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# **DD-GAN-AE**

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## MODELS

This package contains three models that can readily be used with user defined or imported network architectures. These consist of: adversarial autoencoder, convolutional autoencoder, and SVD autoencoder.

## 1.1 Adversarial Autoencoder

Implementation of two classes with a slightly different version of the adversarial autoencoder model. The former corresponds to the original paper on adversarial autoencoders:

<https://arxiv.org/abs/1511.05644>

and the second is an adaptation with weighted losses inspired by:

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.06297>

**class** `models.aae.AAE` (*encoder, decoder, discriminator, optimizer, seed=None*)

Adversarial autoencoder class

**compile** (*input\_shape*)

Compilation of models according to original paper on adversarial autoencoders

**Parameters** *input\_shape* (*tuple*) – Shape of input data

**train** (*train\_data, epochs, val\_data=None, batch\_size=128, val\_batch\_size=128, wandb\_log=False*)

Training model according to original paper on adversarial autoencoders

**Parameters**

- **train\_data** (*np.ndarray*) – Train dataset
- **epochs** (*int*) – Number of training epochs to execute
- **val\_data** (*np.ndarray, optional*) – Validation dataset. Defaults to None.
- **batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Training batch size. Defaults to 128.
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Validation batch size. Defaults to 128.
- **wandb\_log** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to log results to wandb. Note function needs to be called in `wandb.init()` scope for this to work. Defaults to False.

**validate** (*val\_dataset, val\_batch\_size=128*)

Validate model on previously unseen dataset.

**Parameters**

- **val\_dataset** (*np.ndarray*) – Validation dataset
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Validation batch size. Defaults to 128.

**Returns** Validation losses and accuracies

**Return type** tuple

**class** `models.aae.AAE_combined_loss` (*encoder, decoder, discriminator, optimizer, seed=None*)  
Adversarial autoencoder with combined loss class

**compile** (*input\_shape*)

Compilation of models where we use a training method that weights the losses of the discriminator and autoencoder and as such combines them into one loss and trains on them simultaneously.

**Parameters** `input_shape` (*tuple*) – Shape of input data

**train** (*train\_data, epochs, val\_data=None, batch\_size=128, val\_batch\_size=128, wandb\_log=False, n\_discriminator=5*)  
Training model with combined loss strategy

**Parameters**

- **train\_data** (*np.ndarray*) – Train dataset
- **epochs** (*int*) – Number of training epochs to execute
- **val\_data** (*np.ndarray, optional*) – Validation dataset. Defaults to None.
- **batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Training batch size. Defaults to 128.
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Validation batch size. Defaults to 128.
- **wandb\_log** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to log results to wandb. Note function needs to be called in `wandb.init()` scope for this to work. Defaults to False.

**validate** (*val\_dataset, val\_batch\_size=128*)

Validate model on previously unseen dataset.

**Parameters**

- **val\_dataset** (*np.array*) – Validation dataset
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Validation batch size. Defaults to 128.

**Returns** Validation losses and accuracies

**Return type** tuple

**models.aae.plot\_losses** (*d\_loss, g\_loss, livaloss, d\_loss\_val=None, g\_loss\_val=None*)  
Convenience function to plot a set of losses. Can be used by adversarial type of networks

**Parameters**

- **d\_loss** (*float*) – Discriminator loss value
- **g\_loss** (*float*) – Generator loss value
- **livaloss** (*object*) – `livelossplot` class instance
- **d\_loss\_val** (*float, optional*) – Validation discriminator loss value. Defaults to None.
- **g\_loss\_val** (*float, optional*) – Validation generator loss value. Defaults to None.

**models.aae.print\_losses** (*d\_loss, g\_loss, epoch, d\_loss\_val=None, g\_loss\_val=None*)  
Convenience function to print a set of losses. Can be used by adversarial type of networks

**Parameters**

- **d\_loss** (*float*) – Discriminator loss value
- **g\_loss** (*float*) – Generator loss value

- **epoch** (*int*) – Current epoch
- **d\_loss\_val** (*float, optional*) – Validation discriminator loss value. Defaults to None.
- **g\_loss\_val** (*float, optional*) – Validation generator loss value. Defaults to None.

## 1.2 Convolutional Autoencoder

Convolutional autoencoder model.

