

Manajemen Data Relasional (STA261)

Bagian UAS: Penggunaan Software Statistics

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Pokok Bahasan

Membahas konsep dan perangkat lunak untuk pemasukan (entering) data, modifikasi data, manajemen data, dan transfer data SQL menggunakan paket program SAS dan R

SAS untuk 1 komputer harganya 100jt/tahun. IPB berkerjasama dengan SAS Indonesia

Data relasional -> formatnya tabel. Big data -> formatnya 3 dimensi.



Materi

A. Program SAS

- 1. Pengantar SAS System
- 2. Pemasukan Data (DATA, INFILE, INPUT, DATALINES, LIBNAME, PROC CONTENTS)
- 3. Modifikasi Data (PROC FORMAT, IF-THEN, Functions, Pernyataan assignment, Struktur program, operasi data)
- 4. Pengelolaan Data (LIBNAME, Set & Merge, Combine, Subsetting, Recode)
- 5. Import Data (IMPORT dan EXPORT, SQL)



Materi

B. Program R

- 1. Pengantar R
- 2. Pemasukan Data (vector, matrix, array, factor, list, data.frame)
- 3. Pengelolaan Data (Merge, Combine, Subsetting, Recode)
- 4. Transfer Data (DBI, R<dbms>)

PENGANTAR SAS SYSTEM

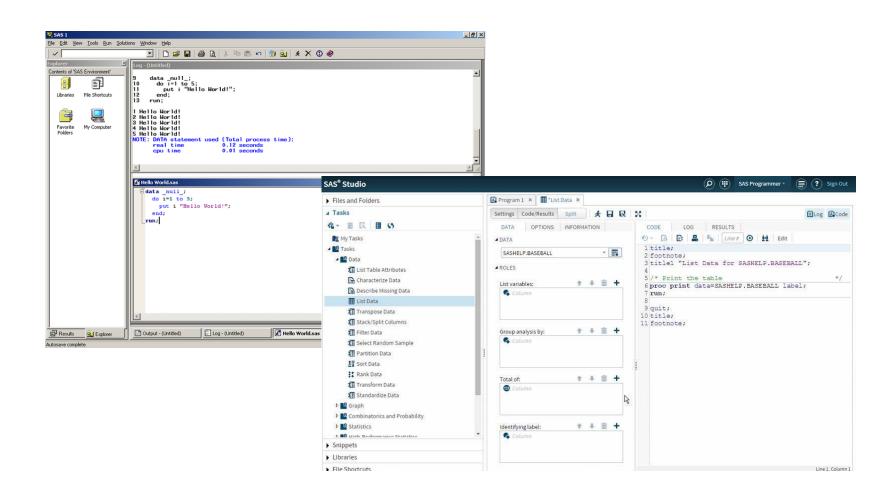


Sistem SAS

Sistem SAS (*SAS System*) adalah paket pemrograman dan analisis data yang dikembangkan oleh SAS Institute, Cary NC

(James Goodnight)

LINGKUNGAN SAS SYSTEM





Modul SAS

- Modul inti
 - SAS/BASE
- Modul Analisis Statistika
 - SAS/TTEST, SAS/STAT, SAS/ETS, SAS/QC
- Modul Pengolahan Matriks
 - SAS/IML
- Modul Pemetaan
 - o SAS/GRAPH
- Modul Sistem Informasi Eksekutif
 - SAS/EIS



Kemampuan SAS

- Penyimpanan Data
 - Gugus Data SAS
- Modifikasi Data
 - Fungsi-fungsi khusus (SQRT, ABS, dll)
- Penanganan File (Data)
 - Subsetting, Concatinating, Merging
- Pembuatan Report
 - Tabel, Chart (histogram, pie)
- Analisis Statistika
 - Deskriptif, Perbandingan dua nilai tengah, Anova, Analisis Regresi
- Penyusunan Sistem Informasi
 - Sistem informasi manajemen

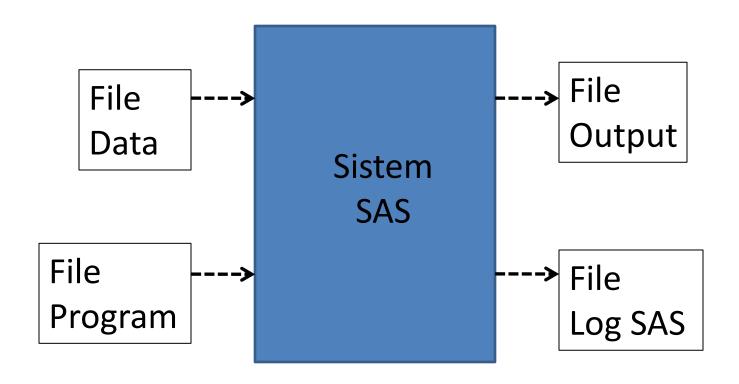


Komponen Pengolahan Data

- Paket SAS (SAS System)
- File Program SAS
 - Pernyataan-Pernyataan SAS
- File Data
 - Data input
- File Output
 - Hasil proses
- File Log
 - Informasi tentang proses



