Event Loop in JavaScript



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What is the Event Loop?

 The Event Loop is a mechanism in JavaScript that ensures:

The Call Stack processes tasks The Callback
 Queue and
Microtask Queue
are checked for
tasks to execute.

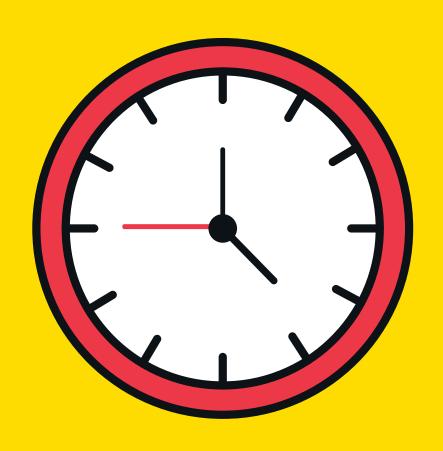
 It keeps JavaScript non-blocking and single-threaded!



How It Works?

JavaScript
 executes
 synchronous
 code in the
 Call Stack.





 Asynchronous tasks like setTimeout are sent to the Web APIs.



How It Works?

 Once complete, their callbacks go to the Callback Queue (or Microtask Queue for promises).





 The Event Loop checks if the Call Stack is empty and pushes tasks from the queues.



Example

```
console.log("Start");

setTimeout(() ⇒ {
  console.log("Timeout");
}, 0);

Promise.resolve().then(() ⇒ {
  console.log("Promise");
});

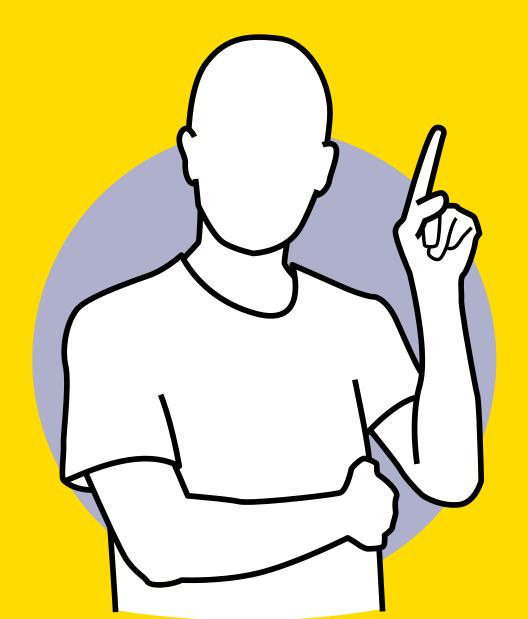
console.log("End");
```

Start
End
Promise
Timeout



Why This Order?

- console.log("Start") and console.log("End"): Synchronous tasks in the Call Stack.
- Promise callback: Goes to the Microtask Queue (higher priority).
- setTimeout callback: Goes to the Callback Queue (lower priority).





Summary

- Call Stack: Executes synchronous code.
- Web APIs: Handles asynchronous tasks.
- Callback Queue: Processes tasks like setTimeout.
- Microtask Queue: Processes promises and MutationObserver.





Keep Exploring Javascript with us!

Share this with a friend who needs it and make sure to practice these in scribbler.





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