**class** `models.cae.CAE` (*encoder, decoder, optimizer, seed=None*)

Convolutional autoencoder class

**compile** (*input\_shape, pi\_loss=False*)

Compile model

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape of input data
- **pi\_loss** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to use physics informed loss, note this is currently in experimental stage. Defaults to False.

**predict** (*data*)

Convenience function that gives class predict method that just does forward pass through model.

**Parameters** **data** (*np.ndarray*) – Input grids that are to be reconstructed by this model

**Returns** Reconstructed grids

**Return type** *np.ndarray*

**train** (*train\_data, epochs, val\_data=None, batch\_size=128, val\_batch\_size=128, wandb\_log=False*)

Training convolutional autoencoder model

**Parameters**

- **train\_data** (*np.ndarray*) – Train dataset
- **epochs** (*int*) – Number of training epochs to execute
- **val\_data** (*np.ndarray, optional*) – Validation dataset. Defaults to None.
- **batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Training batch size. Defaults to 128.
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Validation batch size. Defaults to 128.
- **wandb\_log** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to log results to wandb. Note function needs to be called in `wandb.init()` scope for this to work. Defaults to False.

**train\_generate** (*data\_file\_base, val\_data, epochs, regen\_epochs*)

Train and every *regen\_epochs* epochs generate a new training set from available vtu files.

Currently in development.

**Parameters**

- **data\_file\_base** (*string*) – Path to vtu files
- **val\_data** (*np.array*) – Array to use as validation dataset
- **epochs** (*int*) – Number of total epochs to do
- **regen\_epochs** (*int*) – Interval at which to regenerate a new dataset

**validate** (*val\_dataset*)

Validate model on validation dataset.

**Parameters**

- **val\_dataset** (*np.ndarray*) – Validation dataset
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Validation batch size. Defaults to 128.

**Returns** Validation losses and accuracies

**Return type** tuple

## 1.3 SVD Autoencoder

SVD autoencoder model. Can be used with any of the dense (or 1D convolutional) encoder and decoder architectures in architectures directory.

**class** `models.svdae.SVDAE` (*encoder, decoder, optimizer, seed=None*)

SVD Autoencoder class

**calc\_pod** (*snapshots, nPOD=-2, cumulative\_tol=0.99*)

Calculate POD coefficients and basis functions

**Parameters**

- **snapshots** (*list of ndarrays*) – List of arrays with subgrid snapshots. shape: (n\_grids, n\_nodes, n\_timelevels)
- **nPOD** (*int*) – number of pod coefficients to use. Set to -2 for dynamic setting where a tolerance determines the number of POD coefficients. Defaults to -2.
- **cumulative\_tol** (*float*) – Tolerance value to use if this option is selected in *nPOD* parameter.

**Returns** POD coefficients per subgrid

**Return type** list of ndarrays

**compile** (*nPOD, weight\_loss=False*)

Compile SVD autoencoder

**Parameters**

- **nPOD** (*int*) – Number of POD coefficients to use
- **weight\_loss** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to weight losses by singular value magnitudes, note this feature is currently in experimental phase. Defaults to False.

**predict** (*data*)

Pass a collection of grids through the model

**Parameters** **data** (*np.ndarray*) – Dataset that is to be passed through the model

**Returns** Reconstructed dataset

**Return type** np.ndarray

**predict\_single** (*snapshot*)

Pass single array through full model including POD and the autoencoder

**Parameters** **snapshot** (*np.ndarray*) – Grid to be predicted

**Returns** Grid reconstructed by SVD autoencoder



**Return type** `np.ndarray`

**reconstruct\_from\_pod** (*R*)

Convenience function to reconstruct a grid from bases and coefficients

**Parameters**

- **coeffs** (*np.ndarray*) – POD coefficients
- **R** (*np.ndarray*) – POD basis matrix

**Returns** Grid reconstructed through POD

**Return type** `np.ndarray`

**train** (*train\_data, epochs, val\_data=None, batch\_size=128, val\_batch\_size=128, wandb\_log=False*)

Training SVD autoencoder model

**Parameters**

- **train\_data** (*np.ndarray*) – Train dataset
- **epochs** (*int*) – Number of training epochs to execute
- **val\_data** (*np.ndarray, optional*) – Validation dataset. Defaults to None.
- **batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Training batch size. Defaults to 128.
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Validation batch size. Defaults to 128.
- **wandb\_log** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to log results to wandb. Note function needs to be called in `wandb.init()` scope for this to work. Defaults to False.

