

Davaï! Revolution Under Siege

The Russian Civil War 1917-1923

Game Chronology

Game's main events and options chronology

(2015 Version 1.0 for Davaï! RUS 1.0)



1918/06/01: The Czech Legion revolt!

The Czech Legion is a unit made of Czechoslovak volunteers eager to fight Austria-Hungary, during the Great War, to gain their independence. They disagree with the Peace Treaty of Brest-Litovsk between the Russian Bolshevik government and the Central

Powers, which forbids them the right to fight against the Central Powers from Russian soil. The Treaty forces them to leave eastward and travel around the world to reach the western Allied fronts, in France or Italy. In addition, on the single transiberian way. Bolsheviks ordered them to let pass all the former war prisoners from the Central

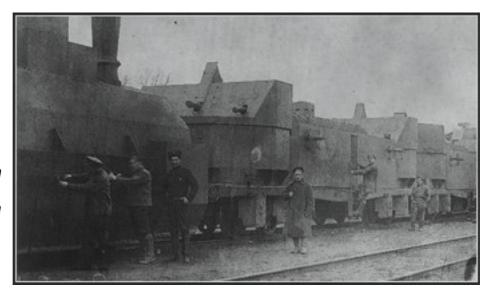


Powers, which they may fight again later in West Europe... After some clashes between Czechs and Hungarians, Trotsky ordered the Legion to be disarmed. The Czechs refused and turned their guns against the Reds.

1918/06/01: The Imperial Gold Train is detained in Kazan!

The train carrying the Russian gold reserve of the Tsars' Empire is blocked in the Kazan train station, and the Reds can't repair it before early October. This gold would greatly help the Whites set up their armies, while the Reds need to hold Kazan long enough to prevent

its capture. If the Imperial Gold Train unit is placed in the capital of the Reds or of the Whites, it will allow their governments to receive regular foreign financial assistance or goods they can't find in Russia, thanks to the guaranty of payment in gold. Each turn this unit is in a faction's capital, this faction will have a 35% chance to gain +300 Rubles. The



capital of the Reds is Moscow. The capital of the Eastern Whites can be Samara, Omsk or Irkutsk. The capital of the Western Whites can be Ekaterinodar, Rostov or Sevastopol

1918/06/16: Komuch Uprising in Samara!

With the support of the Czech Legion, a group of anti-Bolchevik socialists and liberals establish in Samara the Komuch, the 'Committee of Members of the Constituant

Assembly', which gathers up to 100 deputies. This new civilian political power quickly raises its own popular army and promize agrarian reforms to rally the peasantry. It allows the Eastern Whites to perform up to 6 Regional Decisions -Reforms-, and brings +1 EP each turn to both White's main factions. But the conservative White



militaries are hostile to this faction and the Komuch's power will collapse if the 4 main towns of the central Volga (Kazan, Simbirsk, Samara, Saratov) fall in Reds hands.

1918/06/17: General Makhin has left the Red Army and joined the Komuch Army.

<u>1918/06/17 -> :</u> The Whites' reformist civilian power of the Komuch, based on the Volga, bring +1 EP to both White's main factions.

1918/06/18 -> 1918/10/21: Red unity or Bolshevik dictatorship?

In early 1918, the Red Revolution in Russia is led by 2 allied revolutionary factions: The Bolsheviks and the Left-Socialist Revolutionaries, which both share the key soviets' institutions and the Cheka police. This coalition is facing the one of the moderate socialists and the liberals. which just founded the Komuch provisional government and army on the Volga. Even with an already difficult military situation, some leaders of the Left-SR want Russia to cancel the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk and re-enter the World War against the Central Powers, hoping to spread the World Revolution in Europe. They are ready to organize a foolish Coup, provoking war with the Germans. Its up to the Red player to choose if a left-SR uprising will happen or not, ...i.e., if the Reds stay united or if a Bolshevik dictatorship starts 'now'. If the player does not make a choice, it will be done randomly, until the



Armistice of the World War brings an end to this divisive issue, with the evacuation of German troops from Eastern Europe.

NB: place the mouse on the cross of the 2 Choices for more details.

The Reds stay united (Alternate History): The SR give up with their idea of a Coup.

The Left-SR party stay with the Bolsheviks inside the key Soviets' institutions and in the Cheka police. The Bolsheviks lead the government of the Sovnarkom, but their power is limited in different domains where the Left-SR and moderated Bolsheviks have a big influence:

- -1) Internationalists strongly push to spread the World Revolution in Europe (If the moral and military situations are good, the Reds will lose many EP and VP if they do not attack neighboring states.
- -2) In the rural soviets the SR apply a limited state collectivization which respects most of the small peasants property and freedom (only 4 simultaneous Regional Decisions 'Requisitions' and 'Conscription' available).
- -3) Red political repression will target mostly the Whites (only 2 simultaneous Regional Decisions 'Repression' available).
- -4) Red propaganda will work very well externally (up to 6 simultaneous Regional Decisions 'Subversion' available. Reds will also be able to perform Regional Decisions in neighboring countries if they are at war with them).

A Bolshevik Dictatorship starts, after the SR attempted a Coup which failed.

Left-SR leaders launch a limited Coup which is not aimed at taking power but at provoking a war with the Central Empires by assassinating the German ambassador. The left-SR Coup is an absolute political failure: The Germans did not declared war after the assassination of their officials, the population and the soldiers did not followed the SR's call to march against the Germans. The Bolsheviks take Power in October 1917 thanks in large part to a promise of ending the World War against the Central Powers. Finally, the Bolsheviks arrest the left-SRs en masse and the last main independent party other than the Bolsheviks is prohibated and all its members prosecuted or absorbed.

This is the begining of total state level controlled collectivization by a single-party system. This will later be called Totalitarism.

The Bolshevik dictatorship can perform:

- -1) Strong requisition policies (up to 6 simultaneous Regional Decisions 'Requisitions' and 'Conscription' available. Reds will not be able to perform Regional Decisions in the neighboring countries).
- -2) Strong political repressions (up to 4 simultaneous Regional Decisions 'Repression' available, and more later).
- -3) external propaganda becomes much less efficient (only 2 simultaneous Regional Decisions 'Subversion' available).
- -4) A pragmatic Foreign Policy which more and more believes it should 'Realize Socialism in one country first' (The Reds will lose much less EP and VP for not spreading the Revolution to neighboring states).

1918/06/19: KomCor Muraviev tried to move his troops from the front to Moscow in support of the left-SR uprising. His soldiers refused and he was killed while being arrested by politkoms.

1918/06/20 -> : The Whites form a Directory government, at Omsk.

Because of the Komuch defeated on the Volga, a new Directory government is created in Omsk, where the military leaders get more and more power at the expense of the

politicians and deputies of the Komuch. Most White military leaders refuse to promise political reforms until the war is over. This spreads doubt among the peasants, they lose hope for any 'nonbolchevik' agrarian and political reforms: Whites factions lose -15 EP and cannot perform more than 2 Regional Decisions



-Reforms- in the same time. The relationships between the Whites' civilian and military authorities continues to deteriorate. The fear of conspiraces and Military Coup is everywhere in Omsk: A new Option -Military Dictatorship- will be available for the Eastern Whites.

<u>1918/06/20 -> : Military dictatorship!</u>

This Option allows the conservative White generals to install a military regime. A putsch in Omsk will overthrow the Directory and its civilian Reformist component. Admiral Kolchak will be declared Supreme ruler and Regent of Russia.

The military dictatorship and the hope among the White soldiers for a new Tsar who could crush the Red Army will increase the discipline and the professionalism in the armies as well as the Requisitions and Conscriptions policies.

But the diplomatic Options to recognize and ally with the new neighboring independent states or autonomous republics from the former Russian Empire can't be activated as long as the Kolchak regime is in Omsk. In addition, the Kolchak autocracy will allow corruption and the use of White terror by many of its leaders. It will also refuse to implement any reforms, even as promises, to face those realized or idealized by the Bolcheviks and their propaganda. Most of the populations will lose any hope for agrarian and political reforms from the entire White Movement. Consequences for all the White factions will be no more Regional Decision -Reforms-



available, a political cost of -20 EP ...and the exclusion or departure of those who disapprove the new power.

NB: If Kolchak's unit is chased from Omsk by the Red Army, the White government will collapse and the power again split among White warlords. The Reds' propaganda would triumph and they would gain +5 NM while the Whites would again lose -20 EP. Gains:

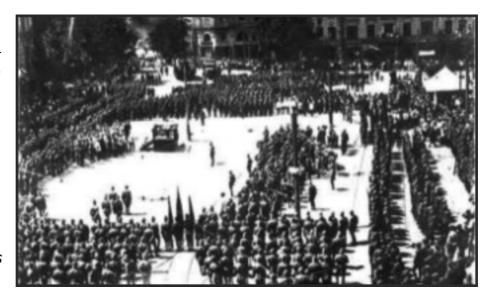
- Each turn, some 50 military ground units from the Eastern and from the Western Whites will randomly recover immediately 100% of their cohesion.
- For 9 turns, all the Eastern and Western Russian White units will gain one level of Experience each turn and be soon trained.
- Up to 8 simultaneous Regional Decisions 'Requisitions' and 'Conscriptions' will be available.
- White generals units will always be activated.
- More Brigade units will be available for construction.

Cost:

- No cost first to activate the Option ...but later -20 EP.
- No more Regional Decision 'Reforms' will be available for both Eastern and Western Whites.

1918/06/20 -> : Omsk is in the hands of the Reds!

The Reds chased Kolchak from Omsk. The White government collapses and power is dispersed among warlords who can now perform up to one simultaneous -Reforms- Regional Decisions and some diplomatic options, if the recognition of independence of neighboring states was made before the Kolchak's coup. But



Red propaganda triumphs, the Reds gain +5 MN while the Whites lost -20 EP...

