# COMP 1004 Final Project Plan

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## **Project Plan**

This section of the document outlines the process undertaken during the planning phase for this COMP1004 project. This document is also under the influence of the initial interim report produced. This first section will highlight the game development life cycle and the sprints taken throughout the project in order to achieve progress within the development of

the game. It will also feature the completed UML diagrams prior to development and the backlog of features to be added.

### **Game Development Life Cycle**

As this project is exploring about making a game using HTML, CSS and

JavaScript, the type of software development lifecycle it'll follow is

the game development life cycle. And what I followed to be an ideal

method for a project like this is agile software engineering. I chose

this form of development method as I would constantly be designing a

feature within the game and testing it throughout in small chunks until

it works as intended which will then be added on to the final product

as it builds on.

In order to thoroughly plan this development life cycle further, I will

have done a minimum of two sprints for the initial submission of this project — which are chunks of work done

incrementally within a set time frame, usually two weeks — where I may

follow a rough guideline on what should be completed at what date.

By the end of the project at least 5 sprints would have been finished to show the tasks processed and achieved in the development cycle.

#### **Sprints**

From the 2nd of November to the 13th of January of this project, there will

have been a minimum of two sprints done for this project, and at least

another 5 to be planned later until the project's final deadline. On

the early sprints, I have covered early research on what I would like

to develop for this project. This ranged from a very simple text game

to a game with full UI elements.

On the first sprint from the 10th of November 2021, I have covered the

possible things I could make for the project.

On the second sprint which took place on the 24th of November 2021, I

have completed brainstorming ideas for a game to develop for this

project. In addition to that, I have also thought of elements to make a

game unique.

The most recent sprint on the 8th of December 2021, I have made sure I

asked questions to see what I can cover on the marketplace demo with my

prototype, this is where I was given feedback where I asked if a tutorial section of a game would suffice and it was given the green

light so I started planning for a basic baseline for the game where I

could incorporate a tutorial section for the user to follow. Further sprint plan should start to cover parts of the game's

#### core

mechanics to make it playable. The initial plan goes from:

- Making the tutorial space
- Making the base overworld environment
- Making the base environment where the user can battle with enemies

Sprint 4 at January 27: After feedback from the initial demo and first report submission, I have decided to decrease the scope of the project because of how taxing it could be to achieve everything I planned initially. The plan is now to simply implement an environment the player can move around in and interact with NPCs in battle until the last one between different environments.

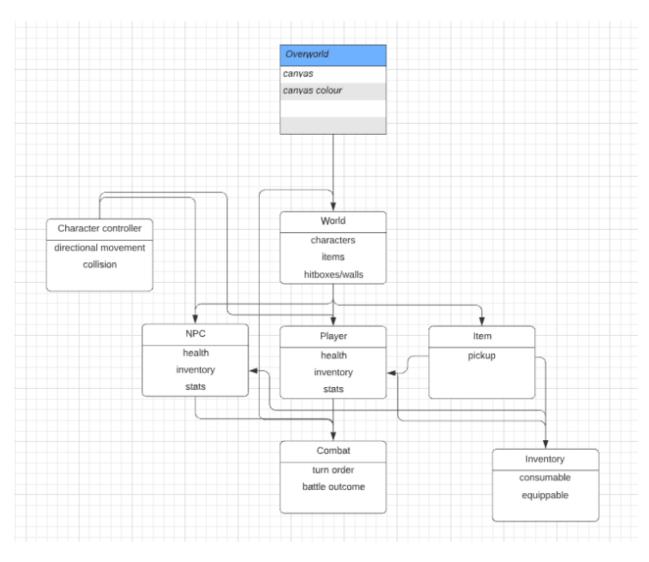
Sprint 5 at February 9: Development continues on the game again, implementing basic NPCs that can move around, shares the same spritesheet as the main character just coloured differently in order to reduce time needed to create sprites.

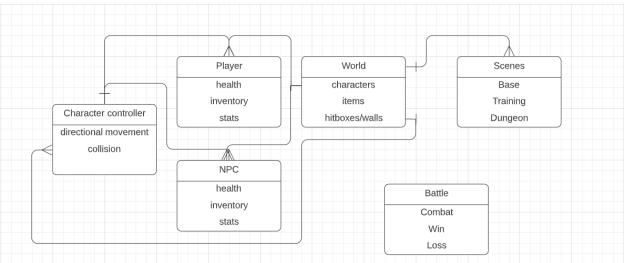
Sprint 6 at March 9: Currently there is a bug with initiating cutscenes with the player that needs to be resolved in order to proceed with the game. The cutscene system implemented is responsible for being able to interact with the NPCs and move them around when wanted as a cutscene and be able to do battles.