**validate** (*val\_dataset*)

Validate model on validation dataset.

**Parameters** **val\_dataset** (*np.ndarray*) – Validation dataset

**Returns** Validation losses and accuracies

**Return type** tuple

`models.svdae.plot_losses` (*loss, liveloss, loss\_val=None*)

Convenience function to plot a set of losses. Can be used by SVD autoencoder.

**Parameters**

- **loss** (*float*) – loss value
- **liveloss** (*object*) – `livelossplot` class instance
- **loss\_val** (*float, optional*) – Validation loss value. Defaults to None.

`models.svdae.print_losses` (*loss, epoch, loss\_val=None*)

Convenience function to print a set of losses. can be used by SVD autoencoder.

**Parameters**

- **loss** (*float*) – Loss value
- **epoch** (*int*) – Current epoch

## 1.4 Predictive models

Predictive Models. Note that these models contain multiple vestigial elements from having been autoencoders before. For example the naming of the attributes on the classes, e.g. “encoder” and “decoder”. Note that in a production

release these would likely be named differently. However, since other students rely on this code in their codebases and use the present version such a change would require a coordination with other students as well, for which there was no time in this project.

**class** `models.predictive.Predictive` (*encoder, decoder, optimizer, seed=None*)

Predictive Neural Network class

**compile** (*nPOD, increment=False*)

Compile the model

#### Parameters

- **nPOD** (*np.ndarray*) – Number of input coefficients, can be POD coefficients but also latent variables
- **increment** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to predict and train on increments or whole values. Defaults to False.

**predict** (*boundaries, init\_values, timesteps, iters=5, sor=1, timestep\_print\_interval=None*)

Predict in time using boundaries and initial values for a certain number of timesteps. The timestep shifts will be done in this function

#### Parameters

- **boundaries** (*np.ndarray*) – Boundaries in shape (nboundaries (2), nvars, ntimesteps)
- **init\_values** (*np.ndarray*) – Initial values in shape (ngrid, nvars)
- **timesteps** (*int*) – Number of timesteps to predict
- **iters** (*int*) – Number of iterations to do before a prediction. Defaults to 5.
- **sor** (*float*) – Successive overrelaxation factor. Defaults to 1.
- **timestep\_print\_interval** (*int*) – Interval at which to print the current timestep to see progress, defaults to None.

**preprocess** (*input\_data*)

Preprocessing function to transform dataset.

**Parameters** **input\_data** (*np.ndarray*) – Input data in shape (<number of domains>, <number of pod

coefficients or latent variables per domain>, <number of timesteps>)

**Returns** Tuple containing x (samples) and y (targets) datasets

**Return type** tuple

**train** (*input\_data, epochs, interval=5, val\_size=0, val\_data=None, batch\_size=128, val\_batch\_size=128, wandb\_log=False, n\_discriminator=5, n\_gradient\_ascent=inf, noise\_std=0*)

Train the model and do preprocessing within this function.

#### Parameters

- **input\_data** (*np.ndarray*) – Input data in shape
- **epochs** (*int*) – Number of epochs to train for
- **interval** (*int, optional*) – Interval at which to train data. Defaults to 5.
- **val\_size** (*float, optional*) – Relative size of validation set, if not supplied as the next argument. Number between 0 and 1. Defaults to 0.

- **val\_data** (*np.ndarray, optional*) – User-supplied validation dataset, mutually exclusive with `val_size > 0`. Defaults to None.
- **batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – [description]. Defaults to 128.
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Batch size on the validation set. Defaults to 128.
- **wandb\_log** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to log results to wandb, needs to be called within wandb context if set to true. Defaults to False.
- **n\_discriminator** (*int, optional*) – Interval at which discriminator is trained, i.e. it is trained on every `n_discriminator` batches. Defaults to 5.
- **n\_gradient\_ascent** (*int, optional*) – Interval at which discriminator is made to do a step of gradient ascent, i.e. it does a step of gradient ascent every `n_gradient_ascent` batches. Defaults to `np.inf`.
- **noise\_std** (*float, optional*) – Standard deviation of Gaussian noise applied to training dataset, is reapplied uniquely every epoch. Defaults to 0.

