

JAWABAN TUGAS KELOMPOK **R8**

MAT 1211 KALKULUS II SEMESTER GANJIL 2022/2023

Dosen:

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KELOMPOK 05

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IPB UNIVERSITY

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Tugas Responsi

1. a) $4y + x^2 = 0$

$$x^2 = -4y$$

$$x^2 = 4py$$

$$4p = -4$$

$$p = -1 \rightarrow < 0 \rightarrow \text{tipe b}$$

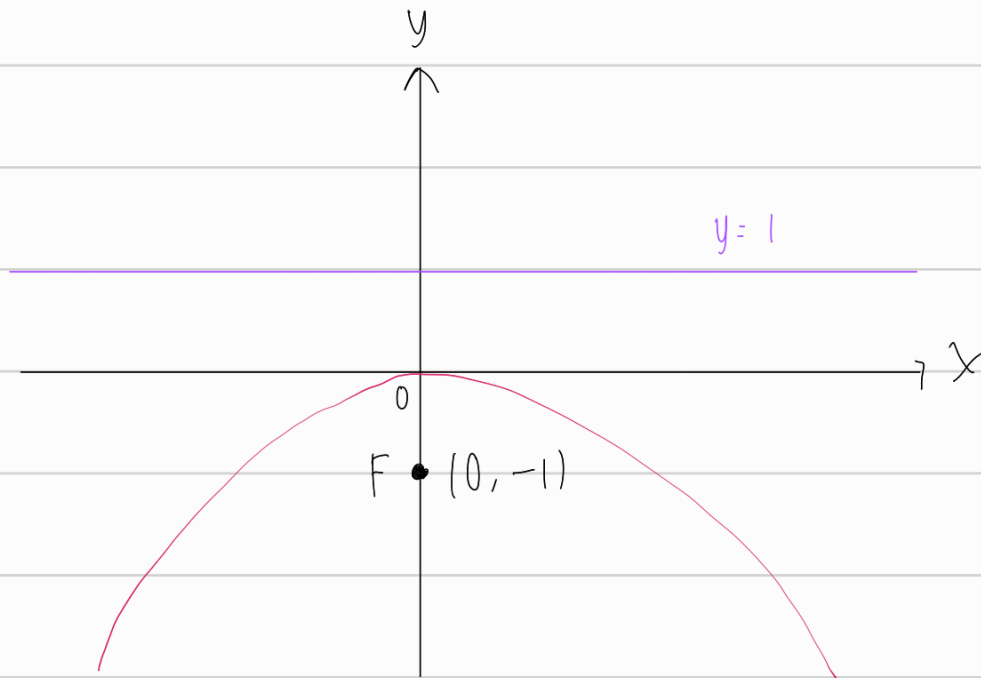
$$\text{Fokus} = (-1, 0)$$

$$\text{Titik puncak} = (0, 0)$$

$$\text{Direktoris} : y = -p$$

$$y = -(-1)$$

$$y = 1$$



1. b) $y^2 = 12x$

$$y^2 = 4px$$

$$4p = 12$$

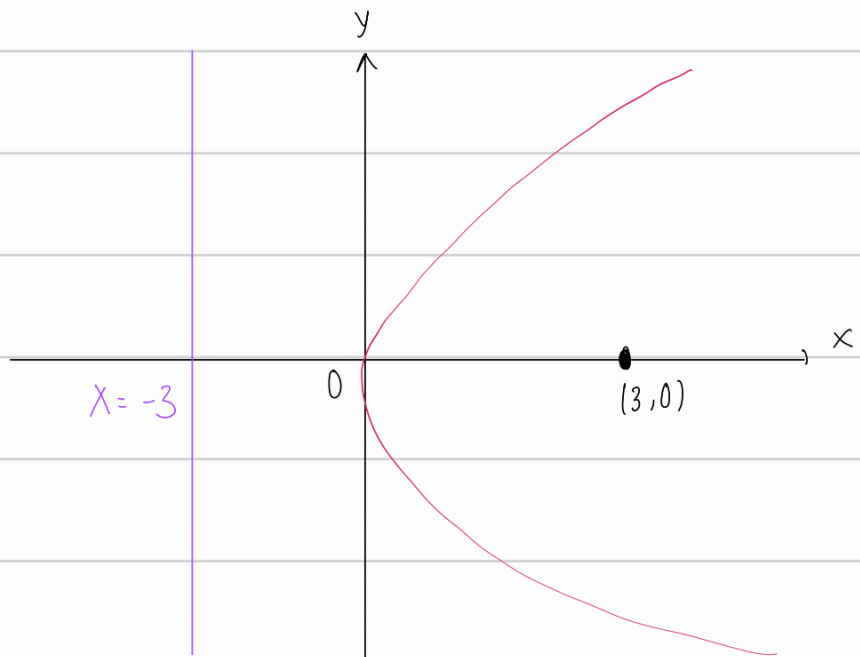
$$p = 3 \rightarrow > 0 \rightarrow \text{tipe c}$$

