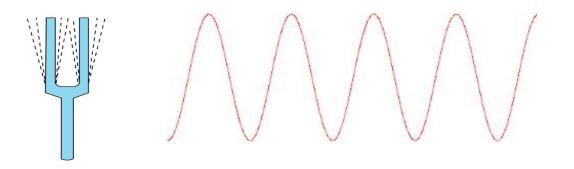
Introduction to Audio Data



What is an Audio Signal?

Any vibrating body produces a sound wave

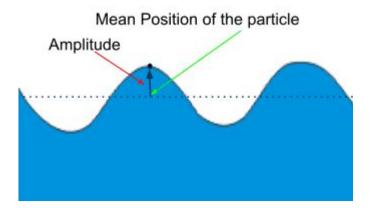






Parameters of Audio Signal

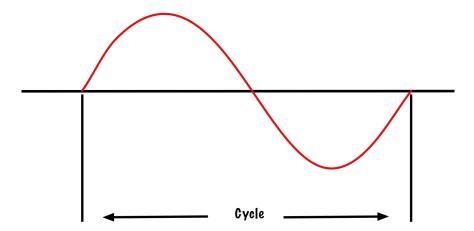
• Amplitude: Maximum Displacement of a particle from rest position





Parameters of Audio Signal

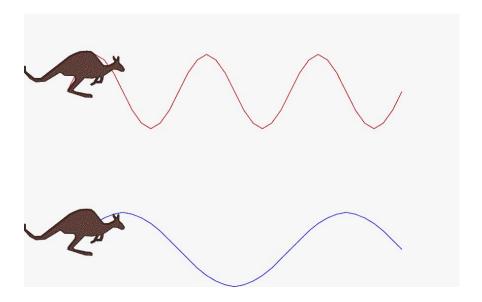
• Cycle: One Complete Upward and Downward movement





Parameters of Audio Signal

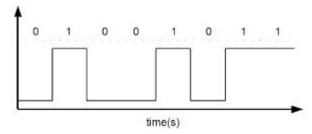
• **Frequency:** How fast a signal is changing over time?





Different Types of Signals

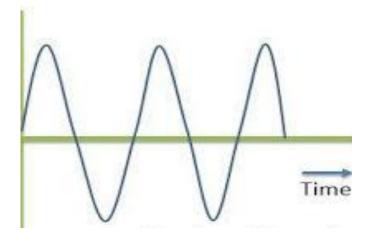
Digital Signal: Discrete and Finite





Different Types of Signals

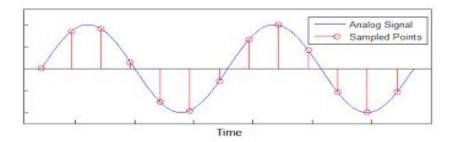
• Analog Signal: Continuous and Infinite





Converting Analog to Digital Signal

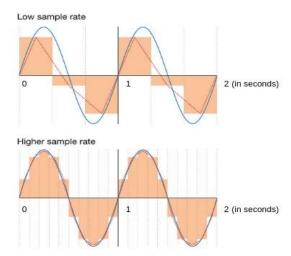
• Sampling: Conversion of Analog to Digital Signal





Converting Analog to Digital Signal

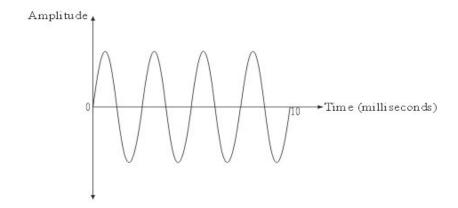
• Sampling Rate: Number of Samples per Second





Audio Representation: Time Domain

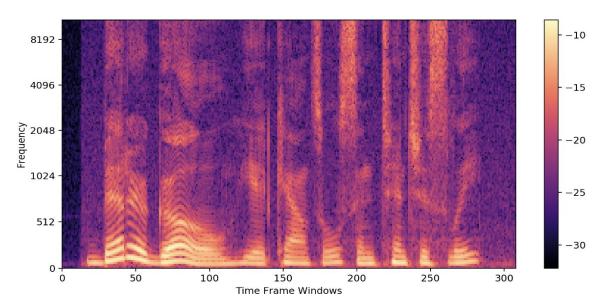
Time Domain: Amplitude vs Time





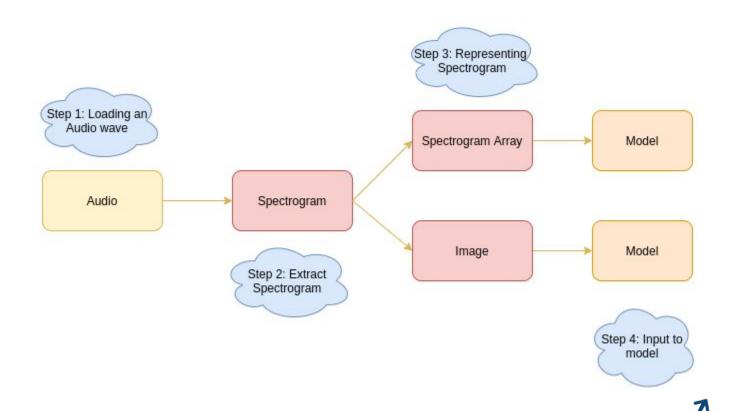
Audio Representation: Spectrogram

 Spectrogram: Every point represents an amplitude of a frequency at particular time





Formulating the Problem



Thank You

