

## Tugas Responsi Pertemuan 2 Kalkulus 2

Kelompok 7 :

Nabil Naufal	G1401211008
Muhammad Rizky Fajar	G1401211009
Salsabila Dwi Rahmi	G1401211026
Adisti Suci Rahmah	G1401211027
Farrel Gilbran	G1401211057
Vita Rizkyana Anggraeni	G1401211065
Kamilah Nurul Azizah	G1401211073
Septiranny Rizqika Putri	G1401211083
Hanifa Rahmacindia Nasution	G1401211094

1. Tentukan integral berikut

a.  $\int_3^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{16+x^2}} dx$

Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned} \boxed{1.a} \quad & \int_3^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{16+x^2}} dx \\ &= \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_3^b \frac{x}{\sqrt{16+x^2}} dx \\ & \text{misal } u = 16+x^2 \\ & \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 2x \\ &= \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_{25}^b \frac{1}{2} u^{-1/2} du \\ &= \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} u^{1/2} \Big|_{25}^b \\ &= \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{16+x^2} \Big|_3^b \\ &= \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{16+b^2} - 5 = \infty \\ & \quad \text{Divergen} \end{aligned}$$

b.  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx$

Jawab :

1. b.  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \int_a^0 \frac{x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^b \frac{x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx$$

misalkan  $9+x^2 = u$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 2x$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{2x}$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \int_{9+a^2}^9 \frac{1}{2\sqrt{u}} du + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_9^{9+b^2} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{u}} du$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \int_{9+a^2}^9 \frac{1}{2} u^{-1/2} du + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_9^{9+b^2} \frac{1}{2} u^{-1/2} du$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} u^{1/2} \Big|_{9+a^2}^9 + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} u^{1/2} \Big|_9^{9+b^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{9} - \sqrt{9+a^2} + \sqrt{9+b^2} - \sqrt{9}$$

$$= (-\infty + \infty) \text{ divergen //$$

2. Tentukan integral berikut

a.  $\int_2^{\infty} \frac{\ln \sqrt{x}}{x} dx$

Jawab :

2). a.  $\int_2^{\infty} \frac{\ln \sqrt{u}}{u} du$

Jawab :

$$\int_2^{\infty} \frac{\ln \sqrt{u}}{u} du$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \int_2^a \frac{\ln(u)^{1/2}}{u} du$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \int_2^a \frac{\ln u}{u} du$$

misalkan

$$u = \ln u \rightarrow du = \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$B. atas : \ln \infty = \infty$$

$$B. bawah : \ln 2$$

$$\rightarrow = \frac{1}{2} \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\ln 2}^a u \cdot du$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{u^2}{2} \right) \Big|_{\ln 2}^a$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} (a^2 - (\ln 2)^2)$$

Divergen

b.  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x}{(x^2+4)} dx$

Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.) b. & \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x}{x^2+4} dx \\
 &= \int_{-\infty}^0 \frac{x}{x^2+4} dx + \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x}{x^2+4} dx \\
 &= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \int_a^0 \frac{x}{x^2+4} dx + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^b \frac{x}{x^2+4} dx \\
 &\text{misal } x^2+4 = u, \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 2x, \quad dx = \frac{du}{2x} \\
 &\lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \int_a^0 \frac{1}{2u} du + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_4^b \frac{1}{2u} du \\
 &= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \left[ \frac{\ln u}{2} \right]_a^0 + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{\ln u}{2} \right]_4^b \\
 &= \text{divergen}
 \end{aligned}$$

3. Tentukan integral berikut

a.  $\int_2^{\infty} \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx$

Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.) a.) \int_2^{\infty} \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx &= \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \int_2^a \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx = \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \int_2^a \frac{1}{t} dt = \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \ln(t) \right]_2^a \\
 \text{misalkan } t &= \ln(x), t' = \frac{1}{x} \\
 \frac{dt}{dx} &= \frac{1}{x} \\
 dt &= \frac{1}{x} dx \\
 &= \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \ln(\ln a) - \ln(\ln 2) \right] \\
 &= \text{divergen}
 \end{aligned}$$

b.  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2+4x+9} dx$

Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2+4x+9} dx \\
 &= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \int_a^0 \frac{1}{x^2+4x+9} dx + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^b \frac{1}{x^2+4x+9} dx \\
 &= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{5}} \right) \right]_a^0 + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{5}} \right) \right]_0^b \\
 &= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \left( \frac{\sqrt{5} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{5}x+2\sqrt{5}}{5} \right) \right) \Big|_a^0 + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{\sqrt{5} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{5}x+2\sqrt{5}}{5} \right) \right) \Big|_0^b \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{5} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} \right)}{5} - \frac{\sqrt{5} \tan^{-1}(-\infty)}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{5} \tan^{-1}(\infty)}{5} - \frac{\sqrt{5} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} \right)}{5} \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{5} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} \right) - \left( \sqrt{5} \left( -\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{5} \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \right) - \sqrt{5} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} \right)}{5} \\
 &= \left( \frac{2\sqrt{5} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} \right) + \pi\sqrt{5}}{10} \right) + \left( \frac{\pi\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} \right)}{10} \right) \\
 &= \frac{2\sqrt{5}\pi}{10} = \frac{\sqrt{5}\pi}{5} \quad \text{konvergen.}
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Tentukan integral berikut

a.  $\int_2^{\infty} \frac{1}{x(\ln x)^2} dx$

Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4. a. \int_2^{\infty} \frac{1}{x(\ln x)^2} dx \\
 & \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left( \int_2^a \frac{1}{x(\ln x)^2} dx \right) \quad \begin{array}{l} t = \ln x \\ \frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} \\ \frac{dx}{x} = dt \end{array} \\
 & \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left( \int_2^a \frac{1}{t^2} dt \right) \\
 & \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left( -\frac{1}{t} \Big|_2^a \right) \\
 & \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left( -\frac{1}{\ln(x)} \Big|_2^a \right) \\
 & \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left( -\frac{1}{\ln(a)} + \frac{1}{\ln(2)} \right) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{1}{\ln(2)} \quad \text{konvergen}
 \end{aligned}$$

b.  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x}{e^{|x|}} dx$

Jawab :

$$4b. \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x}{e^{|x|}} dx = \int_{-\infty}^0 \frac{x}{e^{|x|}} dx + \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x}{e^{|x|}} dx$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \int_a^0 \frac{x}{e^{-x}} dx + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^b \frac{x}{e^x} dx$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \int_a^0 \frac{x \cdot e^x dx}{\downarrow} + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^b \frac{x \cdot e^{-x} dx}{\downarrow}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ Misal : } u = x \quad \begin{matrix} dv = e^x dx \\ du = dx \quad v = e^x \end{matrix} \quad \textcircled{2} \text{ Misal : } u = x \quad \begin{matrix} dv = e^{-x} dx \\ du = dx \quad v = e^{-x} \end{matrix}$$

Integral Parsial  $\rightarrow \int u dv = uv - \int v du$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} (x \cdot e^x - e^x) \Big|_a^0 + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} (x \cdot e^{-x} - e^{-x}) \Big|_0^b$$

$$= [(0 \cdot e^0 - e^0) - (\lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} a \cdot e^a - e^a)] + [(\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} b \cdot e^{-b} - e^{-b}) - (0 \cdot e^0 - e^0)]$$

$$= (-1 - 0) + (0 - (-1)) = -1 + 1 = 0 \quad (\text{Konvergen})$$