**validate** (*val\_dataset, val\_batch\_size*)  
Validate model on validation dataset.

#### Parameters

- **val\_dataset** (*np.ndarray*) – Validation dataset
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Validation batch size. Defaults to 128.

**Returns** Validation losses and accuracies

**Return type** tuple

**class** models.predictive.**Predictive\_adversarial** (*encoder, decoder, discriminator, optimizer*)

Predictive Adversarial Neural Network class

**compile** (*nPOD, increment=False*)  
Compile the model with a weighted loss between the autoencoder and generator

#### Parameters

- **nPOD** (*np.ndarray*) – Number of input coefficients, can be POD coefficients but also latent variables
- **increment** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to predict and train on increments or whole values. Defaults to False.

**classmethod from\_save** (*dirname, optimizer*)  
Load model from savefile and override default constructor

#### Parameters

- **dirname** (*str*) – Name of directory where model is saved
- **optimizer** (*Object*) – Tensorflow optimizer

**predict** (*boundaries, init\_values, timesteps, iters=5, sor=1, pre\_interval=False, timestep\_print\_interval=None*)  
Predict in time using boundaries and initial values for a certain number of timesteps. The timestep shifts will be done in this function

#### Parameters

- **boundaries** (*np.ndarray*) – Boundaries in shape (nboundaries (2), nvars, ntimesteps)
- **init\_values** (*np.ndarray*) – Initial values in shape (ngrid, nvars)
- **timesteps** (*int*) – Number of timesteps to predict
- **iters** (*int*) – Number of iterations to do before a prediction. Defaults to 5.
- **sor** (*float*) – Successive overrelaxation factor. Defaults to 1.
- **pre\_interval** (*bool*) – Whether intervals have already been applied outside of this function. If False, this function will do it. Defaults to False.
- **timestep\_print\_interval** – Interval at which to print the current timestep to see progress, defaults to None.

**preprocess** (*input\_data*)

Preprocessing function to transform dataset. Will be called on input data when function *train* is called. Will not be used when *train\_preprocessed* is used instead, as the latter assumes the user has done the preprocessing in advance.

**Parameters** **input\_data** (*np.ndarray*) – Input data in shape (<number of domains>, <number of pod coefficients or latent variables per domain>, <number of timesteps>)

**Returns** Tuple containing x (samples) and y (targets) datasets

**Return type** tuple

**save** (*dirname='model'*)

Saves the model

**Parameters**

- **dirname** (*str*, *optional*) – Directory to save model in. Defaults to
- **"model"** –

**train** (*input\_data*, *epochs*, *interval=5*, *val\_size=0*, *val\_data=None*, *batch\_size=128*, *val\_batch\_size=128*, *wandb\_log=False*, *n\_discriminator=5*, *n\_gradient\_ascent=inf*, *noise\_std=0*)

Train the model and do preprocessing within this function.

**Parameters**

- **input\_data** (*np.ndarray*) – Input data in shape
- **epochs** (*int*) – Number of epochs to train for
- **interval** (*int*, *optional*) – Interval at which to train data. Defaults to 5.
- **val\_size** (*float*, *optional*) – Relative size of validation set, if not supplied as the next argument. Number between 0 and 1. Defaults to 0.
- **val\_data** (*np.ndarray*, *optional*) – User-supplied validation dataset, mutually exclusive with *val\_size* > 0. Defaults to None.
- **batch\_size** (*int*, *optional*) – [description]. Defaults to 128.
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int*, *optional*) – Batch size on the validation set. Defaults to 128.
- **wandb\_log** (*bool*, *optional*) – Whether to log results to wandb, needs to be called within wandb context if set to true. Defaults to False.

- **n\_discriminator** (*int, optional*) – Interval at which discriminator is trained, i.e. it is trained on every *n\_discriminator* batches. Defaults to 5.
- **n\_gradient\_ascent** (*[type], optional*) – Interval at which discriminator is made to do a step of gradient ascent, i.e. it does a step of gradient ascent every *n\_gradient\_ascent* batches. Defaults to `np.inf`.
- **noise\_std** (*float, optional*) – Standard deviation of Gaussian noise applied to training dataset, is reapplied uniquely every epoch. Defaults to 0.

