

操作系统实验 3 进程同步和通信

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1 实验题目

生产者和消费者问题模拟

2 实验目的

这是一个验证型实验。通过对给出的程序进行验证、修改，进一步加深理解进程的概念，了解同步和通信的过程，掌握进程通信和同步的机制，特别是利用缓冲区进行同步和通信的过程。通过补充新功能，加强对知识的灵活运用，培养创新能力。

3 实验要求

1. 调试、运行给出的程序，从操作系统原理的角度验证程序的正确性。
2. 发现并修改程序中的原理性错误或不完善的地方。
3. 鼓励在程序中增加新的功能。完成基本。
4. 在程序中适当地加入注释。
5. 认真进行预习，阅读原程序，发现其中的原理性错误，完成预习报告。
6. 实验完成后，要认真总结，完成实验报告。

4 程序流程图

见图 1-3

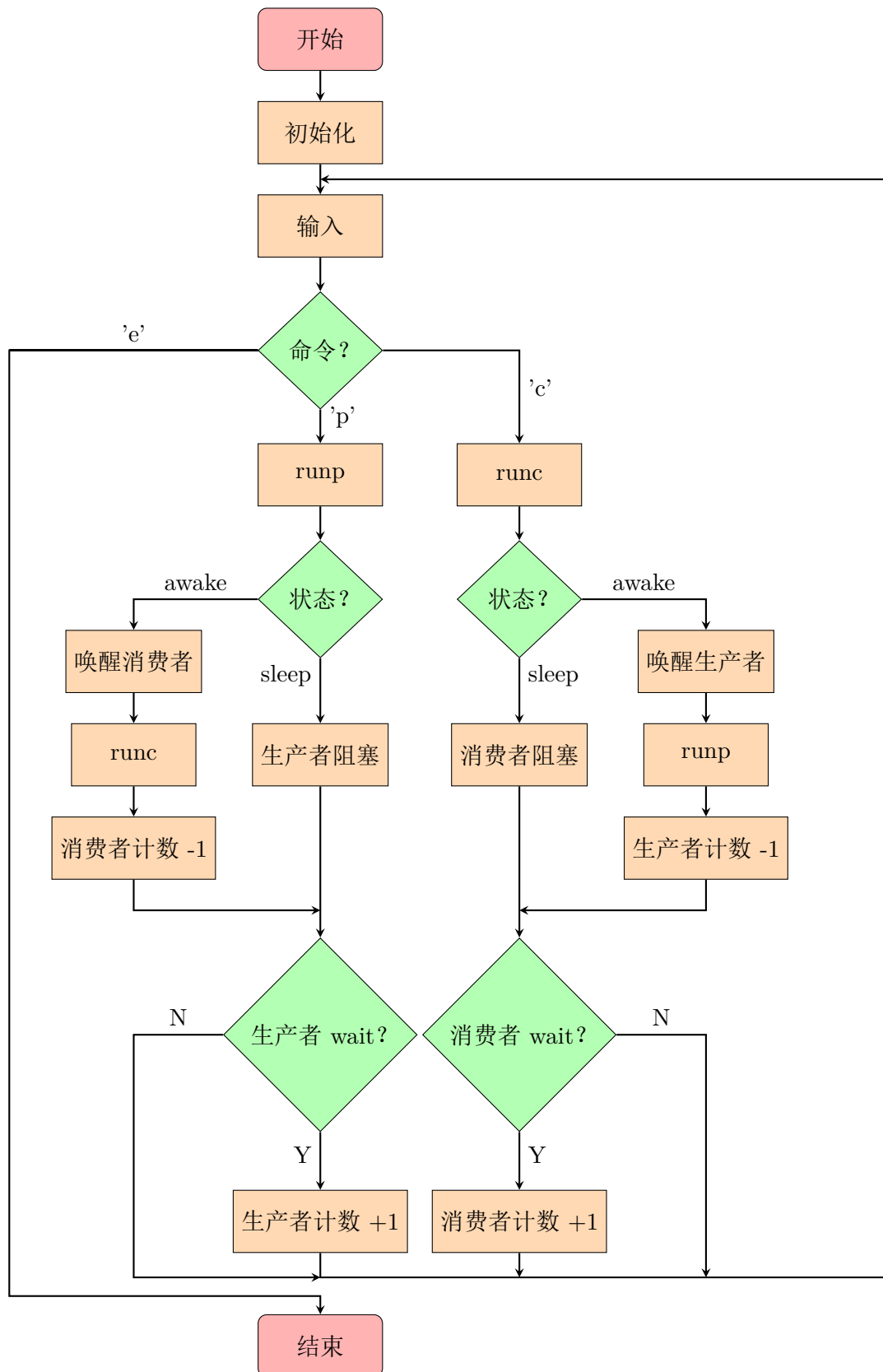


Figure 1: 主过程

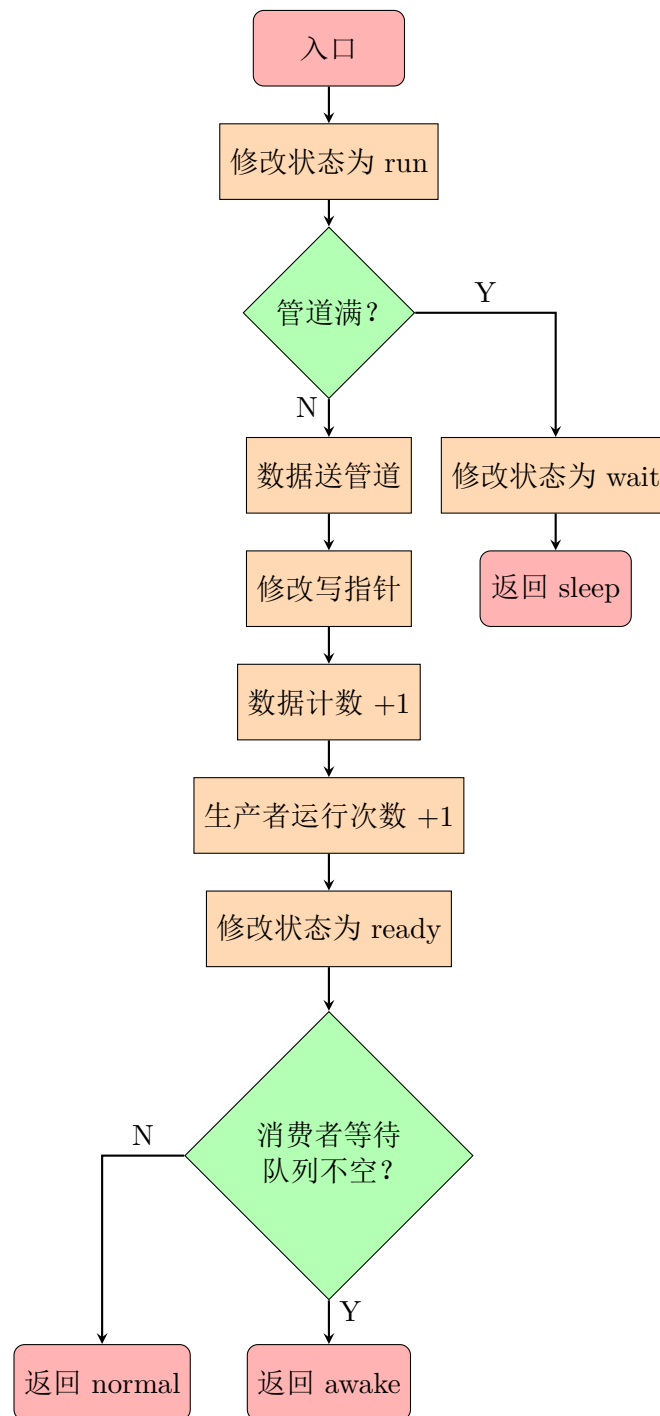


Figure 2: runp

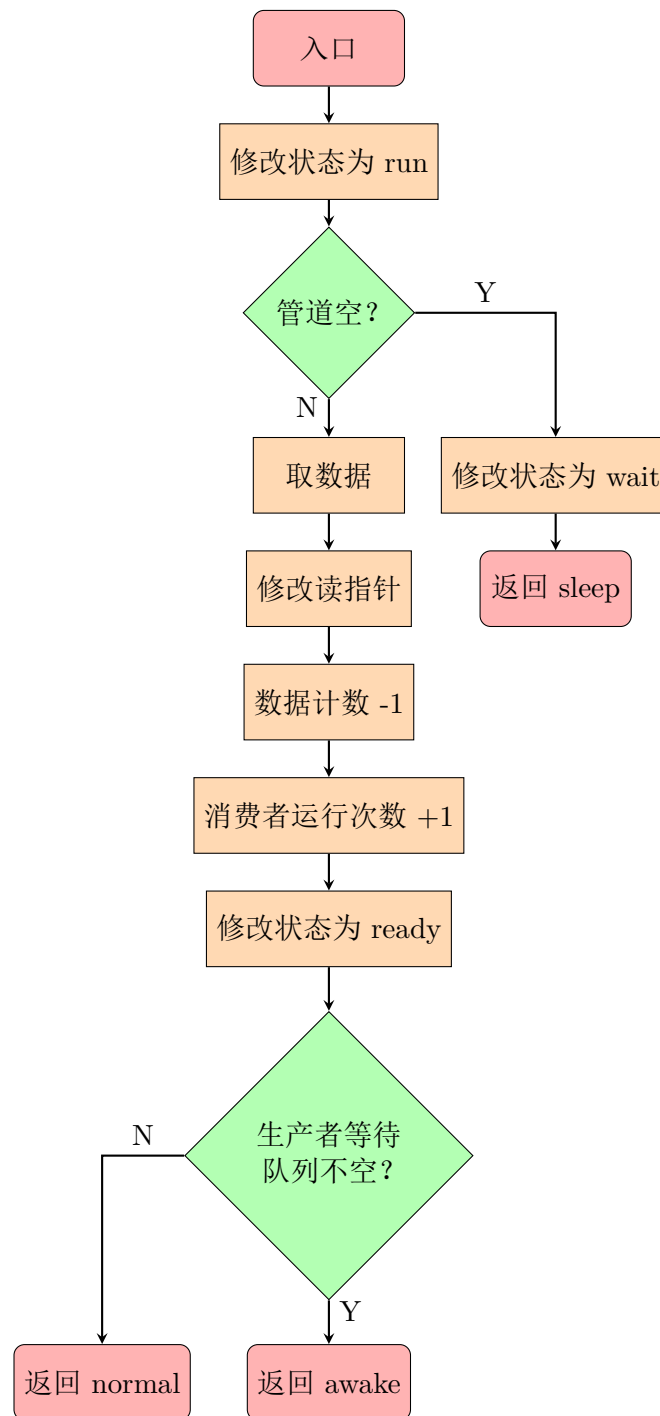


Figure 3: runc

5 源程序

增加生产者计数和消费者计数，作用相当与生产者等待队列和消费者等待队列。若有等待消费者，则生产的数据不会出现在队列中，知道满足所有等待消费者，讲述写入上次指针位置。

```
1  /*****  
2  /*      PROGRAM NAME:      PRODUCER_CONSUMER      */  
3  /*      This program simulates two processes, producer which      */  
4  /* continues to produce message and put it into a buffer      */  
5  /* [implemented by PIPE], and consumer which continues to get      */  
6  /* message from the buffer and use it.      */  
7  /*      The program also demonstrates the synchronism between      */  
8  /* processes and uses of PIPE.      */  
9  /*****/  
10  
11 #define PIPESIZE 8  
12  
13 #define PRODUCER 0  
14 #define CONSUMER 1  
15  
16 #define RUN      0      /* statu of process */  
17 #define WAIT      1      /* statu of process */  
18 #define READY      2      /* statu of process */  
19  
20 #define NORMAL      0  
21 #define SLEEP      1  
22 #define AWAKE      2  
23  
24 #include <stdio.h>  
25 struct pcb  
