

Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN)

Intuition



Previous frames



Current frame

Sequence Modeling Problem

Next word prediction

Enter the beginning of a phrase:

It would mean the

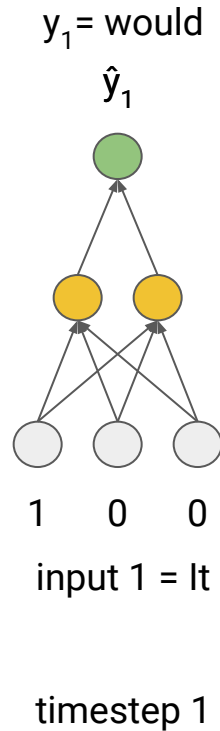
Top-3 predictions:

world

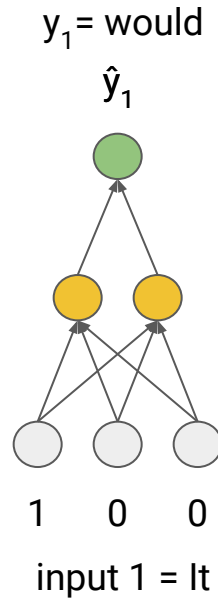
same

most

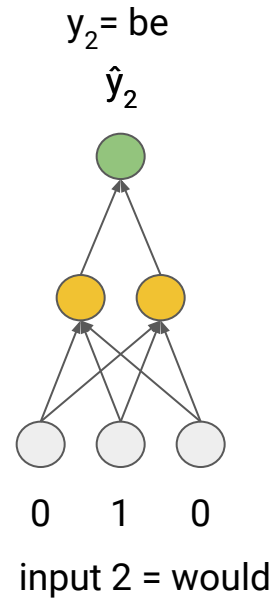
RNN Architecture



RNN Architecture

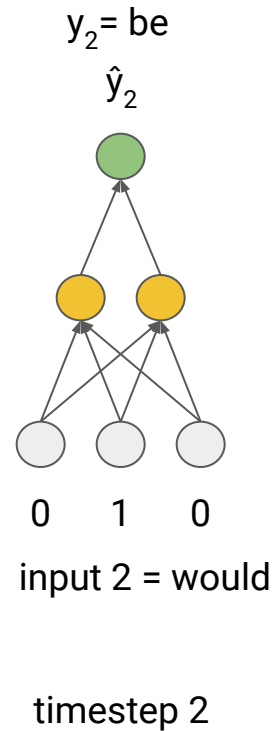
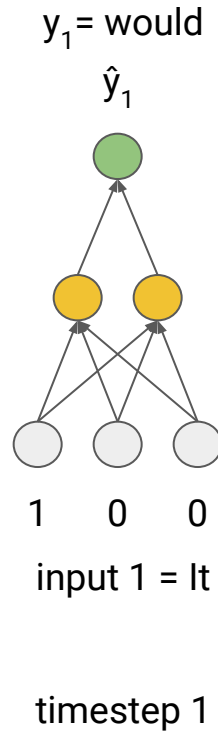


timestep 1



timestep 2

RNN Architecture



...

...