**train\_preprocessed** (*x\_full, y\_full, epochs, interval=5, val\_size=0, val\_data=None, batch\_size=128, val\_batch\_size=128, wandb\_log=False, n\_discriminator=5, n\_gradient\_ascent=inf, noise\_std=0*)

Train the model and do no preprocessing.

#### Parameters

- **input\_data** (*np.ndarray*) – Input data in shape
- **epochs** (*int*) – Number of epochs to train for
- **interval** (*int, optional*) – Interval at which to train data. Defaults to 5.
- **val\_size** (*float, optional*) – Relative size of validation set, if not supplied as the next argument. Number between 0 and 1. Defaults to 0.
- **val\_data** (*np.ndarray, optional*) – User-supplied validation dataset, mutually exclusive with *val\_size > 0*. Defaults to `None`.
- **batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – [description]. Defaults to 128.
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Batch size on the validation set. Defaults to 128.
- **wandb\_log** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to log results to wandb, needs to be called within wandb context if set to true. Defaults to False.
- **n\_discriminator** (*int, optional*) – Interval at which discriminator is trained, i.e. it is trained on every *n\_discriminator* batches. Defaults to 5.
- **n\_gradient\_ascent** (*[type], optional*) – Interval at which discriminator is made to do a step of gradient ascent, i.e. it does a step of gradient ascent every *n\_gradient\_ascent* batches. Defaults to `np.inf`.
- **noise\_std** (*float, optional*) – Standard deviation of Gaussian noise applied to training dataset, is reapplied uniquely every epoch. Defaults to 0.

**validate** (*val\_dataset, val\_batch\_size*)

Validate model on validation dataset.

#### Parameters

- **val\_dataset** (*np.ndarray*) – Validation dataset
- **val\_batch\_size** (*int, optional*) – Validation batch size. Defaults to 128.

**Returns** Validation losses and accuracies

**Return type** tuple



## HYPERPARAMETER OPTIMIZATION

This package contains some functionality for doing hyperparameter optimization with the Weights and Biases platform. Below is the documentation for the functions that handle this for the flow past cylinder and slug flow problems.

### 2.1 Flow Past Cylinder

Functions used for weights and biases hyperparameter optimization of autoencoders on FPC dataset.

`wandb.train_wandb_fpc.train_wandb_aae` (*config=None*)

Construct and subsequently train the model while reporting losses to weights and biases platform. Weights and biases also controls hyperparameters.

**Parameters** `config` (*dict, optional*) – Dictionary with hyperparameters, set by weights and biases. Defaults to None.

`wandb.train_wandb_fpc.train_wandb_cae` (*config=None*)

Construct and subsequently train the model while reporting losses to weights and biases platform. Weights and biases also controls hyperparameters.

**Parameters** `config` (*dict, optional*) – Dictionary with hyperparameters, set by weights and biases. Defaults to None.

`wandb.train_wandb_fpc.train_wandb_svdae` (*config=None*)

Construct and subsequently train the model while reporting losses to weights and biases platform. Weights and biases also controls hyperparameters.

**Parameters** `config` (*dict, optional*) – Dictionary with hyperparameters, set by weights and biases. Defaults to None.

### 2.2 Slug Flow

Functions used for weights and biases hyperparameter optimization of autoencoders on slug flow dataset

`wandb.train_wandb_sf.train_wandb_aae` (*config=None*)

Construct and subsequently train the model while reporting losses to weights and biases platform. Weights and biases also controls hyperparameters.

**Parameters** `config` (*dict, optional*) – Dictionary with hyperparameters, set by weights and biases. Defaults to None.

`wandb.train_wandb_sf.train_wandb_cae` (*config=None*)

Construct and subsequently train the model while reporting losses to weights and biases platform. Weights and biases also controls hyperparameters.

**Parameters** `config` (*dict*, *optional*) – Dictionary with hyperparameters, set by weights and biases. Defaults to None.

`wandb.train_wandb_sf.train_wandb_svdae` (*config=None*)

Construct and subsequently train the model while reporting losses to weights and biases platform. Weights and biases also controls hyperparameters.

