

$$x_{k+1} = A_0 x_{k+1} \oplus A_1 x_k \oplus B_2 u_{k+1}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} \begin{array}{ccccc} 10 & \varepsilon & 3 & \varepsilon & 1 \\ \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \end{array} \\ A_1 & x_k & \end{array} =$$

Beispiel berechnen:

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} \begin{array}{ccccc} \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ 5 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ 3 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon & 1 & 2 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon & 6 & \varepsilon & 3 & \varepsilon \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} x_{1,1} \\ x_{1,2} \\ x_{1,3} \\ x_{1,4} \\ x_{1,5} \end{array} & \begin{array}{l} x_{1,1} = \max(\varepsilon, 10) = 10 \\ x_{1,2} = \max(5 + x_{1,1}, \varepsilon) = 15 \\ \Rightarrow x_{1,3} = \max(3 + x_{1,1}, \varepsilon) = 13 \\ x_{1,4} = \max(x_{1,2} + 1, x_{1,3} + 2) = \max(16, 15) = 16 \\ x_{1,5} = \max(x_{1,2} + 6, x_{1,4} + 3) = \max(21, 19) = 21 \end{array} \\ A_0 & x_{k+1} & \end{array}$$

$$i=2 \quad x_{k+1} = A_0^2 x_{k+1} \oplus A_0 A_1 x_k \oplus A_0 B_2 u_{k+1} \oplus A_1 x_k \oplus B_2 u_{k+1}$$

$$i=2 \quad x_{k+1} = A_0^2 x_{k+1} \oplus (A_0 \oplus I) A_1 x_k \oplus (A_0 \oplus I) B_2 u_{k+1}$$

$$i=n \quad x_{k+1} = A_0^n x_{k+1} \oplus (A_0^{n-1} \oplus A_0^{n-2} \oplus \dots \oplus A_0 \oplus I) A_1 x_k \oplus (A_0^{n-1} \oplus A_0^{n-2} \oplus \dots \oplus A_0 \oplus I) B_2 u_{k+1}$$

$$A_0^* = A_0^{n-1} \oplus A_0^{n-2} \oplus \dots \oplus A_0 \oplus I; \quad A_0 \text{ ist zyklentfrei} \Rightarrow \forall i, j \in A_0 = \varepsilon$$

$$\Rightarrow x_{k+1} = A_0^* A_1 x_k \oplus A_0^* B_2 u_{k+1}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} \begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ 5 & 0 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ 3 & \varepsilon & 0 & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \\ 6 & 1 & 2 & 0 & \varepsilon \\ 11 & 6 & 5 & 3 & 0 \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \end{array} \\ A_0^* & A_1 & \end{array} = \begin{array}{c|c|c} \begin{array}{ccccc} 10 & \varepsilon & 3 & \varepsilon & 1 \\ 15 & \varepsilon & 8 & \varepsilon & 6 \\ 13 & \varepsilon & 6 & \varepsilon & 4 \\ 16 & \varepsilon & 9 & \varepsilon & 7 \\ 21 & \varepsilon & 14 & \varepsilon & 12 \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \end{array} \\ M & & \end{array}; \quad B_m = A_0^* B_2 = \begin{array}{c} \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon \\ 4 \\ 7 \end{array}$$