<u>1918/06/20 -> :</u> The Whites probably captured the Imperial Gold Train!

While taking over Kazan, Czech and Russian Whites probably captured the train with the Russian gold reserve of the Tsars' Empire, that the Sovnarkom had originally sent East to safety. If the Imperial Gold Train unit is placed in the capital of the Reds or of the Whites, it will allow their governments to receive regular foreign financial assistance or goods they can't find in Russia, thanks to the guaranty of payment in gold. Each turn this unit is in a faction's capital, this faction will have a 35% chance of gaining +300 Rubles. The capital of the Reds is Moscow. The capital of the Eastern Whites can be Samara, Omsk or Irkutsk. The capital of the Western Whites can be Ekaterinodar or Sevastopol.



1918/06/24: Trotsky mobilizes 'Spets'!

Appointed War Commissar, Leon Trotsky reorganizes the Red Army, incorporating former

Imperial army officers. Those - spets -(specialists), and all other commanders of the army will be monitored by Political Commissars (politkom). Red forces with a 'politkom unit' will no longer to be immobilized in an area, for one turn, because of insubordination or treason. More 'politkom units' will be



available for building each time the Option -Call the Workers to join the Army- is activated.

- <u>1918/06/25 -> :</u> Some forces without a Political Commissars unit may be blocked this turn.
- <u>1918/06/25 -> :</u> Some of your Leaders may have lost seniority due to some PolitKoms sanctions.
- 1918/06/25: KomDiv Chapaev takes command of the 25th Rifle Division along the Volga. More units are also available in the Unit construction pool.

1918/06/25: A Red Army of Turkestan is raised in Aralsk.

<u>1918/06/25</u>: The Cheka combat units.

The Sovnarkom sets up mercyless combat units of Cheka Military Police. Forces with at least one of this type Military Police unit, have a 75% chance of being protected from the 'occasional waves of desertions'. These units are also efficient (25% attack fighting bonus) against enemy militia units (White Guards) and against all Green Faction units (Peasants' insurrections). In addition, each division with one of these units will have better cohesion. More of these units will be available for construction each time the Option -Call the Workers to join the Army- is activated.



1918/06/25 : The VOKhR troops.

The Sovnarkom sets up the units of the 'Domestic Defense of the Republic' (VOKhR) to secure the rear sectors of the fronts. These units are efficient (+25% attack fighting bonus) against enemy militia units (White Guards) and against all Green Faction units (Peasants' insurrections). In addition, forces with at least one of this type Military Police unit, have a 75% chance of being protected from the 'occasional waves of desertions'. More of these units will be available for building each time the Option -Call the Workers to join the Army- is activated.



1918/06/26: The armored train of the War Commissar Trotsky

When he's not in Moscow to face internal 'Party opposition' to his military leadership, the Sovnarkom War Commissar Leon Trotsky shows up in person on the fronts to redress desperate situations. He moves throughout Russia thanks to an armored train that has become his mobile HQ. There is a secretarial office, a printing shop, a telegraph and a radio station, a library, a car service, ammunition cargoes, food and supplies, as well as clothing and showers for the men. It is so big that two locomotives are needed. The men of the train are dressed in black leather to impress the average soldier. This special armored train unit is currently available in Moscow.



1918/06/26 : Commissar Stalin in Tzaritsyn

Commissar Stalin reaches Tsarytsin with his armored trains. He is there to check the formation of the 10th Army of Voroshilov, but will soon oppose the policies of the War Commissar Trotsky: around 5000 -Spets- of the place will be drowned in the Volga and during the next months, Stalin and Voroshilov will order all the troops in Tsaritsyn locked in the region to defend the town. Tsaritsyn become a strong fortified camp with a garrison force entrenched at level 7.



- 1918/06/26 -> 1918/10/01 : Commissar Stalin has ordered all troops in Tzaritsyn to stay in this region.
- 1918/06/26 -> 1918/10/01: Stalin and Sorokin have caused confusion in the chain of command. Some Leaders and their forces may be locked in the Southern theater for one turn.
- 1918/06/27: Southern Turkestan in Revolt against the occupation of the Russian Reds or Whites.

1918/06/27: A squadron of the RAF and a U.S.Marines detachment arrive in Murmansk.

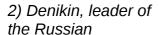
1918/06/27: Some White Russians and Turkmens rise in revolt against the Bolshevik power in Achkhabad and Merv.

<u>1918/06/28 -> 1918/10/25 (Alternate History) :</u> The Battle of the Chiefs!

In the summer 1918, the Southern Whites have two historical strategic options, each supported by two different leaders who both expect to be the only commander in chief of the White movement:

1) Krasnov, autonomist leader of the Don Cossacks and former commander in chief of the

Kerenski Republican Provisional Government of 1917, is ready to ally with Ukraine and other new independent states from the former Russian Empire to fight the Bolcheviks. Krasnov's priority is to attack Tsaritsyn, and connect with the Eastern Whites before attacking Moscow with them.





Volunteers, refuses to give up the control of Russian Empire territories and is not ready to recognize and ally with Ukraine and neighboring countries from the former Tsars' Empire. Denikin's priority is to free the Kouban and the north-Caucasus from the Bolcheviks before attacking Moscow from the South, through the Ukraine.

If activated, this Option will allow the Krasnov strategy ...if he succeeds in conquering the key town of Tzaritsyn. This big victory will make him the leader of the Western Whites and, as Don cossack autonomist, he would then ally with the Ukrainian Nationalists instead of fighting them. Last but not least, it would be a first step to unite the White factions on the Volga.

Cost: No cost at first to activate the Option ...but later -10 EP.

Gain: An alliance with the Ukrainian Nationalists, which also means that later the French-Greek expeditionary corps will be able to move in Ukraine to help together all allied White factions.

Nota Bene:

- 1) This Option can be activated by the Western Whites' player only if the town of Tzaritsyn is controlled by the Western Whites -BEFORE- December 1918.
- 2) This option will be automatically activated if Denikin did not invaded the Kuban in late November 1918, so if the Western Whites don't hold Ekaterinodar and any of the towns more in the South.

1918/07/01 -> 1919/01/20 : Delay anti-cossack policies

Long in the past the Cossacks had become the Tsar's tool for conquests and repression. Most of the workers and peasants, expecting reforms or revolution, consider the Cossacks communities a symbol of the past which should 'disappear'. Despite this, the Sovnarkom could work to delay and ease in anti-cossack policies so that it could avoid Cossacks masse support of the White counter-revolution. Such an option has a big political cost for the Reds but it will avoid further cossacks' uprising in the Don. It will also keep some autonomous Red Cossack Brigade units available.

NB: This option may be activated till late january 1919, and it won't be available later.

Cost: -15 EP.

Gain: 1 autonomous Red cossack brigade in Tzaritsyn, in Novocherkassk and in Ekaterinodar ...when controlled by the Reds.



- 1918/07/01 -> : The Eastern Whites have over 51% military control of all the Russian Transiberian Railroad regions between Omsk and Vladivostok. They gain +5 Rubbles and +2 War Supply.
- <u>1918/07/01 -> :</u> Ekaterinodar is the new provisional capital of the Western Whites. New recruits are coming and Loyalty to the Whites increase in the areas around.
- 1918/07/01: General Shkuro joins the Volunteer Army. His brigade will soon be known as the 'White Wolves'.
- <u>1918/07/01</u>: Zvegintsev raise an army of volunteers in Murmansk.
- 1918/07/01: An officer named Shaplin starts a coup in Arkhangelsk. He gathers anti-Bolsheviks units.
- 1918/07/01: KomCor Sablin have been arrested for an unknowned period because of its membership to the Left-SR.
- 1918/07/05: A right S-R led insurrection bursts out and join the Komuch army, in the Izhevsk area, where there is a small Ammunition factory...

1918/07/05: General Molchanov raises a 7,000 men volunteer brigade for the Komuch army in Chepetsk, in the Viatka region.

1918/07/10: Polish volunteers start to form the 5th Division of the Polish Legion in Samara, with former prisoneer of war and sons of Polish exiled dissidents in Siberia.

1918/07/13 -> (Alternate History): Unite the White factions!

This Option allows the creation and the international recognition of a united White provisional government made up with the main anti-bolshevik political parties and military leaders, and based on the remaining 1917 Constituent Assembly deputies. This Option can be activated only if the following conditions are met:

- 1) One territorial connexion on the field should happen to allow communications and support between the Whites in the West and the Whites in the East. There may be 2 types of connexions: A Southern connexion. which means the Reds have lost the control of the Tzaritsyn, Rostov, Samara, Saratov, Ufa, Chelyabinsk and Omsk regions. A Northern



connexion, which means the Reds have lost the control of the Arkhangelsk, Kotlas, Viatka, Perm, Ekaterinburg and Omsk regions.

- 2) The Western Allies liberal governments should be able to provide good diplomatic, financial and logistical support to the unification. This requires first the end of the World War in Europe to reach all areas and White factions in Russia.
- 3) This Option will not be available if the 'Military Dictatorship' Option is activated.

Cost : -5 EP. Gain :

- Allows the activation of the diplomatic Options 'Recognize Independences' and Alliances with neighboring states from the former Tsars' Empire.
- Allows the Western Whites to also perform up to 6 Regional Decisions 'Reforms'.
- Give the White factions +1 EP, +2 VP and +3 War Supply each turn the Whites maintain one territorial connexion free from the Red control.

1918/07/17: Imperial Family Executed!

The capture of Ekaterinburg provokes the slaughter of the Imperial family by the Red Guards that were guarding them. The event provokes worldwide indignation but has paradoxically little impact in Russia.



1918/07/26: French send reinforcements to Murmansk.

1918/08/01: The 2nd bataillon of the Royal Scots Regiment lands in Arkhangelsk.