Komponen Pengolahan Data





Program SAS

- Tahapan DATA (DATA Steps)
 - Baca data (INPUT)
 - Modifikasi data
 - Penanganan data
 - Membuat gugus data baru
- Tahapan PROC (PROC Steps)
 - Memanggil satu atau lebih prosedur (PROC) dan option-optionnya

NT PERIPEZIA NO GOR

Materi

Tahapan data -> diawali penyiapan data

-> Input = menampung variabel

- -> Menghasilkan gugus data sas-> Tahapan data bisa ada 1, 2, dst
- -> Diakhiri dengan ';'
- -> Spasi & enter berpengaruh?
- -> Run = eksekusi + Menampilkan program

-> Minimal ada 1 run di bagian akhir program

A. Contoh Program SAS

minimal ada 1 spasi

```
tipe data
                               defaultnya numeric
data bobot;
                byte size
                           karakter
                  defaultnya 8
input nomor 1-4 nama $ 6-24 tim $ bobotsblm bobotssdh;
turun = bobotsblm - bobotssdh;
lines;
                 datalines:
         bisa:
                       untuk input data
1023 Dodi Suradi
                               merah
                                           189 165
1049 Amelia Serrano
                               kuning
                                           145 124
1219 Alan Nance
                               merah
                                           210 192
1246 Ravi Sinha
                               kuning
1078 Asley Makatano
                               merah
   titik koma untuk input data harus ada di enter
proc print noobs;
var nama bobotsblm bobotssdh turun;
proc sort data=bobot; by nomor;
run;
```

menyaipkan variabel

kalo ada variable lair harus dibuat ekspres seperti turun yg membuat variable yang sudah diinput sebelumnya



Program SAS

- Steps may contain many statements
- Steps usually end when:
 - 1. Another step begins
 - **2. RUN**; statement appears

```
DATA height;
.. SAS statements..
run;
PROC PRINT
  DATA=height;
run;
PROC REG;
.. SAS statements..
run;
```



Program SAS

- SAS reads data sets one observation at a timeimplicit looping
- SAS executes steps line by line
- Be sure to enter statements in correct order



Baris

Program SAS

Struktur Data

Kolom Jenis Kelamin Nama Umur MIM Ali G1415001 19 G1415002 Budianti 2 21 Cece G1415003 20 Wiwin G1415005 19 G1415006 22 Qory G1415009 22 Zain G1415010 23 Dudin



Penyiapan Program SAS

```
123456789012345678901234567890
data mhs;
input nama $ nim $ jk$ umur;
datalines;
Ali G1415001 1 19
Budianti G1415003 1 20
proc print;
run;
```



Penyiapan Program SAS

```
data mhs; input nama $ nim $ jk$ umur;
datalines;
Ali G1415001 1 19
Budianti G1415003 1 20
proc print; run;
```

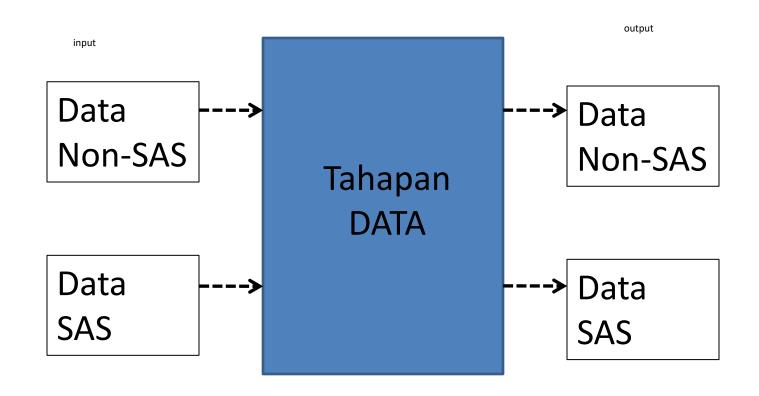


Program SAS

```
/*Tahapan DATA*/
                                  /*Tahapan PROC*/
data mhs;
                                  proc print;
input nama $ nim $ jk $ umur;
                                  proc means;
datalines;
                                   var umur;
Ali G1415001 1 19
                                  proc freq;
Budianti G1415002 2 21
                                   table jk;
Cece G1415003 1 20
                                 run;
Wiwin G1415005 2 19
Qory G1415006 2 22
Zain G1415009 1 22
Dudin G1415010 1 23
run;
```