**Parameters** `config` (*dict*, *optional*) – Dictionary with hyperparameters, set by weights and biases. Defaults to None.



## UTILITIES

This package also contains some utilities for printing, loss functions, etc. . .

General utilities for package

`utils.calc_pod (snapshots, nPOD=-2, cumulative_tol=0.99, R=None)`

Calculate POD coefficients and basis functions

**Parameters** `snapshots` (*list of ndarrays*) – List of arrays with subgrid snapshots. shape: (n\_grids, n\_nodes\*n\_scalar, n\_timelevels)

**Returns** POD coefficients per subgrid

**Return type** list of ndarrays

**class** `utils.mse_PI (dx=None, dy=None)`

Mean squared error loss class.

**class** `utils.mse_weighted`

Custom weighted mean squared error loss

`utils.reconstruct_pod (coeffs, R)`

Reconstruct grid from POD coefficients and transformation matrix R.

**Parameters**

- **coeffs** (*np.array*) – POD coefficients
- **R** (*np.array*) – Transformation matrix R

**Returns** Reconstructed grid

**Return type** np.array

Collection of preprocessing utilities. Further preprocessing utilities can be found in DD-GAN submodule.

`preprocessing.utils.convert_2d (subgrid_snapshots, shape, timesteps)`

Utility to convert list of grids to list of 2d grids

**Parameters**

- **subgrid\_snapshots** (*List*) – List of subgrids
- **shape** (*Tuple*) – Shape of 2d grid, e.g. (nFields, nx, ny)
- **timesteps** (*Int*) – Number of timesteps

**Returns** List of converted subgrids

**Return type** List



## LIBRARY OF ARCHITECTURES

While the package is built in such a way that the user can easily use the architectures they designed. This package also includes a set of premade architectures. These are listed below.

### 4.1 Convolutional Architectures

Note that we have different architectures for the flow past cylinder and slug flow problems.

#### 4.1.1 Two Dimensional (Flow Past Cylinder)

Collection of encoders and decoders that can readily be imported and used by the 2D adversarial and convolutional autoencoder and predictive models.

Note that these models are currently adjusted to a 55 by 42 input shape.

```
architectures.cae.D2.cae.build_agostini_encoder_decoder(input_shape, latent_dim,  
                                                         initializer, info=False)
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 221 by 42 grids

##### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.cae.D2.cae.build_custom_conv_decoder(latent_dim, initializer,  
                                                    info=False)
```

Builds a 2D convolutional decoder

##### Parameters

- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.

**Returns** encoder

**Return type** tf.keras.Model

```
architectures.cae.D2.cae.build_custom_conv_encoder(input_shape, latent_dim, initial-  
izer, info=False)
```

Builds a 2D convolutional encoder

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.

**Returns** encoder

**Return type** `tf.keras.Model`

```
architectures.cae.D2.cae.build_deeper_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape, la-  
tent_dim, initial-  
izer, info=False,  
act='elu',  
dense_act=None)
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 55 by 42 grids

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** `tuple`

```
architectures.cae.D2.cae.build_denser_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape, la-  
tent_dim, initial-  
izer, info=False,  
act='elu',  
dense_act=None)
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 55 by 42 grids

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.cae.D2.cae.build_densest_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape,
                                                             latent_dim, initial-
                                                             izer, info=False,
                                                             act='elu',
                                                             dense_act=None)
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 55 by 42 grids

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool*, *optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str*, *optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str*, *optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.cae.D2.cae.build_mnist_wide_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape,
                                                                latent_dim,
                                                                initializer,
                                                                info=False)
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 28 by 28 grids so can work on MNIST dataset as a test

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool*, *optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.cae.D2.cae.build_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape, latent_dim, ini-
                                                       tializer, info=False, act='elu',
                                                       dense_act=None)
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 55 by 42 grids

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool*, *optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str*, *optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str*, *optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.cae.D2.cae.build_wide_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape, latent_dim, initializer, info=False, act='elu', dense_act=None)
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 55 by 42 grids

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.cae.D2.cae.build_wider_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape, latent_dim, initializer, info=False, act='elu', dense_act=None)
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 55 by 42 grids

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

## 4.1.2 Three Dimensional (Slug Flow)

Collection of encoders and decoders that can readily be imported and used by the 3D adversarial and convolutional autoencoder and predictive models.