Intuition

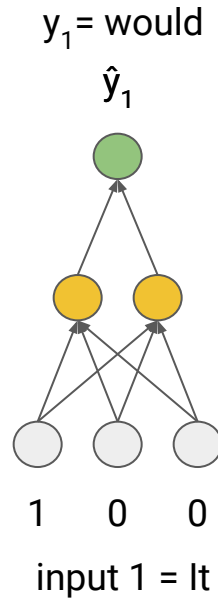


Previous frames

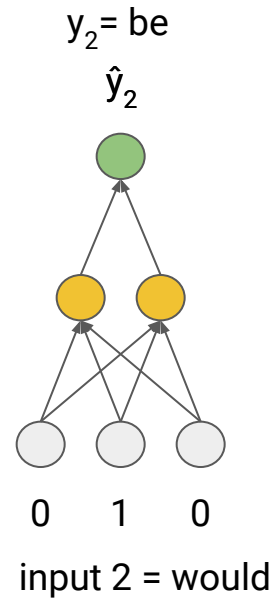


Current frame

RNN Architecture

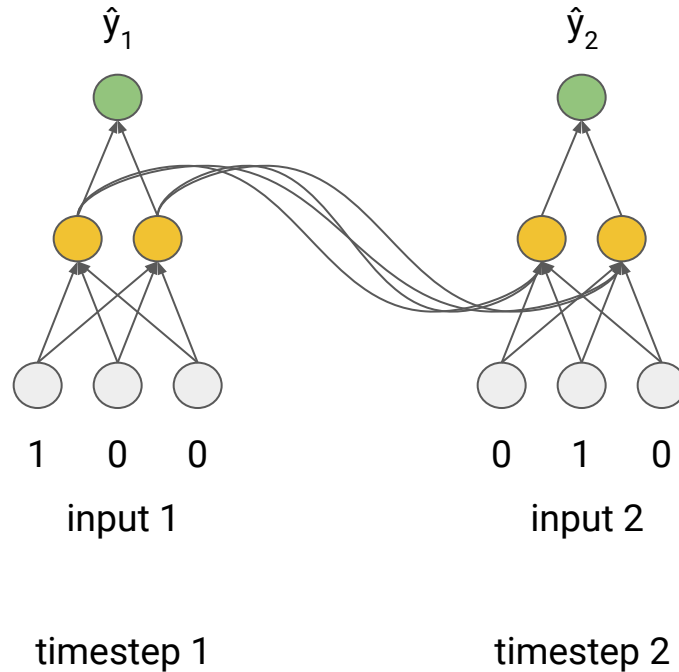


timestep 1

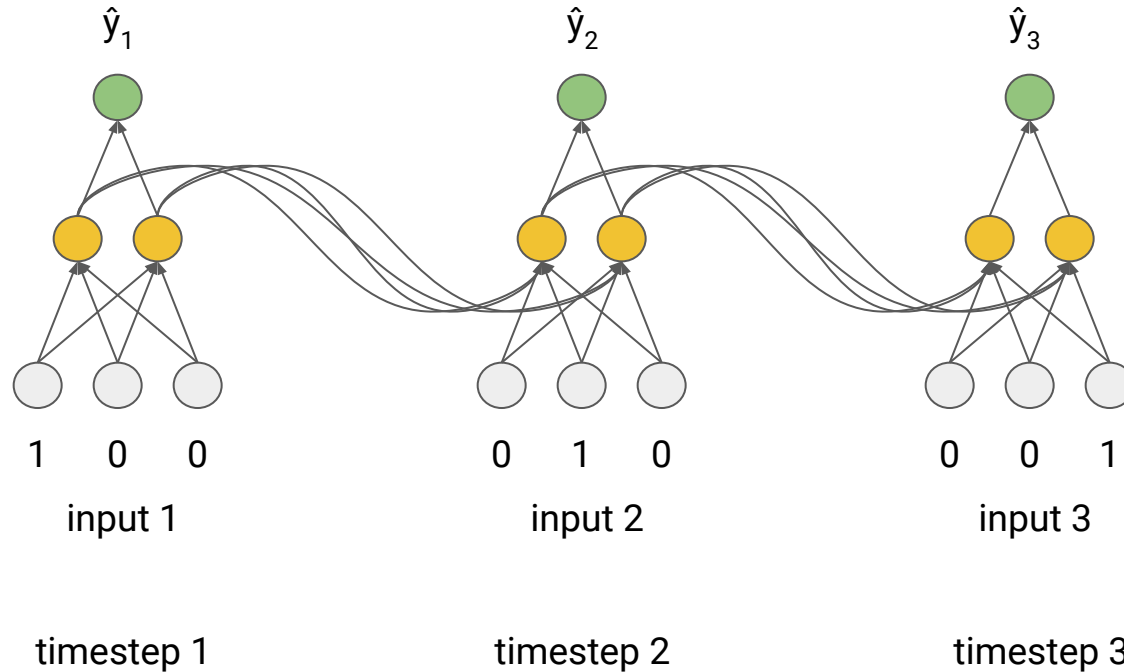


timestep 2

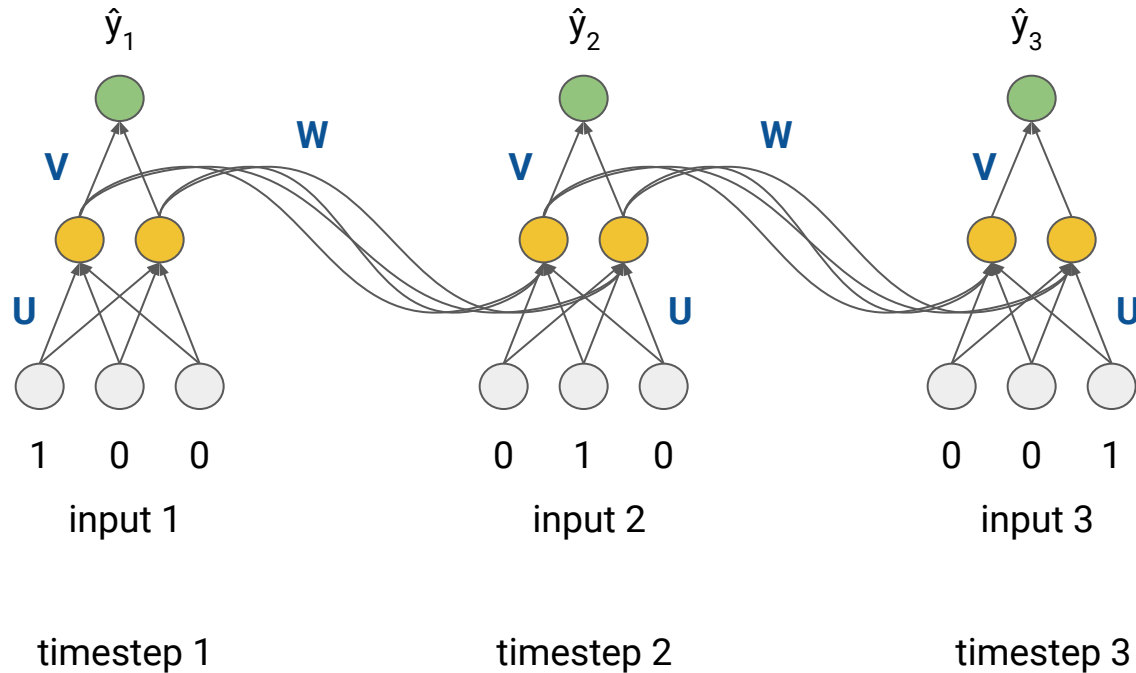
RNN Architecture