26 {  
27     char *name;  
28     int statu;  
29     int time; /* times of execution */  
30 };  
31  
32 struct pipetype  
33 {  
34     char type;  
35     int writeptr;
```

```
36  int readptr;
37  struct pcb *pointp; /* write wait point */ // producer queue
38  struct pcb *pointc; /* read wait point */ // consumer queue
39  };
40
41  int pipe[PIPESIZE];
42  struct pipetype pipetb;
43  struct pcb process[2];
44  int count=0; // resource count
45  int producerCount=0, consumerCount=0; // semaphore
46
47  int runp(int out, struct pcb p[], int pipe[], struct pipetype *tb
48  , int t)
49  {
50      p[t].statu=RUN;
51      printf("run PRODUCER. product %d      ",out);
52      if(count >= 8) // full
53      {
54          p[t].statu=WAIT;
55          return(SLEEP);
56      }
57      pipe[tb->writeptr]=out;
58      tb->writeptr=++tb->writeptr%8; // revised
59      // tb->writeptr++;
60      printf("writeptr%d\n",tb->writeptr); // revised
61      count++; // revised
62      printf("count = %d\n",count); // revised
63      p[t].time++;
64      printf("time = %d\n",p[t].time); // revised
65      p[t].statu=READY;
66      if((tb->pointc) != NULL)
67      {
68          printf("return AWAKE");
69          return(AWAKE);
70      }
71      return(NORMAL);
72  }
73
74  int runc(struct pcb p[], int pipe[], struct pipetype *tb, int t)
75  {
76      int c;
```

```
76 p[t].statu = RUN;
77 printf("run CONSUMER. ");
78 if(count <= 0) //
79 {
80     p[t].statu=WAIT;
81     return(SLEEP);
82 }
83 c=pipe[tb->readptr];