1918/08/01: General Wrangel manages to join the Whites from Crimea. He's a top commander.

1918/08/01: General Mai-Maievski, a very competent commander, joins the Southern Whites

<u>1918/08/15:</u> The American Siberia Expeditionary Corps lands at Vladivostock.

1918/08/15: General Malleson prepares an armed intervention by British units from Persia.

1918/08/15: Lenin Assassination Attempt!

Facing the repression that followed their uprising, some Socialists-Revolutionaries attempt

to assassinate Lenin. Fanny Kaplan manages to wound him seriously but not mortally. The retaliation is ferocious and nicknamed the Red Terror. The Cheka receives the power to arrest and execute whomever it deems necessary, even without a trial. The Reds can now use up to 6 Regional **Decisions**



'Repression'. The Sovnarkom members are focused on their security for a while and the Reds lose -15 EP.

- 1918/09/01->: Waves of desertions in the units of line infantry and cavalry! Red forces with a military police unit (like VOKHR, Cheka) will lose much less cohesion and troops among the regular units.
- <u>1918/09/01</u>: A Japanese army is deployed in the Vladivostok area in the Far-East.
- 1918/09/05: The U.S. 'Polar Bear' expeditions arrives in Arkhangelsk.
- 1918/09/20: Captain Norris sets up a british gunboat squadron on the Caspian Sea.
- <u>1918/09/14</u>: Plots among military leaders discarded the general Grichin-Almazov.
- <u>1918/09/25 -> :</u> Some Russian Whites, supported by the British forces in Persia and Baku, invaded the Terek area.
- <u>1918/10/01</u>: British deploy Monitor-type armored river gunboats in Arkhangelsk.

1918/10/01: Southern Turkestan still in Revolt against the occupation of the Russian Reds or Whites. Igrash Bey leads a Basmachis revolt in the Fergana valley.

1918/10/01: General Sorokin, commander of the North-Caucasus army, attempts a coup just before being revoked. He is finally executed.

1918/10/02 (Alternate History): The Reds are probably ready to move the Imperial Gold Train!

The Reds should have repaired the train with the Russian gold reserves of the Tsars' Empire, that the Sovnarkom had originally sent East to safety. It is probably ready to leave

Kazan. If the Imperial Gold Train unit is placed in the capital of the Reds or of the Whites, it will allow their government to receive regular foreign financial assistance or goods they can't find in Russia, thanks to the guaranty of payment in gold. Each turn this unit is in a faction's capital, this faction will have a 35% chance to gain +300 Rubles. The capital of the Reds is



Moscow. The capital of the Eastern Whites can be Samara, Omsk or Irkutsk. The capital of the Western Whites can be Ekaterinodar or Sevastopol.

<u>1918/10/18</u>: General Ironside and reinforcements land in Murmansk. Ironside replaces Pool.

1918/10/17: The Commissar Stalin leaves the Front.

The Commissar Stalin is called back to Moscow.



1918/10/30: Two British bataillons are deployed in Vladivostock.

1918/10/30: Bela Kun and his Hungarian Bolsheviks leave Russia to organize the Revolution in Budapest.

1918/10/30: A British Military Mission comes to help the Southern Whites.

1918/11/01: After the fall of Grozny, a Chechen division is set up to fight with the Whites.

1918/11/01: An Osset division rallies the Whites after the fall of Vladikavkaz.

<u>1918/11/01</u>: Southern Turkestan still in Revolt against the occupation of the Russian Reds or Whites. The Madamin-Bek Basmachis warbands surounded Tashkent.

<u>1918/11/01</u>: Japanese troops advance in the Far-East to secure important Transiberian stations: Chita, Khabarovsk and Verkhneudinsk.

1918/11/11: World War Armistice!

The armistice ends the World War! The defeat of the Central Powers will have immense repercussions in Russia: As the Austro-German troops start withdrawing, the Reds can now spread the Revolution into recently evacuated territories. The Western Allies will now

have a greater ability to intervene in the civil war in support of the Whites. The Czech soldiers now ask to leave Russia, as soon as possible, to join the new Czechoslovak Republic. Their safest route is also the *longest : The Czech* Legion should start moving east, gathering all its troops along the transiberian railroad while moving



toward Vladivostock. From 1919/02/16, all Czech units which are still in the Volga, Central Russia, Southern and Central Asia Theaters will lose cohesion. In addition, every 3 months, the next theater, from West to East, will need to be evacuated.

1918/11/14: The Komuch general Makhin opposed the Kolchak Coup and was removed.

1918/11/15: The 4th bataillon of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment is deployed in Persia.

1918/11/18: Western Allies naval squadrons enter into the straits.

With the Armistice ending the World War and the opening of the Turkish Straits, Allied warfleets will be able to operate in the Black Sea and the Baltic sea. This is only the beginning of Allied intervention in the area.



- 1918/11/25: With the end of the World War, Germans call back their forward units. Rostov is evacuated ...and immediately occupied by the Russian Whites.
- <u>1918/11/30</u>: Two bataillons of the Yorkshire Regiment land in Murmansk.
- 1918/12/01->: Waves of desertions in the units of line infantry and cavalry! Southern White Forces with a military police unit (like cossack's cavalry) will lose much less cohesion and troops among regular units.
- <u>1918/12/01 -> :</u> Denikin and Kolchak are refusing a Cossack political autonomy for the Kuban People's Republic. Many Kuban soldiers are deserting the White troops in this area.
- 1918/12/01 -> : Denikin and Kolchak are refusing a political autonomy for the Mountainous Republic of the Northern Caucasus. White troops in the Terek area got some losses while attacked by the Mountain Peoples.
- 1918/12/01->: Waves of desertions in the units of line infantry and cavalry! Don Republic Forces with a military police unit (like cossack's cavalry) will lose much less cohesion and troops among regular units.
- 1918/12/01-> : Denikin and Kolchak are refusing a Cossack political autonomy for the Don Republic. Many Don soldiers are deserting the White troops.
- 1918/12/01 -> : Waves of desertions in the units of line infantry and cavalry! Siberian White Forces with a military police unit (like cossack's cavalry) will lose much less cohesion and troops among regular units.
- 1918/12/01 -> : Waves of desertions in the units of line infantry and cavalry! Ukrainian Nationalist Forces with a military police unit (like cossack's cavalry) will lose much less cohesion and troops among regular units.

1918/12/01 -> : Waves of desertions in the units of line infantry and cavalry! Komuch Forces with a military police unit (like cossack's cavalry) will lose much less cohesion and troops among regular units.

1918/12/01: Will the war become International?

With the 1917 Russian Revolutions and now with the final withdrawal of German troops, new independent countries have emerged from the former Russian Empire. The Reds can decide to attack them, to spread the World Revolution, while these neighboring countries

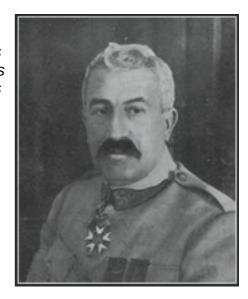
are still weak and isolated. Or this is the Whites which might be able to forge an alliance with them and attack first. But to do so, the Russian White political factions should unite to recognize officially this independences. This unification require at least one of this territorial connexion: A Southern connexion.



which means the Reds have lost the control of the Tzaritsyn, Rostov, Samara, Saratov, Ufa, Chelyabinsk and Omsk regions. Or a Northern connexion, which means the Reds have lost the control of the Arkhangelsk, Kotlas, Viatka, Perm, Ekaterinburg and Omsk regions. Without this condition, there is no foreign threat for the Reds at the border of this states.

1918/12/05: Allied High Command in Russia arrived in Omsk.

The Allied High Command missions are, to coordinate the allied War supply, provide political support to the Whites and to command the western allied foreign troops in Russia, which includes, after all, the Czech Legion. It is the French General Janin who is in charge. This officer is a Republican Reformist, who will be hostile to a White military dictatorship, and hopes for alliances with neighboring states of the former Tsars' Empire. British military advisors also arrive to assist the White army in Siberia.



1918/12/14: The White troops raised by the Komuch on the Volga disapprove of the Kolchak dictatorship. They deserted en masse, many even join the Reds.

1918/12/15: The Great Poland Uprising frees the country from German occupation. Poland is free again!

1918/12/15: A Russian White Corps is entrenched in Pskov.

After the Armistice, the retreating Germans left a Russian White Corps behind in the city of Pskov. This Corp is led by General Rodzianko. It is still weak and isolated as the Baltic States await a 'recognition of independence' from the Whites before offering them aid.



1918/12/16: The last German and Austro-Hungarian troops have left Russian and Ukrainian territories.

1918/12/16: Germans leave the industrial DonBass. There is an arms factory to seize in Donetsk.

1918/12/16 -> (Alternate History) : Recognize Independences

This Option allows the Whites to diplomatically recognize the independences of minor neighboring states.

If activated, it will provide other Options like Alliances with Finland, with Caucasus States

and with Baltic States. involving them in the struggle against Bolchevism, or an Option which allow the political autonomy for the Cossacks or National minorities Republics which was proclamed in Russia after the Revolution. However, most of the Russian White military leaders refuse to give up parts of the former Tsars' Empire of Russia.



The independences' recognition Option thus comes with the following requirements for activation:

- 1) The Whites must pay a large political cost of -10 EP and -50 VP.
- 2) NO military dictatorship (e.g. a Kolchak Regency) can rule from Omsk.

Most of the population and soldiers (made up of a majority of peasants who care little about keeping the former non-russian territories of the former Tsar's Empire) may not understand why the White leaders do not recognize and ally with neighboring nations to help to fight Bolchevism. If this Option is not activated, the White factions have a 35% probability each turn of losing -2 NM. However the challenge to keep the former Empire together gives them +15 VP.