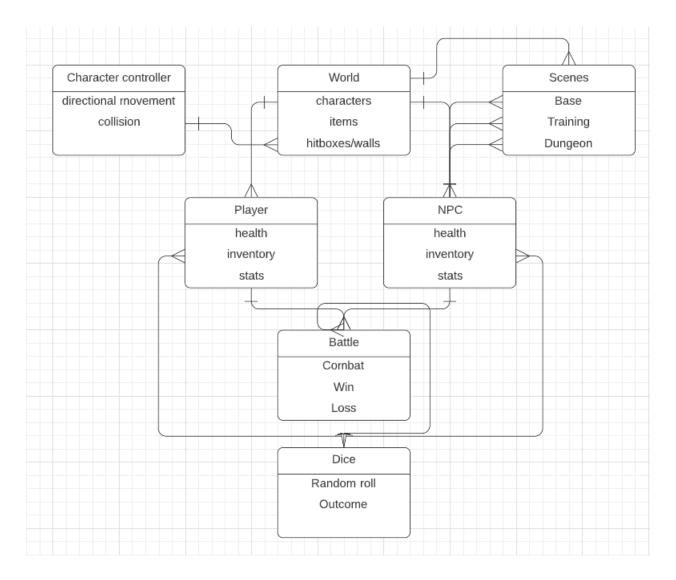
Sprint 7 at March 30: Created other assets for future use

Sprint 8 at April 6:

## **UML Diagrams**







## **Backlog**

The product backlog for this document will just list out features that I want to be implemented/need to be implemented.

#### Backlog

<u>Aa</u> Name	<b>≡</b> Tags
Starting game environment	Priority
<u>Training game environment</u>	Priority
<u>Battle system - Priority</u>	Incomplete

<u>Aa</u> Name	<b>≔</b> Tags
<u>Cutscenes - Priority</u>	Incomplete
JSON file implementation - Priority	Incomplete
Refined level design	Non priority
Refined NPCs	Non priority
<u>Menu</u>	Non priority
Pause system	Non priority
Save system	Non priority

## **Game Design Document**

This next main section of the document covers the headers that makes up the Game Design Document. This includes the Project Vision, Background, User Stories and Use Case Scenarios, Games structure, Mechanics, Characters, Menu System, Level Desgign, Wireframes, Issues and Constrains and the final link to the GitHub repo.

### **Project Vision**

In this project, I will be exploring leisure time and what might enrich

this through developing a game. Developing this project will provide me

with a wide range of knowledge and experience as I will be improving my

game development skills further. During my A Level Computer Science

2019/2021 I was assigned a task to produce a game as my NEA

project

which gave me a foundation to game development using Unity. In this

project, I will use my experience and this time I will be developing a

game using HTML, CSS and JavaScript. This is an unfamiliar but

environment I will be touching upon but that is why undertaking this

project is important to me.

My main vision for this project is to create an enjoyable and worthwhile game in order to encourage the user to spend their leisure

time with good quality which will provide them a good experience which

is what a good game should deliver. In order to achieve this, I have

thoughtfully written out different ideas, including common and existing

game concepts and adding a bit more to them or a gimmick which will

make it unique. This is because developing a game of a concept that

already exists may not be worthwhile to the user as they could just

play another game of the same genre but better developed. By adding

extra flair to it or combining two different concepts to make them

unique, I am providing something quite new to the user.

### Background

For the planning of this project, I decided to think of three different

game concepts and decide which one I would like to develop to

either

learn a new area of game development or to simply improve my skills of

one area/genre. I can already rule out the game being 3D as it would

become extremely difficult for me to develop one especially in JavaScript as I am not too familiar with the language yet. So, I was

left with making the game 2D. From this I then decide if I wanted the

game to be a plain 2D where the user faces the game flat, topdown or

isometric.

A plain 2D game would be the one of the easiest options as the whole

canvas is set in a flat plane which means that putting assets on the

canvas would not cause too many problems. I could then add further

features in later development where such as a parallax effect making

the game "pop" out more.



Super Mario World (Nintendo, 1990)

A top-down 2D game is the other easy option, as I my NEA project was

based on this 2D perspective, so I have experience with developing in

this style. This perspective is also popular within the 2D gaming

genre, it features games such as the Zelda series, the Pokémon series,

Stardew Valley and more.



