

ANH NGỮ  
THIÊN ÂN

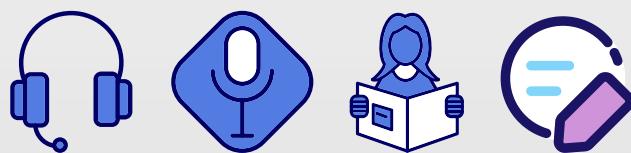


1.5 tháng



# VSTEP CẤP TỐC

4 KỸ NĂNG | 1 KHÓA HỌC



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# Vinh Danh Học Viên



## Nguyễn Văn Hải (IELTS 6.5/9.0)

Khi mình học ở lớp, thầy dạy mình hầu như đủ hết tất cả các kỹ năng, mỗi buổi học mình nhớ là phải học 3 SKILLS. Một điểm không thể thiếu là buổi nào mình cũng có bài Writing về nhà hết trơn hết trọi. Sau đó mình nộp bài thầy sửa trực tiếp vào bài làm của mình luôn.



## Nguyễn Thị Song Nguyễn (TOEIC SW 340/400)



Mình đặt target thi Toeic SW là 300 và kết quả vượt mong đợi luôn là 340. Ban đầu mình sợ học online sẽ ko đạt hiệu qua như học offline nhưng mà cô Trần dạy rất nhiệt tình, hướng dẫn và sửa lỗi cho mình rất kỹ cả phần phát âm, ngữ pháp đến cách triển khai idea phần writing. Khi hoàn thành khoá học mình được thi đề thi thật để kiểm tra trình độ nữa.



## Hà Thị Diễm My (TOEIC 680/990)

Chỉ trong 3 tháng học Toeic Listening and Reading mình đã đạt được 780 điểm. Ko cần chen chân vào những trung tâm đông đúc nổi tiếng mới có thể học tốt. Anh Ngữ Thiên Ân là nơi đáp ứng đầy đủ mọi tiêu chí của mình.



## Trần Lê Quỳnh Như (VNU 306/400)

Cách dạy của Thầy Cô giúp mình cải thiện khả năng và hứng thú với Tiếng Anh hơn rất nhiều dù cho xuất phát điểm của mình chỉ ở mức trung bình sau nhiều năm bỏ bê. Mình rất vui vì ngày đó mình đã chọn Anh Ngữ Thiên Ân, khoảng thời gian ôn luyện VNU cùng cô và các bạn thực sự là một kỉ niệm đẹp với mình. Một lần nữa em cảm ơn Thầy Cô.

# NỘI QUY – HƯỚNG DẪN DÀNH CHO HỌC VIÊN

Để quá trình học diễn ra hiệu quả, góp phần đáp ứng mục tiêu tiếng Anh được đề ra, bạn hãy đọc và nắm các nội dung bên dưới nhé!

## A. Phần hướng dẫn.

### 1. Like Fanpage & Tham gia Group.

1.1. Để cập nhật các thông tin về Anh ngữ Thiên Ân và học các nội dung, chia sẻ hay về tiếng Anh, bạn hãy like Fanpage: [www.facebook.com/anhnguthienan](https://www.facebook.com/anhnguthienan) nhé. Hàng ngày đều có các bài viết thuộc các chuyên mục hấp dẫn (học thành ngữ qua hình ảnh; học tiếng Anh qua câu nói hay; từ vựng hay bị phát âm sai;....).

### 1.2. Tham gia group luyện tập theo khóa học của bạn:

- Khóa Luyện thi VSTEP (B1-B2-C1) - **PET (B1-B2) & VNU-EPT:**  
<https://www.facebook.com/groups/luyenthipetb1vnuept.anhnguthienan>
- Khóa Luyện thi **TOEIC 4 Kỹ năng/TOEIC Listening & Reading:**  
<https://www.facebook.com/groups/hoctoeicformatmoi.anhnguthienan>
- Khóa Luyện thi **TOEIC Speaking & Writing/Tiếng Anh Giao Tiếp:**  
<https://www.facebook.com/groups/toeicspeaking.writing.anhnguthienan>
- Khóa Luyện thi **IELTS:**  
<https://www.facebook.com/groups/luyenthiielts.anhnguthienan>

**Lưu ý: trả lời đầy đủ, chi tiết các câu hỏi khi yêu cầu tham gia để được accept.**

2. **Học bù:** Áp dụng cho học viên vắng buổi học bất kỳ trong khóa học. Việc học bù là không hạn chế tuy nhiên thầy cô khuyến khích việc đi học chuyên cần theo lớp đã đăng ký để đảm bảo hiệu quả. Cách xem lịch học bù:

2.1. Truy cập website [www.anhnguthienan.edu.vn](http://www.anhnguthienan.edu.vn).

2.2. Trò vào thẻ “Lịch học” trên thanh tiêu đề. Chọn “Lịch học bù”.

2.3. Chọn lớp có số buổi trùng với buổi mà bạn vắng học.

**Lưu ý xem đúng ngày, giờ và địa điểm học phù hợp.**

3. **Nộp bài tập về nhà:** Ngoại trừ bài tập được giáo viên yêu cầu nộp trực tiếp. Bài tập dạng file, bạn thực hiện theo hướng dẫn sau:

#### 3.1. Email nộp bài tập:

+ Cơ sở Thủ Đức & online: [homework.thienanEnglish@gmail.com](mailto:homework.thienanEnglish@gmail.com)

+ Cơ sở Bình Thạnh: [homework1.thienanEnglish@gmail.com](mailto:homework1.thienanEnglish@gmail.com)

3.2. **Đặt tên Subject (Chủ đề email):** [khóa học\_ca học\_ngày khai giảng\_tên học viên]. Cụ thể:

+ **Khóa học gồm:** PET1, PET2, TOEIC4KN, TOEIC, TOEIC SW, Pre IELTS, IELTS 1-2-3, Kids.

+ **Ca học:** giờ + ca. Ví dụ: 1930246 (19h30 ca 2-4-6).

+ **Ngày khai giảng:** gồm ngày. Tháng. Ví dụ: 05.02 (ngày 05 tháng 02)

+ **Tên học viên:** viết liền không dấu, gồm 2 từ. Ví dụ: thanhthao (Thanh Thảo).

Ví dụ subject hoàn chỉnh: [TOEIC4KN\_1930246\_05.02\_thanhthao]

**3.3. Đặt tên file đính kèm:** [tên học viên\_chủ đề]. Ví dụ: [thanhthao\_sport]

**Lưu ý: bạn thực hiện theo đúng hướng dẫn trên để thầy cô thuận tiện trong việc sửa bài cho bạn nhé.**

**4. Tải tài liệu học, file nghe:** Truy cập website [www.anhnguthienan.edu.vn](http://www.anhnguthienan.edu.vn) → Thư viện → Tài liệu học tập → Chọn tài liệu phù hợp theo lớp để tải (nên tải về bằng máy tính).

## B. Quy định.

1. Đi học đúng giờ.
2. Giữ gìn vệ sinh, bỏ rác vào giỏ ở góc lớp.
3. Vui lòng giữ lớp học sạch sẽ. Không viết, vẽ lên bàn, ghế, tường. Không để lại rác trong phòng học.

### 4. Không sử dụng điện thoại trong lớp học.

+ Vui lòng để điện thoại ở chế độ im lặng và không đặt trên bàn. Không để ở chế độ rung vì điện thoại vẫn gây ồn khi cần tập trung làm bài tập.

+ Vui lòng thông báo với gia đình, bạn bè, đồng nghiệp là bạn sẽ không nhận điện thoại trong lớp học. Trong trường hợp khẩn cấp phải nhận cuộc gọi, hãy đảm bảo việc trả lời của bạn không ảnh hưởng đến việc học của các học viên xung quanh.

5. Không nói chuyện, làm việc riêng trong giờ học.  
6. Mạnh dạn thắc mắc, đặt câu hỏi, góp ý cho Giáo viên nói riêng và Trung tâm nói chung. Chúng tôi mong đợi điều ấy, các Giáo viên và Nhân viên Trung tâm luôn sẵn sàng hỗ trợ bạn.