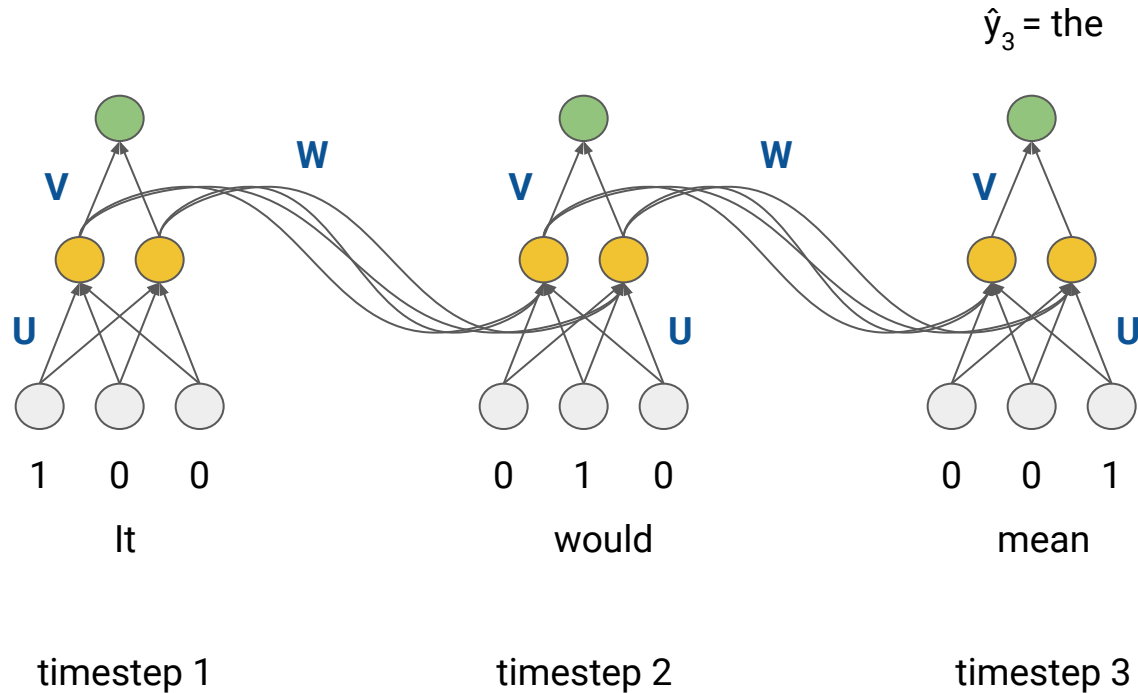
RNN Architecture



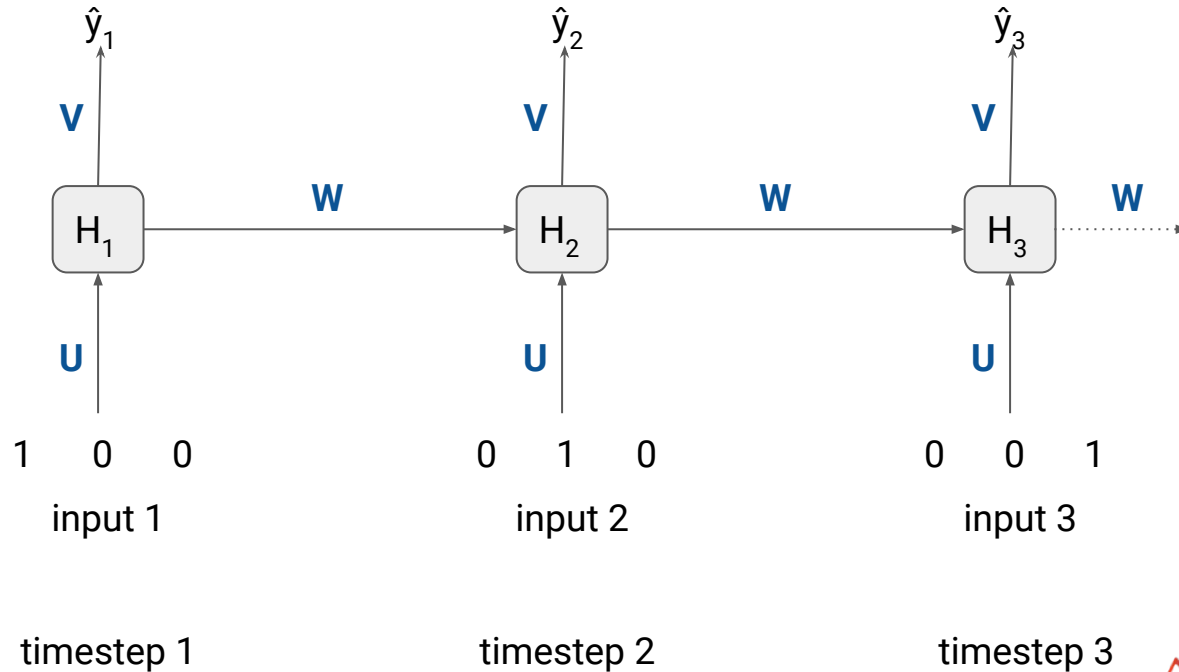
RNN Architecture



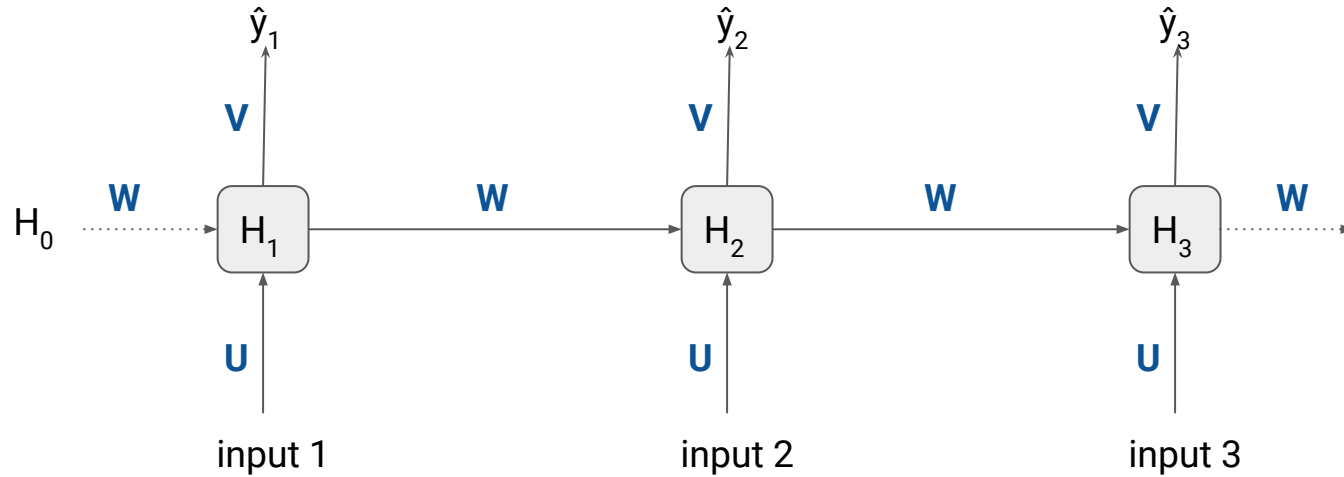
RNN Architecture



RNN Architecture



RNN Architecture

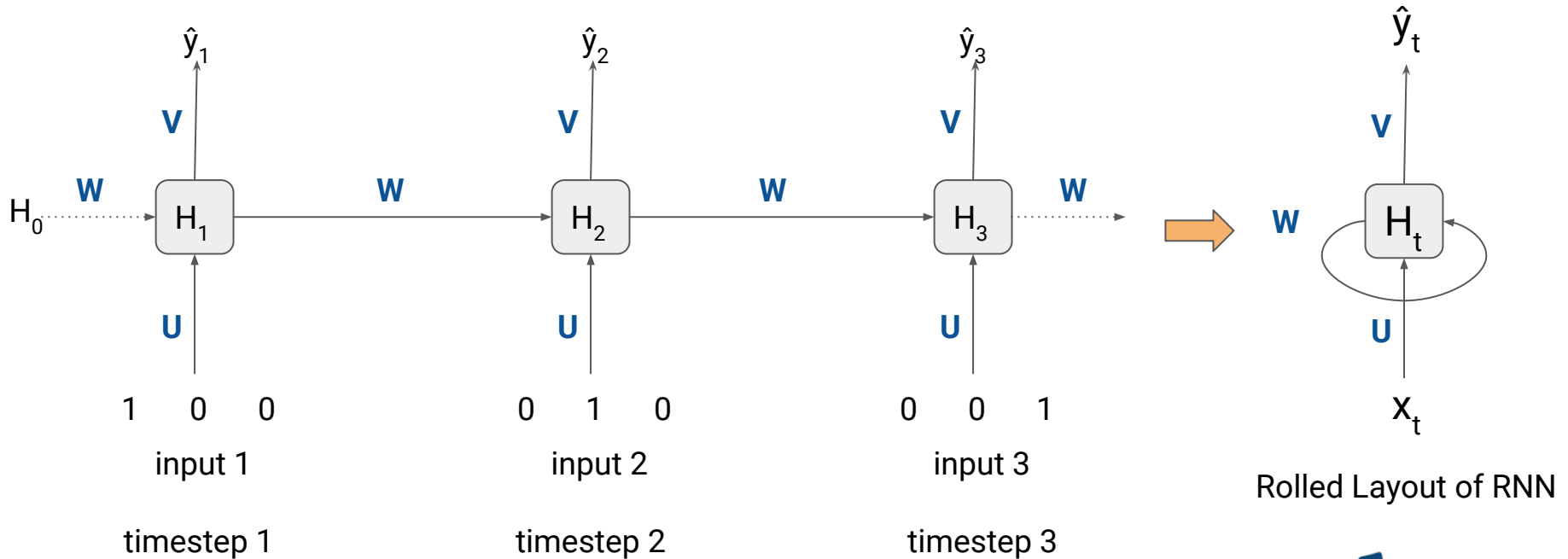


timestep 1

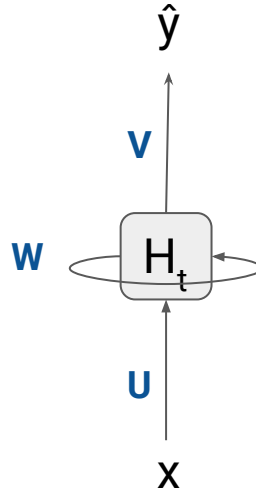