Pokémon Diamond and Pearl (GameFreak/The Pokémon Company, 2006)

A 2D isometric game is an interesting option as I think it's hard to

pull off a good game with this perspective. It was a revolutionary

perspective when 3D games were still in a very early stage and the

isometric plane gave a good balance between the two. However as

December 2018, Hades, a roguelike dungeon crawler is set as an isometric game became a very highly rated game on different platforms.

It defines roguelike very well along with the fast-paced action it has

which I think integrated very well on the isometric world.



Hades (Supergiant Games, 2018)

### User Stories and associated Use Case Scenarios

For this section this is where I gather data from other users who

regularly play games but also to those who don't regularly play games.

This split is important as there is a considerable experience gap

between the two categories which could give me varying results which I

do not want to mix up.

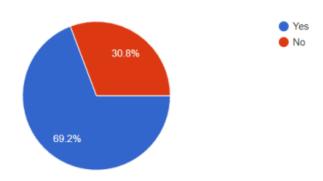
For the method of data gathering, I have chosen a simple questionnaire

with a few questions where I will outline the results in a visual pie

chart where appropriate.

#### Do you regularly play video games?

13 responses



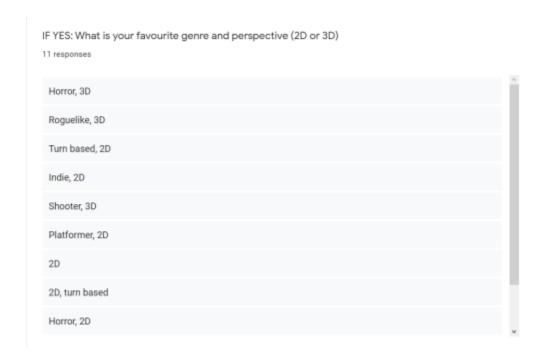
This first question just gives me a rough idea of a percentage of

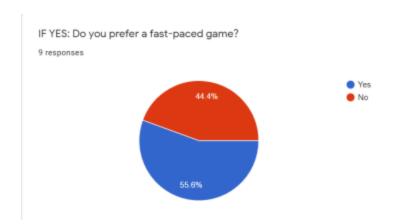
people who regularly play games. I tried to make this fair by handing

this questionnaire to not just those who are within a computer science

subject background as it is quite likely for them to be playing games

regularly. This itself is an assumption to the research.





For the people who play games regularly, I have a near 50/50 to the

question of "do you prefer a fast-paced game?". The reason why I considered this a question to be in the form is that it crosses out

another big chunk of possible games I could make, however in this case

I am still left with a 50/50 to either a fast-paced game or not.



For the people who don't regularly play games, I seem to be missing a

couple of responses on the genre and perspective of the game. The safe

assumption here is that they are not too sure with what to enter in the

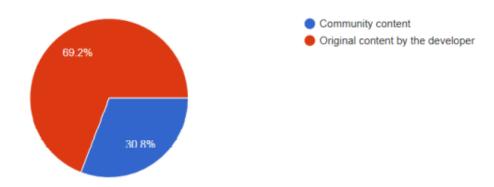
form, but I do have a few responses for the fast-paced question where

the majority said no. Which should give me an idea of the type of other

games they could be playing.

Do you prefer community-suggested/created content or original content by the developer?

13 responses



This is a question I also considered back in my NEA project. I decided

to ask this question in the form because having a community to give

feedback on what they would like to see or changed in a game is integral to keeping a game's lifespan up and keep users content with

how the game is developed.

After evaluating these responses to my questionnaire, I have slimmed

down my options to what game I could make. The chosen genre is a

simple

adventure game that has turn-based elements and will be set on a topdown perspective. On the base, the game is simple however a constraint

I will encounter is making the combat of the game as I am unfamilliar

with turn-based combat. However, to further challenge myself and the

one element I have thought of to make this game unique, is to add

elements of Dungeons and Dragons into the combat. This means that the

combat stays turn-based, but there will be a lot of factors that

change the flow of the game such as abilities, stats, equipment and

more. I chose this element to add as it fits well into an adventure RPG

game and makes it more interesting.

#### **Games Structure**

This section will highlight the core game structure integral to the

whole game itself. This will include the main mechanics of the game,

the layout and other features.

The base structure of the game will be the overworld itself where it

lays out the scene of the game the user character can walk and explore

in. There will be multiple scenes in the overworld where it will take

the user into a different room depending on the building/entry they go

in. Different characters will also be placed around the world,

and they

could be passive NPCs (Non-player characters) that the user character can interact with.

