

**TUGAS KELOMPOK**

**MINGGU 8**



**IPB University**  
— Bogor Indonesia —

**KELOMPOK 6 :**

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**IPB UNIVERSITY**

**DEPARTEMEN STATISTIKA 2022**

1. a.  $4y + x^2 = 0$

$$x^2 = -4y$$

$$x^2 = 4(-1)y$$

Maka  $p = -1$

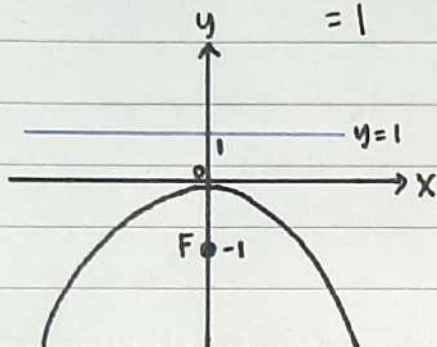
\* Titik puncak :  $(0,0)$

\* Titik fokus :  $(0,p)$

:  $(0,-1)$

\* Direktriks :  $y = -p$

$$y = -(-1) = 1$$



b.  $y^2 = 12x$

$$y^2 = 4(3)x$$

Maka  $p = 3$

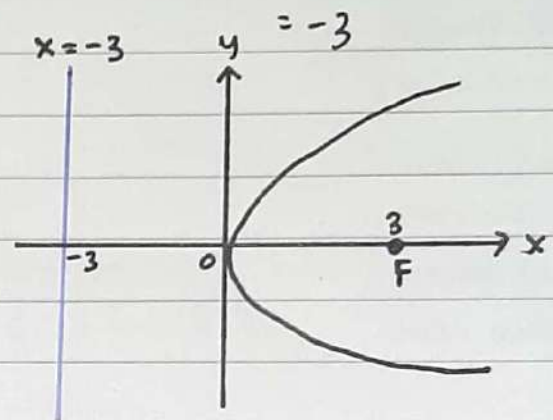
\* Titik puncak :  $(0,0)$

\* Titik fokus :  $(p,0)$

:  $(3,0)$

\* Direktriks :  $x = -p$

$$= -(3)$$



② Tentukan titik puncak, fokus, dan keeksentrikkan dari elips berikut, serta gambarkan grafiknya.

$$a) \frac{x^2}{64} + \frac{y^2}{100} = 1$$

$$a = 10 \quad b = 8$$

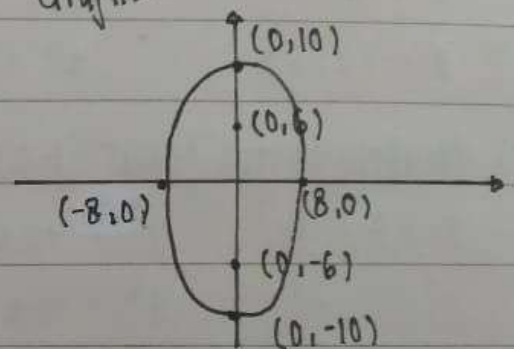
$$c = \sqrt{100 - 64} = 6$$

Titik puncak  $(0, \pm 10)$

Fokus  $(0, \pm 6)$

$$e = c/a = 6/10 = 3/5$$

Grafik :



$$b) 25x^2 + 9y^2 = 225$$

$$\frac{1}{9}x^2 + \frac{1}{25}y^2 = 1$$

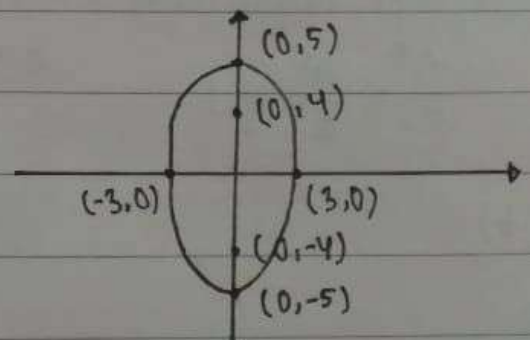
$$a = 5 \quad b = 3$$

$$c = \sqrt{25 - 9} = 4$$

Titik puncak  $(0, \pm 5)$

Fokus  $(0, \pm 4)$

$$e = 4/5$$



$$3. a. \frac{x^2}{144} - \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{12^2} - \frac{y^2}{5^2} = 1$$