1918/12/18 (Alternate History): Because of the fall of Tzaritsyn, the Sovnarkom gave up with its plan to invade Ukraine. The forces planed for the invasion are now available in Moscow.

1918/12/18 (Alternate History): Because of the fall of Tambov, the Sovnarkom gave up with its plan to invade Ukraine. The forces planed for the invasion are now available in Moscow.

1918/12/18 (Alternate History): Because of the fall of Penza, the Sovnarkom gave up with its plan to invade Ukraine. The forces planed for the invasion are now available in Moscow.

1918/12/18: Red Russia invade Ukraine!

The Reds organize worker uprisings in the main towns of Ukraine. this will focus and block Petliura's Ukrainian Nationalist forces there for 3 turns. unless they are attacked. Meanwhile the Reds seized the Eastern Ukraine with the help of partisans and Russian Red Army forces: A new Bolshevik governement of the Soviet Ukraine is established in Kharkov.



1918/12/19: Ukrainian Anarchists and peasant warbands in the Ukraine!

The Treaty of Brest-Litovsk left the Ukraine under German occupation and with no presence of the Bolshevik Party. In the Eastern regions, the revolutionary resistance against the Germans, and later against the Ukrainian nationalists and the Russian Whites, was developed by Anarchists, like Makhno, which formed the Revolutionary Insurrectional Army of Ukraine. 'Death to all who stand in the way of freedom for working people' was one of its Black banners. In the Western regions, 'green' bands are led by the warlord Grigoriev. All this warbands are fighting on their own but the Reds can chose to ally with them. The Whites will also provoke this alliance if they invade the neighboring regions of Nova Odessa or the regions of the Ekaterinoslav area.



<u>1918/12/21</u>: A French-Greek expeditionary corps seized the ports of the Ukraine.

An expeditionary corps including French and Greek divisions has landed in Odessa, Sevastopol and Kherson. The French and allied governments would like to this force to support the Whites in their struggle against the Bolsheviks. But the expeditionary troops

are not motivated: French soldiers eagerly await their demobilization after a long and remote service on the Oriental Fronts during the World War. In such a situation, mutinies, which greatly reduce the cohesion of units. may happen each turn. The opposition to the intervention in Russia is growing in



both French and British parliaments. Also note that if the Russian Whites and the Ukrainian Nationalists are fighting each other, the French-Greek corps will not become involved in this conflict and their troops will stay locked until their evacuation, unless they are attacked.

<u>1918/12/20</u>: Ukrainian Nationalists have seized the Western Ukraine.

In the Ukraine, the new independent government of the Ukrainian Popular Republic is proclamed in Kiev by Petliura and the Ukrainian Nationalists. But the Russian Whites are commanded by a conservative military leadership that wants to keep the Ukraine in the Russian Empire, by any means necessary. The Ukrainian Nationalists troops are an independent faction which will defend Ukraine territory from the Reds as well as from the Russian Whites. The French-Greek corps will avoid this conflict and garrison on the coast until it is evacuated.



<u>1918/12/20 (Alternate History)</u>: Ukrainian Nationalists have seized the Western Ukraine.

In the Ukraine, the new independent government of the Ukrainian Popular Republic is proclamed in Kiev by Petliura and the Ukrainian Nationalists. The opening of negotiations with the Russian Southern Whites led by Krasnov start a process of mutual recognition and an alliance against the Reds. On the field, the Ukrainian nationalists troops are then allied with the Western Whites and managed by the Eastern Whites. Note that the Ukrainian Nationalist units will focus on the defense of their territories and will lose -50 cohesion each turn if out of the Ukraine theater.

1918/12/21: Russian Whites have seized the Crimea and Odessa in the Ukraine.

With the help of French-Greek forces the Russian Whites seize the Crimea and Odessa in the Ukraine. This allows the gathering of Russian volunteers from the Ukraine, as well as Russian soldiers from expeditionary corps and former prisoners of war coming back from all Europe after the end of the World War: Western Whites gain +200 Conscripts.



1918/12/27 -> : The Whites' territorial connexion in the South impress the Allies : Each White faction get +3 War Supply, +1 EP and +2 VP.

1918/12/27 -> : The Whites' territorial connexion in the North impress the Allies : Each White faction get +3 War Supply, +1 EP and +2 VP.

1918/12/28 -> : Sign Alliance with the Ukrainian Anarchists!

This Option allows the Reds to control the main forces of the anarchist Makhno and the warlord Grigoriev in the Ukraine (but some Anarchist units will stay as an autonomous allied faction).

Unfortunately allying with such a strong opposition to the Bolshevik centralism will have a big political cost: -1)The Reds will lose immediately -10 EP. -2) In addition, the Ukrainian Anarchists apply in their 'free territory' a decentralized libertarian collectivization decided by



autonomous local communities, which are also called 'Soviets'. They strongly oppose to any state collectivization and policies decided from Moscow, this earns them the support of many Ukrainian peasants. Thus the Bolshevik government of the Reds can't perform any Regional Decisions in the areas of Ekaterinoslav and Taurida, ...and later in any other Ukrainian areas if the Anarchist units reach there more than 20 elements. This areas will, however, provide occasionally free replacements for the anarchist units.

-3) Besides this, if the Reds are ruled by a Bolshevik dictatorship, as long as they don't activate the Option 'Crush the Ukrainian Anarchists!', they will also lose -5 VP and -5 EP each turns, if their amount of EP is more than 15 EP and if the Reds have more than 50 elements in Ukraine.

Nota Bene: If the Ukrainian Anarchists and Grigoriev's warbands are facing a threat to their bases, they will need and ask for this Alliance and the Reds won't lose -10 EP. This alliance will then be automatically activated if:

- 1) The Western Whites (including Don and French-Greeks units) move to and stay in the neighboring regions of Nova Odessa or in the regions of the Ekaterinoslav area in Ukraine.
- 2) Ukrainian Nationalists or Greens attack the rebel bases, Nova Odessa and Huliaipole.

1918/12/28 -> : Crush the Ukrainian Anarchists!

'It is true that liberty is precious - so precious that it must be rationed.' Said Lenin. This Option allows the Bolsheviks to break the alliance with the Ukrainian Anarchists if the regular Red Army have at least 50 unit elements of Line Infantry or Cavalry in both the Ekaterinoslav and the Taurida areas. Anarchists leaders will be executed and most of their

units will be disbanded or absorbed in the Red Army (but some Anarchist units will fight the Reds as an enemy autonomous faction). If the Bolsheviks eliminate the Ukrainian Anarchists. it will cost the Reds -10 NM, since the population and after all the Red Army troops in Ukraine will mostly disagree with this decision. But the Reds



will no longer suffer the alliance's political costs: no more possible losses of -5 EP and -5 VP each turns if the Reds have more than 50 unit elements in Ukraine. They will again be able to perform Regional Decision in the areas which was, untill now, managed by the anarchists. Besides this, Reds will gain back +60 VP.

Nota Bene:

This Option can be activated only if the Option -Bolshevik dictatorship- has been previously activated. If the left-SR were still sharing power with the Bolsheviks they would have continue to support the alliance and refuse a violent elimination of the Ukrainian Anarchists.

1918/12/28 -> : Many Red Army soldiers disapprove the choice of the Bolsheviks to fight the Ukrainian Anarchists in their 'Free territory'. Thousands of them in this area surrendered to smaller Anarchist forces, which let them go home.

1919/01/01: The Black Sea White fleet is created. Its flagship is the dreadnought 'General Alexeiev'.

1919/01/01: Ataman Krasnov retires from the war.

Ataman Krasnov is forced to acknowledge Denikin's authority over the White movement in the West and is exiled. Most of the Don Cossacks, suspected of separatism, will be discarded from the High Command of the Russian Whites. From now, all Don Cossack leaders with 2 stars will be always downgraded to 1 star. Besides this, if the Russian Whites are ruled by a military dictatorship (like the one of Kolchak), it will refuse the Cossack political autonomy of the Don Republic and of the Kuban Republic. Some desertions of Cossacks would have then to be also expected among the troops.



- <u>1919/01/01 -> :</u> Some units of the British expeditonary forces are demoralized and have mutinied. They temporarily lose cohesion.
- <u>1919/01/01 -> :</u> Some units of the French-Greek expeditonary forces are demoralized and have mutinied. They temporarily lose cohesion.

1919/01/01: General Miller takes command in North Russia

The Whites established an Army Great Head Quarter (GHQ) in Arkhangelsk for the North Front. The General Miller is appointed in the town to coordinate the forces in a large area of 15 regions around where all the generals with '2 stars' will be allowed to form Army Corps. The Allies provided a flotilla in Arkhangelsk and armored trains in Mourmansk. The Western Whites also gained +40 War Supply, +100 Rubbles and +60 Conscripts.



1919/01/01 -> (Alternate History): Sign Peace and Ally with the Ukrainians

This option will sign a Peace treaty with the Ukrainian Nationalists and also establish an

alliance with them in the struggle against the Reds. Most of the Russian White military leaders are opposed to such an alliance as it means giving up parts of the former Tsars' Empire of Russia. This Alliance, thus, comes with a political cost of -10 EP and -25 VP. This Option cannot be activated if there is a military dictatorship



(e.g. a Kolchak Regency) which rules from Omsk and is opposed to any such alliances or international recognition of the 'end of the Empire'.

<u>1919/01/01 -> (Alternate History) :</u> Alliance with the Baltic States

This option will establish an alliance with the Baltic States and their armies. They will join our side in the struggle against the Reds. However, most of the Russian White military leaders are opposed to such an alliance which means giving up parts of the former Tsars'

Empire of Russia. This Alliance thus comes with a political cost of -10 EP and -150 VP as well as -100 Rubles. This Option cannot be activated if there is a military dictatorship (e.g. a Kolchak Regency) ruling from Omsk as it is opposed to such alliances and international recognition of the end of the Empire. If this Option is



activated, the Baltic states will be an open theater for the Reds and the Whites. Baltic units will be playable by the Whites, but the Baltic forces have too many domestic and neighboring troubles to send their troops far away from their home countries. That's why Baltic States units will lose -50 cohesion each turn they are out of the Western and Finland theatres and the Vilnius, Minsk, Pskov and Petrograd areas.