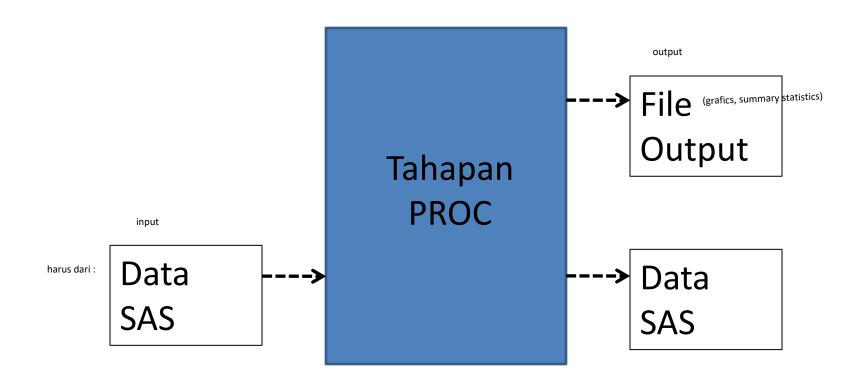


Urutan Proses Program SAS



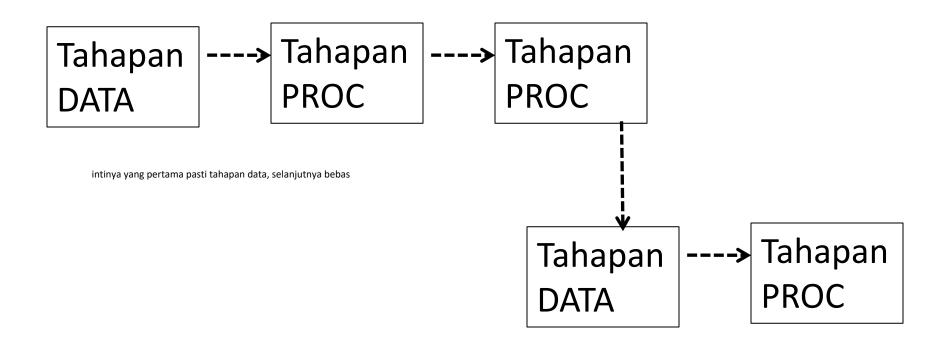


Urutan Proses Program SAS





Urutan Proses Program SAS





Tipe Data SAS

- Data Non-SAS
 - Tipe text (ASCII), excel, dbase, dll
 - Input pada Tahapan DATA
 - Tidak dapat digunakan langsung pada Tahapan PROC

- Data SAS (Gugus Data SAS SAS Dataset)
 - Hasil Tahapan DATA dengan/tanpa PROC
 - Hanya diproses dengan Sistem SAS



Gugus Data SAS

- Specially formatted "worksheet"; current extension is *.sas7bdat format nama file extention data sas versi 7 (terbaru)
- Variables represented by Columns
- Observations represented by Rows
- Two Data Types: Numeric and Character
- Default variable length is 8

Nama	NIM	Jenis Kelamin	Umur
Ali	G1415001	1	19
Budianti	G1415002	2	21
Cece	G1415003	1	20
Wiwin	G1415005	2	19
Qory	G1415006	2	22
Zain	G1415009	1	22
Dudin	G1415010	1	23



Gugus Data SAS

- Choose data type based on how you use the variable
- Example: NRP could be character

 angka yang terlalu besar itu akan disimpan sebagai float.
 kapasitas integer: 11digit? (max integer = 2M)
- Missing data in SAS is denoted by a period (.) for numeric data and a null space for character data
- Variable attributes (Type, Length, etc) are stored with the SAS data set

