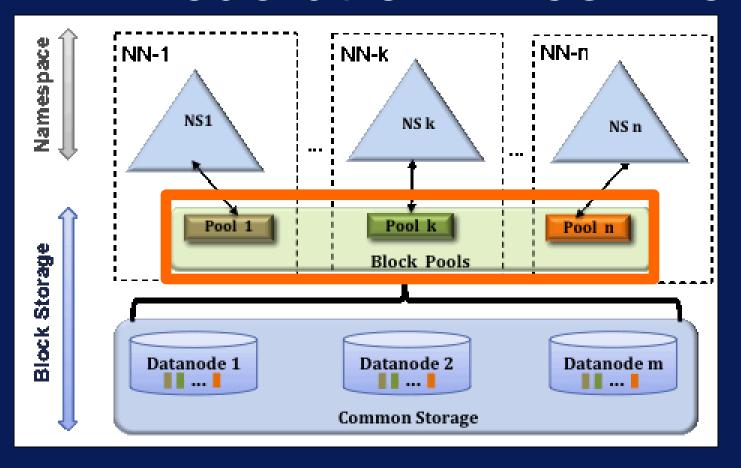
HDFS in Hadoop 2

- HDFS Federation
- Multiple Namenode servers
- Multiple namespaces
- High Availability redundant NameNodes
- Heterogeneous Storage and Archival Storage
 - ARCHIVE, DISK, SSD, RAM_DISK

Federation



Federation: Block Pools



Federation: Benefits

Allows namespace scaling

 Scales up filesystem read/write throughput

Isolation

MapReduce Framework

- Software framework for writing parallel data processing applications
- MapReduce job splits data into chunks
- Map tasks process data chunks
- Framework sorts map output
- Reduce tasks use sorted map data as input

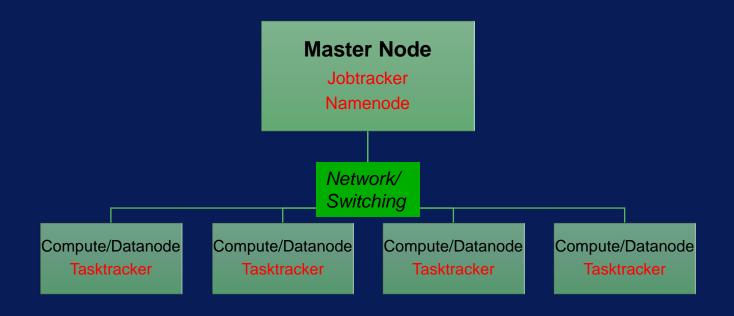
MapReduce Framework

- Typically compute and storage nodes are the same.
- MapReduce tasks and HDFS running on the same nodes
- Can schedule tasks on nodes with data already present.

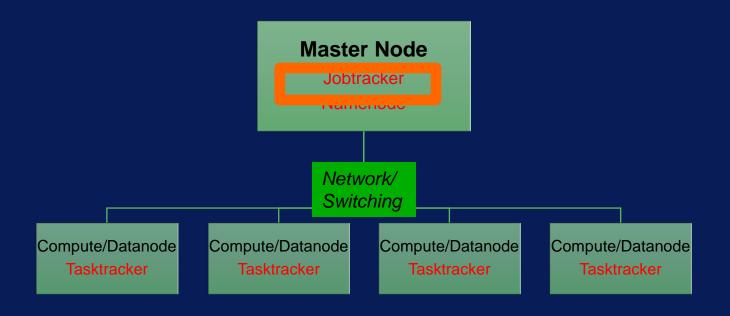
Original MapReduce Framework

- Single master JobTracker
- JobTracker schedules, monitors, and re-executes failed tasks.
- One slave TaskTracker per cluster node
- TaskTracker executes tasks per JobTracker requests.