If this Option is not activated, the Baltic States will remain off limits, until the Sovnarkom attacks them in order ' to spread the World Revolution'. If the Baltic States are at war with the Bolsheviks, they will allow the Whites to raise and supply (with the help of western Allied and Finland) a new Russian White North-West Army commanded by the general Yudenich.

Note that Baltic States could also ask the Reds for a separate peace: From late december 1919, if the Reds still control Moscow and the towns of the north-west border areas of Olonets, Petrograd and Pskov, the Reds will get a new diplomatic Option called -Peace in the North-West- which if activated means Baltic and Finnish territories will be off limits and the Russian Whites units still there disbanded and removed. Polish troops, if any, would be moved back to Polish port of Danzig.

1919/01/01 -> (Alternate History): Alliance with Finland

This option will establish an alliance with Finland and its armies. They will join our side in

the struggle against the Reds. However. most of the Russian White military leaders are opposed to such an alliance which means giving up part of the former Tsars' Empire of Russia. This Alliance thus comes with a political cost of -15 EP and -200 VP as well as -100 Rubbles. This Option cannot be activated if there is a military dictatorship



(e.g. a Kolchak Regency) ruling from Omsk as it is opposed to such alliances and international recognition of the end of the Empire.

If this Option is activated, Finland will be an open theater for the Reds and the Whites. Finnish units will be playable by the Whites, but the Finnish government does not have the will to send its troops far away from their home country. That's why Finnish units will lose -50 cohesion each turn if out of the Finland, Western and Northern theaters.

If this Option is not activated, Finland will remain off limits, until the Sovnarkom attacks it 'at the best time to spread the World Revolution'. If Finland is at war with the Bolsheviks, it will allow the Whites to raise and supply from their ports (with the help of western Allied and the Baltic States) a new Russian White North-West Army commanded by the general Yudenich.

Note that Finland could also ask the Reds for a separate peace: From late december 1919, if the Reds still control Moscow and the towns of the north-west border areas of Olonets, Petrograd and Pskov, the Reds will get a new diplomatic Option called -Peace in the North-West- which if activated means the Baltic and Finnish territories will be off limits and the Russian Whites units still there disbanded and removed. Polish troops, if any, would be moved back to Polish port of Danzig.

<u>1919/01/01 -> (Alternate History) :</u> Alliance with the Caucasus States

This option will establish an alliance with and between the Caucasus States and their armies. They will join our side in the struggle against the Reds. However, most of the Russian White military leaders oppose such an alliance which means giving up part of the

former Tsars' Empire of Russia. This Alliance thus comes with a political cost of -13 EP and -100 VP as well as -80 Rubbles. This Option cannot be activated if there is a military dictatorship (e.g. a Kolchak Regency) ruling from Omsk as it is opposed to such alliances and international recognition of the end of the Empire. Besides



this, the Caucasus States already spend the year 1918 to fight each other: Only the British and French support and local engagement could reunite them. So when the Western Allies will leave the conflict, this Option will not be available anymore.

If this Option is activated, the Caucasus states will be an open theater for the Reds and the Whites. Caucasian units will be playable by the Whites, but the Caucasian forces have too many domestic and neighboring troubles to send their troops far away from their home countries. That's why Caucasian States units will lose -50 cohesion each turn if out of Kouban, Terek, Georgia, Armenia and Azerbaidjan areas.

If this Option is not activated, the Caucasian theater will remain off limits, until the Reds attacks it at 'the best time to spread the World Revolution', when the Caucasus States will be devided and isolated.

Also, if this Option is not activated before Early December 1920 and if the Reds didn't attacked the Caucasus States, all the Southern Caucasus will fall under the occupation or influence of Turkey, which is allied with Red Russia against the Western European Imperialist Powers. This Option will then not be available anymore. And more 'Green' Basmachis pan-Turkish rebellions against Red or White Russian occupation have to be expected in Central Asia.

1919/01/01 -> (Alternate History): The Autonomous Republics

This Option will grant the political autonomy to the main Cossacks or National minorities Republics which was proclamed in Russia after the revolutions of the year 1917 and the end of the Tsars' Empire. It will warranty in some areas a strong political support to the White government and will bring more volunteers into the Whites armies. But the White government will then not be allowed to performe any Regional Decisions anymore in this

areas, even if it is controlled by its troops.

If this Option is activated:

- The Whites will have 50 % chance each turn, to get one infantry or cavalry unit of local volunteers ready to fight in each maintown of the nine Autonomous areas (up to 12 units per areas). If the maintown is occupied by the Reds, the volunteers will cross the lines and gather in a big town controlled by the Whites.



- Besides this, when the main town of each of this areas is controlled by the Whites, they will gain each turn +1 EP and the loyalty to the Whites will be increased in the Area, till it form a permanent stronghold hostile to the Reds propaganda and helpfull to create partisans units in occupied regions.

The 9 areas affected by this Option are: The 'Crimean People's Republic' (Taurida area), the 'Don Republic' (Don area), the 'Kuban People's Republic' (Kuban area), the 'Mountainous Republic of the Northern Caucasus' (Terek area), the 'Republic of Bashkortostan' (Ufa area), the 'Alash Autonomy of Kazakhstan' (Semipalatinsk area) and the 'Turkestan khanates' (Caspian, Samarkand and Syr-Darinsk areas).

Nota Bene:

Most of the Russian White military leaders will oppose to a federal and multicultural state for Russia. The Whites must then pay a political cost of -5 EP. This Option can't be activated as long as a military dictatorship (e.g. a Kolchak Regency) rules the Whites from Omsk. When this Option is activated, it remove permanently the possibility for the Eastern Whites to activate the Option 'Military Dictatorship'.

1919/01/01 -> : World Revolution in the Baltic States!

This Option allows the Reds to spread the Revolution in the Baltic States before they get steadily reinforced by the Western imperialist powers: a Red uprising will take place in Vilnius, Riga and Tallinn, and the Baltic states may be invaded by the Red Army. This common

internationalist political aim will gather the Reds' revolutionary factions around the Sovnarkom (Reds gain +30 EP) and the challenge to add a new enemy is rewarded (Reds gain +150 VP). However, the Russian population and Red Army peasants are not really motivated to add new wars, when the civil war is not even finished: The Reds will



lose -2 NM. They also have a 35% probability each turn of losing -1 NM, until they occupy the main regions of Riga, Kaunas and Tallinn, or until another Red Option -Peace in the North-West- is activated.

Nota Bene:

If this Option is not activated, there could be consequences:

- 1) The internationalist Bolsheviks will push the Sovnarkom to spread the Revolution and the Reds will lose -1 EP and -3 VP per turn if their moral level is 105 NM or more.
- 2) Besides this, if the Red Choice was -Keep the Reds united !-, the left-SR will also push the Sovnarkom to spread the Revolution and the Reds will lose -1 EP and -5 VP per turn more if the Red moral level is 100 NM or more.

The Reds have borders divisions in the towns of Polotsk, Velikiye Luki, Luga, Yamburg, Vitebsk, Smolensk, Mogilev and Gomel which will be unlocked if they are at war with the Baltic states, Finland or Poland, or if the Western Whites are at the gates of Petrograd or Moscow.

1919/01/01 -> 1919/02/01 : World Revolution in the Baltic States!

A general euphoria among the Bolshevik revolutionaries lead to the decision to attack the Baltic States!

1919/01/01 -> : World Revolution in Finland!

This Option allows the Reds to spread the Revolution in Finland, which may be invaded by

the Red Army, before it gets steadily reinforced by the European imperialist powers. This common internationalist political aim will gather the Reds' revolutionary factions around the Sovnarkom (Reds gain +30 EP) and the challenge to add a new enemy is rewarded (Reds gain +200 VP). But the Russian population and peasants in the Red Army are not really motivated to add a new war, when the civil war is not even finished: The Reds will lose -2 NM. They also have a 35% probability each turn of losing -1 NM until they occupy the main region of Helsinki, or until another Red Option -Peace in the North-West- is activated.



Nota Bene:

f this Option is not activated, there could be consequences:

- 1) The internationalist Bolsheviks will push the Sovnarkom to spread the Revolution and the Reds will lose -1 EP and -3 VP per turn if their moral level is 105 NM or more.
- 2) Besides this, if the Red Choice was -Keep the Reds united !-, the left-SR will also push the Sovnarkom to spread the Revolution and the Reds will lose -1 EP and -5 VP per turn more if the Red moral level is 100 NM or more.

The Reds have borders divisions in the towns of Polotsk, Velikiye Luki, Luga, Yamburg, Vitebsk, Smolensk, Mogilev and Gomel which will be unlocked if they are at war with the Baltic states, Finland or Poland, or if the Western Whites are at the gates of Petrograd or Moscow.

1919/01/01 -> : Peace in the North-West!

This Option allow the Reds to sign a separate Peace on the North-West Front with both

Finland and the Baltic States. In the Russian territories, all the Finnish and Baltic units will be removed. In the Baltic States and Finnish territories, all Russian White units will be disarmed and removed, all the Red units will be moved to Petrograd, ready for redeployment to other fronts. Polish troops, if any, will be moved back to the Polish port of Danzig.



Nota Bene:

This Option can be activated if, from late november 1919, the Reds control Moscow and all the towns of the north-west border areas of Olonets, Petrograd and Pskov. At this stage, the Baltic States and Finland lose all hope of ending Bolshevism in Russia. Their diplomatic priority will be to end the war and hold on to their 'recognition of independence' before Red Russia gets to strong to negotiate any agreement.