84 pipe[tb->readptr]=0; // revised
85 // tb->readptr++;
86 tb->readptr=++tb->readptr%8; // revised
87 printf("readptr=%d\n",tb->readptr); // revised
88 printf(" use %d      ",c);
89 // delete some code
90 // if(tb->readptr >= tb->writeptr)
91 // {
92 //     tb->readptr=tb->writeptr=0;
93 // }
94 count--; // revised
95 printf("count = %d\n",count); // revised
96 p[t].time++;
97 printf("time = %d\n",p[t].time); // revised
98 p[t].statu=READY;
99 if(tb->pointp != NULL)
100 {
101     printf("return AWAKE\n"); // revised
102     return(AWAKE);
103 }
104 return(NORMAL);
105 }
106
107 void prn(struct pcb p[], int pipe[], struct pipetype tb)
108 {
109     int i;
110     printf("\n      ");
111     for(i=0;i<PIPESIZE;i++)
112     {
113         printf("----- "); // print upper border
114     }
115     printf("\n      |"); // left dash
116     for(i=0;i<PIPESIZE;i++) // second line and vertical bar
```

```
117 {
118     if(pipe[i] != 0)
119     {
120         printf("  %2d  |",pipe[i]);
121     }
122     else
123     {
124         printf("          |");
125     }
126 }
127 printf("\n          ");
128 for(i=0;i<PIPESIZE;i++) // print lower border
129 {
130     printf("----- ");
131 }
132 printf("\nwriteptr = %d, readptr = %d, ",tb.writeptr,tb.
    readptr);
133 if(p[PRODUCER].statu == WAIT)
134 {
135     printf("PRODUCER wait ");
136 }
137 else
138 {
139     printf("PRODUCER ready ");
140 }
141 if(p[CONSUMER].statu == WAIT)
142 {
143     printf("CONSUMER wait ");
144 }
145 else
146 {