timestep 2

timestep 3

RNN Architecture

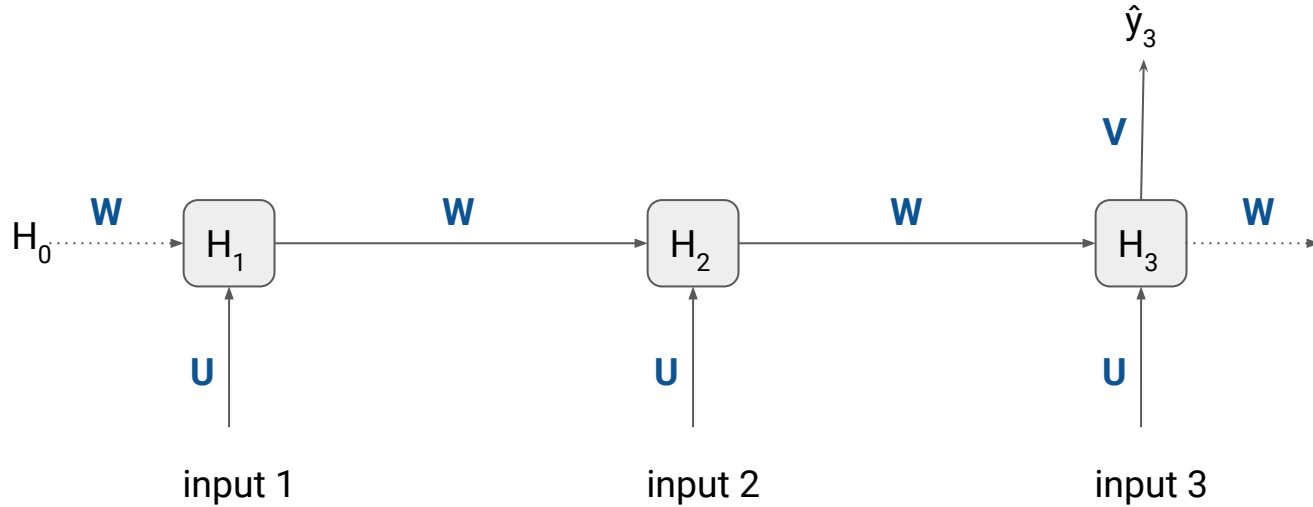


RNN Architecture



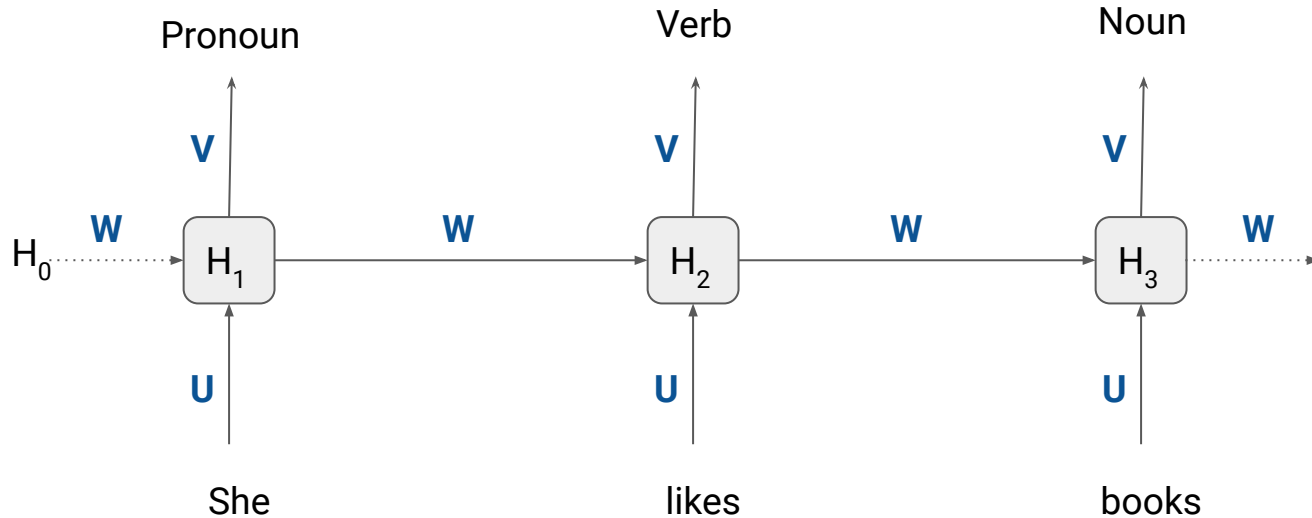
Rolled Layout of RNN

RNN Architecture Variants



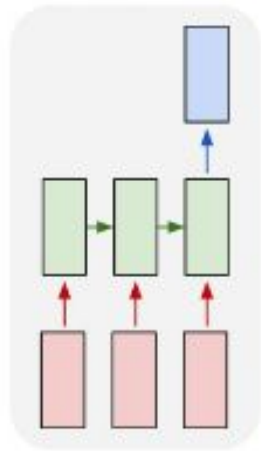
many-to-one

RNN Architecture Variants

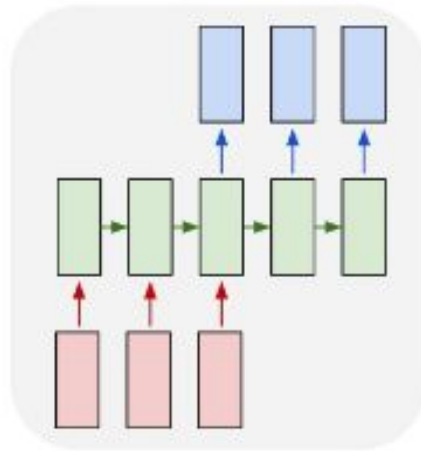