Additional, the Reds will lose many Victory Points because they failed to spread the World Revolution in the North-West: If the left-SR and Bolsheviks are united, the Reds are mostly internationalists and will lose -200 VP. If there is a Bolshevik Dictatorship, the Reds are more interested in ' developing Socialism in one country first' and will lose only -100 VP.

1919/01/01 -> : World Revolution in the Caucasus!

This Option allows the Reds to spread the Revolution in the Caucasus States, which fought each others during the year 1918, before they get again reunited and steadily reinforced by the Western Imperialist Powers: a Red uprising will take place in Baku and

the Caucasus states could be invaded separately by the Red Army, since they will not help each other (Their national armies will move only if some Reds units enter in their National area). This common internationalist political aim will gather the Reds' revolutionary factions around the Sovnarkom (Reds gain +30 EP) and the challenge to add new



enemies is rewarded (Reds gain +150 VP). But the Russian population and peasants in the Red Army are not really motivated to add a new war when the civil war is even not finished: The Reds will lose -2 NM. They also have a 50% probability each turn to lose -1 NM until they occupy the 3 main regions of Baku, Tiflis or Erevan, or until an another Red Option -Peace in the South- is activated.

Nota Bene:

If this Option is not activated when the Reds control the towns of Ekaterinodar and Grozny:

- 1) The internationalist Bolsheviks will push the Sovnarkom to spread the Revolution and the Reds will lose -1 EP and -3 VP per turn if their moral level is 105 NM or more.
- 2) In addition, if the Reds Choice was -Keep the Reds united !-, the left-SR will also push the Sovnarkom to spread the Revolution and the Reds will lose -1 EP and -5 VP per turn more if the Red moral level is 100 NM or more.

If this Option is not activated before Early December 1920 and if the Whites don't have activated their Option to ally with the Caucasus States, all the Southern Caucasus will fall under the occupation or influence of Turkey, which is allied with Red Russia against the Western European Imperialist Powers. This Option will then not be available anymore. And more 'Green' Basmachis pan-Turkish rebellions against Red or White Russian occupation have to be expected in Central Asia.

1919/01/01 -> (Alternate History) : Peace in the South!

This Option allow the Reds to sign a separate Peace on the southern Front with the Caucasus States. In Russian territories, all the Caucasian units will be removed. In the

Caucasus States, all Russian White units will be disarmed and disbanded. All Red units will be moved to Vladikavkaz or Derbent, ready for redeployment to other fronts. If there is Turkish troops, it will be also removed. Anyway, Turks will limit their offensive in their Eastern borders to the vear 1920, in order to crush Armenia and



Georgia if necessary, before fighting the Greeks and the Western Powers in Anatolia.

Nota Bene:

This Option can be activated if, from late november 1919, the Reds control the towns of Moscow, Tzaritsyn, Astrakhan and the towns of the southern border areas of Terek and Kuban. At this stage, the Caucasus States will lose all hope of stopping Bolshevism in Russia. Their diplomatic priority will be to end the war and hold on to their 'recognition of independence' before Red Russia gets to strong to negotiate any agreement.

Finally, the Reds will lose many Victory Points because they failed to spread the World Revolution in the South: if the left-SR and Bolsheviks are united, the Reds are mostly internationalists and will lose -200 VP. If there is a Bolshevik Dictatorship, the Reds are more interested in 'developing Socialism in one country first' and will lose only -100 VP.

1919/01/01 -> (Alternate History): World Revolution in Rumania!

This Option allows the Reds to spread the Revolution in Rumania before they get steadily

reinforced by the Western imperialist powers : Rumanian territories may be invaded by the Red Army if it controlle the border town of Odessa in Ukraine. This common internationalist political aim will gather the Reds' revolutionary factions around the Sovnarkom (Reds gain +30 EP) and the challenge to add a new



enemy is rewarded (Reds gain +150 VP). In addition, activating this option before late september 1919 will avoid the quick eradication of a Red revolution in Hungary by Romanian and French troops. But the Russian population and peasants in the Red Army are not really motivated to add a new war, when the civil war is not even finished: The Reds will lose -2 NM. They also have a 35% chance each turn of losing -1 NM until they occupy the main region of Bucuresti, or until the Red Option -Peace in the South-West!- is activated.

Nota Bene:

If this Option is not activated when the Reds control the town of Odessa:

- 1) The internationalist Bolsheviks will push the Sovnarkom to spread the Revolution and the Reds will lose -1 EP and -3 VP per turn if their moral level is 105 NM or more.
- 2) In addition, if the Red Choice was -Keep the Reds united !-, the left-SR will also push the Sovnarkom to spread the Revolution and the Reds will lose -1 EP and -5 VP more per turn if the Red moral level is 100 NM or more.

1919/01/01 -> (Alternate History) : Peace in the South-West!

This Option allows the Reds to sign a separate Peace on the South-West Front with

Rumania. In the Russian territories, all the Rumanian units will be removed. In Rumania territories, all White units will be disarmed and disbanded and all Reds units will be moved to Odessa, ready for redeployment to other fronts.



Nota Bene:

This Option can be activated if the Reds control Moscow, Kiev and all the towns of the South-Western border areas of Podolsk and Kherson. At this stage, Rumania will lose all hope of stopping Bolshevism in the Ukraine and Russia. Their diplomatic priority will be to end the war and to receive international recognition of its eastern borders before Red Russia becomes to strong to negotiate any agreement.

The Reds will lose many Victory Points because they failed to spread the World Revolution in the Balkans :

If the left-SR and Bolsheviks are united, the Reds are mostly internationalists and will lose -200 VP.

If there is a Bolshevik Dictatorship, the Reds are more interested in 'developing Socialism in one country first' and will lose only -100 VP. In addition, if there is still a Red Revolution in Hungary, this peace will lead to it being crushed by the Rumanian army due to lack of support from Soviet Russia.

1919/01/05: German Freikorps in the Baltic States

Under the terms of the November 11, 1918 Armistice the German Army had to withdraw its troops from all other countries. But the Allied insisted that some German troops remain in

the Baltic States to prevent the region from occupation by the Russian Red Army. The German government in Berlin will then call for and supply anti-Bolshevik and Pan-Germanist volunteers to help the Baltic Germans to reestablish their own state or dominance in the area. When the Allied and the Baltic states troops will later



remove them to Germany, the Freikorps will become putschists paramilitary groups active during the Weimar Republic time.

1919/01/10 : Tachankas : a new weapon

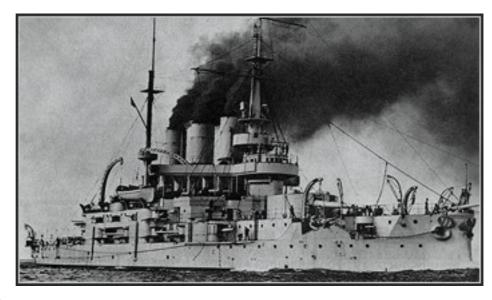
Some belligerent parties use Tachankas in Southern Russia. They are basically carts carrying a machine gun. This new weapon and its clever tactical use with cavalry was created by Makhno's anarchists and it provides an easy mobile fire support.



1919/01/11 -> (Alternate History): White Fleet in the Baltic sea

If the Baltic States or Finland are at war with the Red Russia, these countries will allow the

Russian Whites to use their ports to fight the Red Baltic fleet based in Petrograd. With the help and supply of the Western Powers, the Russian White war fleets will then be moved from the Barents sea and from the Black sea to the port of Riga in the Baltic States or to the port of Turku in Finland, ...if this regions are controlled by the Western Whites.



To activate this Option, the Whites should have and pay 5 EP.

1919/01/13: The Czech Legion clashed with the Kolchak regime.

The Western Allied High Commander in Russia, General Janin, doesn't believe Kolchak's policies can win the conflict and focuses its command on the French and Czech Legion evacuation. With the World War over and the proclamation of the new Czechoslovak Republic, most of the Czech soldiers believe they have no further role in Russia. Many that were supporting the Komuch socialist and reformist regime now disagree with Kolchak's dictatorship. The Czech Legion now claims the Trans-Siberian Railway as a -Czechoslovak zone of operation- trying to reach Vladivostok ...by any means necessary. The Eastern Whites lose -50 Railroad transport capacity points and -8 WS, but some Czech volunteers stay to fight along side the Russian Whites, which receive +20 Conscripts.



1919/01/22: The Western Whites gathered in the South 2 foreign volunteers regiments eager to fight against the World Revolution. It cost them -2 EP, -10 Rubles and -3 WS.

1919/01/22: The Eastern Whites gathered 2 foreign volunteers regiments, in Vladivostock, eager to fight against the World Revolution. It cost them -2 EP, -10 Rubles and -3 WS.

- 1919/01/22: The Reds gathered 5 foreign volunteers regiments, in Moscow, eager to fight for the World Revolution. It cost them -6 EP, -20 Rubles and -5 WS
- <u>1919/02/01</u>: Comrade Kravchenko raise an army of partisans to attack the Whites rear in Siberia.
- <u>1919/02/01</u>: The French-Greek corps will soon be evacuated from the Ukraine.

Due to the hostility of the local population, mutinies, demoralization among the troops,

along with the threat posed by the Hungarian Bolshevik Revolution on its allies, Romania and Czechoslovakia, Paris has decided to evacuate the French-Greek corps from the Ukraine in late April 1919. French troops will be re-deployed to Romania.



- 1919/02/11: Czech soldiers want to go home. Next turn, they will lose cohesion if still in the Volga Theater or any area west of it, and, from 1919/05/16, if still in the Ural Theater.
- 1919/02/16: The Bashkir troops and many volunteers from National minorities or cossacks lose their hope for political autonomy in Kolchak's White Russia. Most of them leave or join the Reds. The loyalty to the Reds in the Ufa area increased.
- 1919/03/01: The 'anti-Cossacks' policy of the Sovnarkom provokes insurrections in the Upper Don.