7. Khi cần sự hỗ trợ từ Giáo viên liên quan đến nội dung bài học và phương pháp học, hãy liên hệ trực tiếp Giáo viên để được hỗ trợ.

**8. Ôn bài – Làm bài tập đầy đủ ở nhà:** Trên lớp, bạn được trang bị kiến thức và thực hành là chủ yếu. Khi về nhà các bạn cần ôn lại kiến thức và làm đầy đủ các bài tập được giao. Hãy nỗ lực vì mục tiêu tiếng Anh mà mình đã đặt ra nhé!

9. Khi các bạn có nhu cầu hỗ trợ về thông tin khóa học, góp ý về dịch vụ Trung tâm cung cấp, vui lòng liên hệ **hotline 096 190 1134 – 096 325 5571** hoặc email [lienhe@anhnguthienan.edu.vn](mailto:lienhe@anhnguthienan.edu.vn) hoặc **FB: www.fb.com/anhnguthienan**. Thầy cô luôn sẵn lòng hỗ trợ bạn.

**Trân trọng./.**

**Anh ngữ Thiên Ân.**

**CẤU TRÚC ĐỀ THI VSTEP**

Listening	Reading	Writing	Speaking
<b>Part 1:</b> Nghe 8 đoạn ngắn và chọn đáp án <b>Part 2:</b> Nghe 3 đoạn hội thoại (4 câu/ đoạn) <b>Part 3:</b> Nghe 3 bài giảng (5 câu/ bài)	4 bài đọc chọn đáp án đúng.	<b>Part 1:</b> viết email (120 từ) <b>Part 2:</b> viết essay (250 từ)	<b>Part 1:</b> trả lời câu hỏi về 1-2 chủ đề <b>Part 2:</b> chọn 1 trong 3 giải pháp cho trước để trình bày <b>Part 3:</b> Nói về 1 chủ đề dựa trên gợi ý cho trước và trả lời các câu hỏi mở rộng
<b>35 câu / 40 phút</b>	<b>40 câu / 60 phút</b>	<b>2 câu / 60 phút</b>	<b>8-12 câu / 12 phút</b>

**Lesson 1**

**Listening**

**PART 1-Questions 1-8**

**Directions:** In this part, you will hear EIGHT short announcements or instructions. There is one question for each announcement or instruction. For each question, choose the right answer A, B, C or D. Then, on the answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer that you have chosen.

*Now, let's listen to an example. On the recording, you will hear:*

Woman: Hello. This is the travel agency returning your call. You left a message about the holiday you've booked, asking which meals are included in the cost during your stay at Sunny Hotel. Lunch and dinner are free but if you wish to have breakfast in the hotel, you will need to pay an extra amount of money, depending on what you order. Let me know if I can help you with any other information. Goodbye.

*On the test book, you will read:*

Which meal is NOT included in the price of the holiday?

- A. Breakfast      B. Lunch      C. Dinner      D. All

*The correct answer is A. Breakfast. Now, let's begin with the first question.*

**1. Where did the man leave his camera?**

- A. On the steps      B. Next to the fountain      C. In the coat pocket      D. On the boat

**2. What is the woman's first memory?**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| A. She went to the sea with her family. | C. She went to the sea with her younger brother. |
| B. She went to the sea with her father. | D. She went to the sea with her mother.          |

**PART 2-Questions 9-20**

**Directions:** In this part, you will hear THREE conversations. There are four questions for each conversation. For each question, choose the correct answer A, B, C or D. You will hear the conversations only ONCE.

**9. Why does Simon like the River Stanton?**

- A. Because of its water speed
- B. Because of its scenery
- C. Because of its peace
- D. Because of its dangers

**10. What was wrong with the river?**

- A. The water turned brown when it was running low.
- B. The water turned brown when it was running fast.
- C. The water turned orange when it was running fast.
- D. The water turned orange when it was running low.

**11. What was the cause of the river's problem?**

- A. Old mine work
- B. Farming activities
- C. Fishing activities
- D. Tourism activities

**12. What made Simon happy?**

- A. He found the solution to the river's problem.
- B. He found limestones in the river.
- C. He found a lot of fish in the river.
- D. He found a lot of plants in the river.

**PART 3-Questions 21-35**

**Directions:** In this part, you will hear THREE talks or lectures. There are five questions for each talk or lecture. For each question, choose the correct answer A, B, C or D. You will hear the talks or lectures only ONCE.

**21. Which area in the world has the speaker not lived in?**

- A. Asia
- B. Europe
- C. South America
- D. Middle East

**22. Which two things does the speaker do to learn a new language?**

- A. go to classes and speak to people
- B. watch TV and listen to the radio
- C. speak to people and use a dictionary
- D. Go to classes and watch TV

**23. What does the speaker say about using newspapers?**

- A. It was easy to learn a lot of new words quickly.
- B. It helps you save time learning a language.
- C. Other people could explain new words the writer found.
- D. It is so boring to read.

**24. What does the speaker say about talking to people in the street?**

- A. You should rehearse in your head before you go.
- B. People feel embarrassed to talk to you.
- C. people reacted negatively.
- D. People are not eager to talk to you.

**25. Why were colloquial expressions a problem for the speaker?**

- A. They took ten years to learn.
- B. They were never written down.
- C. They were often unnoticed.
- D. They were often written down.

**Reading:** PASSAGE 1: Question 1-10

**BODY LANGUAGE**

According to surveys, people consider speaking in public more **stressful** than any other task. Communications experts have studied public speakers and their audiences to learn what makes a speech effectively. They have discovered that while choosing the words of a speech carefully is important, the body language used during the speech is also vital to its success.

**Researchers estimate that at least seventy-five percent of communication occurs through non-verbal body language.** This means that the actions of a speaker's body during a speech will determine how the audience responds to the words spoken.

Research indicates that the first things noticed by the audience are the speaker's eyes and facial expressions. People will think that a speaker who always looks at the floor and never smiles is unfriendly. An effective speaker will look directly at the people in the audience and will use facial expressions that match the tone of the speech. An experienced speaker knows when to smile at the audience and when to **display** a more serious expression.

The speaker's posture is the second-most noticed aspect of body language. (A) Speakers may deliver their speech either standing or sitting. If a speaker sits, research shows it is important to sit up straight. (B) Similarly, when a speaker stands, it is important that he or she stand up straight while looking relaxed. (C) A strong speaker will stand up straight with both feet on the floor and lean slightly toward the audience. A speaker who slouches signals that he or she is not interested in the subject and does not respect the audience. (D)

Finally, a speaker's gestures can impact the effectiveness of a speech. Gestures are the way in which hands and arms are used to communicate. The best advice for the inexperienced speaker is to do nothing with the hands. Either rest them on the podium or clasp them behind the back. Studies show that speakers should avoid folding their arms across their chests because the audience interprets this **gesture** as a challenge.

Studies in communication show that body language used during a speech is as important as the words spoken. In summary, how something is spoken is just as important as what is spoken. Communications experts suggest that inexperienced speakers practice and rehearse their body language in the same way they would write and practice the words. They recommend practicing in front of a mirror first and then with a small group of friends.

**1. The word "stressful" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. complicated      B. worrisome      C. relaxing      D. serious

**2. Which of the sentences below best expresses the essential information in the underlined sentence in the passage?**

- A. Most of what we communicate is verbal.  
B. We communicate with both words and body language.

- C. Words and body language are equally important.
- D. Most of what we communicate is non-verbal.

### 3. Why does the author mention the importance of facial expressions?

- A. Facial expressions can make people pretty or ugly.
- B. Facial expressions are noticed by the audience.
- C. Audiences dislike facial expressions.
- D. Effective speakers ignore their facial expressions.

