



Patrones de diseño

M. en C. José Hsunción Enríquez Zárate





DHO

M. en C. José Hsunción Enríquez Zárate

Data Access Object(DAO): Problem

IPA



- The DAO pattern is a prominent concept in many data-driven application frameworks.
 - Premise: bundle data to expose it to clients.
- It promotes separation of concerns.
 - Business logic and data logic change at differente rates.
- Used to address the limits of some containermanaged persistence technology (CMP)

Data Access Object(DAO): Forces





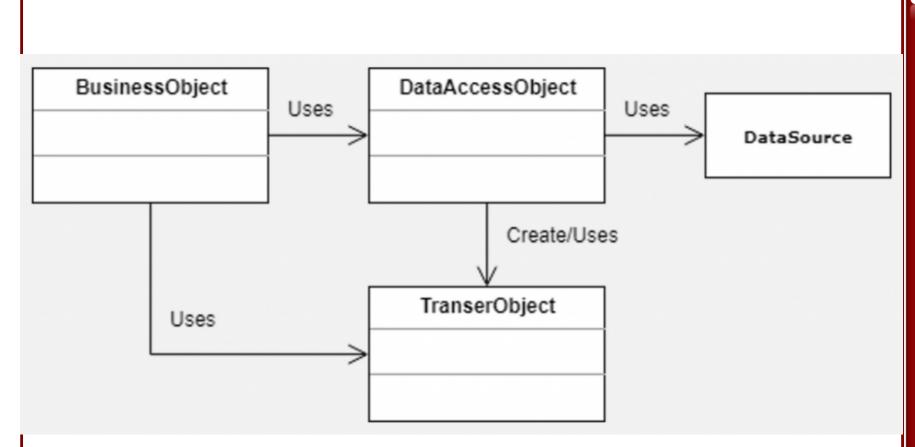
- The DAO Pattern addresses current conditions:
 - You need a simple way to test data access.
 - You need to decouple proprietary data sources form business logic.
 - You want to clear line of demarcation between service-oriented applications and tehe data that they use.
 - You want to separate complex query code from simple CRUD implementations



Data Access Object(DAO): Forces







DAO: Consequences

- IPA A
- ESCOM Booled-Superior de Compute
- Adss an interface and its implementation to the code
- Must be maintained in parallel with entity logic
- Puts reusable data access logic in a central place
- Case for reuse may prove scarce or unrealistic
- Is the least awkward approach to propietary data APIS





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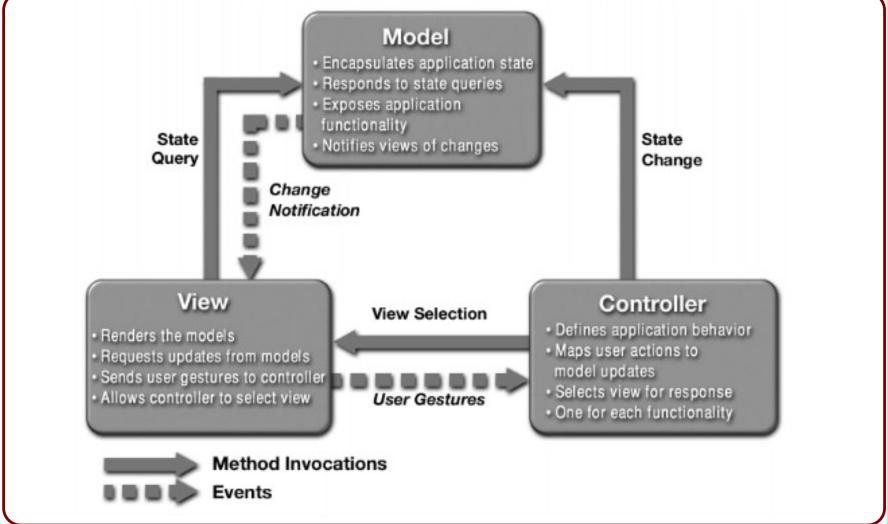
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MVC Architecture









MVC Architecture





- MVC is a widely known development metaphor.
 - It originated with the SmallTalk programming language.
 - It is a well-know approach for UI-centric frameworks
 - Swing
 - > Struts2
 - Spring
 - It is useful as a general example for separating concerns.
 - Delegate command request
 - Uses event notificaction for flexible communication

Benefits of the MVC Model

- PA
- ESCOM Booled Superior de Computo
- In the M-V-C, the concept separates the data (Model), its presentation (View), and its commands (Controller) into interdependient concerns.
- The MVC model promotes the underlying assumption that several developers are participating in a project that uses it.
- Separation of concerns, as a design concept, impose a variety of interfaces that allow the concerns to connect with each other event though the internal development remains independent.



Applying the MVC Pattern: Problem Forces





- User interfaces and bussines logic change at diferent rates.
- Some clients will support multiple interfaces:
 - You can display the same information in different views.
 - Some views update to reflect the changes in the model data.
 - The model data must reflect the changes initiated from view immediately.
 - The user interface is loosely coupled to the data and logic.

Applying the MVC Pattern: Problem Forces



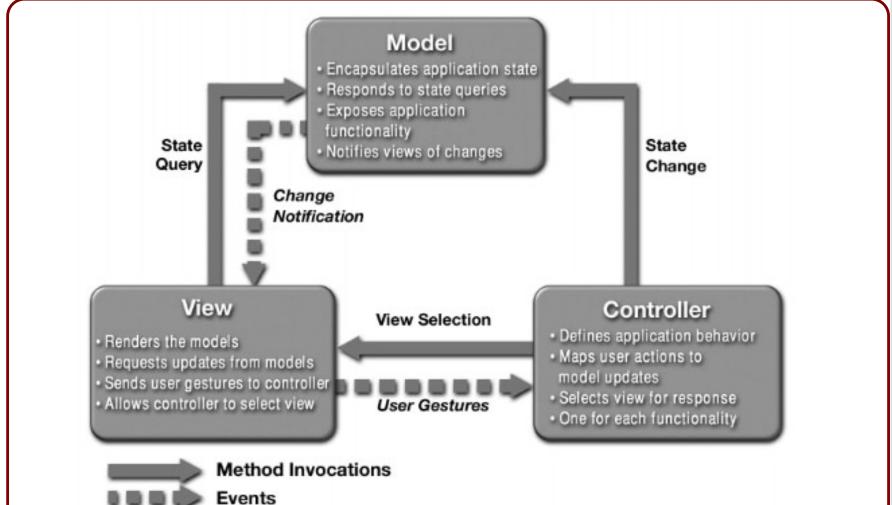


- The MVC pattern divides the system into three areas:
 - Controller: Accepts user requests, invokes processing on the Model components, and determines which View component should be displayed.
 - View: Display a GUI with the Model component data. It may also pass GUI-driven events to the Controller components.
 - Model: Contains business data, processing and rules. It is unaware of any user interface type.

MVC Architecture







Applying the MVC Pattern: Consequences





Advantages:

- Multiple views offer simple or detailed perspectives.
- It is easier to modify the Model, View and Controller components separately.
- Some developers specialize on the UI, whereas other specialize on the model.

Disadvantages;

A very simple implementation of subsystems may greatly increase the communication overhead





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