Note that these models are currently adjusted to a 60 by 60 by 20 input shape.

```
architectures.cae.D3.cae.build_deeper_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape, latent_dim, initializer, info=False, act='elu', dense_act=None, final_act='linear')
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 60 by 20 by 20 grids

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.cae.D3.cae.build_denser_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape, latent_dim, initializer, info=False, act='elu', dense_act=None, final_act='linear')
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 60 by 20 by 20 grids

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.cae.D3.cae.build_densest_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape,  
                                                             latent_dim, initial-  
                                                             izer, info=False,  
                                                             act='elu',  
                                                             dense_act=None,  
                                                             final_act='linear')
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 60 by 20 by 20 grids

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.cae.D3.cae.build_densest_thinner_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape,  
                                                                       la-  
                                                                       tent_dim,  
                                                                       initial-  
                                                                       izer,  
                                                                       info=False,  
                                                                       act='elu',  
                                                                       dense_act=None,  
                                                                       fi-  
                                                                       nal_act='linear')
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 60 by 20 by 20 grids

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple



```
architectures.cae.D3.cae.build_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape, latent_dim,
                                                    initializer, info=False,
                                                    act='elu', dense_act=None,
                                                    final_act='linear')
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 60 by 20 by 20 grids

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.cae.D3.cae.build_wide_omata_encoder_decoder(input_shape, latent_dim,
                                                         initializer,
                                                         info=False, act='elu',
                                                         dense_act=None,
                                                         final_act='linear')
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 60 by 20 by 20 grids

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

## 4.2 Discriminator Architectures

Collection of discriminators that can readily be imported and used by the adversarial autoencoder and predictive models

```
architectures.discriminators.discriminators.build_custom_discriminator(latent_dim,  
                                                                           ini-  
                                                                           tial-  
                                                                           izer,  
                                                                           info=False)
```

Build a discriminator

**Parameters**

- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables.
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print model info. Defaults to False.

**Returns** discriminator

**Return type** *tf.keras.Model*

```
architectures.discriminators.discriminators.build_custom_wider_discriminator(latent_dim,  
                                                                           ini-  
                                                                           tial-  
                                                                           izer,  
                                                                           info=False)
```

Build a discriminator

**Parameters**

- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables.
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print model info. Defaults to False.

**Returns** discriminator

**Return type** *tf.keras.Model*

## 4.3 Mixed architectures for SVD Autoencoder and predictive networks

Collection of encoders and decoders that can readily be imported and used by the SVD autoencoder model.

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_conv_encoder_decoder(input_dim, latent_dim, initial-  
                                                         izer, info=False, act='relu',  
                                                         dense_act='relu', dropout=0.6,  
                                                         final_act='linear')
```

Create a 1D convolutional encoder and decoder

**Parameters**

- **input\_dim** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.

- **dropout** (*int, optional*) – Dropout factor to use. Defaults to 0.6.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_deeper_dense_decoder(input_dim,          latent_dim,
                                                         initializer,      info=False,
                                                         act='relu',         dropout=0.6,
                                                         final_act='linear')
```

Builds a dense decoder

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **dropout** (*int, optional*) – Dropout factor to use. Defaults to 0.6.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder

**Return type** tf.keras.Model

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_deeper_dense_encoder(latent_dim,          initializer,
                                                         info=False,      act='relu',
                                                         dropout=0.6)
```

Builds a dense encoder

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **dropout** (*int, optional*) – Dropout factor to use. Defaults to 0.6.

**Returns** encoder

**Return type** tf.keras.Model

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_dense_decoder(input_dim,    latent_dim,    initializer,
                                                         info=False,    act='relu',    dropout=0.6,
                                                         final_act='linear')
```

Builds a dense decoder

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer

- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **dropout** (*int, optional*) – Dropout factor to use. Defaults to 0.6.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder