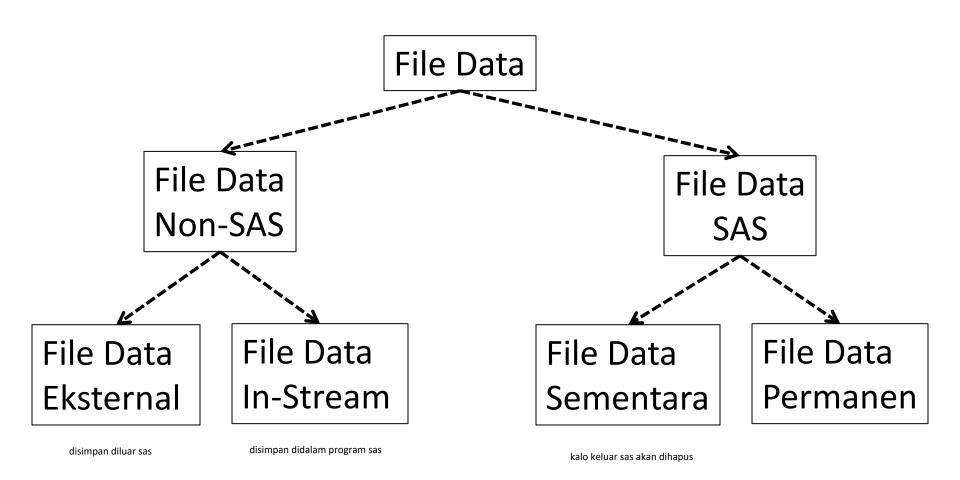


Penamaan Peubah SAS

- Names can be 32 characters or fewer
- Names must begin with a letter or underscore (_)
- Names may contain only letters, number, and underscores
- Names can contain upper/lower case letters



Tipe Data





Tipe Data

- File Data Eksternal
 - File data yang terpisah dari file program SAS
- File Data In-Stream
 - File data dalam file program SAS
- File Data SAS Sementara (Temporary)
 - File data SAS yang tidak disimpan (save) dalam suatu file
- File Data SAS Permanen
 - File data SAS yang disimpan (save) dalam suatu file



Program SAS dan Tipe Data

```
/* data SAS sementara*/
/* data in-stream */
DATA stk371;
INPUT x y z;
DATALINES; setelah input
10 4 12
9 9 15
13 8 14
;
RUN;
```

yang sementara bisa dijadikan permanen harus gunakan libname

perhatikan susunannya

```
/* data SAS sementara*/
/* data eksternal */
DATA stk371; sebelum input
INFILE 'D:\education\statcomp\KomStat\STK371\Ganjil201920\stkdat1.txt';
INPUT x y z;
RUN;
```



Program SAS dan Tipe Data

```
posisinya sebelum data
```

nlib = nama lib, bisa diganti selama tidak lebih dari 32 char

```
/* data SAS permanen */
/* data in-stream */
LIBNAME nlib 'D:\education\statcomp\KomStat\STK371\Ganjil201920\';
DATA nlib.stk371;
INPUT x y z;
DATALINES;
10 4 12
9 9 15
13 8 14
;
RUN;
```



SAS (Statistical Analysis System)

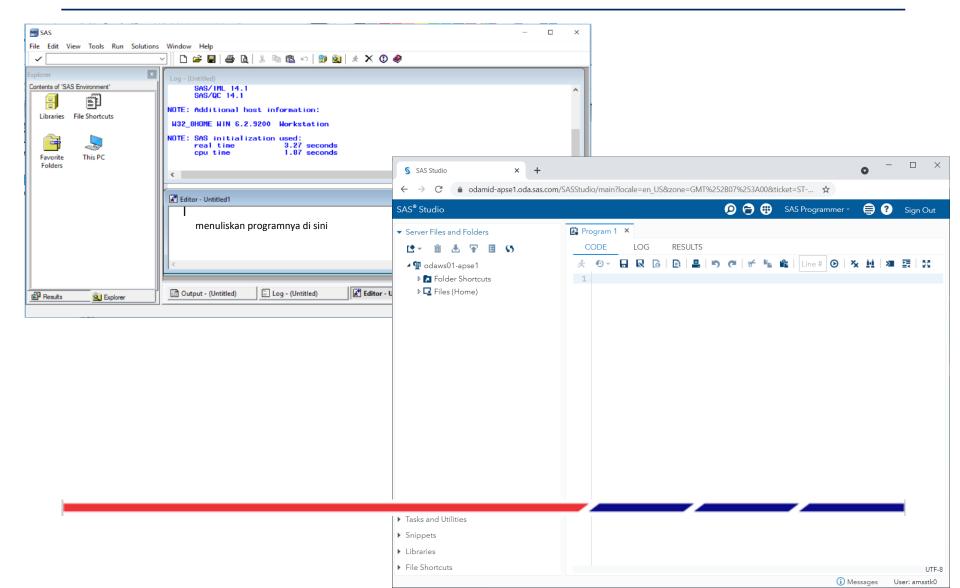
- Awal penggunaan SAS
- SAS Windows (Editor, Log, Output, Explorer, Results)
- Contoh program SAS
- Run program SAS