### 4. According to the information in paragraph 2, what does an experienced speaker know?

- A. When to laugh
- B. When to stop talking
- C. When to smile
- D. When to use his or her feet

### 5. The word "display" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

- A. show
- B. match
- C. frown
- D. videotape

### 6. According to the passage, how should a speaker stand?

- A. With arms folded across the chest
- B. On one foot
- C. Leaning on the podium
- D. Straight up, on two feet

### 7. What is the main purpose/idea of paragraph 3?

- A. To explain a speaker's posture.
- B. To explain a speaker's facial expressions
- C. To explain a speaker's hand gestures
- D. To explain a speaker's smile

### 8. Look at the space mark (A), (B), (C), (D) in the passage. Where could the following sentence be added?

*If a speaker stands too stiffly, the audience will focus on his or her posture instead of what is being said.*

- A. (A)
- B. (B)
- C. (C)
- D. (D)

### 9. The word "gesture" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

- A. feeling
- B. action
- C. idea
- D. signal

### 10. What is not advisable for speakers to do during their speeches?

- A. Fold their arms across their chests
- B. Rest their hands on the podium
- C. Clap their hands behind the back
- D. Use body language

### PASSAGE 2 - Questions 11 – 20

In the past oysters were raised in much the same way as dirt farmers raised tomatoes – by transplanting them. First, farmers selected the oyster bed, cleared the bottom of old shells and other debris, then scattered clean shells about. Next, they "planted" fertilized oyster eggs, which within two or three weeks hatched into larvae. The larvae drifted until they attached themselves to the clean shells on the bottom. There they remained and in time grew into baby oysters called seed or spat. The spat grew larger by drawing in seawater from which they derived microscopic particles of food. Before long farmers gathered the baby oysters transplanted them in other waters to speed up their growth, then transplanted them once more into another body of water to fatten them up.

Until recently, the supply of wild oysters and those crudely farmed were more than enough to satisfy people's needs. But today the delectable seafood is no longer available in **abundance**. The problem has become so serious that some oyster beds have vanished entirely.

Fortunately, as far back as the early 1900's marine biologists realized that if new measures were not taken, oysters would become extinct or at best a luxury food. So they set up well equipped hatcheries and went to work. But they did not have the proper equipment or the skill to handle the eggs. They did not know when, what, and how to feed the larvae. And they knew little about the predators that attack and eat baby oysters by the millions. They failed, but they doggedly kept at it. Finally, in the 1940's a significant **breakthrough** was made. The marine biologists discovered that by raising the temperature of the water, they could induce oysters to spawn not only in the summer but also in the fall, winter, and spring. Later they developed a technique for feeding the larvae and rearing them to spat. Going still further, they succeeded in breeding new strains that were resistant to diseases, grew faster and larger, and flourished in water of different salinities and temperatures. In addition, the cultivated oysters tasted better.

**11. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?**

- A. The Threatened Extinction of Marine Life      C. The Discoveries Made by Marine Biologists  
B. The Cultivation of Oysters      D. The Varieties of Wild Oysters

**12. In the first paragraph, the production of oysters is compared to what other industry?**

- A. Mining      B. Fishing      C. Banking      D. Farming

**13. In the passage, which of the following is NOT mentioned as a stage of an oyster's life?**

- A. Debris      B. Egg      C. Larvae      D. Spat

**14. The word "abundance" in paragraph 2 most probably means \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. large quantity      B. great value      C. scarcity      D. appropriateness

**15. When did scientists discover that oysters were in danger?**

- A. In the early part of the 19th century      C. In the 1940's  
B. At the beginning of this century      D. Just recently

**16. The word "breakthrough" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. appraisal      B. appearance      C. innovation      D. policy

**17. According to the passage, which of the following words best describes the efforts of the marine biologists working with oysters?**

- A. Persistent      B. Intermittent      C. Traditional      D. Fruitless

**18. In the passage, the author mentions that the new strains of oyster are \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. cheaper      B. shaped differently      C. better textured      D. healthier

**19. In what paragraph does the author describe successful methods for increasing the oyster population?**

- A. First      B. Second      C. Third      D. Fourth

**20. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?**

- A. Step by step description of the evolution of marine biology
- B. Discussion of chronological events concerning oyster production
- C. Random presentation of facts about oysters
- D. Description of oyster production at different geographic locations

**Speaking part 1**

**1. Talk about career**

- What is your job?
- How long have you been working there?
- Why do you like your job?

**2. Talk about hometown**

- Where do you come from?
- Do you like living in your hometown?
- What is it famous for?

**3. Talk about leisure activities**

- What do you like doing in your free time?
- Why do you like doing it?
- How much time do you spend doing that?

**4. Talk about sports**

- What sports do you like best? Why?
- Do you prefer indoor or outdoor sports? Why?
- Do you know why people like to play sports?

**Lesson 2**

**Reading PASSAGE 3 - Questions 21 – 30**

Early mariners gradually developed ways of observing and recording in their journals their position, the distances and directions they traveled, the currents of wind and water, and the **hazards** and havens they encountered. [A]The information in these journals enabled them to find their way home and, for them in their successors, to repeat and extent the recorded voyages. Each new observation could be added to an ever-increasing body of reliable information.

Ship captains and navigators were not concerned about running into other vessels, but as heavy traffic developed along shipping routes, avoiding such **collisions** became a serious matter. In all fields of navigation, keeping a safe distance between ships moving in different directions at different speeds became as important as knowing how to reach one's destination. [B]

The larger the ship, the easier **it** is to see, but the larger a ship, the more time it requires to change its speed or direction. When many ships are in a small area, an action taken by one ship to avoid colliding with another might endanger a third. [C] In busy seaports, such as Hamburg and New York, this problem has been solved by assigning incoming and outgoing ships to separate lanes, which are clearly marked and divided by the greatest practical distance.

The speed of jet airplanes makes collision a deadly possibility. [D] Even if two pilots see one another in time to begin evasive action, their maneuvers may be useless if either pilot incorrectly predicts the other's move. Ground-based air traffic controllers assign aircraft to flight paths that keep airplanes a safe distance from one another.

When steam engines began to replace sails during the first half of the nineteenth century, a ship's navigator had to compute fuel consumption as well as course and location. Today, in airplanes as well as in ships, large amount of fuel, needed for long trips, reduce the cargo capacity, and economy requires that its consumption be kept to a minimum.

In modern air and sea navigation, a schedule has to be met. A single voyage or flight is only one link in a complicated and coordinated transportation network that carries goods and people from any starting place to any chosen destination. Modern navigation selects a ship's course, avoids collision with other moving ships, minimizes fuel consumption, and follows an established timetable.

**21. What is the main topic of the passage?**

- A. Historical records of navigation
- B. Airplane navigation in Europe
- C. Schedules and shipping long distances
- D. The growing importance of navigation

**22. Which of the choices is closest in meaning to the word "hazards" in paragraph 1?**

- A. Dangerous obstacles
- B. Safe seaports
- C. Whales and large fish
- D. Inaccurate navigation

**23. Which of the following has the same meaning as the word "collisions" in paragraph 2?**

- A. Moving in
- B. Running into
- C. Needing for
- D. Knowing how

**24. Which of the following does the word "it" in paragraph 3 refer to?**

- A. Ship
- B. Time
- C. Speed
- D. Direction

**25. Where can the following sentence be added to the passage? "In fact, many harbors were burned down from fires begun as a result of ships' colliding in port."**

- A. [A]
- B. [B]
- C. [C]
- D. [D]

**26. How are ships kept apart in the ports of Hamburg and New York?**

- A. The port controllers guide ship captains by radio.
- B. Incoming and outgoing ships are assigned to clearly marked lanes.
- C. Ships are not allowed to change their course or their speed while in port.
- D. Captains use their journals to determine the hazards in port.

**27. What does the author imply about the speed of jet airplanes?**

- A. Air traffic is now safer than it was with planes with piston-driven engines.
- B. Radio communication between ships and planes help schedules.
- C. Collisions of jet airplanes almost always result in the deaths of passengers and crew.
- D. Pilots are now able to predict evasive maneuvers that others will take.

**28. What can be inferred about fuel consumption in the nineteenth century?**

- A. A ship's captain had to describe how many sails would be used on a ship.
- B. A navigator had to determine how much fuel a ship needed for a voyage.
- C. A large amount of fuel made room for extra cargo space.
- D. A journal was kept about the amount of coal a steam engine used during a voyage.