$$\text{Titik fokus} = (3, 0)$$

$$\text{Titik puncak} = (0, 0)$$

$$\text{Direktoris} : y = -p$$

$$y = -3$$



$$2.a) \frac{x^2}{64} + \frac{y^2}{100} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{b^2} + \frac{y^2}{a^2} = 1$$

$$a^2 = 100 \rightarrow a = 10$$

$$b^2 = 64 \rightarrow b = 8$$

$$c^2 = a^2 - b^2$$

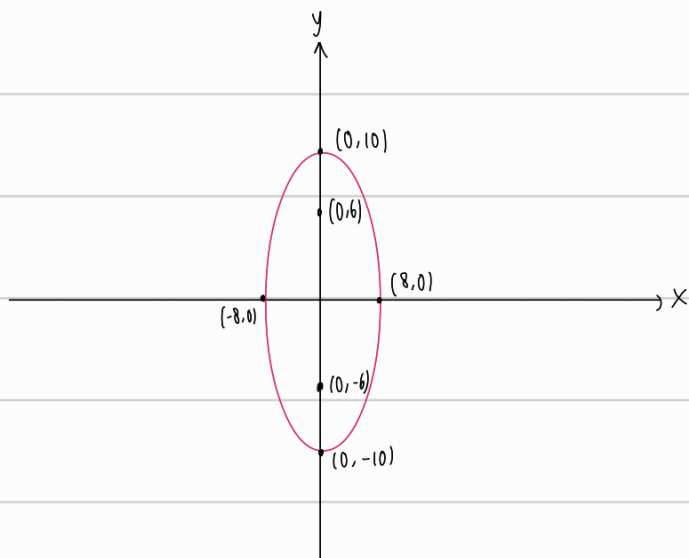
$$c = \sqrt{100 - 64}$$

$$c = \sqrt{36} \rightarrow c = 6$$

$$\text{Titik fokus} = (0, \pm c) = (0, \pm 6)$$

$$\text{Titik puncak} = (0, \pm a) = (0, \pm 10)$$

$$\text{Keeksentrian} = e = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$$



$$2.b) 25x^2 + 9y^2 = 225$$

$$\frac{25}{225}x^2 + \frac{9}{225}y^2 = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{b^2} + \frac{y^2}{a^2} = 1$$