**Return type** tf.keras.Model

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_dense_encoder(latent_dim,    initializer,    info=False,  
                                              act='relu', dropout=0.6)
```

Builds a dense encoder

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **dropout** (*int, optional*) – Dropout factor to use. Defaults to 0.6.

**Returns** encoder

**Return type** tf.keras.Model

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_slimmer_dense_decoder(input_dim,    latent_dim,  
                                                       initializer,    info=False,  
                                                       act='relu',    dropout=0.6,  
                                                       final_act='linear')
```

Builds a dense decoder

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **dropout** (*int, optional*) – Dropout factor to use. Defaults to 0.6.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder

**Return type** tf.keras.Model

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_slimmer_dense_encoder(latent_dim,    initializer,  
                                                       info=False,    act='relu',  
                                                       dropout=0.6)
```

Builds a dense encoder

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer

- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **dropout** (*int, optional*) – Dropout factor to use. Defaults to 0.6.

**Returns** encoder

**Return type** tf.keras.Model

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_slimmer_vinicius_encoder_decoder(input_dim,
                                                                latent_dim,
                                                                initializer,
                                                                info=False,
                                                                act='elu',
                                                                dense_act='elu',
                                                                dropout=0.6,
                                                                reg=0.001,
                                                                batch-
                                                                norm=True,
                                                                fi-
                                                                nal_act='linear')
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 60 by 20 by 20 grids

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.
- **dropout** (*float*) – Dropout factor to use in dense layers.
- **reg** (*float*) – Level of weights regularization to use.
- **batchnorm** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to use batch normalization layers. Defaults to True.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_smaller_vinicius_encoder_decoder(input_dim,
                                                                latent_dim,
                                                                initializer,
                                                                info=False,
                                                                act='elu',
                                                                dense_act='elu',
                                                                dropout=0.6,
                                                                reg=0.001,
                                                                batch-
                                                                norm=True,
                                                                fi-
                                                                nal_act='linear')
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 60 by 20 by 20 grids

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.
- **dropout** (*float*) – Dropout factor to use in dense layers.
- **reg** (*float*) – Level of weights regularization to use.
- **batchnorm** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to use batch normalization layers. Defaults to True.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_vinicius_encoder_decoder(input_dim,          la-  
                                                         tent_dim,          initializer,  
                                                         info=False,    act='elu',  
                                                         dense_act='elu',  
                                                         dropout=0.6,  reg=0.001,  
                                                         batchnorm=True,    fi-  
                                                         nal_act='linear')
```

This encoder-decoder pair currently works for 60 by 20 by 20 grids

**Parameters**

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.
- **dropout** (*float*) – Dropout factor to use in dense layers.
- **reg** (*float*) – Level of weights regularization to use.
- **batchnorm** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to use batch normalization layers. Defaults to True.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_wider_conv_encoder_decoder(input_dim, latent_dim,
                                                             initializer, info=False,
                                                             act='relu',
                                                             dense_act='relu',
                                                             dropout=0.6,         fi-
                                                             nal_act='linear')
```

Create a 1D convolutional encoder and decoder

#### Parameters

- **input\_dim** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **act** (*str, optional*) – Activation function to use. Defaults to “elu”.
- **dense\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to None.
- **dropout** (*int, optional*) – Dropout factor to use. Defaults to 0.6.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder, decoder pair

**Return type** tuple

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_wider_dense_decoder(input_dim,          latent_dim,
                                                       initializer,          info=False,
                                                       act='relu',      dropout=0.6,  fi-
                                                       nal_act='linear')
```

Builds a dense decoder

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables
- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **dropout** (*int, optional*) – Dropout factor to use. Defaults to 0.6.
- **final\_act** (*str, optional*) – Dense layer activation function to use. Defaults to “linear”.

**Returns** encoder

**Return type** tf.keras.Model

```
architectures.svdae.svdae.build_wider_dense_encoder(latent_dim,          initializer,
                                                       info=False,          act='relu',
                                                       dropout=0.6)
```

Builds a dense encoder

#### Parameters

- **input\_shape** (*tuple*) – Shape tuple of input grids
- **latent\_dim** (*int*) – Number of latent variables

- **initializer** (*tf.keras.initializers.Initializer*) – Weights initializer
- **info** (*bool, optional*) – Whether to print info. Defaults to False.
- **dropout** (*int, optional*) – Dropout factor to use. Defaults to 0.6.

**Returns** encoder

**Return type** `tf.keras.Model`



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