**29. What is NOT true about modern navigation?**

- A. It helps approach various destinations.
- B. It serves as a transportation network connector.
- C. It consumes a small amount of fuel.
- D. It meets fixed schedules.

**30. Which of the following statements is supported by the passage?**

- A. Information in mariners' journals is better than modern navigation techniques.
- B. Collisions in the air are more dangerous than those at sea.
- C. Mariners today have to compute more things than those in the past did.
- D. Air traffic controllers use the same navigation techniques as sea captains.

**PASSAGE 4 – Questions 31-40**

In the West, cartoons are used chiefly to make people laugh. The important feature of all these cartoons is the joke and the element of surprise which is contained. Even though it is very funny, a good cartoon is always based on close observation of a particular feature of life and usually has a serious purpose.

Cartoons in the West have been associated with political and social matters for many years. In wartime, for example, they proved to be an excellent way of spreading propaganda. Nowadays cartoons are often used to make short, sharp comments on politics and governments as well as on a variety of social matters. In this way, the modern cartoon has become a very powerful force in influencing people in Europe and the United States.

Unlike most American and European cartoons, however, many Chinese cartoon drawings in the past have also attempted to educate people, especially those who could not read and write. Such cartoons about the lives and sayings of great men in China have proved extremely useful in bringing education to illiterate and semi-literate people throughout China. Confucius, Mencius and Laozi have all appeared in very interesting stories presented in the form of cartoons. The cartoons themselves have thus served to illustrate the teachings of the Chinese sages in a very attractive way.

In this sense, many Chinese cartoons are different from Western cartoons in so far as they do not depend chiefly on telling jokes. Often, there is nothing to laugh at when you see Chinese cartoons. **This** is not their primary aim. In addition to commenting on serious

political and social matters, Chinese cartoons have aimed at spreading the traditional Chinese thoughts and culture as widely as possible among the people.

Today, however, Chinese cartoons have an added part to play in spreading knowledge. They offer a very attractive and useful way of reaching people throughout the world, regardless of the particular country in which they live. Thus, through cartoons, the thoughts and teachings of the old Chinese philosophers and sages can now reach people who live in such countries as Britain, France, America, Japan, Malaysia or Australia and who are unfamiliar with the Chinese culture.

Until recently, the transfer of knowledge and culture has been overwhelmingly from the West to the East and not vice versa. By means of cartoons, however, publishing companies in Taiwan, Hong Kong and Singapore are now having success in correcting this **imbalance** between the East and the West. Cartoons can overcome language barriers in all foreign countries. The vast increase in the popularity of these cartoons serves to illustrate the truth of Confucius's famous saying "One picture is worth a thousand words."

**31. Which of the following clearly characterizes Western cartoons?**

- A. Enjoyment, liveliness, and carefulness
- C. Humour, unexpectedness, and criticism
- B. Seriousness, propaganda, and attractiveness
- D. Originality, freshness, and astonishment

**32. Chinese cartoons have been useful as an important means of \_\_\_\_.**

- A. educating ordinary people
- C. amusing people all the time
- B. spreading Western ideas
- D. political propaganda in wartime

**33. The major differences between Chinese cartoons and Western cartoons come from their \_\_\_\_.**

- A. purposes
- B. nationalities
- C. values
- D. styles

**34. The pronoun "this" in paragraph 4 mostly refers to \_\_\_\_.**

- A. a piece of art
- C. a funny element
- B. an educational purpose
- D. a propaganda campaign

**35. The passage is intended to present \_\_\_\_.**

- A. a contrast between Western cartoons and Chinese cartoons
- B. a description of cartoons of all kinds the world over
- C. an outline of Western cartoons and Chinese cartoons
- D. an opinion about how cartoons entertain people

**36. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?**

- A. Chinese Cartoons and Western Cartoons
- C. An Excellent Way of Spreading Propaganda
- B. A Very Powerful Force in Influencing People
- D. Cartoons as a Way of Educating People

**37. In general, Chinese cartoons are now aiming at \_\_\_\_.**

- A. bringing education to illiterate and semi-literate people in the world
- B. disseminating traditional practices in China and throughout the world
- C. illustrating the truth of Chinese great men's famous sayings
- D. spreading the Chinese ideas and cultural values throughout the world

**38. The word “imbalance” in paragraph 6 refers to \_\_\_\_.**

- A. the mismatch between the East cartoons and the West cartoons
- B. the dominant cultural influence of the West over the East
- C. the influence of the East cartoons over the West cartoons
- D. the discrimination between the West culture and the East culture

**39. Which of the following is most likely the traditional subject of Chinese cartoons?**

- A. Jokes and other kinds of humour in political and social matters
- B. The philosophies and sayings of ancient Chinese thinkers
- C. The illiterate and semi-literate people throughout China
- D. The stories and features of the lives of great men the world over

**40. According to the passage, which of the following is true?**

- A. Western cartoons always have a serious purpose.
- B. Language barriers restricted cartoons.
- C. Cartoons will replace other forms of writing.
- D. Cartoons can serve various purposes.

### **Speaking part 1**

#### **5. Talk about music**

- Do you like music? Why/Why not?
- What is the most popular kind of music in your country?
- How is music good or not good for people?

- Have you ever been to art galleries?
- Would you prefer to go there alone or with someone else?
- What are the benefits of going to art galleries?

#### **6. Talk about TV programmes**

- How many hours a day do you watch TV?
- Which programmes do you like?
- Do you prefer watching television alone or with other people? Why?

#### **11. Talk about technology in your house**

- Do you have a lot of technological devices in your house?
- What is your most favorite device?
- How important is technology to your life?

#### **7. Talk about places**

- Where do you usually go when you have spare time?(free time)
- In what way is café a great place for people to enjoy their free time?

#### **12. Talk about dream**

- Do you often dream?
- Do you remember your dream when you get up?
- Do you think dreams are important?

#### **8. Talk about fashion**

- Do you try to follow the latest fashion?
- What kind of clothes do you like to wear?
- Which do you prefer, shopping in a small shop or a supermarket?

#### **13. Talk about musical instrument**

- Do you play any musical instrument?
- What is the most popular musical instrument in your country?
- Do you think musical instrument is important to human life?

#### **9. Talk about food and drink**

- What food do you like?
- Do you like eating fast food or home cooked food? Why?

#### **14. Talk about habit**

- What do you often eat for breakfast and dinner?
- What is the most popular dish in VN?
- Are people in VN often eat out at weekend? Why/why not?

#### **10. Talk about art gallery**

## Lesson 3

### Speaking part 1

#### 15. Talk about color

- What's your favourite color? Why?
- Are there any colors that have a special meaning in your country? Why?
- Do you think different people like different color? Why?/ why not?

#### 16. Talk about how to keep up to date with the news

- Do you often keep up to date with the news?
- What is your news source?
- How important is it to keep up to date with the news?

#### 17. Talk about dancing class

- Have you ever been to a dancing class?
- Would you prefer to go there alone or with someone else?

- In your opinion, how important is it to know how to dance?

#### 18. Talk about personality

- How would you describe yourself?
- In what ways are you similar to your friends?
- What are the common characteristics of people in your house?

#### 19. Talk about personality

- Are you a family person?
- What do you think are the quality of a good wife?
- Do you think your personality will change when you get older?

#### 20. Talk about your teacher

- Who is your favourite teacher?
- Should teachers be strict on students? Why?
- If you were a teacher. Which subject would you like to teach?

### Speaking part 2

Sample answer:

*My situation is that ..... There are three options such as.....*

*Among the three options, I think..... is the best choice because of the following reasons.*

*The first reason is that ..... For example.....*

*The second reason is that ..... For instance, .....*

*Finally, ..... To be specific, .....*

*I don't think that ..... is suitable because..... For instance .....*

*Although ..... is a good idea, I don't choose it. Simply because .....*

*To illustrate, .....*

*In conclusion, if I were in the case, I would choose ..... for the reasons I have mentioned.*

**Practice 1:** Your close friend's birthday is coming. Three ways to send wishes are suggested:

- Posting on her Facebook wall
- Making a phone call
- Sending her/ him a card

Which one do you think is the best choice?