147     printf("CONSUMER ready ");
148 }
149 printf("\n");
150 }
151
152 int main(int argc, char** argv)
153 {
154     int output,ret,i;
155     char in[2];
156
```



```
157  pipetb.type = 'c';
158  pipetb.writeptr = 0;
159  pipetb.readptr = 0;
160  pipetb.pointp = pipetb.pointc = NULL;
161  process[PRODUCER].name = "Producer\0";
162  process[CONSUMER].name = "Consumer\0";
163  process[PRODUCER].statu = process[CONSUMER].statu = READY;
164  process[PRODUCER].time = process[CONSUMER].time = 0;
165  output = 0;
166  printf("Now starting the program!\n");
167  printf("Press 'p' to run PRODUCER, press 'c' to run CONSUMER.\n");
168  printf("Press 'e' to exit from the program.\n");
169  for(i=0;i<1000;i++)
170  {
171      in[0]='N';
172      while(in[0] == 'N')
173      {
174          scanf("%s",in);
175          if(in[0] != 'e'&&in[0] != 'p'&&in[0] != 'c') // if input
176              is not e/p/c, input again
177          {
178              in[0]='N';
179          }
180      }
181      if(in[0] == 'e')
182      {
183          return 1; // exit(1);
184      }
185      if(in[0] == 'p'&&process[PRODUCER].statu == READY)
186      {
187          if(count<8) // revised
188          {
189              output = (output+1)%100;
190          }
191          if((ret=runp(output,process,pipe,&pipetb,PRODUCER)) ==
192              SLEEP)
193          {
194              pipetb.pointp = &process[PRODUCER];
195          }
196          if(ret == AWAKE)
```

```
195     {
196         (pipetb.pointc)->statu=READY;