$$a^2 = 25 \rightarrow a = 5$$

$$b^2 = 9 \rightarrow b = 3$$

$$c^2 = a^2 - b^2$$

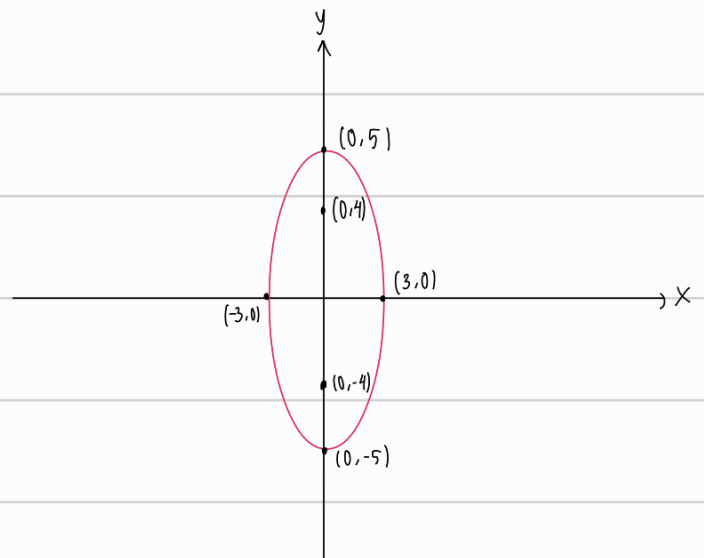
$$c = \sqrt{25 - 9}$$

$$c = \sqrt{16} \rightarrow c = 4$$

$$\text{Titik fokus} = (0, \pm c) = (0, \pm 4)$$

$$\text{Titik puncak} = (0, \pm a) = (0, \pm 5)$$

$$\text{Keeksentrian} = e = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{4}{5}$$



$$3.a) \frac{x^2}{144} - \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$a^2 = 144 \rightarrow a = 12$$

$$b^2 = 25 \rightarrow b = 5$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

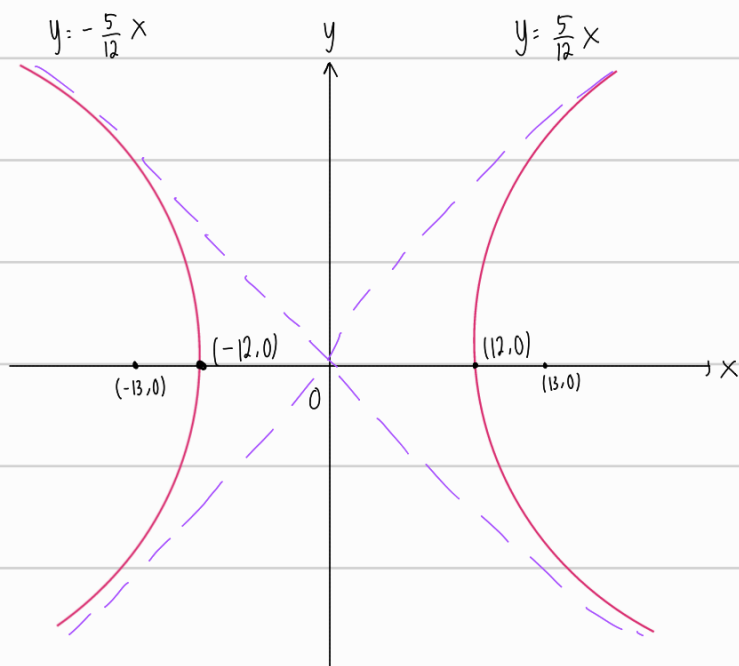
$$c = \sqrt{144 + 25}$$

$$c = \sqrt{169} \rightarrow c = 13$$

$$\text{Titik fokus} = (\pm c, 0) = (\pm 13, 0)$$

$$\text{Titik puncak} = (\pm a, 0) = (\pm 12, 0)$$

$$\text{Asimtot } y = \pm \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)x = \pm \left(\frac{5}{12}\right)x$$



$$3.b) 9y^2 - x^2 = 9$$

$$\frac{y^2}{1} - \frac{x^2}{9} = 1$$

$$\frac{y^2}{a^2} - \frac{x^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$a^2 = 1 \rightarrow a = 1$$