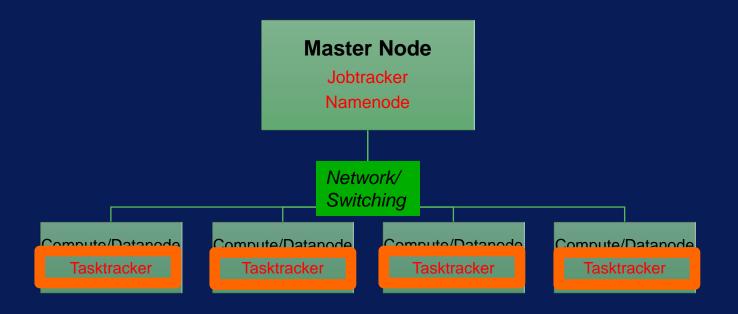
Original Hadoop Architecture



Original Hadoop Architecture



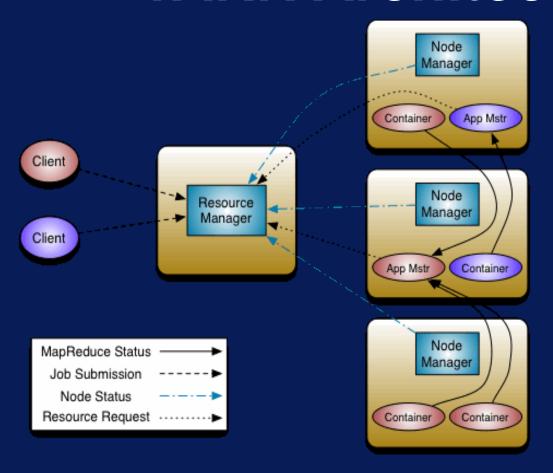
Original Hadoop Architecture



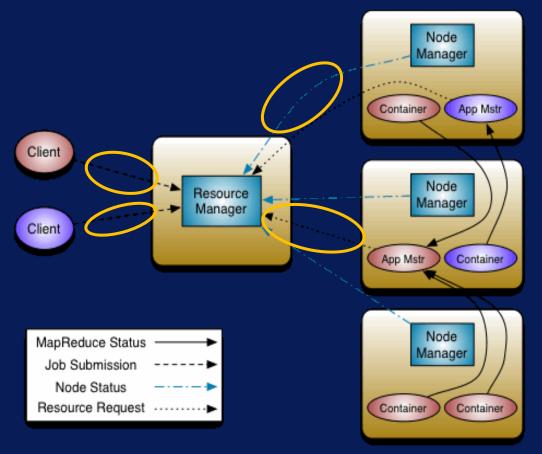
YARN: NexGen MapReduce

- Main idea Separate resource management and job scheduling/monitoring.
- Global ResourceManager (RM)
- NodeManager on each node
- ApplicationMaster one for each application

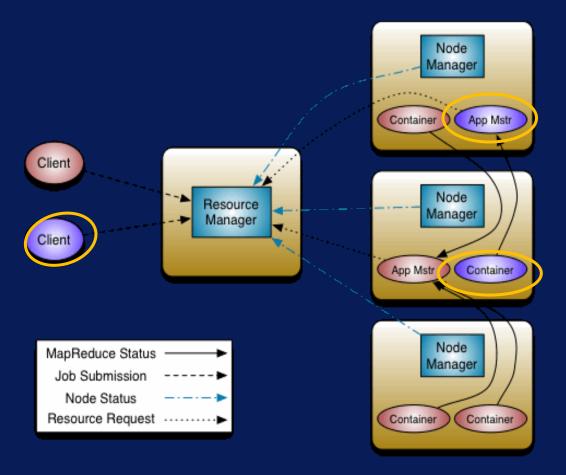
YARN Architecture



YARN Architecture



YARN Architecture



Additional YARN Features

- High Availability ResourceManager
- Timeline Server
- Use of Cgroups
- Secure Containers
- YARN web services REST APIs