#### Classification

One of the core features of the game to be covered is the combat. The

combat will be turn-based set as a Dungeons and Dragons style. Meaning

when the user initiates combat, they will be determining the majority

of their actions through a throwing dice, the die involve is just a simple D6.

The next feature of the game will be the characters themselves. This

includes the user character itself and NPCs. The NPCs are passive characters around the overworld that the user character can

interact with. They could either guide the user character, provide

dialogue or be an integral part to progressing the game and they could

also be included in cutscenes (More about that later).

There is also another core feature that connects to almost every part

of the game and that is the stats. This includes the HP of the user

character, their abilities and stats which the same also applies to

enemies. These change throughout the game as Dungeons and Dragons is

dynamic in terms of the state of the characters playing

#### Responsibilities

Each of these features connect to form the base of the game, such as

how the combat is widely affected by the enemies and the stats of each

character on the game.

The environment is responsible for setting up the scene for the user

character to explore in and it will also spawn in the enemies and

friendly NPCs at set positions. Items will also be spawned around the

world that the user character can collect and use. Enemies can respawn

on their relative position when they have been defeated and are not

present, however items are a one-time spawn, but the user may be able

to obtain them in other methods.

During combat, the stats, user character and enemies come into play.

The user character and enemies have a set HP and during each of their

turns their stats could change until an outcome of the battle is reached.

#### **Constraints**

The main constraints I have with the game structure is learning how to

implement them. Seeing as coding a game in JavaScript is completely new

to me, it will take me considerably longer to create what I have planned than if I developed the game on an engine like Unity and using

the C# language for the scripts.

Another constraint is learning how to code scripts to work on

particular characters. Unlike the Unity engine where you can simply

make a script and attach them to an entity that can accept such script,

the script can run for that entity without having any extra code.

I may encounter more constraints not described in this section, however

with the experience I have gained from making my NEA project previously

I can look back on that and see how I can find a solution to any possible problems I will encounter.

Another big constraint I have already come across is planning on how I

will implement Dungeons and Dragons elements to the game especially in

combat. A turn-based game can be simple or complex but adding Dungeons

or Dragons into the mix means there are many factors that could be

included to change how the game's combat flows. This could make the

game have a very interesting and unique combat; however, I can see that

it will be very difficult for me as a solo student to implement.

#### **Processing**

The main processes the game will handle is the user character on the

open overworld. The user can control their character through directional keys (WASD or the arrow keys), go through the base tutorial

where they will then be sent out to the main overworld and progress

throughy. The user can enter and exit different rooms and buildings.

When the user initiates combat, normal Dungeon and Dragons rules will

take place where the user rolls a D6 to determine the turn order then

usual RPG combat takes place where each character in battle can use a

move against the other character, use an item or a certain interaction;

to which I will limit as it could be increasingly difficult to program

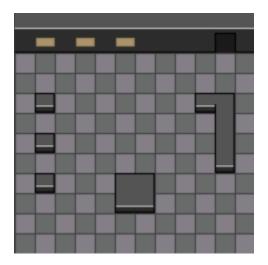
multiple interactions the user character could do.

#### Menu System

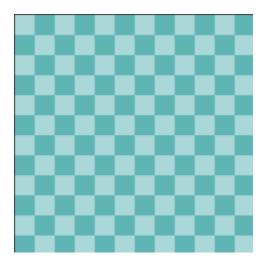
As the majority of the development will be focused into implementing more important features, the menu is most likely left out unless there is enough time to develop it properly. For now I have decided on leaving the user in a base world they can explore and roam around in and proceed to progress out.

### Level Design

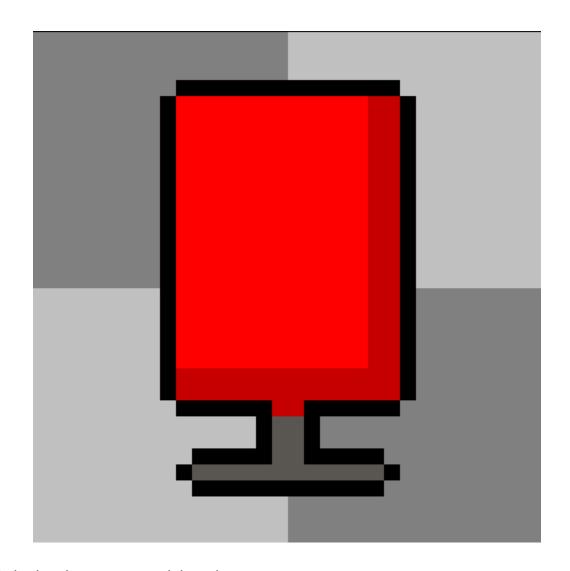
Currently the game will feature a base environment, a training environment and the battle environments along with the NPCs.