SAS dengan GUI (graphical user interface) akan membuka window:

- **Results** → untuk menyajikan hasil
- **Explorer** → untuk menampilkan data
- Editor → untuk menuliskan program SAS
- Log → untuk menyajikan sintaks program SAS yang telah diproses (RUN) dan catatan salah sintaks (jika ada)
- Output → untuk menyajikan hasil (Results window)







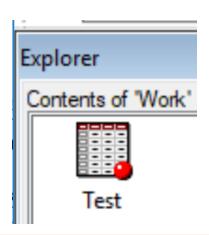
Contoh Program SAS

```
data test;
  do i = 1 to 100;
     x1 = normal(0);
                                     Tahapan DATA (DATA Step)
     x2 = uniform(0);
     output;
 end;
run;
proc print data=test (obs=5);
run;
                                     Tahapan PROC (PROC Step)
proc univariate data=test;
  var x1 x2;
run;
```



Contoh Program SAS

```
data test;
  do i = 1 to 100;
    x1 = normal(0);
    x2 = uniform(0);
    output;
  end;
run;
```



```
Log window:
122 data test;
      do i = 1 to 100;
123
124
         x1 = normal(0);
125
         x2 = uniform(0);
126
         output;
127 end;
128 run;
NOTE: The data set WORK.TEST has 100 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
                 0.02 seconds
   real time
                 0.03 seconds
   cpu time
```



Contoh Program SAS

proc print data=test (obs=5);
run;

Log window:

130

131 proc print data=test (obs=5);

NOTE: Writing HTML Body file: sashtml1.htm

132 run;

NOTE: There were 5 observations read from the data set WORK.TEST.

NOTE: PROCEDURE PRINT used (Total process time):

real time 0.51 seconds cpu time 0.18 seconds

Obs	i	x1	x2
1	1	-0.26159	0.17880
2	2	-0.16799	0.44690
3	3	-1.38560	0.50751
4	4	0.26943	0.49078
5	5	-1.61011	0.47845



Contoh Program SAS

error = prgram berhenti

warning = program masih dijalankan

proc print data=test (obs=5) ← tanpa "titik koma" run;

LOG window

139 proc print data=test (obs=5) 140 run;

22

22

202

ERROR 22-322: Syntax error, expecting one of the following: ;, BLANKLINE, CONTENTS, DATA, DOUBLE, GRANDTOTAL_LABEL, GRANDTOT_LABEL, GRAND_LABEL, GTOTAL_LABEL, GTOT_LABEL, HEADING, LABEL, N, NOOBS, NOSUMLABEL, OBS, ROUND, ROWS, SPLIT, STYLE, SUMLABEL, UNIFORM, WIDTH.

ERROR 202-322: The option or parameter is not recognized and will be ignored.



Entering Data

libname An engine to connect to Microsoft files

data Begins a data step which manipulates datasets

infile Identifies an external raw data file to read

input Lists variable names in the input file

datalines Indicates internal data

set Reads a SAS data set

proc contents Contents of a data set

proc print Prints observations of variables in a data set

proc copyCopies SAS files from one location to another



Entering Data

libname An engine to connect to Microsoft files

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Exploring Data

proc contents Contents of a SAS dataset

proc print Displays the data

proc means Descriptive statistics

proc univariate More descriptive statistics

proc freq Frequency tables, frequency charts, and crosstabs

Ods Output delivery system, creating output in various formats

proc corr Correlation matrix and scatterplots

proc sgplot
Produces many types of plots

proc contents Contents of a SAS dataset



Modifying Data

proc format Creates formats (aka value labels)

label Creates labels for variables

rename Changes the name of a variable in a data step

if then Executes a statement only if the condition is true

functions Creating new variables using SAS functions

merge Merge files



Managing Data

if and **where** Conditional statement

keep Keeps named variables

drop Drops named variables

set Reads in named file(s), append

proc sort Sorts cases in a dataset

merge Merges files



Analyzing Data

proc ttest t-tests, including one sample, two sample and paired

proc freq Used here for chi-squared tests

proc reg Simple and multiple regression

proc glm Used here for ANOVA models

proc logistic Logistic regression

proc npar1way Non-parametric analyses

proc univariate Used here for signrank tests



Terima Kasih



Inspiring Innovation with Integrity in Agriculture, Ocean and Biosciences for a Sustainable World