197         runc(process,pipe,&pipetb,CONSUMER); // revised
198         consumerCount--; // revised
199         printf("consumerCount=%d\n",consumerCount); // revised
200         if(consumerCount == 0) // revised
201         { // revised
202             pipetb.pointc=NULL;// revised
203         } // revised
204     }
205 }
206 if(in[0] == 'c'&&process[CONSUMER].statu == READY)
207 {
208     if((ret=runc(process,pipe,&pipetb,CONSUMER)) == SLEEP)
209     {
210         pipetb.pointc = &process[CONSUMER];
211     }
212     if(ret == AWAKE)
213     {
214         (pipetb.pointp)->statu=READY;
215         output=(output+1)%100; // revised
216         runp(output,process,pipe,&pipetb,PRODUCER);
217         producerCount--; // revised
218         printf("producerCount=%d\n",producerCount); // revised
219         if(producerCount == 0) // revised
220         { // revised
221             pipetb.pointp=NULL;// revised
222         } // revised
223     }
224 }
225 if(in[0] == 'p'&&process[PRODUCER].statu == WAIT)
226 {
227     producerCount++; // revised
228     printf("producerCount=%d\n",producerCount); // revised
229     printf("PRODUCER is waiting, can't be scheduled.\n");
230 }
231 if(in[0] == 'c'&&process[CONSUMER].statu == WAIT)
232 {
233     consumerCount++; // revised
234     printf("consumerCount=%d\n",consumerCount); // revised
235     printf("CONSUMER is waiting, can't be scheduled.\n");
```

```
236     }  
237     prn(process,pipe,pipetb);  
238     in[0]='N';  
239 }  
240 return 0;  
241 }
```