<u>1919/03/01</u>: Triapitsyn assembles a group of partisans on the banks of the Amur river.

<u>1919/03/10 <-> 1919/12/30</u>: British aid through Sevastopol brings the Western Whites +2 supply units, +7 artillery units, +40 Rubles, +6 War Supplies and +5 Railroad transport.

1919/03/21: A Red Revolution in Hungary needs assistance from Soviet Russia.

Bela Kun and the Bolcheviks take Power in Budapest. A Red Army of Hungary is created. Their priority is to reconquer Transylvania which has been occupied by the Rumanians,

this is also a first step towards a territorial connexion with Soviet Russia. The Revolutions in Hungary and Germany in the spring of 1919 also changed the priorities of the French government: French troops are quickly redeployed from the Ukraine in order to support the invasion of Hungary by Rumania and crush this Revolution.



The only way the Reds have to save the Hungarian Revolution is to attack in the South-West before late september 1919 with the activation of the Option -World Revolution in Rumania!-. Each turn the Reds control Hungary, they have a 75% probability of gaining moral (+1 NM), political support (+2 EP) and victory points (+10 VP).

1919/03/21 -> : The Reds still hold Hungary. The continued progress of the World Revolution gives them +1 NM, +2 EP and +10 VP. But Hungarian Reds should not resist alone the Romanian and French offensive after September 1919, unless Red Russia chose before the Option 'World Revolution in Romania'.

<u>1919/03/21 -> :</u> The Hungarian Red Revolution will be crushed if all towns in Romania are liberated from the Reds after Poland attacks Russia.

<u>1919/03/21 -> (Alternate History)</u>: Bucuresti falled to the Reds. The Red Army of Hungary invaded Transylvania and is now available to support Russian Soviets troops!

1919/04/01->1920/01/10: The Czech Legion captured the Imperial Gold Train!

After the dispute between the Kolchak Regime and the Czech Legion, the Czechs seized the Imperial Gold Train and used the gold to pay the Red and White warlords for a peaceful way across the Far-East. The remaining parts of this fortune may eventually form the first gold reserve of the new



Czechoslovak Republic...

<u>1919/04/01 -> :</u> An important Green insurrection begins on the Volga shores.

1919/04/01: The British deliver Austin armored cars to the Western Whites.

1919/04/01: RAF Squadrons arrive in South Russia

The RAF 47th and 221st squadrons arrive in South Russia to help the Whites armies. The 47th's commander is Major Raymond Collishaw, who will become an Air Marshall.



- 1919/04/10 <-> 1919/10/20 : British aid through Vladivostok brings the Eastern Whites +2 supply units, +6 artillery units, +30 Rubles, +4 War Supplies and +5 Railroad transport.
- 1919/04/20: The North Russian Relief Force arrives in Murmansk to support Allied troops.
- 1919/04/20: Southern Turkestan still in Revolt against the occupation of the Russian Reds or Whites. Peasants join the Basmachis revolt in Khuzdand.
- 1919/04/27: The French-Greek corps is evacuated from the Ukraine. The French troops are re-deployed to Romania.
- 1919/04/30: New anti-Bolshevik volunteers gather near Khiva.
- 1919/05/01: The second half of the North Russian Relief Force lands in Murmansk.
- 1919/05/01: The warlord Grigoriev and his followers, allied with the Bolsheviks, refused to follow orders and deserted. They will be crushed by the Reds.
- 1919/05/01: An important Green insurrection blows up in the Kuban

- 1919/05/01: New anti-Bolshevik volunteers gather near Bokhara.
- 1919/05/11: Czech soldiers want to go home. Next turn, they will lose cohesion if still in the Ural Theater, and, from 1919/08/16, if still in the Siberia Theater.
- 1919/05/21: The Kazaks lose their hope for political autonomy in Kolchak's White Russia. Alash Orda movement ally to the Reds. The loyalty to them in the Semipalatinsk area increased.
- 1919/06/01: Lord Rawlinson and two new bataillons land in Arkhangelsk. He will replace General Ironside.

1919/06/01 -> : The North-West White army !

If the Baltic States or Finland are at war with Red Russia, these countries will allow the Whites to raise and supply (with the help of western Allies) a new Russian White North-

West Army, with a GHQ commanded by general Yudenich. To purchase this new Army, Whites should have and pay -5 EP and -100 Rubles. If in the Baltic States, this Army may arrive in the towns of Riga, Tallinn or Ventspils. If in Finland, this Army will arrive in the town of Helsinki.



Note also that if the

situation stays bad or gets worse, Baltic States and Finland will ask the Reds for a separate peace: From late november 1919, if the Reds still control Moscow and the towns of the north-west border areas of Olonets, Petrograd and Pskov, they will get a new diplomatic Option called -Peace in the North-West-. If activated this Option means the Baltic and Finnish territories will be off limits to all and the Russian White units still there disbanded and removed. Thus, to save this new Army and the North-West front, the Whites forces must soon control Russian territories!

1919/06/15 : 'Proletarian to Horses !'

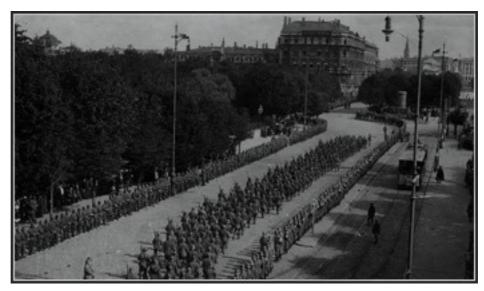
Conscious of the efficiency of the White cavalry, Trotsky, who initially favored infantry, wants to develop this arm within the Red Army. His slogan is: 'Proletarians, to your horses!' The Red Army will now be able to raise more cavalry brigades. The 1st 'KonArmiya', with two cavalry brigades leaded by the Komandant Budienny, is already available in Moscow.



1919/06/21: German Freikorps are attacking the troops of the Baltic States!

The German Freikorps decided to establish by force a political domination of the

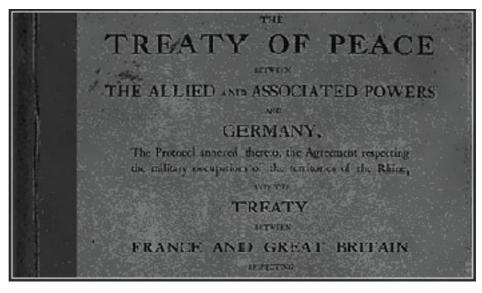
Germano-Balts on the govenments of the Baltic States, in order to prepare a possible annexion by Germany later. German troops will now fight in Lithuania and in Latvia against the Reds and against the Baltic troops and possibly their Russian White allies there.



1919/06/28 : Treaty of Versailles

A formal peace treaty is signed at Versailles, France, that ends the state of war between Germany and the Allied Powers, exactly five years after the assassination of Archduke

Franz Ferdinand. Germany is forced, to accept sole responsibility for causing the war, to disarm, to make substantial territorial concessions and to pay reparations to certain countries that formed the 'Entente'. The Austro-Hungarian Empire is dissolved and new countries and new borders are defined on the Eastern



European map. But some of them remain unfixed by any international treaties, ...like the border between Poland and Russia.

1919/07/01: The 6th British Artillery Brigade is deployed in Arkhangelsk.

1919/07/01: 4 British Mark V tanks arrive in Arkhangelsk.

1919/07/01: British and US troops will leave Russia.

Early in 1919, instances of rumored and actual mutinies in the Allied ranks have already became frequent. In January 1919 the Daily Express echoed general public opinion when

it exclaimed 'the frozen plains of Eastern Europe are not worth the bones of a single grenadier'. Many soldiers drew up petitions protesting their continued presence in Russia. U.S. Army General Richardson arrived in Archangelsk, in April, ready to organize an early withdrawal of the American troops. The British General Staff, for its part, is



concerned that any withdrawal be 'carried out with as little loss of prestige as possible'. The evacuation of all British and U.S. troops in Russia is planned for sometime between early august and late november 1919.

- 1919/07/01: General Vatsetis is arrested under a false accusation of treason by Stalin. Trotsky will eventually obtain his release, but he will no longer receive any Army commands.
- 1919/08/09: The Poles launch assaults against the Ukrainians. They captured the Volhynia area.
- 1919/08/09: The Poles take Minsk during local fights. They may consider a larger scale offensive against the Reds next year!
- 1919/08/11: Czech soldiers want to go home. Next turn, they will lose cohesion if still in the Siberia Theater, and, from 1919/11/16, if still in the Eastern Theater.
- 1919/08/15: The 47th Squadron is ordered to leave Russia, but some pilots decide to stay and fight on.

- 1919/08/15: The US 'Polar Bear' American North Russia Expeditionary Force and the American Expeditionary Force in Siberia leave Russia.
- 1919/09/25: Hungary is invaded by its neighbors, which are supported by French troops. The Red revolution there is over.
- 1919/10/01 -> 1920/04/07 : Denikin revokes general Wrangel who has been continuously critical of his decisions.

1919/10/16: Commissar Stalin is in Kharkov.

Commissar Stalin is sent to the Ukraine. As at Tzaritsyn, he and his cronies will oppose the policies of War Commissar Trotsky and the Army High Command. This will cause confusion in the command structure: Some Leaders and their forces may be locked for one turn in the Ukraine theater and Galicia area.



- 1919/10/20: British evacuate all their land and naval assets from Russia.
- 1919/11/01: After they have been involved in attempt of pro-German Coup against Baltic governments, the remaining German forces are removed under the pressure of the Western Allied.

1919/11/01: General Maievski becomes mad!