**Practice 2:** You are going to a prom for graduate students. There are three options for you to choose. Who do you go with? Darling, best friend or alone?

**Practice 3:** Your friend is going to organize a ten-year high school class reunion. He is thinking of

- visiting old school teachers
- organizing a party and inviting teachers and classmates
- holding a one-day trip

What is the best choice?

### Writing email

#### Sample answer

Dear....,

I'm glad to hear from you and I hope you are doing well.

I'm writing to tell you about .....

.....  
I'm looking forward to hearing from you.

Best regard,

#### Email 1

You have just received a letter from your English friend Lily, asking you about your last birthday. Read a part of Lily's letter below.

I had a wonderful birthday party with my family and my friends. When I came back from my school, I had a surprise party with a big cake, decorations, and family and friends around. I felt interested in this party. How was your last birthday party? What did you do and how do you feel?

Write an email responding to Lily. You should write at least 120 words. You do not need to include your name or address.

### Lesson 4

#### Speaking

##### 21. Talk about drink

- Do you drink milk everyday? Why/ why not? service? Why?
- Do you drink fruit juice?
- What else do you like to drink?

- Are you satisfied with your mobile phone

##### 22. Talk about plane

- Have you ever travelled by plane? If yes, when did you travel by plane?/ If no, Would you like to travel by plane? Why?
- Is air service good in your country?

- service? Why?

- What is your favourite landscape in your country?
- Can you describe it?
- What did you do there?
- What do you suggest me to do if I visit it?

##### 23. Talk about mobile phone service

- How often do you use a mobile phone?

##### 24. Talk about landscape in your country

- Do you like wearing casual or formal clothes?
- How do you dress to work?
- What is your favourite clothing?

### 26. Talk about a map

- Have you ever used maps?
- Do you prefer paper maps or electronic maps? Why?

- Have you ever asked for directions instead of using maps. What happened?

### Speaking part 2

**Practice 4:** A foreign friend is going to visit a city in Vietnam in August for three days. Three options are suggested: Hanoi, Ho Chi Minh City, Hue. Which do you think is the best choice?

**Practice 5:** You are studying economics and need daily updates in economics? Three sources are suggested: The internet, T.V, radio. Which do you think is the best choice?

**Practice 6:** Teachers at your child's primary school are asking you about how to assess students. Three options are suggested: marks only, comments only, both marks and comments. Which do you think is the best choice?

### Writing

#### Email 2

You have just received a letter from your English friend Petty, asking you about your test. Read a part of Petty's letter below.

I know you are going to have a language test. When is the test? What is the most difficult skill to you? What did you do to prepare for the test? What can I do to help you?

Write an email responding to Petty. You should write at least 120 words.

## Lesson 5

### Speaking part 1

#### 27. Talk about your study

- Are self-study skills taught at school in your country?
- Should self-study skills be a compulsory subject at school?
- How does the lack of study skills train affect students' performance at university?

#### 28. Talk about owning a pet

- What type of animal do you want to have as a pet?
- When did you first have a pet? How did you get it?
- At what age do you think people should start to own a pet?

#### 29. Talk about a room in your house

- What's your favourite room in your house?
- What do you often do in the room? Why?
- What do you think you should do to make your room a better place?

#### 30. Talk about travelling

- Is solo travel becoming more popular among students?
- What are disadvantages of travelling alone?
- What should be done to have a safe solo travelling?

#### 31. Talk about collection

- Did you collect anything when you were a child?
- What do Vietnamese people often collect?
- What will you collect if you have money?

### Speaking part 2

**Practice 7:** Your niece is 12 next week. You want to buy her a gift. There are 3 options for you to choose: a dress, an ebook, a bouquet (bunch) of flowers. Which do you think is the best choice.

**Practice 8:** Your friend is going to graduate next week. You want to buy her a present: a handmade card, a bouquet of flowers, a photo frame. What is the best choice?

### Writing

#### Email 3

You have just received a letter from an agent at the Job Center from a foreign country, John. Read a part of his letter below.

We are glad to help you in order to find a suitable job for you. We would like to know more detailed information regarding the reason why you are choosing to work in our country. We would also like to know the type of work you would be looking for and your previous work experience. In addition, could you please provide us information about your qualifications and your English level. Also, how much salary would you expect?

We look forward to hearing from you soon.

Write an email responding to John. You should write at least 120 words. You do not need to include your name or address.

### Essay

#### Sample answer:

*People have different views about .....(topic)..... While there are some advantages of this trend, I would argue that its disadvantages are more significant. Therefore, I am going to examine the advantages and disadvantages of this issue in this essay.*

*On the one hand, the benefits of .....(topic)..... should not be underestimated. The first benefit is that .....For example, ..... The second benefit is that..... For instance, .....The third benefit is that..... To be specific,.....*

*On the other hand, I support the view of those who believe that (topic) also has caused some disadvantages. The first disadvantage is that (bất lợi 1...To illustrate The second disadvantage is that.....For instance,.....Finally,.....For example .....*

*In conclusion, despite the drawbacks/ disadvantages of .....(topic).....I believe that the benefits outweigh the disadvantages. It is suggested that the government/ people/ teachers/ parents/ individuals should balance both advantages and disadvantages of .....(topic).....*

Essay 1: Traffic jams are becoming serious problems in big cities. It has caused serious influence on both citizens and society. Many solutions have been applied to solve this problem and one way is to build sky trains in cities which run overhead rather than on the ground. Discuss some advantages/disadvantages.

## Lesson 6

### Speaking part 1

#### 32. Talk about dancing

- Do you like dancing?
- Why do many people like dancing?
- Where can people learn how to dance in your country?

#### 33. Talk about travelling experience

- What is your most favourite place in VN?
- Have you ever travelled ...?
- Where would you like to spend your summer holiday?

#### 34. Talk about public transport

- What is your favourite means of public transport?

### Speaking part 2

**Practice 9:** You are going to make a presentation on a new product. There are three options for you to choose:

- making power point slides
- making a poster
- making a video

Which do you think is the best choice.

**Practice 10:** If you found a student cheating on exam. What would you do? There are three options to choose.

- subtract 50%
- delete test paper
- prohibit him/ her taking exam.

### Writing

#### Email 4

You have received an email from your close friend. Read his letter and you're your advice on his problem.

I took part in a piano class 2 days per week. You know that piano has been my dream since I was a child. However, this time I am so busy, I have a lot of homework and tests to pass over. But I don't want to stop the piano class. What should I do? Write a letter to your friend to persuade him/her not to stop the piano class, then tell him/her how to set time for hobbies and learning.

**Essay 2:** In many countries, young people are encouraged to take part in unpaid community services in their free time to help the local community such as working for charity, improving the neighborhood or teaching sports to young children. It's widely believed that this would have benefited both individual teenagers and society as a whole. Discuss the benefits of unpaid work to teenagers and society.

- What is the most popular means of transport in your city? Why?

- What are the benefit of using it?

#### 35. Talk about bank:

- Have you ever been to a bank in your area?
- What did you do there?
- How does the ATM service in your area work?

#### 36. Talk about going out

- How often do you go out? Why?
- Do you prefer to go out alone or with friends?
- What do you like to do when you go out? Why?

## Lesson 7

### Speaking part 1

#### 37. Talk about interview

- Have you ever been interviewed? Can you describe it?
- How did you prepare for it?
- How important is it to prepare for the Interview?

- Do you get along with your neighbors? How?

- Are your neighbors helpful?

#### 40. Talk about anger

- How often do you get angry?
- What do you often do when you are angry?
- What do you do to control your anger?

#### 38. Talk about computer brand

- What is your favorite brand?
- When did you start using that brand?
- Will you continue using that brand in the future?

#### 41. Talk about holidays

- What do you often do during Tet holidays?
- What should people avoid doing during Tet holidays?
- What makes our Tet traditions different from those of other countries?

#### 39. Talk about neighbor

- Do you know the people who live next door to you?