many-to-many

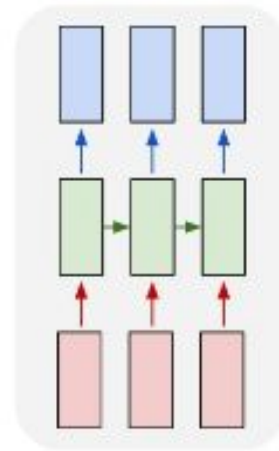
RNN Architecture Variants



many-to-one



many-to-many



Functioning of RNN

Task: Classify sentiment of the text as positive or negative

Functioning of RNN - Forward Propagation

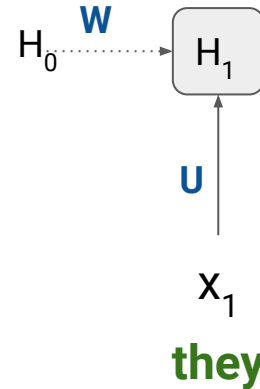
Task: Classify sentiment of the text as positive or negative

- Input sentence: "they are happy"

Functioning of RNN - Forward Propagation

Task: Classify sentiment of the text as positive or negative

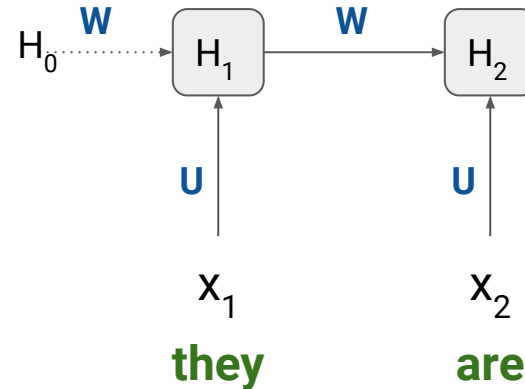
- Input sentence: "they are happy"
- First token, 'they', will be passed as input at timestep 1