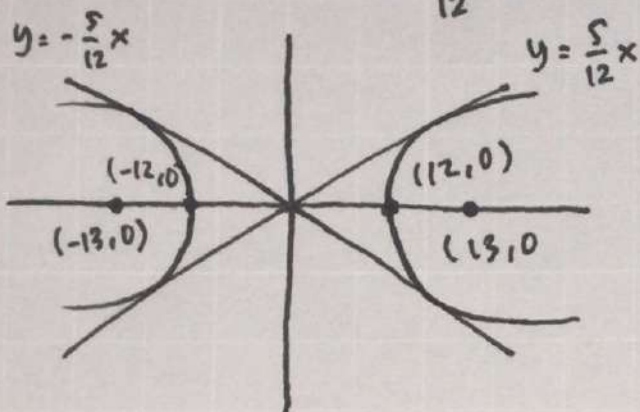
$$a = 12 \quad c = \sqrt{12^2 + 5^2}$$

$$b = 5 \quad c = \sqrt{169} = 13$$

\* Fokus :  $(\pm 13, 0)$

\* Puncak :  $(\pm 12, 0)$

\* Asimtot :  $y = \pm \frac{5}{12}x$



$$b. 9y^2 - x^2 = 9$$

$$\frac{9y^2}{9} - \frac{x^2}{9} = \frac{9}{9}$$

$$\frac{y^2}{1^2} - \frac{x^2}{3^2} = 1$$

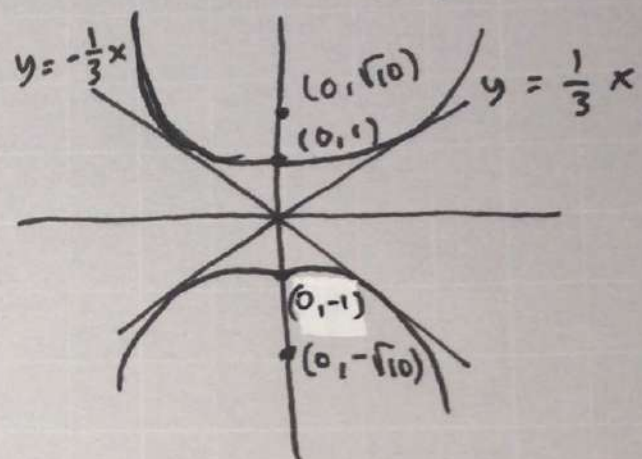
$$a = 1 \quad c = \sqrt{1^2 + 3^2}$$

$$b = 3 \quad = \sqrt{10}$$

\* Fokus :  $(0, \pm \sqrt{10})$

\* Puncak :  $(0, \pm 1)$

\* Asimtot :  $y = \pm \frac{1}{3}x$



4. a). TP (0, 0). Fokus (0, -2)

$$x^2 = 4py$$

$$4p = -2$$

$$= 4(-2)y$$

$$x^2 = -8y$$

4) b. Parabola dengan fokus  $(1,0)$  dan direktriks  $x=-1$

Fokus  $(1,0)$

direktriks  $(x=-1)$

$p=1$

$$y^2 = 4px$$

$$y^2 = 4(1) \cdot x$$

$$y^2 = 4x$$

$$y^2 - 4x = 0$$

5. Tentukan persamaan inisan berikut bentuk:

(a). Elips dan fokus  $(\pm 2, 0)$  dan titik puncak  $(\pm 5, 0)$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$c^2 = a^2 - b^2$$

$$\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{21} = 1$$

$$4 = 25 - b^2$$

$$b^2 = 21$$

$$21x^2 + 25y^2 = 525$$

$$b = \sqrt{21}$$



6) Tentukan persamaan irisan kemcut berikut:

a. Hiperbola dengan fokus  $(0, \pm 3)$  & titik puncak  $(0, \pm 1)$

$$c = 3$$

$$a = 1$$

$$b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{3^2 - 1^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{8}$$

Persamaan:

$$\frac{y^2}{a^2} - \frac{x^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{y^2}{1^2} - \frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{8})^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{y^2}{1} - \frac{x^2}{8} = 1 \rightarrow -x^2 + 8y^2 - 8 = 0 //$$



6.b

Titik puncak =  $(\pm 3, 0) = (\pm a, 0)$

Garis asymptot  $y = \pm 2x = \pm \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)x$

$$a = 3$$

$$b$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = 2$$

$$b = 2 \times 3 = 6$$

$$c = \sqrt{(a^2 + b^2)} = \sqrt{3^2 + 6^2}$$

$$c = 3\sqrt{5}$$

Sehingga didapatkan persamaan sebagai

$$\frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{36} = 1$$

Grafik