### Speaking part 2

**Practice 11:** Your friend feel stressed with her busy, but boring life. Which of the following activities do you think she should do to refresh herself?

- Taking up a sport.
- Learning a new skill.
- Doing volunteer work.

**Practice 12:** Your father is going to retire next week. What should you buy for him?

- A bottle of champagne
- A puppy
- A tie

### Speaking part 3

#### Sample answer

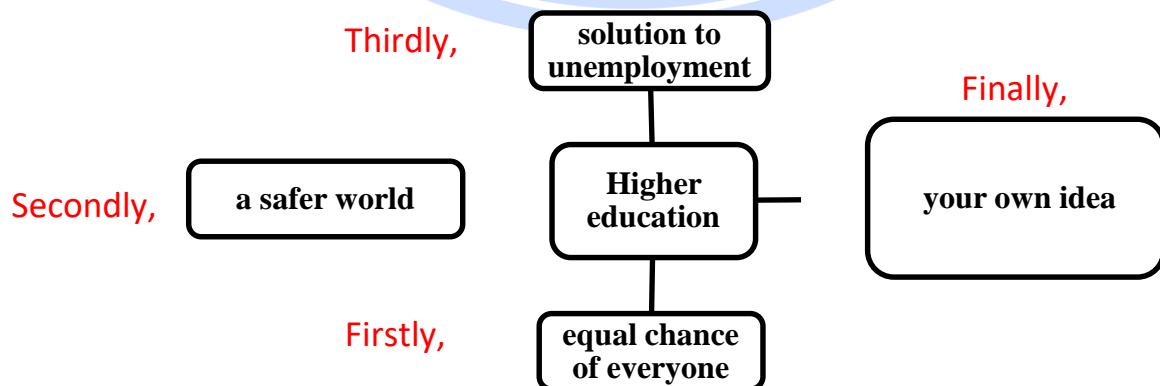
I would like to talk about the reasons why/benefits of .....

Firstly, ..... For example, ..... Secondly, ..... For instance, ..... Thirdly, ..... To be specific, ..... Finally, ..... To illustrate, .....

In short, ..... for the reasons I have mentioned.

#### Practice 1:

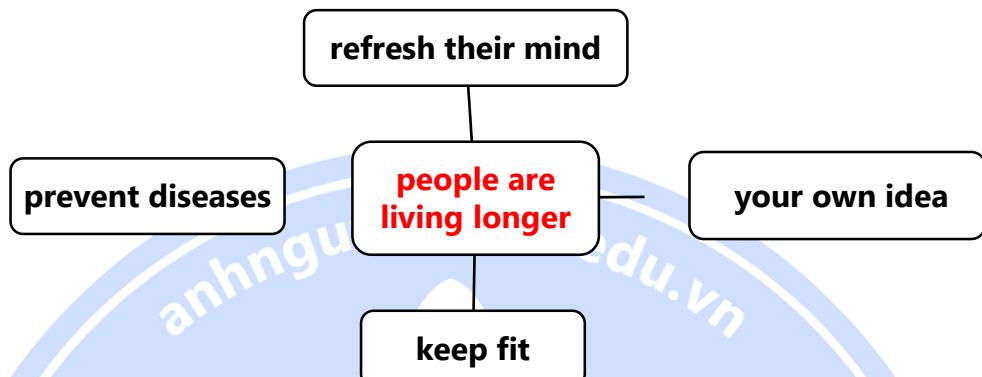
##### 1. Higher education should be free for everyone.



Follow - up questions

1. Do you think it is reasonable to apply free in Vietnam?
2. University is the only way to succeed. Do you agree?
3. Should higher education be free for everyone as well?

### Practice 2: People nowadays are living longer.



Follow-up Questions:

1. Is a healthy diet a key to longevity? Agree or disagree?
2. In term of longevity, the quality is better than the quantity. Do you agree?
3. What should we do to stay healthy?

### Writing

#### Email 5

You are a manager of an exhibition. You have received an email from a teacher, John, asking about the exhibition. Read a part of his email below.

I am going to organize a visit for my students to the exhibition. I would like to ask for information about the date, the opening daily time. Where should students go? What is the subject of the exhibition? What can students get from the trip? Are there any discounts for students?

**Essay 3:** What are the negative effects of tourism in the local community? Do the benefits of tourism outweigh the drawbacks?

**Essay 4:** The number of children playing computer games has significantly increased over recent decades. People have different opinions about the effects of games on young player. Some regard playing video games as harmless or even a useful education tool while others believe that video games are having negative effects on children. What are the advantages and disadvantages of playing computer games?

## Lesson 8

### Speaking part 1

#### 42. Talk about exercise

- What are the most popular types of exercise in the area where you live?
- What type of exercise do you think popular will continue doing in the future in your country?
- Do you think physical education should be compulsory at all school levels?

#### 43. Talk about wedding party

- Have you ever taken part in a wedding party?
- What do you like most at a wedding party?

- What kind of clothes do you wear when attending a wedding party?

#### 44. Talk about Vietnamese actress:

- Do you have a favorite Vietnamese actress? Why/ Why not?
- What makes a good actress?
- Is the movie industry developed in your country? Why/ Why not?

#### 45. Talk about mobile phone

- How often do you use mobile phone?
- Are you satisfied with your mobile phone service?
- In your opinion, what makes a good mobile phone service?

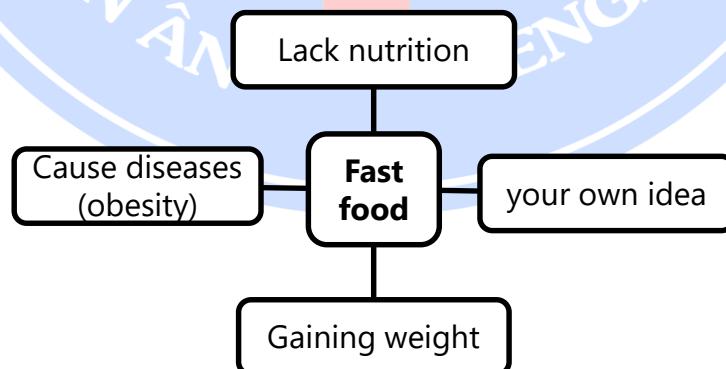
### Speaking part 2

**Practice 13:** You are searching to write your graduate thesis. There are THREE sources for you to choose: free online books, journals in your university, journals of your major with payment. Explain the option you have chosen.

**Practice 14:** It is getting hotter and your family is planning a trip. Three places are suggested: a sea side resort, a lakeside hotel, a countryside cottage. Explain the option you have chosen.

### Speaking part 3

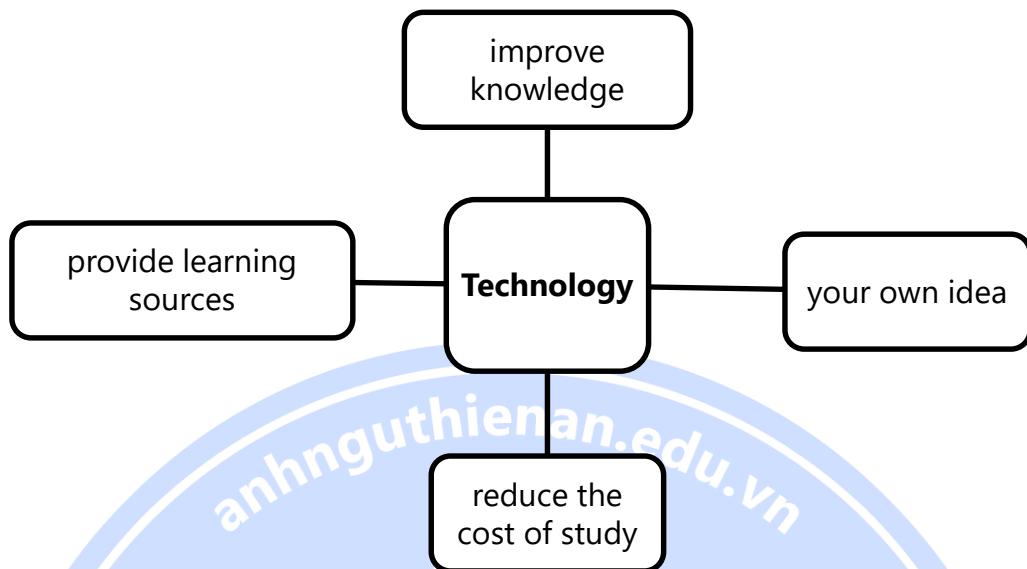
**Practice 3:** Fast food is harmful for your health.