Functioning of RNN - Forward Propagation

Task: Classify sentiment of the text as positive or negative

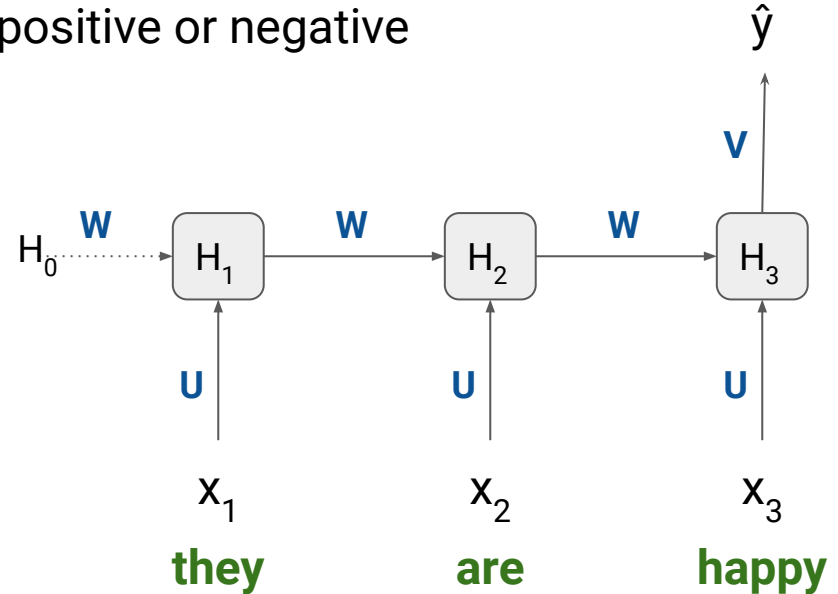
- Input sentence: "they are happy"
- First token, 'they', will be passed as input at timestep 1
- Second token, 'are', will be passed at timestep 2 and so on



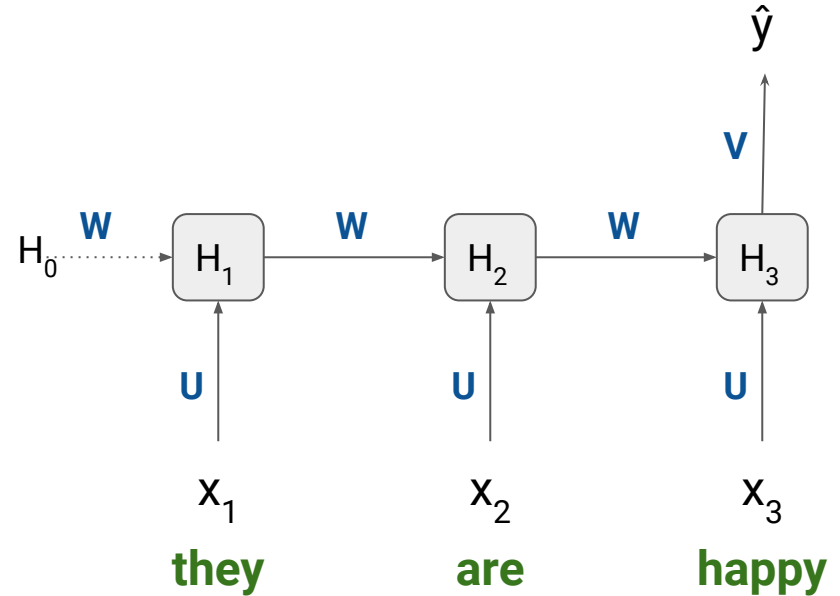
Functioning of RNN - Forward Propagation

Task: Classify sentiment of the text as positive or negative

- Input sentence: "they are happy"
- First token, 'they', will be passed as input at timestep 1
- Second token, 'are', will be passed at timestep 2 and so on
- Output obtained at last timestep.