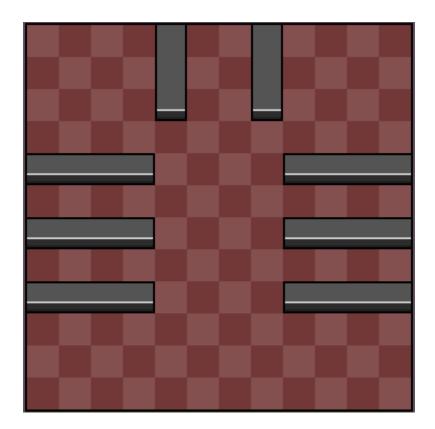
This is the base environment the player is thrown in.



This is the tutorial environment the player enters, note that it is plain as there are dummy NPCs here that can be interacted.



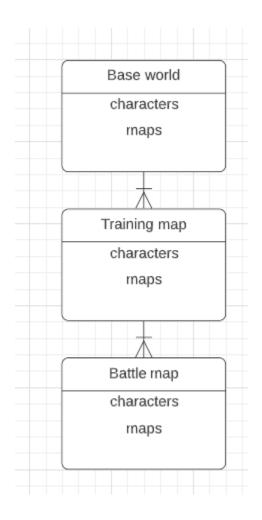
Which is just a punching bag.



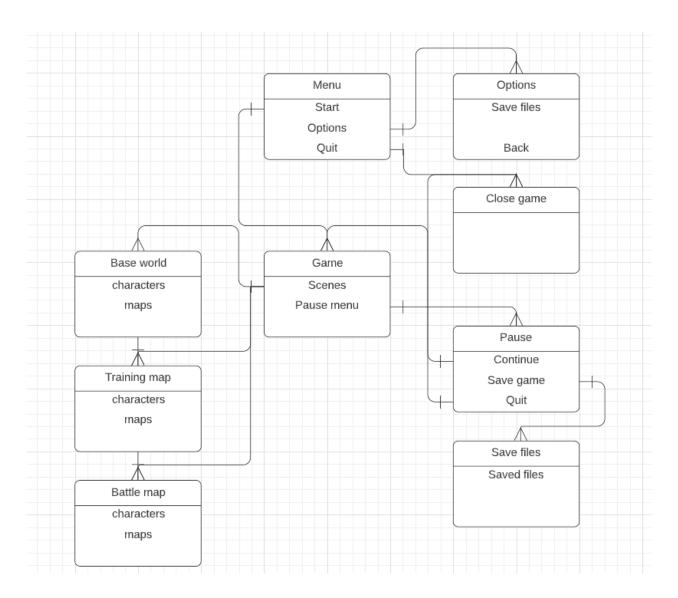
And this is the prepared battle environment, where there will be NPCs situated behind the walls and a final boss NPC at the back.

## Wireframes

The wireframes for this final project will just show how the site currently works with all the connections between them.



This is what it should look like:



#### **Noted Issues and Constraints**

Throughout planning the development for this game, I have encountered

numerous constraints that may hinder my development methods and managing the time spent programming the game.

The main constraint I have is that I am programming a game in a language that I am unfamiliar with, meaning I must take up valuable

time to learn the language and try code with it. In the meantime, there

are various YouTube channels online that cover basic JavaScript

game

programming with HTML and CSS which I can follow through and adapt for

my own game.

Another constraint is that my experience of developing a game was using

the Unity engine, where most things are convenient to code. This time,

coding in HTML, CSS and JavaScript for this project has no engine to

use as a baseline. Meaning I would have to hard code features like

collisions manually, and sprite animations.

The biggest constraint I have in this project is definitely time, all of these constraints costs me valuable time to work out how I would develop this game. On top of that, the game is currently in a very unfinished state due to a fatal bug tied to the cutscene system which is heavily relied on. As such, NPC interactions and battle scenes are not implemented. Because of time, I have also failed to implement the JSON script needed.

#### GitHub Repo

### **Bibliography**

- 1. Nintendo, 1990. Super Mario World. [image].
- 2. GameFreak, 2006. Pokémon Diamond. [image].
- 3. Supergiant Games, 2018. Hades. [image].

Special thanks to Drew Conley for providing valuable learning resources with game development on JavaScript, HTML and CSS.