The poor situation of the Whites' cause has affected seriously a desperate General Maievski who has become mad



1919/11/11: Czech soldiers want to go home. Next turn, they will lose cohesion in the Eastern and Asia Theaters and will be removed 1920/01/16 in the Vladivostok area.

1920/01/01: Peasants from the Black Sea coastal regions rise up in revolt.

1920/01/01: Britain Stops Aid.

<u>1920/01/16 -> :</u> Troops of the Czech Legion embark for Europe and head home to the new Czechoslovak Republic.

1920/01/16 : League of Nations

Some governments developed plans to change the way international relations were

carried out in order to avoid any repetition of the bloodshed seen in World War I. A new intergovernmental organization, the 'League of Nations', was therefore founded and held its first council meeting in Paris. Its primary goals included preventing war through collective security, disarmament, and settling international disputes



through peaceful negotiation and arbitration.

1920/04/16 -> (Alternate History): Troops of the Czech Legion leave Ukraine and head home to the new Czechoslovak Republic.

1920/04/21: Poland attacks Russia!

The new independent Poland spend the year 1919 in border conflicts with all its southern and northern neighbours. Its leader Pilsudski ordered now a general attack eastward. Its

goal is to create a polish-led Federation with all the newly independent states between Germany and Russia. The aim of the Polish troops is this, while holding Warsaw, to occupy Ukraine and Belarussia. Red Russia will be forced to sign a global peace with all its Western neighbors if the Reds' moral is less than 80 NM while the Eastern Whites' moral is more than 100 NM when Reds don't control the towns of Minsk, Kiev, Ekaterinoslav and Kharkov. Each turn the Reds don't hold one of this towns when their moral level is superior to 60 NM, they will losse -2 NM and -10 VP while the Eastern Whites will gain +1NM.



Nota Bene:

- 1) The NM level of the Whites and the Reds have been automatically rebalanced toward 100 NM.
- 2) If Poland is victorious, Reds will lose 300 or 600

Victory Points, according to the fact that they are in Bolshevik dictatorship or not, and they will not be able to win the game with the score of Objective Cities but only with the score of Victory Points.

3) This is the player of the Eastern Whites which manage the Poles and the Ukrainian Nationalists.

1920/04/22: France supports the Polish army

France is very involved in the rebuilding and the support of the Polish Army. There is a French military mission in Poland with French military advisor units helping Polish troops. Among them is a captain named Charles de Gaulle.



1920/04/23 -> : Peace in the West!

This Option allows the Reds to sign a separate Peace on the western Front with Poland.

In Russian territories. all Polish units will be removed. In Polish territories, all Ukrainian and Russian White units will be disarmed and removed, all Reds units will be moved to Minsk or Kiev, ready for redeployment to other fronts. Baltic and Finnish troops, if any, will be moved to the Finnish port of Helsinki.



Nota Bene:

- 1) This Option can be activated if, from late november 1920, the Reds control Moscow, Kiev and all the towns of the 3 Western border areas of Minsk, Volhynie and Podolsk. At this stage, Poland will lose all hope of stopping Bolshevism in the Ukraine and in Russia. Their diplomatic priority will be to end the war and to get international recognition of its eastern borders before Red Russia gets to strong to negotiate any agreement. Additionally, the Reds will lose many Victory Points because they failed to spread the World Revolution in the West:

If the left-SR and Bolsheviks are united, the Reds are mostly internationalists and will lose -200 VP.

If there is a Bolshevik Dictatorship, the Reds are more interested in 'developing Socialism in one country first' and will lose only -100 VP.

- 2) Red Russia will be forced to sign a global peace with all its Western neighbours if, the Reds' moral is less than 80 NM while the Eastern Whites' moral is more than 100 NM, when Reds don't control the towns of Minsk, Kiev, Ekaterinoslav and Kharkov. Each turn the Reds don't hold one of this towns when their moral level is superior to 60 NM, they will losse -2 NM and -10 VP while the Eastern Whites will gain +1NM. If Poland is victorious this way, Reds will will not be able to win the game with the score of Objective Cities but only with the score of Victory Points.

<u>1920/04/23 -> (Alternative History) : Victory for Poland!</u>

Poland is victorious on all fronts and able to keep the territories it invaded. The Sovnarkom can't continue this war which demoralizes the Russian population. It will have to sign a Peace treaty with Poland and the North-Western and South-Western neighboring

countries. Poland will now be able to form its Federation of East-Central-European states as a bulwark against the re-emergence of German and Russian imperialisms. Soviet Russia is forced to give up its dream of controlling Poland, Belorussia, Ukraine, Romania, Finland and Baltic states. These are now forbidden theatres. All



Russian Red and White forces still in the forbidden areas are forced across the new borders. All the units from the Western neighboring states are removed from Russian territory. The Red faction of the Russian Civil War now can't win the game with the Objective Cities score but only with the Victory Points score.

1920/04/23: The Turkish War of Independence.

The Turkish Nationalists, leaded by Mustafa Kemal, refused the Western European Powers colonial occupation of large territories of Anatolia. The Russian Sovnarkom

decided a military support to them for their independence war against the Western Imperialist Powers and their Greek and Armenian local allies. The Reds lose -100 Rubles and -150 War Supply. In return to this help, the Turkish Nationalists could agree to let the Southern Caucasian States in the sphere of influence of the Red Russia. But the Reds have to activate the Option 'World Revolution in the Caucasus!' before Early December



1920. If not, Turkey will crush Armenia, then ally with the neighboring Azerbaidjan and rule in the Southern Caucasus. In Central Asia, Basmachis pan-Turkish rebellions against Red or White Russian occupation will then increase, with the hope to join the Turkish sphere of influence.

<u>1920/04/23</u>: The Turkish-Armenian war started. The Turkish Eastern Front troops are ready to fight in the Caucasus.

1920/04/27: Denikin renounces, Wrangel takes command.

Faced with defeat, Denikin renounces all functions. Wrangel is now available in Greece and can return to Russia to take over and attempt to redress a desperate situation.



1920/07/02: The Japanese Army and the Chinese warlord Z.Zuolin decided to keep Mandchuria out from the Russian civil war. This area is now forbidden to White or Red Russian troops.

1920/08/14: Baron Ungern von Sternberg assembles his 'Wild Division' at the border to fight the Chinese warlord Xu Shuzheng and its troops which occupy Mongolia. Whites will gain +5 VP each turn if they control Urga.

1920/08/14 -> : Whites gain +5 VP because anti-bolshevik forces control Urga in Mongolia, this is a threat to Transbaikalia.

1920/09/11: Hatred of the Bolsheviks

The Bolshevik dictatorship starts to lose its popular support because of the war communism policies, the famines and with the Cheka massive imprisonments, tortures and assassinations of Socialists, Anarchists and Liberals dissidents. The hatred and fear

of the Bolsheviks is growing among the workers and the peasants, and not only among the bourgeoisie. Most of them, however, still see the Whites as a worse evil and will wait for the Red Army crush them before turning their arms against the Bolsheviks. From now on, some urban revolts, as well as large peasants revolts



in the country side should be expected if there is less than 20 Eastern and 20 Western Whites line infantry or cavalry unit elements in each of the theatres of North, Central Russia, Bielorussia, South, Volga, and Ural.

<u>1920/09/21 -> :</u> An important uprising in Tambov!

Forced to extreme measures by war communism and requisitions, peasants of the Tambov region rise up against the Bolshevik dictatorship. The rebellion is led by the SR Antonov. This peasant revolt is very well organized. It gathers up to 50,000 fighters and has its own political organisation. It later sets up a constitutional assembly and even creates a small republic. The Reds should crush this opposition before it spreads all over Russia!



- 1920/09/21 -> : One or more units lead by the rebel Antonov still resist in the Tambov area. The Reds lose -10 VP and -5 NM and the rebellion may still spread.
- <u>1920/09/21 -> :</u> Tambov uprising now spreads the winds of revolt to Tzaritsyn.
- <u>1920/09/21 -> :</u> Tambov uprising now spreads the winds of revolt to Saratov.
- 1920/09/21 -> : Tambov now spreads the winds of revolt to Samara.
- <u>1920/09/21 -> :</u> Tambov example inspires rebel groups in the Astrakhan region.
- <u>1920/09/21 -> :</u> In Siberia, insurgents claim their revolt has been inspired by that in Tambov.
- 1920/11/01 -> : The Bolshevik dictatorship can not keep the leadership of the Revolution because of the alliance with the Ukrainian Anarchists is not broken. The Reds lose -15 VP and -1 EP.
- 1920/12/01: Turkish troops are removed to face the Greek and Western Powers occupation of Anatolia.
- 1920/12/01 (Alternative History): Turkey crushed Armenia, allied with Azerbaidjan and now rules in the Southern Caucasus. On the other side of the Caspian sea, in Central Asia, Turkmens Basmachi revolts against Red or White Russian occupation increase.

1921/01/01 -> : Kronstadt Uprising!

The Kronstadt garrison, agitated by Anarchists and left-SR, rise up against the Bolshevik

dictatorship. They demand free elections. freedom of expression and the right for workers to function freely. They elect a Revolutionary Committee that takes over the island's command. The Bolshevik Sovnarkom cannot give up this symbol of the October revolution: its authority would be destroyed if the rebellion continues and extends to Petrograd.



1921/01/01->: The Anarchists and left-SR armed opposition to the Bolshevik dictatorship still hold Kronstadt. Reds lose -10 VP and -5 NM.

<u>1921/01/21</u>: Damdin Sukhbaatar, the Mongolian Bolshevik leader, started a general uprising attempting to spread the World Revolution in Mongolia.

<u>1922/06/01</u>: Japan announced that its troops will unilaterally withdraw from all of Russian territory.

1922/06/25: The Japan Expedionary forces in Siberia leave Russia.