Follow-up questions:

1. Which do people in your country prefer: traditional food or Western food?
2. Should fast food be banned at school and why?
3. What should we do to raise children's awareness of the bad effects of fast food?

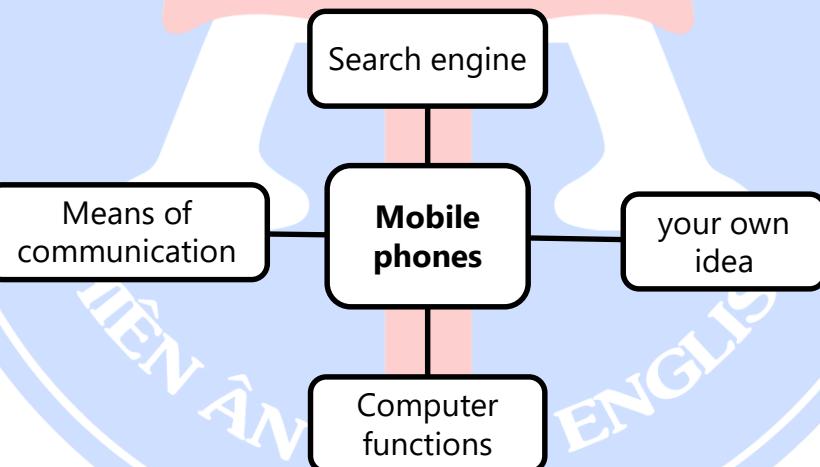
### Practice 4: Technology supports student learning



Follow - up questions

1. What technology invention do you think is the most important? Why?
2. How can technology help you study English?
3. What are the negative effects of technology in our life?

### Practice 5: Mobile phones are useful at schools



Follow - up questions

1. What negative effects do M.P have on a young kid?
2. Do you think people will continue using M.P in the future?
3. How do people and the old in your country differ from each other in using mobile phone?

### Writing

#### Email 6

You have received an email from your English friend, John.

Next week Linkin Park is coming to Hanoi to rock this city. I don't want to miss my favorite band's performance live and I bought 2 tickets last month. I have a plan to enjoy the performance with my brother, but I have to cancel it due to a family event. Are you going

back to our hometown to meet our grandparents on their 50th wedding anniversary? I know how much you love Linkin Park. Do you want to buy these tickets to enjoy the show? How many tickets do you want? How much can you pay for the tickets? How can you receive the ticket?

**Essay 5** Many people go to university for academic study. More people should be encouraged to do vocational training because there is lack of qualified workers such as electricians and plumbers. To what extent do you agree or disagree? Give reasons, experiences and examples to support your ideas.

**Essay 6** Some people think that children should study English with native teachers. Do you agree or disagree? Give your reasons, examples and your experience to support your idea.

**Essay 7** The subjects that children are taught in schools are decided by central authorities. Some people say that teachers, not politicians, should be responsible for this task. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this opinion?

### Lesson 9

#### Speaking part 1

##### 46. Talk about renting a house

- Have you ever rented a house/flat. If no. Do you plan to rent a house? Why?
- Would you prefer to pay the rent monthly/ quarterly/ yearly?
- What do you like in a rented house?

##### 47. Talk about birds

- What are the types of bird do you like?
- How do people in your country treat birds?
- Do birds have special meaning in your country?

##### 48. Talk about diet

- Do you have a balanced diet?

#### Speaking part 2

**Practice 15:** Next week is your best friend's birthday. You are going to give her a great birthday present. There are THREE options for you to choose: a book, a scarf, a handbag

**Practice 16:** You are going to have a birthday party. You are thinking about the place to celebrate your birthday party. There are THREE options for you to choose:

- In a restaurant.                    - At home.                    - At work.

- What kind of food do you often eat?
- What kind of food do you think you should eat more?

##### 49. Talk about future plans

- How important is it to plan for future?
- Do you have plans for your future? What are they?
- Do you often achieve what you have planned? Why?/Why not?

##### 50. Talk about time management

- Are you good at managing your time?
- How do you manage your time?
- How important is the time management?

**Practice 17:** You are going to visit your friend in England next year. You are thinking a special gift which you can give to your foreign friend. There are THREE options for you to choose: - Vietnamese coffee. - A conical hat. - A silk handkerchief.  
Explain the option you have chosen.

### Speaking part 3

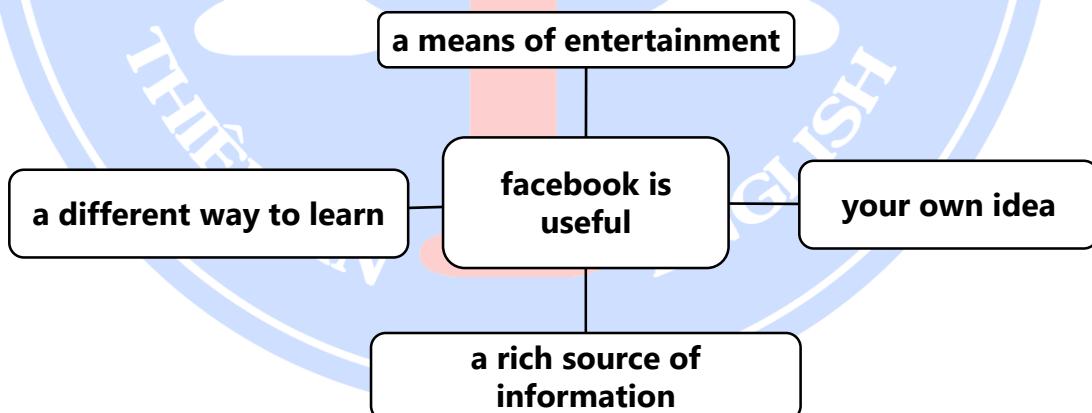
**Practice 6:** There are ways to maintain good workplace relationship.



Follow up questions:

1. Why do people sometimes find it hard to share personal issues at work?
2. Should people make friends with business partners at work?

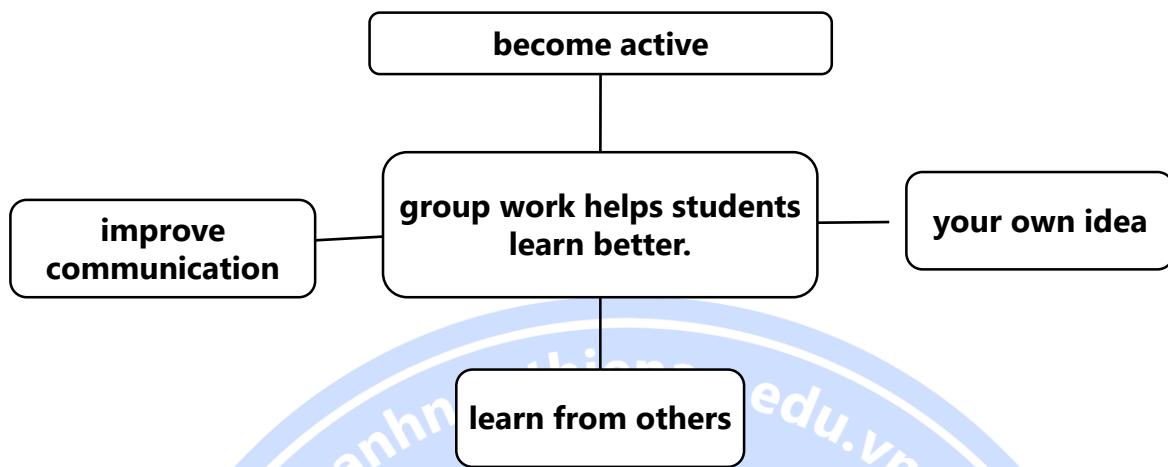
**Practice 7:** Facebook is a useful learning tool for students.