Listing 1: 代码清单

6 运行结果及其说明

队列满后继续生产，生产者阻塞，且修改生产者计数；队列空后继续消费，消费者阻塞，且修改消费者计数。生产者生产数据后，若有等待的消费者，则唤醒，否则数据送管道。

```

zephyr@ubuntu ~/code/cpp/operating-system/3
% ./producer-revised
Now starting the program!
Press 'p' to run PRODUCER, press 'c' to run CONSUMER.
Press 'e' to exit from the program.
p
run PRODUCER. product 1    writeptr1
count = 1
time = 1

-----
| 1 | | | | | | | |
-----
writeptr = 1, readptr = 0, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
p
run PRODUCER. product 2    writeptr2
count = 2
time = 2

-----
| 1 | 2 | | | | | |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 0, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
p
run PRODUCER. product 3    writeptr3
count = 3
time = 3

-----
| 1 | 2 | 3 | | | | |
-----
writeptr = 3, readptr = 0, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
p
run PRODUCER. product 4    writeptr4
count = 4
time = 4

-----
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | |
-----
writeptr = 0, readptr = 0, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
p
run PRODUCER. product 8    producerCount=1
PRODUCER is waiting, can't be scheduled.

-----
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
-----
writeptr = 0, readptr = 0, PRODUCER wait CONSUMER ready
p
producerCount=2
PRODUCER is waiting, can't be scheduled.

-----
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
-----
writeptr = 0, readptr = 0, PRODUCER wait CONSUMER ready
c
run CONSUMER. readptr=1
use 1    count = 7
time = 1
return AWAKE
run PRODUCER. product 9    writeptr1
count = 8
time = 9
producerCount=1

-----
| 9 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
-----
writeptr = 1, readptr = 1, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
c

-----
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | |
-----
writeptr = 4, readptr = 0, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
p
run PRODUCER. product 5    writeptr5
count = 5
time = 5

-----
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | |
-----
writeptr = 5, readptr = 0, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
p
run PRODUCER. product 6    writeptr6
count = 6
time = 6

-----
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | | |
-----
writeptr = 6, readptr = 0, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
p
run PRODUCER. product 7    writeptr7
count = 7
time = 7

-----
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | |
-----
writeptr = 7, readptr = 0, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
p
run PRODUCER. product 8    writeptr0
count = 8
time = 8

-----
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
-----
run CONSUMER. readptr=2
use 2    count = 7
time = 2
return AWAKE
run PRODUCER. product 10   writeptr2
count = 8
time = 10
producerCount=0

-----
| 9 | 10 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 2, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
c
run CONSUMER. readptr=3
use 3    count = 7
time = 3

-----
| 9 | 10 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 3, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
c
run CONSUMER. readptr=4
use 4    count = 6
time = 4

-----
| 9 | 10 | | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 4, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
c
run CONSUMER. readptr=5
use 5    count = 5
time = 5

```

```
-----
| 9 | 10 | | | | 6 | 7 | 8 |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 5, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
C
run CONSUMER. readptr=6
use 6 count = 4
time = 6

-----
| 9 | 10 | | | | 7 | 8 |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 6, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
C
run CONSUMER. readptr=7
use 7 count = 3
time = 7

-----
| 9 | 10 | | | | 8 |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 7, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
C
run CONSUMER. readptr=8
use 8 count = 2
time = 8

-----
| 9 | 10 | | | |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 8, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
C
run CONSUMER. readptr=9
use 9 count = 1
time = 9

-----
| 10 | | | | | | |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 1, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
C
run CONSUMER. readptr=2
use 10 count = 0
time = 10

-----
| | | | | | |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 2, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
C
run CONSUMER. consumerCount=1
CONSUMER is waiting, can't be scheduled.

-----
| | | | | | |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 2, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER wait
C
consumerCount=2
CONSUMER is waiting, can't be scheduled.

-----
| | | | | | |
-----
writeptr = 2, readptr = 2, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER wait
P
run PRODUCER. product 11 writeptr3
count = 1
time = 11
return AWAKERun CONSUMER. readptr=3
use 11 count = 0
time = 11
consumerCount=1

-----
| 10 | | | | | |
-----
writeptr = 3, readptr = 3, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
P
run PRODUCER. product 12 writeptr4
count = 1
time = 12
return AWAKERun CONSUMER. readptr=4
use 12 count = 0
time = 12
consumerCount=0

-----
| | | | | | |
-----
writeptr = 4, readptr = 4, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
P
run PRODUCER. product 13 writeptr5
count = 1
time = 13

-----
| | | | 13 | | |
-----
writeptr = 5, readptr = 4, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
P
run PRODUCER. product 14 writeptr6
count = 2
time = 14

-----
| | | | 13 | 14 | |
-----
writeptr = 6, readptr = 4, PRODUCER ready CONSUMER ready
```