PHASE 5- DEPLOYMENT

PROJECT TITLE:- Setting up a CI/CD pipeline for automated deployment

COLLEGE NAME:-Dr. SMCE

GROUP MEMBERS:-

- 1. Amith C Y [USN:- 1CC21CS004]
- 2. Charan K M [USN:- 1CC21CS017]
- 3. Nitin Teja N[USN:-1CC21CS040]
- 4. Sunil C M [USN:-1CC21CS057]

Goal: Automatically deploy your secure app to Kubernetes using Jenkins, while enforcing security best practices and monitoring deployments.

Step 1: Set Up Jenkins for Automated CI/CD Deployment

➤ Tool: Jenkins

➤ Where: Run Jenkins via Docker or as a service on Ubuntu

Setup (Docker version):

Command:

```
docker run -d --name jenkins \
-p 8081:8080 -p 50000:50000 \
-v jenkins_home:/var/jenkins_home \
jenkins/jenkins:lts
```

Access Jenkins:

- URL: http://localhost:8081
- Login: admin / [initial password from terminal]
- Install "Suggested Plugins"
- Install required plugins: Docker, Pipeline, Kubernetes CLI, Git, Blue Ocean (optional)

> Add Credentials:

- Docker Hub username/password
- Git repo credentials (if needed)
- Kubernetes kubeconfig (optional, for kubectl access)

Step 2: Configure Jenkins Pipeline (Jenkinsfile)

➤ Where: In the root of your Node.js project

❖ Jenkinsfile example:

Code:

```
pipeline {
 agent any
 environment {
  IMAGE NAME = "secure-todo"
 stages {
  stage('Checkout Code') {
   steps {
     git 'https://github.com/your-repo/secure-todo.git'
  stage('Build Docker Image') {
   steps {
    sh 'docker build -t $IMAGE NAME .'
   }
  stage('Trivy Scan') {
   steps {
    sh 'trivy image $IMAGE_NAME'
   }
  stage('Run Unit Tests') {
   steps {
     sh 'npm install && npm test || true'
```

```
}

stage('Deploy to Kubernetes') {
  steps {
    sh 'kubectl apply -f k8s/deployment.yaml'
  }
}

stage('Verify Deployment') {
  steps {
    sh 'kubectl get pods'
    }
}
```

▶ Where to Add:

Jenkins Dashboard → New Item → Pipeline → Configure SCM and Jenkinsfile

> Security Considerations:

- Store Docker and Kubernetes credentials in Jenkins → Manage Credentials
- Set Jenkins to fail pipeline on scan/test errors
- Restrict who can modify the Jenkinsfile

Step 3: Deploy to Kubernetes (via Minikube or Cluster)

➤ **Tool:** Minikube or any K8s cluster

Create deployment.yaml:

File: k8s/deployment.yaml

Code:

apiVersion: apps/v1

kind: Deployment

```
metadata:
             name: secure-todo
            spec:
             replicas: 1
             selector:
              matchLabels:
                app: secure-todo
             template:
              metadata:
                labels:
                 app: secure-todo
              spec:
                containers:
                - name: secure-todo
                 image: secure-todo
                 ports:
                 - containerPort: 8080
* Create service.yaml (optional):
    File: k8s/service.yaml
       Code:
                  apiVersion: v1
                  kind: Service
                  metadata:
                   name: secure-todo-service
                  spec:
                   selector:
                    app: secure-todo
                   ports:
                    - protocol: TCP
                     port: 80
                     targetPort: 8080
                   type: NodePort
```

Apply the deployment:

Command:

kubectl apply -f k8s/deployment.yaml kubectl apply -f k8s/service.yaml

Verify:

Command:

kubectl get pods kubectl get services

Access app:

Command:

minikube service secure-todo-service

Step 4: Monitor & Audit Deployment

➤ Tools: ELK Stack, Audit Logs, Kubernetes Events

ELK Stack (Log Monitoring):

- E = Elasticsearch (stores logs)
- L = Logstash (parses logs)
- K = Kibana (visualizes logs)

Run via Docker Compose or use ELK hosted solution.

❖ Jenkins Auditing:

- Install "Audit Trail" plugin
- Logs changes to pipeline, environment, credentials, etc.

***** Kubernetes Monitoring:

Use commands like:

Command:

kubectl get events

kubectl logs <pod-name>

• Use Prometheus + Grafana for metrics and health checks.

Alerting:

• Use tools like Slack plugin, Prometheus Alertmanager, or email for build/deploy failures

Step 5: Post-Deployment Security Validation

After deployment, run final security validations to ensure integrity.

Final Trivy Scan (on live image):

Command:

trivy image secure-todo

OWASP ZAP Scan (on live app):

Command:

docker run -t owasp/zap2docker-stable zap-baseline.py \ -t http://localhost:8080 -r final-zap-report.html

* Checkov Scan (for infrastructure again):

Command:

checkov -d ./k8s/

- Log Monitoring:
 - Review Kibana dashboard
 - Confirm no unauthorized access or errors

Summary: What You Achieve in Phase 5

Task	Outcome
Jenkins pipeline setup	Fully automated build/test/deploy flow
Docker + Kubernetes deployment	Scalable container orchestration
Security scanning integration	Fail pipeline on vulnerabilities
Monitoring/logging	Real-time insights into app + infra
Secrets + role protection	Prevent credential leaks + least privilege access