Follow-up questions:

1. What are some good and harm of using social network?
2. What should we do to protect ourselves from e-crime?

**Practice 8:** Working in group helps students learn better at school.



### Follow- up questions

1. When should group work be used at school and why?
2. What are the disadvantages of working in groups?
3. What can teachers do to improve the quality of group work activities?

### Writing

**Essay 8** Nowadays more and more people decide to have children later in their life. This tendency can be seen frequently especially in many developed countries, new data show that the number of American women having kids after 35 is continuing to grow. There are some reasons leading to this trend and it certainly will have great impacts on family life and society. Discuss the reasons and impacts (effect) in family life and society

**Essay 9** Television is the most popular form of entertainment in many households. People of all ages use this media to entertain themselves for many hours a day. Thus, TV has had a tremendous influence on its viewers, especially children. However, some people worry that children can be negatively affected by constantly watching television. What are the causes and effects of this trend? (cause /effects)

## Lesson 10

### Speaking part 2

**Practice 18:** Your sister's class allow her to choose her seat and she is not short -sighted.

There are three options for her to choose

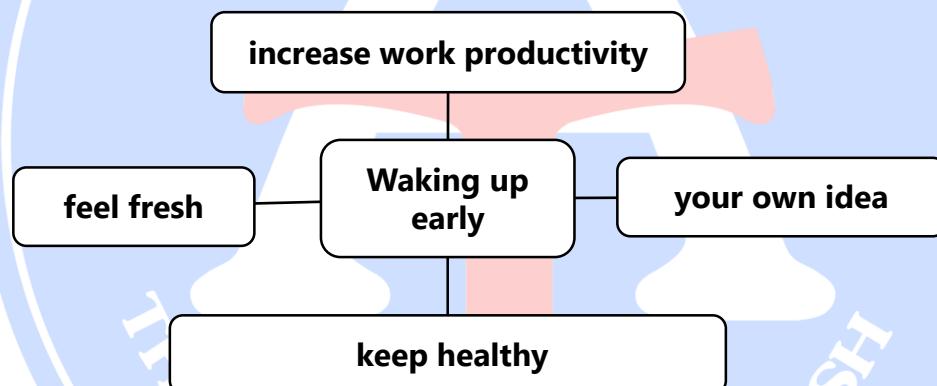
- A front seat
- A middle seat
- A back seat.

**Practice 19:** Your sisters' wedding is coming next month. You and your parents are thinking of giving them a great present. There are THREE options for you to choose: a three- day-tour, a new car, a new house. Explain the option you have chosen.

**Practice 20:** Your brother is in a romantic relationship. What would you do? There are THREE options for you to choose: tell your parents, accept this relationship but under your control, Let him do anything he wants. Explain the option you have chosen.

### Speaking part 3

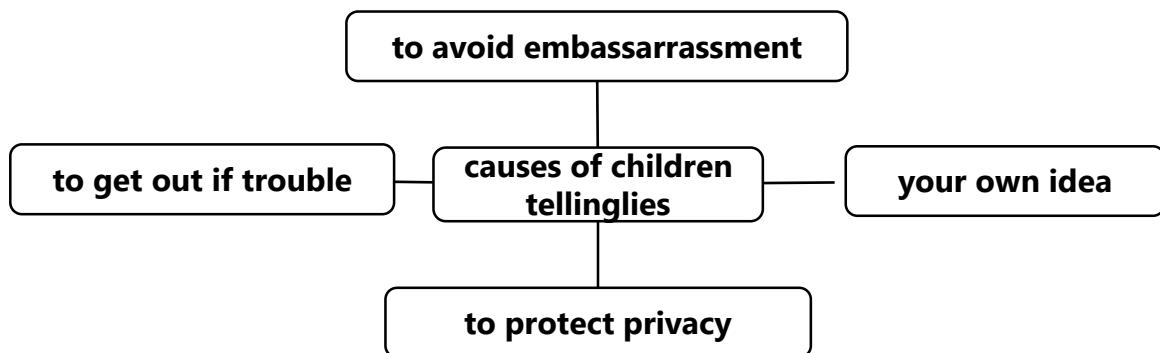
**Practice 9:** Waking up early could bring many benefits.



Follow –up questions

1. Do you think people pay enough attention to their health today?
2. How can people be encouraged to stay healthy?
3. Why do you think some people continue bad habits even though they know that these are damaging their health?

**Practice 10:** There are several causes of children telling lies.



### Follow –up questions

- 1.What are the effects of telling lies?
2. What can be done to encourage children to tell the truth?
3. Is saying nothing the same as telling lies?

### Writing

**Essay 10:** Traffic accidents have long been a serious problem in many countries. Despite improvements in vehicle technology, there are still large numbers of road accidents. On average roads kill 9000 people every year per day and leave thousands of others with lifetime injuries. Road safety is a great concern to the public and government. Discuss the causes of traffic accidents and suggest measures.

**Essay 11:** In recent years, it is believed that an increasing number of professionals, such as scientists and doctors, are leaving their own poorer countries to work in developed countries and this seems to be an increasingly common trend in many countries. Discuss the reasons and suggest some solutions for this problem.

**Essay 12:** People have different opinions about gap year. Some people support this idea because high school students need to have a period of time to relax after 12 -year -studying. Others think that it is a waste of time. Discuss both views and state your opinion.

# Vinh Danh Học Viên



## Trần Minh Tuyến (IELTS 6.0/9.0)

Chỉ 1 tháng ôn thi cấp tốc mà em đã đạt kết quả rất tốt kì thi đầu ra của trường. Nhờ có thầy mà em có thể cải thiện 4 skills. Ngoài ra thầy còn tận tình động viên các bạn để mọi người cùng có động lực học tập. Cảm ơn Thầy Cô ở Anh Ngữ Thiên Ân rất nhiều và đặc biệt là thầy Lê Hữu Hóa Lộc.



## Lê Hồng My (TOEIC SW 330/400)



Sau mỗi buổi học sẽ có bài tập để em luyện tập viết cho quen từ và ngữ pháp. Bất kể thắc mắc nào hay bài tập nào được nộp về mail đều được thầy cô sửa và góp ý rất nhanh. Em cảm ơn thầy Lộc, cô Vi và cô Trần rất nhiều vì đã giúp em hoàn thành bài thi một cách tốt nhất.



## Vũ Phạm Ngọc Trâm (TOEIC 755/990)

Mình cảm thấy rất vui và biết ơn vì những gì thầy, cô đã truyền đạt cho mình cũng như đã tiếp sức trong những ngày cận kề lúc thi để mình có đủ tự tin hoàn thành bài thi tốt như vậy. Một lần nữa, cảm ơn thầy, cô và Anh ngữ Thiên Ân vì tất cả.



## Ngô Việt Phúc Đặng (VNU 312/400)

Mình đến thử với Thiên Ân và đã tìm ra chân lí, thầy cô dạy rất nhiệt huyết, tận tâm, khai sáng lại những phần grammar mà mình đã quăng sạch khỏi não từ cấp 3 =)) và chỉnh lỗi chi tiết qua từng bài sửa, đưa rất nhiều idea hay trong writing, dễ áp dụng lắm, speaking thì sửa qua gmail nên khá tiện.

# Anh Ngữ Thiên Ân

Be with you - Reach your target!



TOEIC 4 KỸ NĂNG

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IELTS 4 CẤP ĐỘ

Chất lượng

Tận tâm

Kinh nghiệm

Tiết kiệm



Luyện thi VNU-EPT 4 kỹ năng - Luyện thi IELTS - TOEIC 4 kỹ năng -  
Tiếng Anh Căn Bản - Tiếng Anh Thiếu Nhi - Tiếng Anh Giao Tiếp

LIÊN  
HỆ

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Tuyến bus: 06, 08, 56, 57, 89, 93, 141

Bình Thạnh: 220/50A/90E Xô Viết Nghệ Tĩnh, P.21, Q.Bình Thạnh,  
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