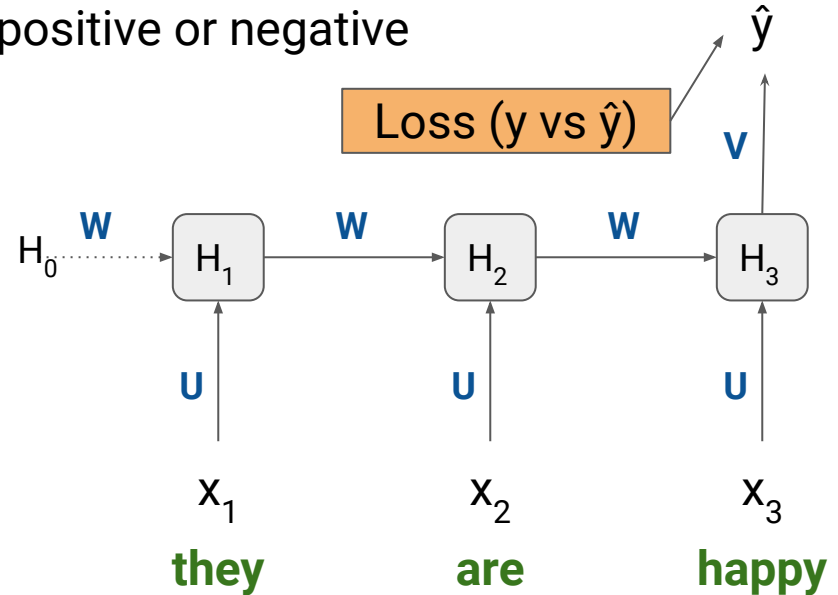
Functioning of RNN - Back Propagation



Functioning of RNN - Back Propagation

Task: Classify sentiment of the text as positive or negative

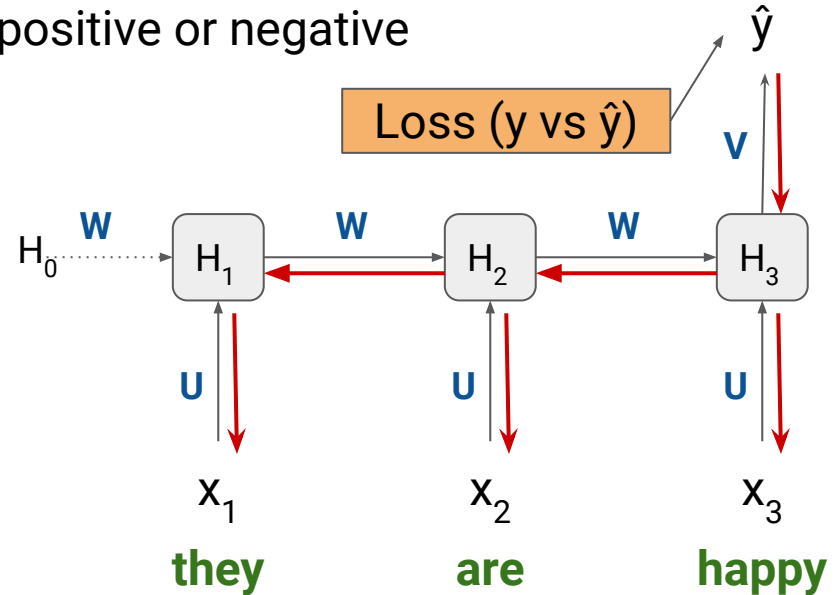
- Loss (L) is calculated at the final timestep



Functioning of RNN - Back Propagation

Task: Classify sentiment of the text as positive or negative

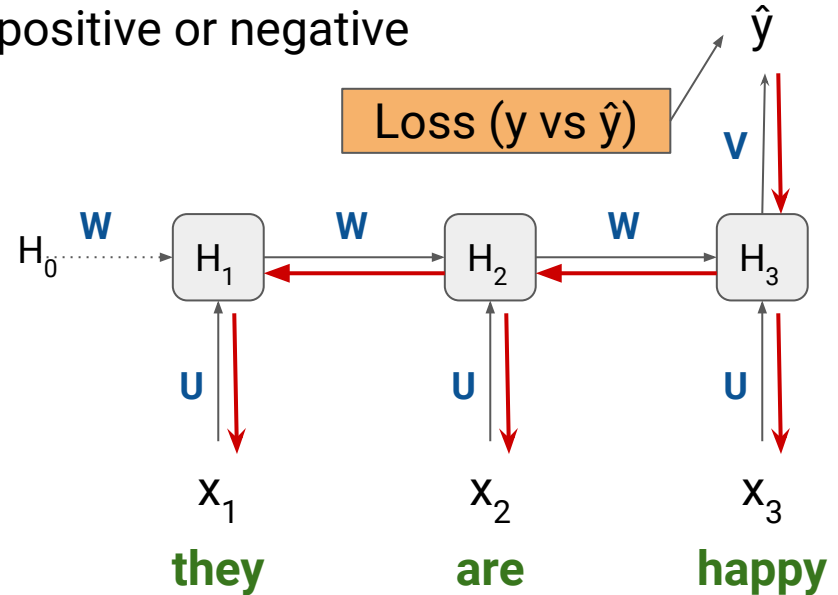
- Loss (L) is calculated at the final timestep
- $\partial L / \partial V$, $\partial L / \partial W$ and $\partial L / \partial U$ are computed



Functioning of RNN - Back Propagation

Task: Classify sentiment of the text as positive or negative

- Loss (L) is calculated at the final timestep
- $\partial L / \partial V$, $\partial L / \partial W$ and $\partial L / \partial U$ are computed
- Weight matrices W , U , and V are updated



Thank You