$$b^2 = 9 \rightarrow b = 3$$

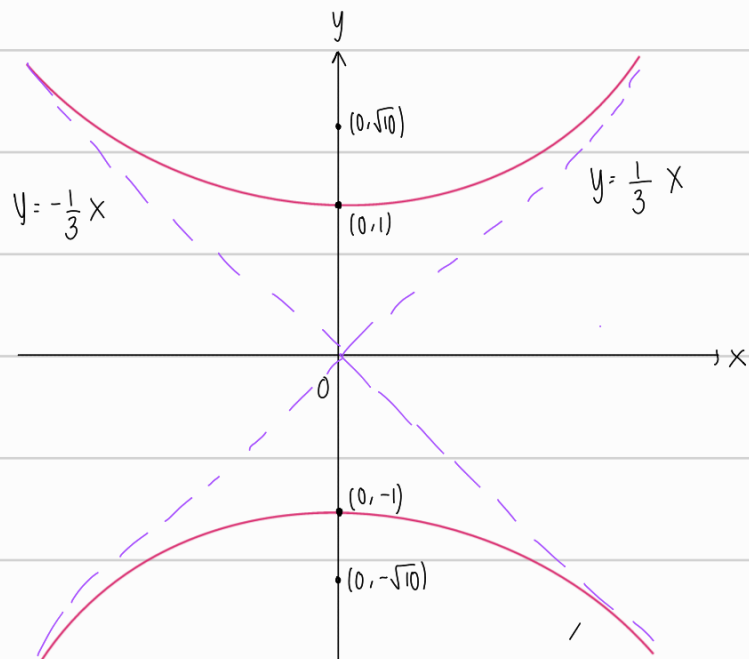
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$c = \sqrt{1 + 9} = \sqrt{10} = 3.16$$

$$\text{Titik fokus} = (0, \pm c) = (0, \pm \sqrt{10})$$

$$\text{Titik puncak} = (0, \pm a) = (0, \pm 1)$$

$$\text{Asimtot } y = \pm \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)x = \pm \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)x$$



4.a) Parabola → titik puncak = (0,0)
 → titik fokus = (0,-2)

titik fokus parabola → (0,p)

↘ (0,-2)

$$p = -2 \rightarrow < 0 \rightarrow \boxed{\text{tipe b}} \rightarrow x^2 = 4py$$

$$x^2 = 4(-2)y$$

$$x^2 = -8y$$

4.b) Parabola → titik fokus = (1,0)
 → direktriks $x = -1$

titik fokus parabola → (p,0)

↘ (1,0)

$$p = 1 \rightarrow > 0 \rightarrow \boxed{\text{tipe c}} \rightarrow y^2 = 4px$$

$$y^2 = 4(1)x$$

$$y^2 = 4x$$

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5.a) Elips → titik fokus = ($\pm 2, 0$)
 → titik puncak = ($\pm 5, 0$)

titik fokus elipse = ($\pm c, 0$) } $c = 2$
 ↘ ($\pm 2, 0$)

titik puncak elipse = ($\pm a, 0$) } $a = 5$
 ↘ ($\pm 5, 0$)

$$c^2 = a^2 - b^2$$

$$2^2 = 5^2 - b^2$$

$$4 = 25 - b^2$$

$$b^2 = 25 - 4$$

$$b = \sqrt{21}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{21} = 1$$

6.a) Hiperbola → titik fokus = ($0, \pm 3$)
 → titik puncak = ($0, \pm 1$)

titik fokus = ($0, \pm c$) → ($0, \pm 3$) → $c = 3$

titik puncak = ($0, \pm a$) → ($0, \pm 1$) → $a = 1$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$3^2 = 1^2 + b^2$$

$$9 = 1 + b^2$$

$$8 = b^2$$

$$b = \sqrt{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y^2}{a^2} - \frac{x^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{y^2}{1} - \frac{x^2}{8} = 1$$

$$y^2 - \frac{x^2}{8} = 1$$

6.b) Hiperbola \rightarrow titik puncak $=(\pm 3, 0)$
 \rightarrow garis asimtot $y = \pm 2x$

titik puncak hiperbola $\rightarrow (\pm a, 0)$
 $\rightarrow (\pm 3, 0)$ $\left. \vphantom{\begin{matrix} \rightarrow (\pm a, 0) \\ \rightarrow (\pm 3, 0) \end{matrix}} \right\} a = 3$

asimtot $y \rightarrow \pm \left(\frac{b}{a} \right) x$
 $\rightarrow \pm 2x$ $\left. \vphantom{\begin{matrix} y \rightarrow \pm \left(\frac{b}{a} \right) x \\ \rightarrow \pm 2x \end{matrix}} \right\} \frac{b}{a} = 2 \rightarrow \frac{b}{3} = 2$

$$b = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{36} = 1$$