

Analysis of Algorithms

Homework 4

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Question: 3

The expected case time complexity for the select algorithm is characterized by the following recurrence
 $T(1) = 2$

$$T(n) = (n + 1) + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{q=1}^{n-1} T(q)$$

Use techniques, including iteration, to solve the recurrence exactly.

Proof 3: We know that:

$$T(n) = (n + 1) + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{q=1}^{n-1} T(q)$$

$$T(n + 1) = (n + 2) + \frac{1}{n + 1} \sum_{q=1}^n T(q)$$

From that definition, we can assert that:

$$n(T(n) - (n + 1)) = \sum_{q=1}^{n-1} T(q)$$

Thus:

$$\begin{aligned} T(n + 1) - T(n) &= (n + 2) - (n + 1) + \left(\frac{1}{n + 1} \sum_{q=1}^n T(q) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{q=1}^{n-1} T(q) \right) \\ &= (n + 2) - (n + 1) + \left(\frac{1}{n + 1} \sum_{q=1}^{n-1} T(q) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{q=1}^{n-1} T(q) \right) + \frac{1}{n + 1} T(n) \\ &= 1 + \left(\frac{1}{n + 1} \sum_{q=1}^{n-1} T(q) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{q=1}^{n-1} T(q) \right) + \frac{1}{n + 1} T(n) \\ &= 1 + \left(\frac{1}{n + 1} - \frac{1}{n} \right) \sum_{q=1}^{n-1} T(q) + \frac{1}{n + 1} T(n) \\ &= 1 - \frac{1}{n(n + 1)} \sum_{q=1}^{n-1} T(q) + \frac{1}{n + 1} T(n) \end{aligned}$$

We can now substitute from the definition:

$$\begin{aligned} T(n + 1) - T(n) &= 1 - \frac{1}{n(n + 1)} (n(T(n) - (n + 1))) + \frac{1}{n + 1} T(n) \\ &= 1 - \frac{T(n) - (n + 1)}{(n + 1)} + \frac{T(n)}{n + 1} \\ &= 1 - \left(\frac{T(n)}{n + 1} - 1 \right) + \frac{T(n)}{n + 1} \\ &= 1 + \frac{-T(n)}{n + 1} + 1 + \frac{T(n)}{n + 1} \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

Which means we end up with, after subtracting $-T(n)$:

$$\begin{aligned} T(n + 1) &= T(n) + 2 \\ &= 2n \end{aligned}$$

Proving that our select algorithm runs in $O(n)$ time

